

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service



1500

National Register of Historic Places  
Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

historic name East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church

other name/site number \_\_\_\_\_

2. Location

street & town 558 East Genoa Road  not for publication

city or town Town of Genoa  vicinity

state New York code NY county Cayuga code 011 zip code 13204

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this  nomination  request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property  meets  does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant  nationally  statewide  locally. ( See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

[Signature] SXPO 9/21/01  
 Signature of certifying official/Title Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
 State of Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property  meets  does not meet the National Register criteria. ( See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

\_\_\_\_\_  
 Signature of certifying official/Title Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
 State or Federal agency and bureau

4. National Park Service Certification

I hereby certify that the property is:

- entered in the National Register.  See continuation sheet.
- determined eligible for the National Register  See continuation sheet.
- determined not eligible for the National Register.
- removed from the National Register.
- other, (explain:) \_\_\_\_\_

[Signature] 1-24-02  
 Signature of the Keeper Date of Action

Wilson H. Beall

**5. Classification**

**Ownership of Property**  
(check as many boxes as apply)

**Category of Property**  
(check only one box)

**Number of Resources within Property**  
(Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)

- public-local
- private
- public-State
- public-Federal

- district
- building(s)
- site
- structure
- object

Contributing	Noncontributing	
1		buildings
		sites
		structures
		objects
1		Total

**Name of related multiple property listing**  
(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)

**Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register**

N/A

**6. Function or Use**

**Historic Function**  
(Enter categories from instructions)

**Current Function**  
(Enter categories from instructions)

RELIGION: religious facility

SOCIAL: meeting hall

**7. Description**

**Architectural Classification**  
(Enter categories from instructions)

**Materials**  
(Enter categories from instructions)

MID-NINETEENTH CENTURY: Greek Revival  
LATE VICTORIAN: Gothic

foundation STONE  
walls WOOD  
roof METAL  
other

**Narrative Description**

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

**-See Continuation Sheets**

Property Name *East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church*  
Location *Town of Genoa, Cayuga County, New York*

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

Section Number 7 Page 1

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**7. Narrative Description**

The East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church is located on the northeast corner of the intersection of Tupper Road, East Genoa Road, and New York State Route 34 in the small hamlet of East Genoa, Cayuga County, New York. The church rests on a flat grassy parcel, oriented with its façade facing roughly west across East Genoa Road toward a large expanse of agricultural land that opens up beyond the crossroads. Route 34 lies immediately south of the building. Across the road, on the southwest corner diagonally across from the church, is a small upright and ell Greek Revival style farmhouse; immediately southeast of the church, on NY 34, is a modest Gothic Revival style cottage. A small copse of mature deciduous and evergreen trees front the northwest side of the church. With the exception of an insensitively sited trailer home on the north side of the church, the setting retains its overall historic character and a strong rural feel.

The East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church was constructed with a hewn-timber frame sheathed in pine clapboard, built on a dry-laid limestone rubble foundation. Erected in 1849, the building displays the self-contained mass and restrained, broadly treated ornamentation characteristic of the Greek Revival aesthetic, with High Victorian Gothic modifications made in the late-1880s. The one-story church is rectangular in shape, one bay wide by four bays deep, measuring approximately thirty-seven by forty-eight feet, thirty feet from the ground to the crest of the gable. The entrance was reconfigured as part of the Victorian modifications with the enclosure of the original recessed porch and the addition of double leaf doors crowned by a pointed arch toplight. Windows were likewise modified at that time with handsome paired double-hung sash. The interior of the church is given over entirely, minus a small vestibule, to an open worship space, which retains its original molded plaster Greek Revival style cornice and later Victorian elements. Sadly, a number of pews, fixtures, and liturgical furnishings were stripped from the building and sold in the late-1990s. A medium-pitched roof clad in raised seam metal, supported by a mortise-and-tenon king post truss system, covers the building.

The west facing façade is pierced by the single central entrance bay reached by a flight of four poured concrete steps with an iron handrail. Narrow pine clapboards sheath the exterior, with the exception of the tympanum, which is sheathed in fitted board. A wide frieze band with molded architrave runs beneath the cornice and encircles all four elevations of the building. A raking frieze forms a pediment as it does on the rear, or east, elevation. The exterior doorway, composed of two nine foot high paneled oak doors with raised moldings and hardware dating to the 1888 remodeling, is surmounted by a six-light Gothic toplight that lights the vestibule. Originally, the entrance consisted of a recessed porch with entrance doors situated on the north and south sides of the vestibule interior, and, it would appear, a window on the east wall. The lower portion of the frieze in the center of the façade elevation was removed during the renovations to make way for the pointed arch toplight. Pilasters terminate the corners of the elevation, as they likely once did the corners of the recessed porch.

