

Photo pulled by publications - 3-7-75

PH0000906

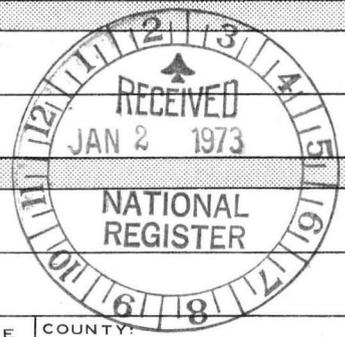
Form 10-300
(July 1969)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM**

(Type all entries - complete applicable sections)

STATE: Connecticut	
COUNTY: New London	
FOR NPS USE ONLY	
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE
	JAN 17 1973



1. NAME

COMMON:
Norwichtown Historic District

AND/OR HISTORIC:
181

2. LOCATION

STREET AND NUMBER:
(see attached map)

CITY OR TOWN:
Norwich

STATE Connecticut	CODE 09	COUNTY: New London	CODE 011
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3. CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY (Check One)	OWNERSHIP	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	STATUS	ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> District <input type="checkbox"/> Site <input type="checkbox"/> Building <input type="checkbox"/> Structure <input type="checkbox"/> Object	<input type="checkbox"/> Public <input type="checkbox"/> Private <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Both	<input type="checkbox"/> In Process <input type="checkbox"/> Being Considered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Occupied <input type="checkbox"/> Unoccupied <input type="checkbox"/> Preservation work in progress	Yes: <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unrestricted <input type="checkbox"/> No
PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)				
<input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial <input type="checkbox"/> Educational <input type="checkbox"/> Entertainment	<input type="checkbox"/> Government <input type="checkbox"/> Industrial <input type="checkbox"/> Military <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Museum	<input type="checkbox"/> Park <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private Residence <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Religious <input type="checkbox"/> Scientific	<input type="checkbox"/> Transportation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) 1) home for elderly 2) offices	<input type="checkbox"/> Comments

4. OWNER OF PROPERTY

OWNER'S NAME:
(various owners)

STREET AND NUMBER:

CITY OR TOWN: STATE: CODE

5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.:
City Hall

STREET AND NUMBER:
Union Square

CITY OR TOWN: STATE: CODE

6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE OF SURVEY:
Connecticut Historic Structures and Landmarks Survey

DATE OF SURVEY: 1966 Federal State County Local

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:
Connecticut Historical Commission

STREET AND NUMBER:
59 South Prospect Street

CITY OR TOWN: STATE: CODE

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

STATE: Connecticut

COUNTY: New London

ENTRY NUMBER: JAN 17 1973

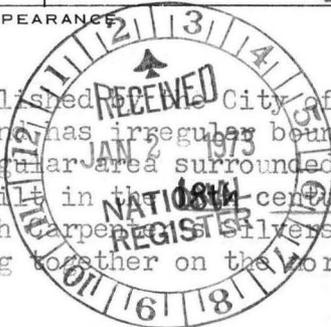
FOR NPS USE ONLY

DATE

7. DESCRIPTION

CONDITION	(Check One)					
	<input type="checkbox"/> Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> Ruins	<input type="checkbox"/> Unexposed
	(Check One)			(Check One)		
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Altered	<input type="checkbox"/> Unaltered	<input type="checkbox"/> Moved	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original Site		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (if known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE



The Norwichtown Historic District, established in the City of Norwich in 1967, is made up of the original Green area has irregular boundaries on the radiating streets. The Green is a triangular area surrounded by closely spaced structures, most of which were built in the 18th century. Two of the outstanding buildings here are Joseph Carpenter's Silversmith's Shop and Dr. Daniel Lathrop's School, standing together on the north side of the Green.

The Silversmith's Shop (National Register 10/6/70), is a small gambrel-roofed building of frame construction, built by Joseph Carpenter in 1772-1774. Its unusual feature is the wooden shutters which meet from top and bottom rather than from side to side. Just to the east is the school, erected through the efforts of Dr. Daniel Lathrop, who left a legacy of five hundred pounds for an endowed free grammar school, in 1782. Built the following year, it is believed to be one of the earliest brick school houses still standing in the State. It is of the same scale as the Silversmith's Shop next door, both being of one and a half stories and having gambrel roofs.