The north and south elevations are each pierced by four paired lancet windows with double-hung wood sash. The head of each window is articulated by a rounded arch with nine colored panes set

Property Name *East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church*  
Location *Town of Genoa, Cayuga County, New York*

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

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within it and in the spandrels. Below the colored panes the remainder of the upper sash is opaque, treated with an applied decorative pattern. The lower sash is treated in a similar fashion, minus the rounded arch. The windows are encased by plain unmolded wood architraves and rest on wood sills. On the west side of the south elevation, set within the rubble foundation below the exposed sill, is a carved date stone bearing the inscription "Methodist Episcopal Church, Erected AD 1849." Above the windows is the wide frieze band, which gives way to a boxed wood cornice. The north elevation retains a circa 1947 cinderblock chimney laid up in Portland cement; that on the opposite elevation had since fallen over. Two original brick chimneys, though not visible from the exterior, remain below roof level within the east wall.<sup>1</sup>

The east elevation is pierced by two square-headed, lancet like windows, double-hung with sash treated in the same fashion as the north and south elevations; they were added as part of the Victorian modifications. Centered within the gable field of the pediment is a square opening that provides access to the attic. A small frame outhouse, attached to the church in the 1950s, abuts the southeast corner of the elevation; attached to the interior of the church by a small hyphen, it is clad in vertical board with both metal and asphalt roofing.

Entrance to the interior, gained via the west façade, leads into the enclosed vestibule which retains its original Greek Revival style paneled ceiling treatment. A second set of oak doors open from the vestibule and lead into the main body of the church; they are treated in identical fashion to those on the exterior. This second doorway is encased on the interior by an architrave with pointed arch cornerblocks with incised decorative motifs. The original plaster on lath walls are clad in a combination of gypsum and pressboard, painted a lemon hue, with beaded board wainscot below sill level; a heavy molded plaster cornice crowns the room. The ceiling, probably finished with plaster originally, was remodeled during the 1880s rehabilitation with narrow beaded board, stained a medium brown like the wainscotting, running the length of the interior space, minus vestibule, from east to west. Highlighting the ceiling is an octagonal medallion, formed by concentric moldings, with a drop pendant at its center. Along the walls, and still readable outside the currents windows, are the ghosts of the original windows, which exceeded the Victorian windows in height and width. Architraves identical to that encasing the entrance between the worship space and vestibule frame the windows. Also evident is the profile of a baseboard that originally ran around the interior, removed when the tongue and grooved plank floor was covered with linoleum in the mid-1950s. Flanking either side of the vestibule projection are the two original entrance alcoves, later used as Sunday School alcoves; the northernmost area was converted for use as a kitchen in 1948.

The east wall of the interior is articulated by a large rounded arch niche, within which are set the two lancet windows, added during the Victorian renovations. Centered eight feet from the rear wall is a oak choir rail which originally fronted the choir closer to the north wall. Conspicuously absent from the interior are a large number of pews and the church's liturgical furniture. The pews were unfastened from the floorboards with the laying of the linoleum in the 1950s and never refastened.

<sup>1</sup> A thorough analysis of the physical fabric of the church, including a chronology of changes, was provided by Kathleen E. Foley, a graduate student at Cornell University.

Property Name *East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church*  
Location *Town of Genoa, Cayuga County, New York*

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

Section Number 7 Page 3

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In the late 1990s, at a time when the ownership of the church was unclear, most of the pews, the liturgical furnishings, and other elements were taken from the building and sold. The remaining pews include five that are fashioned from pine and typically Greek Revival in character, with scrolled armrests and a beveled panel treatment on their ends.

There were originally outbuildings associated with the church, including horse stables, which were purchased and subsequently moved in 1943 and razed in the late 1980s. The nomination therefore includes the church and approximately one-eighth of an acre of land.

**8. Significance**

**Applicable National Register Criteria**

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- A** Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- B** Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C** Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D** Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

**Criteria Considerations**

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:

- A** owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B** removed from its original location.
- C** a birthplace or grave.
- D** a cemetery.
- E** a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- F** a commemorative property.
- G** less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

**Narrative Statement of Significance**

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

**Areas of Significance**

(enter categories from instructions)

ARCHITECTURE

**Period of Significance**

1849-1888

**Significant Dates**

1849, 1888

**Significant Persons**

(Complete if Criterion B is marked above)

**Cultural Affiliation**

**Architect/Builder**

Snyder, Jeremiah: carpenter-builder

**9. Major Bibliographical References**

**Bibliography**

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

**Previous documentation on file (NPS):**

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # \_\_\_\_\_
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # \_\_\_\_\_