Along East Town Street and Huntington Lane are some of the most handsome houses in the district. The General Jedediah Huntington House was built in 1765 for one of the more illustrious military men of the Revolutionary Period. (National Register 10/6/70). A large Georgian house, it is of twin-chimney, center hallway form with gambrel roof and overhanging gable ends at 3rd floor level. The nine-window facade displays lintels at window heads cut to resemble brick, with a keystone arch. Projecting center bay contains a paneled door, framed by sidelights and reeded pilasters. Above the door is a semi-elliptical fan light in spider web pattern. The outstanding feature inside is the fine mahogany staircase which has balusters of alternating twisted rope patterns. At 16 Huntington Lane stands the Bradford-Huntington House (National Register 10/6/70). One of the most interesting old homes to survive, this is one of the three remaining structures built by a founder. One part of the house dates from before 1691, for Simon Huntington purchased from either Thomas or John Bradford the land and "new dwelling house" in 1691. There were additions made in 1719 when Simon's son Joshua obtained the homestead. There are many early features remaining: the heavy, plain box cornice at eaves line, the wide overhang at gable ends, and the small window above entry. There are two sections; that to the rear is essentially another house, being also 2 1/2 stories. It was probably this part that was built by Joshua's son, General Jabez Huntington, a wealthy West Indian trader who came into possession of the property in 1745. The house has been well-preserved and is especially interesting for its growth pattern showing the changes within one family.

There are many and varied structures in the District. Washington Street, for example, the eastern boundary, has many fine houses built before 1800, one very new house, the East District School, 1789 (National Register 10/28/70), and the Leffingwell Inn, 1675 (National Register 12/29/70).

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

6. SIGNIFICANCE

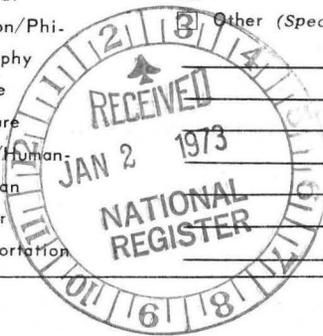
PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- Pre-Columbian | 16th Century | 18th Century | 20th Century
 15th Century | 17th Century | 19th Century

SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known)

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Aboriginal | <input type="checkbox"/> Education | <input type="checkbox"/> Political | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Urban Planning |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric | <input type="checkbox"/> Engineering | <input type="checkbox"/> Religion/Philosophy | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Historic | <input type="checkbox"/> Industry | <input type="checkbox"/> Science | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture | <input type="checkbox"/> Invention | <input type="checkbox"/> Sculpture | _____ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Architecture | <input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Architecture | <input type="checkbox"/> Social/Humanitarian | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Art | <input type="checkbox"/> Literature | <input type="checkbox"/> Theater | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Commerce | <input type="checkbox"/> Military | <input type="checkbox"/> Transportation | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Communications | <input type="checkbox"/> Music | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Conservation | | | |



STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

The first settlement in Norwich was in 1660 and was located in the area known as Norwichtown. Although three hundred years have passed, the pattern and features of that settlement are still apparent in the great number of early structures remaining. Some have been altered, reflecting their varied uses. The Historic District includes that area of first settlement, which is the Green and surrounding streets.

Norwich was founded by a group of about 35 men from Saybrook who petitioned the General Court at Hartford in May, 1659, for permission to make a settlement here. Nine square miles were deeded to them by the Mohegan Uncas and his sons Owaneco and Attawanhood in June, 1659. In the spring of 1660 the Reverend James Fitch moved from Saybrook to Norwich with the principal part of his congregation.

The "Town Plot" was laid out along the Yantic River. Home lots were several acres and included pasture land. Near the center of the Plot was an open space for public buildings; this area was soon known as Meetinghouse Plain or the Green. Somewhat later, in 1729, the Town Proprietors voted that Meetinghouse Plain "shall be and remain to be... for public Use for the whole Town forever henceforth without alteration."¹ The church had its place here and has alternately stood on the Green and on the cliff behind (Meetinghouse Rocks). The second and third churches were erected on this high point which also served as a watch tower against Indian raids. Behind the church stood the powder house, a wooden structure which was set on fire and exploded during the Revolution. The fourth church was built at the northwest corner of the Green in 1770, and the fifth, the present building, in the same place when the fourth burned in 1801. Accompanying the church on the Green were the courthouse, shops, residences, and more than one tavern.

By 1836 when John Barber wrote his "Collections", the town was a place of about two hundred houses on pleasant rural streets within a short distance of the Congregational Church. The area outlined by the historic district includes the Green and these streets, still much the same as they were in Barber's day. The district has kept, through much effort and work of its residents, a great deal of its important early atmosphere. The streets around the Green are narrow and not easily accessible to vehicular traffic. Washington Street is a major city street, but its

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Barber, John Warner. Connecticut Historical Collections. New Haven 1836.
 Caulkins, Frances M. History of Norwich. Published by the author, 1866.
 Crofut, F.S.M. Guide to the History and Historic Sites of Connecticut.
 Yale University Press. New Haven. 1937.
 Gilman, Daniel Coit. "A Historical Discourse." Boston. 1859.
 O'Keefe, Marian, and Doroshevich, Catherine. Norwich Historic Homes and
 Families. Pequot Press. Stonington. 1967.
 Perkins, Mary E. Old Houses of the Antient Town of Norwich. 1895.
Historic District Study Report, 1966-1967.