**Primary location of additional data:**

- State Historic Preservation Office
- Other State agency
- Federal agency
- Local government
- University
- Other Name of repository: \_\_\_\_\_

Property Name *East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church*  
Location *Town of Genoa, Cayuga County, New York*

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

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**8. Narrative Statement of Significance**

The East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church satisfies National Register Criterion C as an intact example of vernacular ecclesiastical architecture in rural Cayuga County, New York. Constructed in 1849 by local builder Jeremiah Snyder in the Greek Revival style, the church was modified in 1888 to reflect the influence of the High Victorian Gothic taste. Although some interior elements were recently lost, the church retains a significant level of integrity and displays distinguishing characteristics of both building campaigns and a relatively intact and evocative setting. Built at a time of confidence and prosperity in the community, the church is the most conspicuous reminder of East Genoa's nineteenth century rural heritage and continues to form the visual anchor of this small agrarian crossroads, a prominent position the building has maintained for over one hundred fifty years.

The land on which the East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church was erected was part of Military Lot 29, a parcel deeded to Revolutionary War veteran Frederick Perkoff as compensation for his services during the conflict. Subsequent to Perkoff's ownership, the land was owned by Jeremiah Van Rensselaer, an Albany-based land speculator, and then Samuel Hicks; the property again changed hands in 1811, when it was acquired by Abraham Pierce, who subdivided it and sold a portion to James Stevens in 1819. The land was re-consolidated by purchases made by Samuel Branch through 1825, who in 1830 sold the land that today includes the church to John Leavenworth, from whom the church committee acquired the parcel. The Methodist Episcopal congregation was established in 1837, and prior to the construction of the church held services in a local schoolhouse. The Board of Trustees formed in 1848, for the purpose of acquiring land on which to build a church and to engage the services of a carpenter-builder. Trustee David Close and his wife Fanny purchased from John Leavenworth approximately an eighth of an acre of land near the center of Military Lot 29 at the intersection of present-day Tupper Road, East Genoa Road, and New York State Route 34. Close and his wife laid out one hundred fifty dollars to acquire the parcel, reimbursed through subscription by the congregation.<sup>1</sup>

Local builder Jeremiah Snyder was retained in January 1849 to provide designs for a meetinghouse in the Greek vein, derived from plates in a contemporary builder's guide. Snyder is believed to have worked from architect William Ranlett's 1849 work *The American Architect*, a two volume work portions of which were first offered in 1846 in the *New-York Mirror*,<sup>2</sup> in designing other contemporary domestic work in the area. The publication date of 1849, however, suggests that Snyder worked from one of the better known sources of Greek forms and details, such as the later work of Asher Benjamin, in designing the East Genoa Church. The minutes of the church also suggest that Snyder oversaw the construction of a parsonage at that time. Though it has been previously inferred that the small Gothic Revival cottage east of the property was built in association with the church, it is far more likely that the upright and wing Greek Revival style farmhouse across the road, which displays similar stylistic elements, is instead the Snyder-built parsonage. Snyder

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<sup>1</sup> This overview of land transfers and the subsequent history of the congregation has been gleaned from Kathleen Foley's study.

<sup>2</sup> Talbot Hamlin, *Greek Revival Architecture in America* (New York: Dover, 1944), 325, 12n.

Property Name *East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church*  
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**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
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appears to have resided in East Genoa, as a J.M. Snyder is indicated on the 1875 Beers map of the Town of Genoa.<sup>3</sup>

Although by 1849 the Greek Revival had largely waned throughout the major northeastern cities, Greek forms continued in use in rural areas, with reprints of the major builder's guides supporting the style well into the 1850s. The East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church is a characteristic example of vernacular Greek Revival style architecture, modestly conceived for a small rural congregation of limited means, and built by a local carpenter informed by the larger cultural currents of the day through the use of contemporary publications.

In 1888 the church, though hindered by limited financial means and membership, embarked on a significant campaign that significantly altered the interior appearance of Snyder's original building. Funds for the renovation were provided in part by Harvey Pearson, converted to the faith through the efforts of Reverend Sharp and Mary Small of the congregation. Ms. Small, a native of nearby North Lansing, was a home missionary for the faith, a prison reformer, and an activist in the Women's Christian Temperance Union.<sup>4</sup> Plans were drawn by an unknown builder for renovations reflecting the influence of the Victorian Gothic style, including the reconfiguration of the entrance and windows and the renovation of the worship space. The exterior retained the profile of the original Greek Revival building, transformed with the addition of a pointed arch entrance and paired lancet windows with colored glass. On the interior, Greek architraves were replaced by Victorian moldings with pointed arch cornerblocks with incised motifs, the original pine plank flooring covered with red carpeting, and the plaster ceiling covered with a narrow matchstick board treatment. Historic photographs indicate that new altar furnishings, now lost, were also added at that time, executed in the Eastlake style. Wainscotting was likewise added, and an altar alcove constructed against the east wall. Of the original building's fabric, a number of Greek Revival period pews and the heavy plaster cornice were retained. The church was rededicated in November, 1888.

Though modest and largely confined to the interior, the late 1880s work nonetheless reflected the influence of the High Victorian Gothic style, as popularized primarily through the writings of John Ruskin, and sought to 'update' the original neoclassical building in the contemporary Victorian fashion for ecclesiastical architecture. As was the case for many rural congregations, the East Genoa Episcopal Church, challenged by shifting demographics and dwindling membership, may have lacked the means to embark on a new building campaign and instead chose to renovate their church with references to current Victorian taste.

By the turn of the century, the conditions that continually challenged the congregation in the later part of the nineteenth century increased, so that by 1914 the church treasury had dwindled to almost nothing. The church hobbled along into the 1930s, but with the advent of the Great Depression were finally forced, in 1939, into temporary closure by the Board of Home Missions of the Methodist Church. In 1941 services were reinstated on a seasonal basis, though this remained contingent upon

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<sup>3</sup> F.W. Beers, *County Atlas of Cayuga County, New York* (New York: Walker and Jewett, 1875), 131.

<sup>4</sup> Foley, citing an obituary in an unknown publication, thought to be *The Southern Cayuga Tribune*, 1917.

Property Name *East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church*  
Location *Town of Genoa, Cayuga County, New York*

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

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the availability of a minister. In 1943, the church sold off the horse stables and other outbuildings to the Bothwell family, at a profit of thirty-five dollars, placed in savings for necessary structural repairs. Though the Methodist congregation had all but disbanded by this time, the Methodist Council allowed the community to govern use of the building, and in that year a 'Ladies Aid Society' was formed for the purpose of fundraising and event planning. During the 1940s, the building began assuming a new role as a community center, a use that is being encouraged today for the continued preservation of the building. To accommodate new uses, a kitchen was added in the northwest Sunday School alcove and two gas furnaces with accompanying chimneys installed on the east side of the north and south walls. Carpeting was replaced with green linoleum and the plaster walls papered.

Although the building succeeded in its new role into the 1970s, debates were still undertaken regarding its potential value to the community, specifically whether to release the building to the Methodist Conference for demolition to relieve the costs of maintenance. In July 1998, as plans were again undertaken by the board of trustees for the demolition of the building, many of the churches Victorian era furnishings were removed for sale, leaving only a small number of pews, a piano, the choir rail, a collection of hymnals, and two bibles. Subsequent to this action, concerned citizens opposed to the building's demolition began a deed search to uncover the true owner of the church. As it turned out, the Cayuga County Planner located the original 1849 deed for the church that identified the owner as the United Methodist Church. Ownership has now been transferred to the Genoa Historical Association, with ultimate plans to transfer the property to the East Genoa Church Community Organization. The East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church is a distinctive example of modestly sized vernacular religious architecture, and remains among the most tangible links to this rural hamlet's nineteenth century heritage.

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Location *Town of Genoa, Cayuga County, New York*

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
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**9. Major Bibliographical References**

Beers, F.W. *County Atlas of Cayuga County, New York*. New York: Walker and Jewett, 1875.

Foley, Kathleen. "East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church." Unpublished study.

Hamlin, Talbot. *Greek Revival Architecture in America*. New York: Dover, 1944.

**10. Geographical Data**

**Acreeage of Property** Less than one acre

**UTM References**

(Place additional boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

1 18/ 376608/ 4722334  
Zone Easting Northing

2  
Zone Easting Northing

3  
Zone Easting Northing

4  
Zone Easting Northing

See continuation sheet

**Verbal Boundary Description**

(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

**Boundary Justification**

(Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

**11. Form Prepared By**

name/title William E. Krattinger  
organization NYS OPRHP date February 2001  
street & number Post Office Box 219 telephone 518-237-8643 x3265  
city or town Waterford state NY zip code 12188

**Additional Documentation**

Submit the following items with the completed form:

**Continuation Sheets**

**Maps**

A **USGS map** (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.  
A **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

**Photographs**

Representative black and **white photographs** of the property.