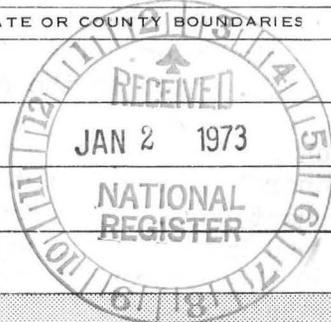
10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY			O R	LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY OF LESS THAN TEN ACRES		
CORNER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE		LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	
	Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds		Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds	
NW	41° 33' 10"	72° 05' 55"		0	0	
NE	41° 33' 10"	72° 05' 11"				
SE	41° 32' 34"	72° 05' 11"				
SW	41° 32' 34"	72° 05' 55"				

APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY: **110 acres**

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE:	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE



SEE INSTRUCTIONS

11. FORM PREPARED BY

NAME AND TITLE:
Susan B. Bixby, Administrative Trainee

ORGANIZATION: Connecticut Historical Commission DATE: December 18, 1972

STREET AND NUMBER:
59 South Prospect Street

CITY OR TOWN: Hartford STATE: Connecticut CODE: 09

12. STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION

As the designated State Liaison Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended level of significance of this nomination is:

National State Local

Name: *[Signature]*
 Title: State Liaison Officer
 Date: December 21, 1972

NATIONAL REGISTER VERIFICATION

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register.

[Signature]
 Chief, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation

Date: 1/17/73

ATTEST:
[Signature]
 Keeper of The National Register

Date: 1-25-73

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Continuation Sheet)

STATE	
Connecticut	
COUNTY	
New London	
FOR NPS USE ONLY	
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE
	JAN 17 1973

(Number all entries)

#8 Significance

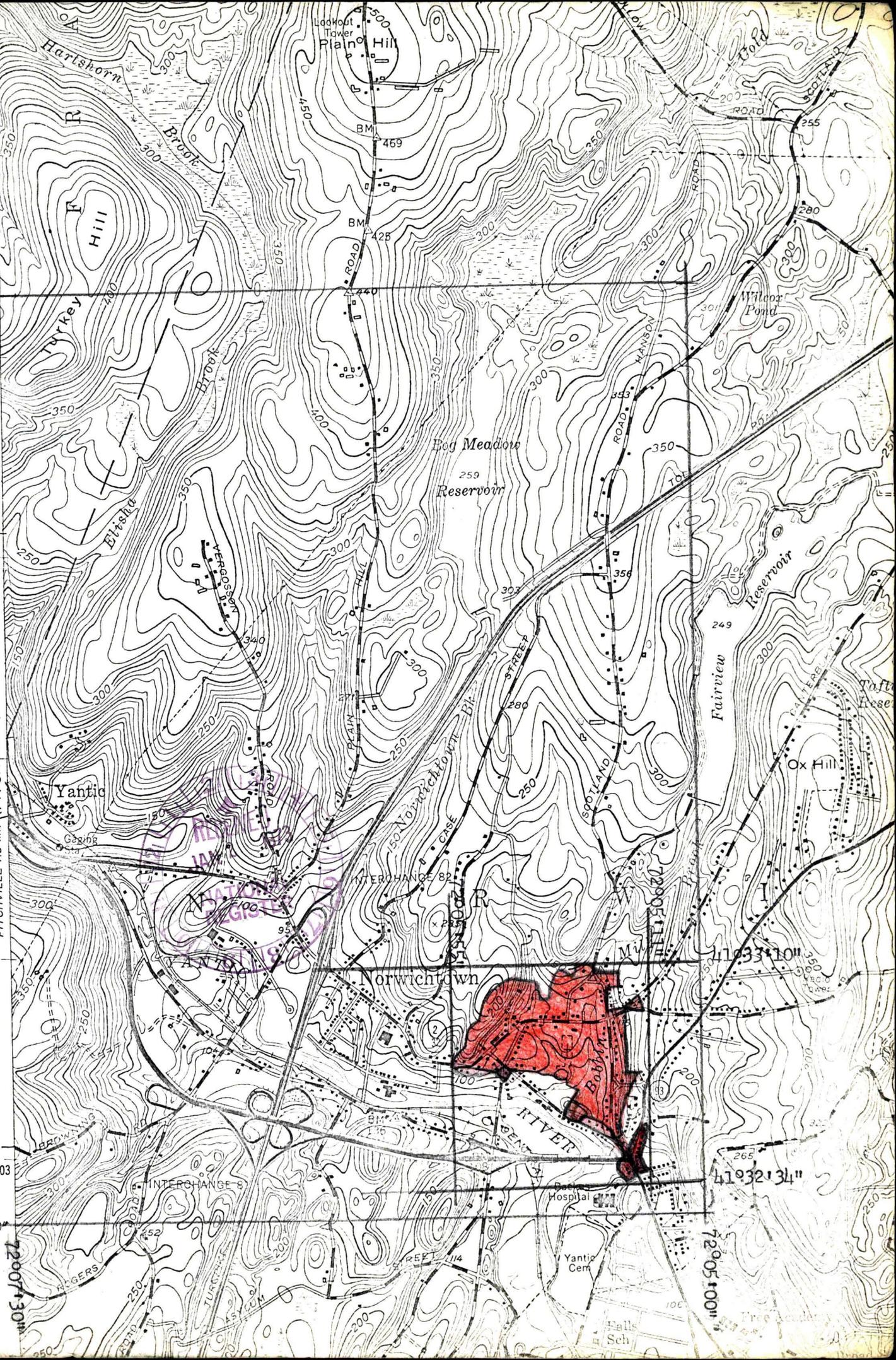
importance ends with a highway entrance just south of the district, so the part through the district has not become congested. Near-by commercial areas are being contained by the district boundaries, though at the present time, the southeastern edge, near the junction of Town Street and New London Turnpike, is being threatened by a hamburger stand of a nationwide chain which is looking for an extension to its parking lot. The Historic District Commission is opposing the proposal to demolish a house in the district and has asked that the district be nominated for inclusion in the National Register for the prestige and status sometimes found in the recognition by not only a State agency but the Federal Government.