**Additional items**

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

**Property Owner**

(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)

name/title Genoa Historical Association, c/o Phil Donovan  
street & number 920 NY 34B, Post Office Box 316 telephone \_\_\_\_\_  
city or town King Ferry state NY zip code 13081

**Paperwork Reduction Act Statement:** This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 *et seq.*).

**Estimated Burden Statement:** Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

Property Name *East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church*  
Location *Town of Genoa, Cayuga County, New York*

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
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**10. Geographical Data**

**Verbal Boundary Description**

The boundary for the East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church is shown as the heavy black outline on the enclosed map, entitled *East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church, Town of Genoa, Cayuga County, New York.*

**Boundary Justification**

The boundary for the proposed nomination has been drawn to coincide with the current legal lot for the property.

Property Name *East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church*  
Location *Town of Genoa, Cayuga County, New York*

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

**Photographs**

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**Photograph key**

**Pictures taken April 2001**

**Photographer: Bill Krattinger**

**Negatives: NYS OPRHP, Field Services Bureau, Peebles Island, Waterford, New York**

- 1. View of church parcel, façade facing west**
- 2. View of façade and Gothic door**
- 3. Flank, or south, elevation, and east facing rear elevation**
- 4. Date stone, south west corner**
- 5. Detail of entrance vestibule showing Victorian era door**
- 6. View of worship space showing Victorian stained glass and choir rail**

Property Name *East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church*  
Location *Town of Genoa, Cayuga County, New York*

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

**Photographs**

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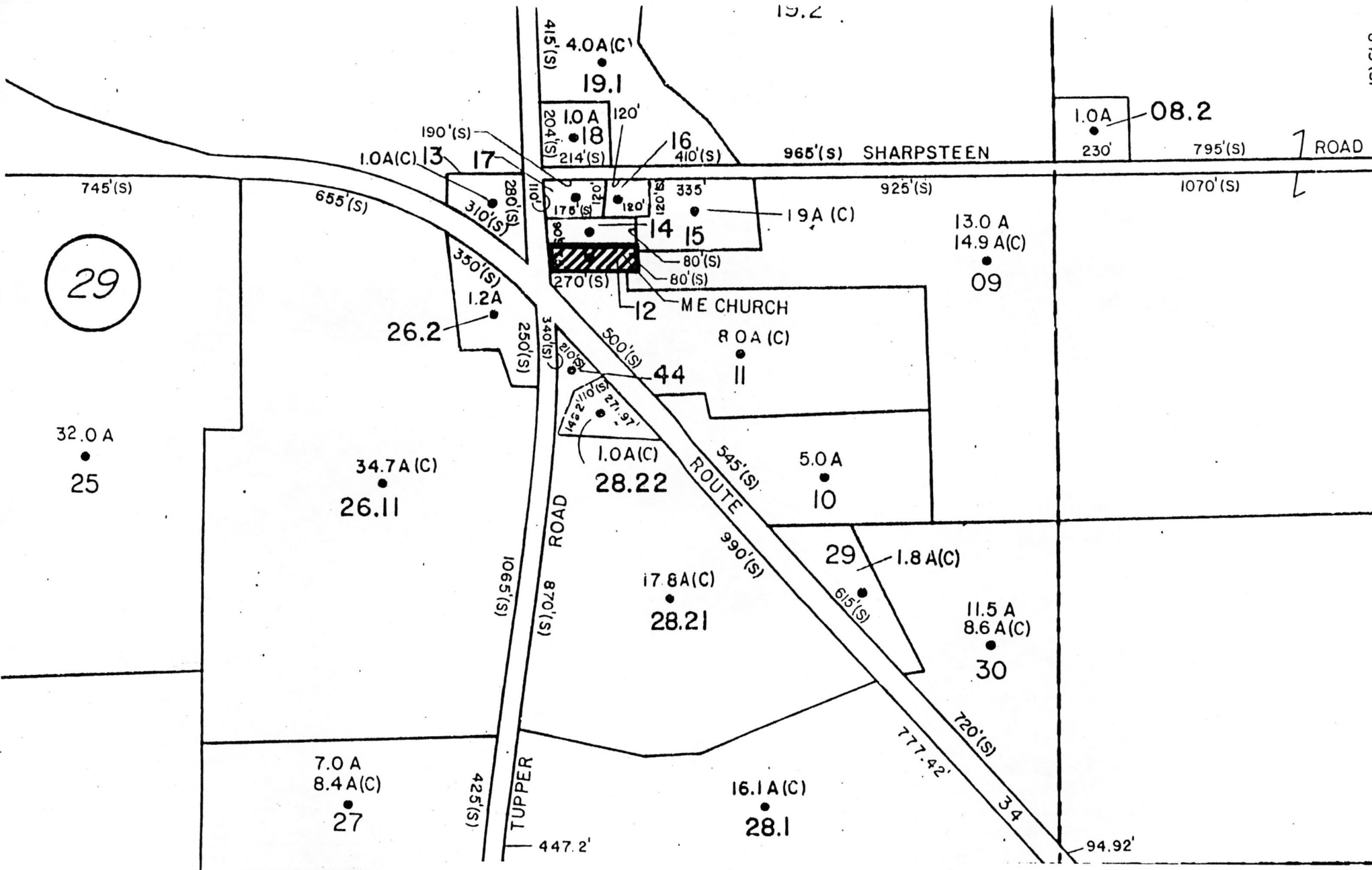
**Photograph key**