Lo'Keefe and Doroshevich, p. 14.



41° 35'
4608
4607
4606
4603
41° 32' 30"

32 WILLIMANTIC 12 MI.
SMITH CORNER 2.3 MI.
6567 II SW
HARTFORD (CIVIC CENTER) 36 MI.
FITCHVILLE 1.8 MI. (FITCHVILLE)



72° 07' 30"

72° 05' 100"
41° 32' 34"

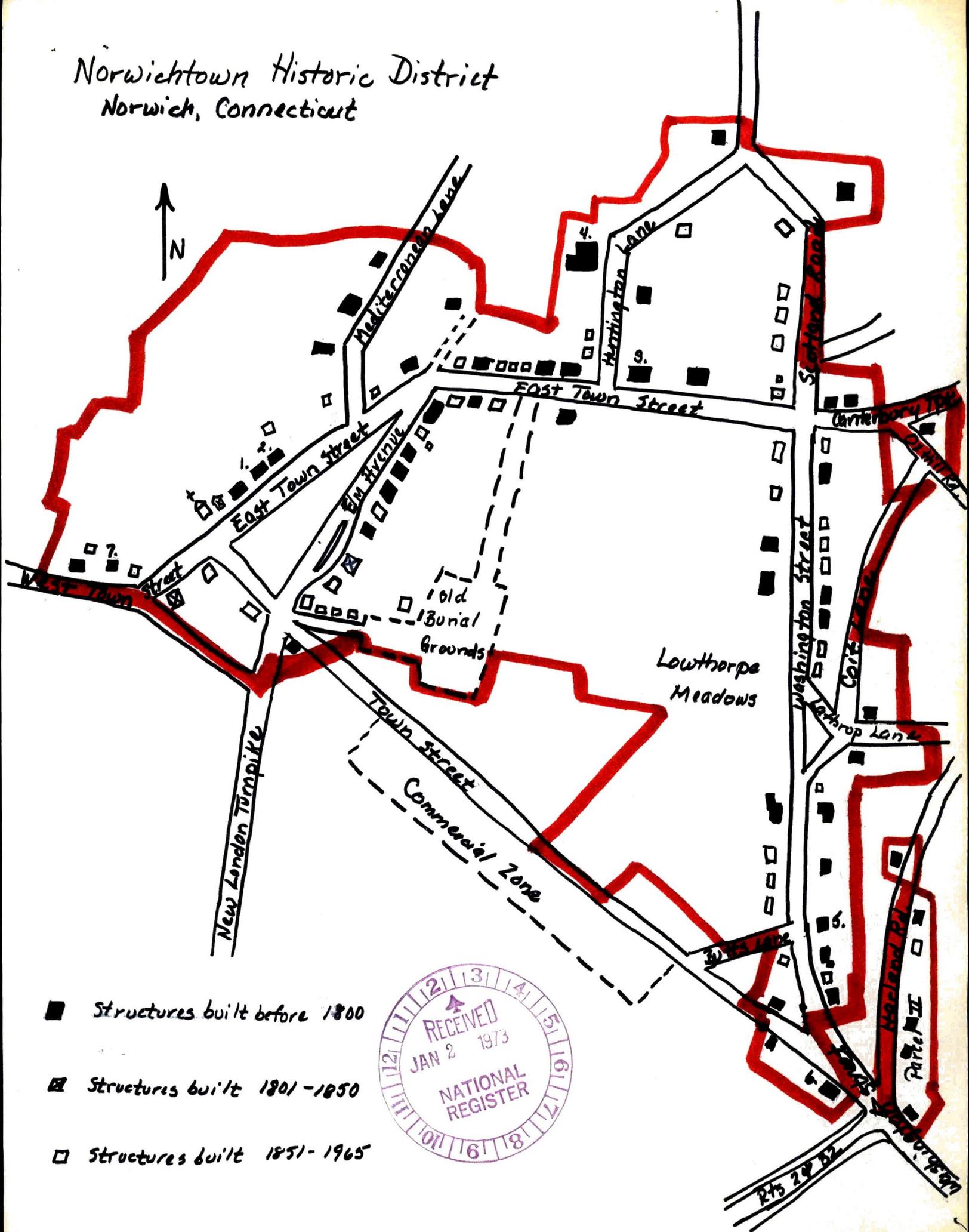
Norwichtown Historic District : Key

1. Joseph Carpenter's Silversmith Shop
2. Dr. Daniel Lathrop School
3. General Jedediah Huntington House
4. Bradford Huntington House
5. East District School
6. Lettingwell Inn
7. Dr. Philip Turner House

†
⊞ Congregational Church



Norwichtown Historic District Norwich, Connecticut



- Structures built before 1800
- ▨ Structures built 1801-1850
- Structures built 1851-1965



PROPERTY Norwichtown Hist. District STATE Conn.

New London

WORKING NUMBER 1.2.73.2033

TECH REVIEW

Photos 6

Maps 2

CONTROL REVIEW

18
1-4-73
OK

HISTORIAN

1-8-
73
OK, Shull

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORIAN

OK means

ARCHEOLOGIST

REVIEW UNIT CHIEF

OK
means
1/8/73

BRANCH CHIEF

OK 1/14/73

KEEPER

OK
1/16/73

National Register write-up _____

Send-back _____

Federal Register entry 3/6

Re-submit _____

Entered JAN 17 1973











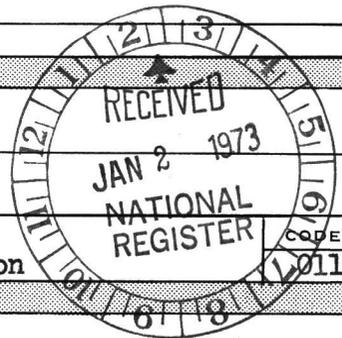
**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
PROPERTY MAP FORM**

(Type all entries - attach to or enclose with map)

STATE Connecticut	
COUNTY New London	
FOR NPS USE ONLY	
ENTRY NUMBER JAN 17 1973	DATE