**Pictures taken April 2001**

**Photographer: Bill Krattinger**

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- 1. View of church parcel, façade facing west**
- 2. View of façade and Gothic door**
- 3. Flank, or south, elevation, and east facing rear elevation**
- 4. Date stone, south west corner**
- 5. Detail of entrance vestibule showing Victorian era door**
- 6. View of worship space showing Victorian stained glass and choir rail**

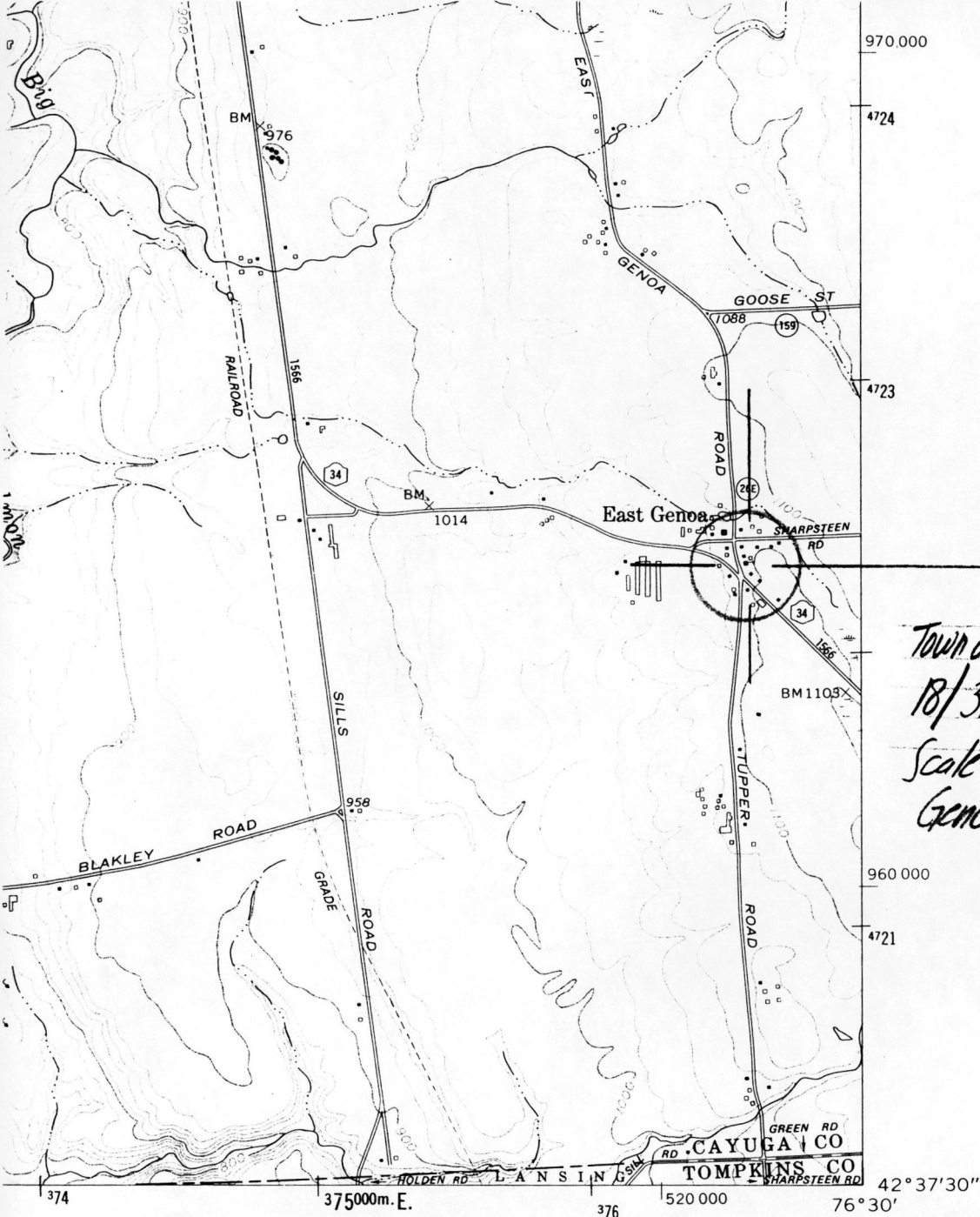


**East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church  
Town of Genoa, Cayuga County, New York**

Boundary shown as solid black outline  
Scale: One inch is equal to approximately seven hundred eighty feet



(38)



*East Genoa Methodist  
Episcopal Church*  
*Town of Genoa, Cayuga County*  
*18/ 376608 / 4722334*  
*Scale: 1:24,000*  
*Genoa Quad*

**BOUNDARIES:**

- State.....
- County.....
- Town or City.....
- Incorporated Village.....

**ROADS:**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Touring Route markers:</li> <li>Interstate..... </li> <li>U. S..... </li> <li>State..... </li> <li>State Highway number and limit..... 8020</li> <li>County road..... </li> <li>Interchange number... </li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Divided highways and streets:</li> <li>Wide mall.....</li> <li>Narrow mall or barrier.....</li> <li>Undivided highways and streets:</li> <li>4 or more lanes.....</li> <li>Less than 4 lanes.....</li> <li>Vehicle track; trail.....</li> </ul> |
|--|--|

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION

PROPERTY East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church  
NAME:

MULTIPLE  
NAME:

STATE & COUNTY: NEW YORK, Cayuga

DATE RECEIVED: 12/10/01                      DATE OF PENDING LIST: 1/11/02  
DATE OF 16TH DAY: 1/27/02                      DATE OF 45TH DAY: 1/25/02  
DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:

REFERENCE NUMBER: 01001500

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N  
OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N  
REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N

COMMENT WAIVER: N

ACCEPT     RETURN     REJECT    1.24.02 DATE

ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

RECOM./CRITERIA \_\_\_\_\_

REVIEWER \_\_\_\_\_ DISCIPLINE \_\_\_\_\_

TELEPHONE \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N



East Genoa Methodist Episcopal  
Church

T/Genoa, Cayuga Co. NY

#1

087 0943  
..... 06.08.01 ELITE PHOTO







East Genoa Methodist  
Episcopal Church

T/Genoa, Cayuga Co. NY

# 3

010 043 NMA ----- 06.08.01 ELITE PHOTO

METHODIST EPISCOPAL  
CHURCH  
ERECTED AD. 1849

East Genoa Methodist  
Episcopal Church

T/Genoa, Cayuga Co. NY

#4

005 043 NNNA ----- 06.08.01 ELITE PHOTO



NOTICE  
OCCUPANT LOAD

NOT TO EXCEED  
50  
PERSONS

NO  
SMOKING





East Genoa Methodist  
Episcopal Church

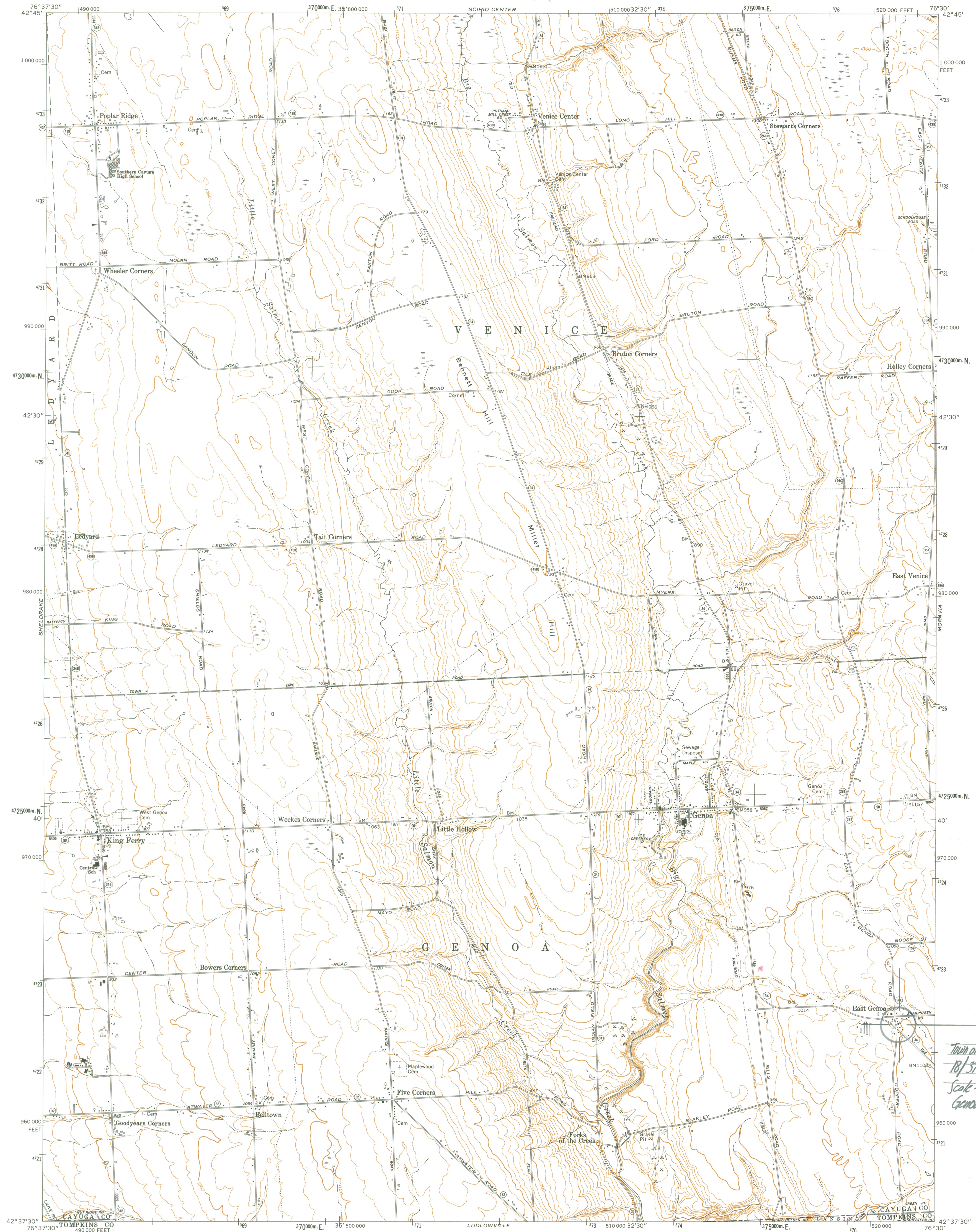
T/Genoa, Cayuga Co. NY  
#6

0022943 MINNB 06.08.01 ELITE PHOTO



NEW YORK STATE  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

GENOA QUADRANGLE  
NEW YORK  
7.5 MINUTE SERIES



UNION SPRINGS

OWASCO

WHEELER CORNERS