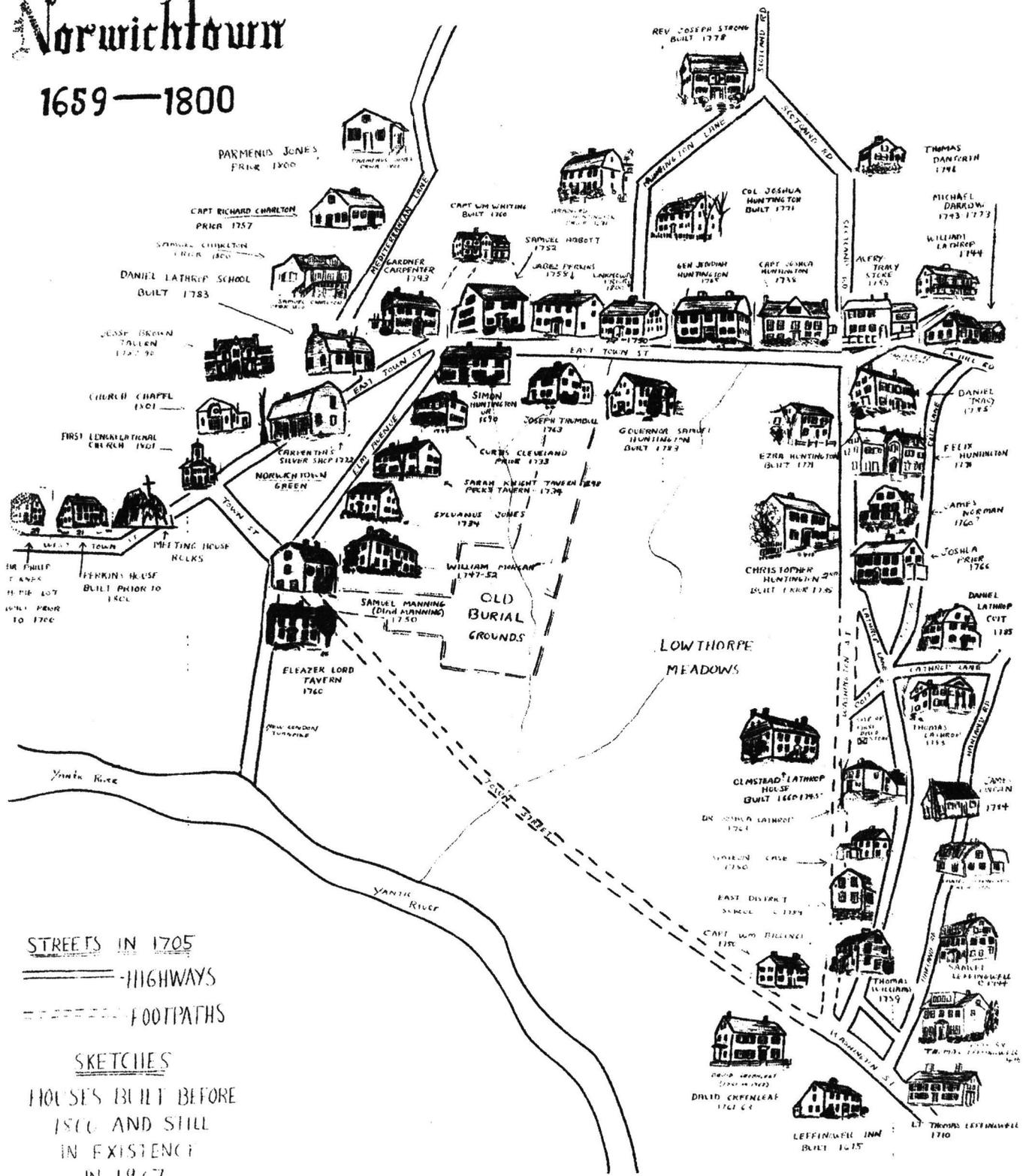
SEE INSTRUCTIONS

1. NAME		
COMMON: Norwichtown Historic District		
AND/OR HISTORIC:		
2. LOCATION		
STREET AND NUMBER:		
CITY OR TOWN: Norwich		
STATE: Connecticut	CODE 09	COUNTY: New London
3. MAP REFERENCE		
SOURCE: Historic District Study Report		
SCALE: not to scale		
DATE: 1967		
4. REQUIREMENTS		
TO BE INCLUDED ON ALL MAPS		
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Property boundaries where required.2. North arrow.3. Latitude and longitude reference.		

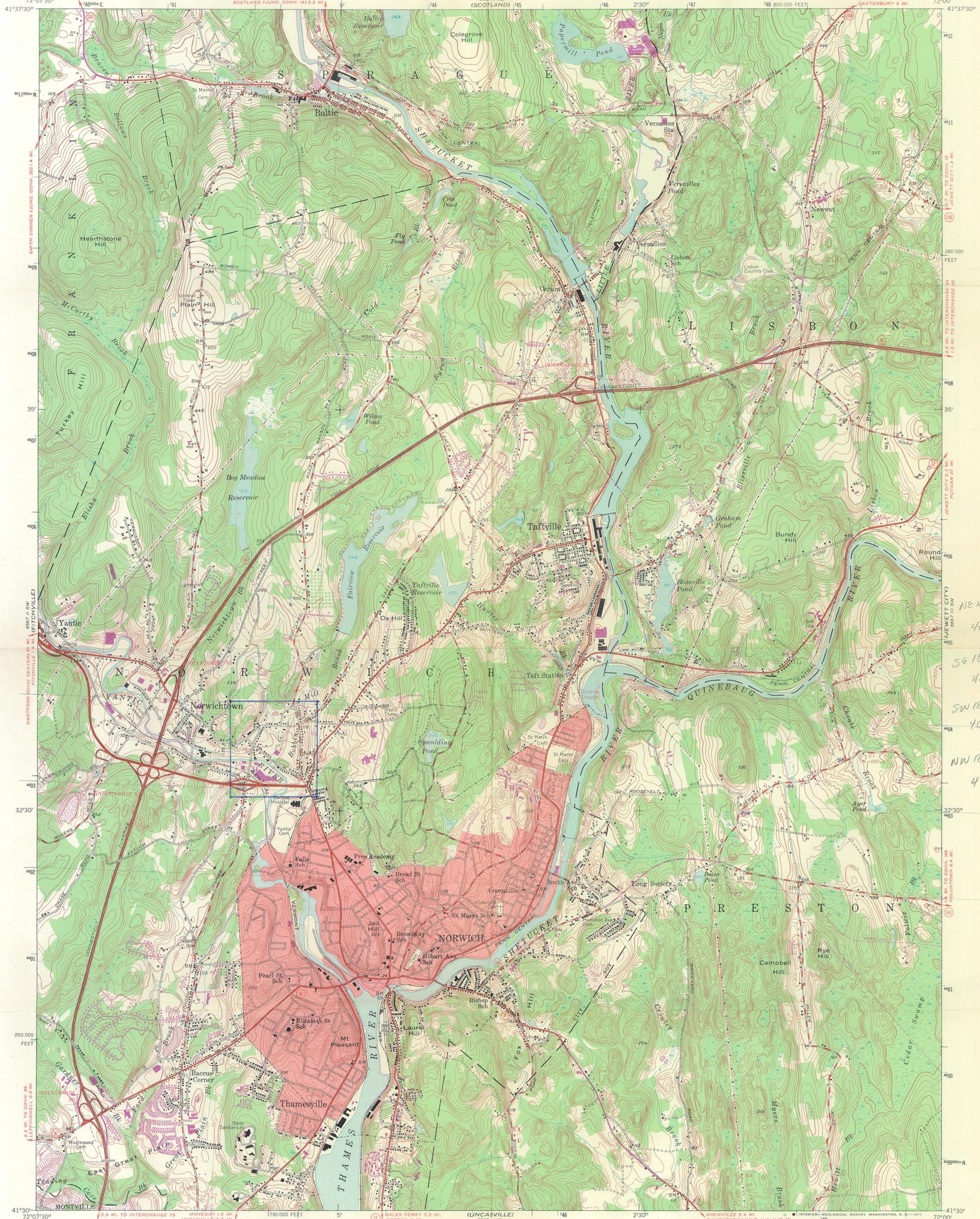


Historic Norwichtown

1659—1800

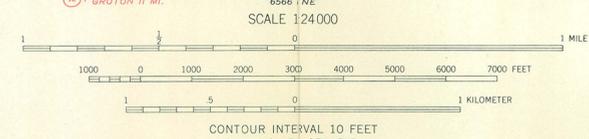


STREETS & C. 1705
 1967



NE 18/743 010
4604 040
SE 18/743 050
4602 920
SW 18/742 050
4602 900
NW 18/742 000
4604 000
00

Mapped, edited, and published by the Geological Survey
Control by USGS, USC&GS, and Connecticut Geodetic Survey
Culture and drainage in part compiled from aerial
photographs taken 1941. Topography by planetable
surveys 1943. Revised 1953-1954
Polyconic projection. 1927 North American datum
10,000-foot grid based on Connecticut coordinate system
1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks,
zone 18 shown in blue
Red tint indicates areas in which only
landmark buildings are shown
Revisions shown in purple compiled in cooperation with
Connecticut Highway Department from aerial photographs taken 1970
This information not field checked



ROAD CLASSIFICATION
Heavy-duty ——— Light-duty ———
Medium-duty ——— Unimproved dirt ———
○ State Route

THIS MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS
FOR SALE BY U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, WASHINGTON, D. C. 20242
A FOLDER DESCRIBING TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

NORWICH, CONN.
N4130—W7200/7.5
1954
PHOTOREVISED 1970
AMS 6567 II SE—SERIES V816



STATE OF CONNECTICUT

CONNECTICUT HISTORICAL COMMISSION
59 SOUTH PROSPECT ST. HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 06106
AREA CODE 203 566-3005

ERIC HATCH
CHAIRMAN
WILLIAM J. MORRIS
DIRECTOR
HERBERT C. DARBEE
ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR

December 21, 1972

Enclosed please find the nomination for the Norwichtown Historic District, in accordance with our policy of nominating all appropriate historic districts in the State.

Accompanying the nomination, pictures, and topographic map is a hand-sketched map showing in detail the boundaries and certain outstanding buildings. A legal description is included only to clarify these boundaries. If it is not needed, forgive our sending it, and please disregard it.