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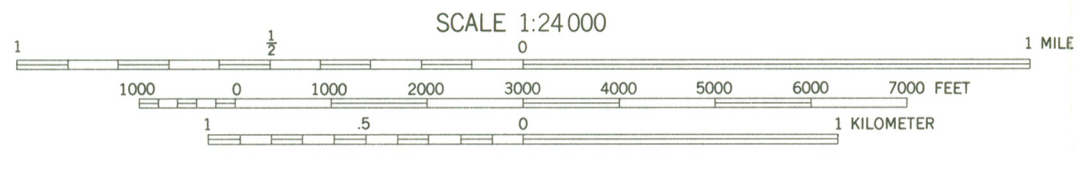
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Prepared and published in 1981 by the New York State Department of Transportation, in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration.  
Map base from 1970 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5-minute quadrangle.  
Map revisions made using 79/80 aerial photography, construction plans, official records and other sources. Features revised include: highways and other transportation facilities; civil boundaries; recreation sites; hydrography; and buildings. Grey tint indicates intensely developed areas in which only landmark buildings are shown.  
Revisions may not comply with National Map Accuracy Standards.  
Correspondence concerning this and other maps of the Department of Transportation should be directed to: Map Information Unit, New York State Department of Transportation, State Campus, Albany, New York 12232.



QUADRANGLE LOCATION



SCALE 1:24,000  
Polyconic projection, 1927 North American datum.  
1000-meter ticks based on the New York Transverse Mercator grid.  
Between 72° and 78° West Longitude, this grid is identical to Zone 18 of the Universal Transverse Mercator grid. Areas east of 72° and west of 78° are direct mathematical extensions of Zone 18.  
10,000-foot ticks based on the New York Plane Coordinate grid, Central Zone.  
Magnetic declination for 1981 is approximately 11 1/2° West  
SPECIAL TOPOGRAPHIC EDITION  
Contours, at 20-foot intervals, shown unrevised from 1970 U.S. Geological Survey map. Datum is mean sea level.

BOUNDARIES:

State.....	-----
County.....	-----
Town or City.....	-----
Incorporated Village.....	-----

ROADS:

Touring Route markers:	Divided highways and streets:
Interstate..... (I)	Wide mall.....
U. S. .... (U.S.)	Narrow mall or barrier.....
State..... (S)	Undivided highways and streets:
State Highway number and limit..... (SH)	4 or more lanes.....
County road..... (CR)	Less than 4 lanes.....
Interchange number..... (I)	Vehicle track; trail.....

*East Genoa Methodist Episcopal Church  
Town of Genoa, Cayuga County  
Rt 316608 / 4722 334  
Scale: 1:24,000  
Genoa Quad*