Since there is in process a legal challenge to this district, we feel that if it were promptly included in the Register, this might assist us in any necessary defensive action.

Thank you.



Susan B. Bixby

DEC 27 1972

ENTRIES IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

STATE CONNECTICUT

Date Entered JAN 17 1973

Name

Location

Norwichtown Historic District

Norwich
New London County

Also Notified

Hon. Abraham A. Ribicoff
Hon. Lowell P. Weicker, Jr.
Hon. Robert H. Steele

Director, Northeast Region

PHR NRowland:mm 1/22/73

State Liaison Officer
Mr. Eric Hatch
Chairman, Connecticut Historical
Commission
59 South Prospect Street
Hartford, Connecticut 06106

JUL 9 1974 take 8/2



STATE OF CONNECTICUT

CONNECTICUT HISTORICAL COMMISSION
59 SOUTH PROSPECT ST. HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 06106
AREA CODE 203 566-3005

HARLAN H. GRISWOLD 203-756-8381
CHAIRMAN
WHITNEY L. BROOKS
VICE CHAIRMAN
HERBERT C. DARBEE
ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR
JOHN W. SHANNAHAN
SUPT. OF HISTORICAL PROPERTIES
DAVID O. WHITE
SPECIAL ASSISTANT

July 3, 1974

Dr. William J. Murtagh
Keeper of The National Register
National Register of Historic Places
Department of the Interior
National Park Service
18th and C Streets, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20240

Reference: Historic District Commission of the City of Norwich, Connecticut

Dear Doctor Murtagh:

Under separate cover you will find a brochure describing a legal case under litigation in Connecticut which I, as Acting State Historic Preservation Officer, believe to be of critical importance, as precedent, to preservation in general throughout the United States and of particular importance in Connecticut as, very probably, either upholding this State's Historic District legislative effectiveness or destroying it. It is the first such case in Connecticut. The Connecticut Historical Commission, of which I am Chairman, reviewed this Norwich matter on June 25, 1974 and, by vote, authorized me to solicit, in the Commission's name, help from any public or private source in supporting the position of The Historic District Commission of Norwich.

Briefly, the situation is as follows:

The Norwichtown Green, as part of a larger area, is listed on the National Register of Historic Places. This Green is the heart of the settlement of Norwich, Connecticut, which is one of this State's major cities and, incidentally, itself a striking museum of affluent architectural styles from the 17th to the 20th centuries.

The Norwichtown Green is architecturally and historically intact except for one modern intrusion: a small one storey simulated Georgian brick building occupied by the Prudential Insurance Company. There is only one other commercial venture on the Green carried on in a handsome older structure. This is historically consistent with the Connecticut village mixed use pattern of the 18th, 19th and early 20th centuries.



"Lord's Tavern" (see map in brochure), now a dwelling is owned by Mr. Abraham A. Figarsky.

"Lord's Tavern" is an integral part of the Norwichtown Green. It also serves as the buffer separating the Green from a large modern shopping center and commercial area situated directly to the south and southwest of the Green.

Unfortunately, the City of Norwich has included the land upon which Lord's Tavern stands as part of a commercial zone.

Directly to the south of Lord's Tavern is a MacDonald hamburger stand with its own existing off-street parking. This hamburger stand is the northern terminus of the large commercial area before it reaches the Green.

Mr. Figarsky wishes to demolish Lord's Tavern to sell the land, presumably for commercial use. It is rumored, and the presumption is pretty strong, that the owner of the MacDonald land wishes to purchase the Lord's Tavern land for an expansion of MacDonald's parking area.

Parking, physically, could be achieved by using land to the south of the MacDonald's stand. So far as I know, this land is not under serious consideration nor, so far as I know, has it been offered by its present owner. The only point I'm making here is that physically, there are other viable alternatives in this part of Norwich for commercial development, whether for parking or some other commercial use.

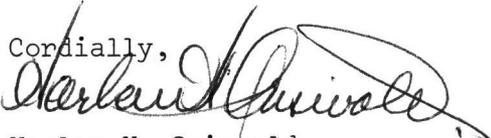
No potential commercial or automotive encroachment on (a) historical values (b) architectural purity or (c) cultural ambience is, in my opinion, more of a classic case than this one. If this case for preservation is lost, it won't be the first one but it will certainly set our task back a great distance in Connecticut.

I would therefore urge you to assist Norwich in any way possible. Specifically, if you could enter the case as amicus curae, it would be most helpful. Further information in Washington, D.C. on this case may be secured from Mr. Michael F. Wiedl, III of the National Trust for Historic Preservation.

Letters to The Historic District Commission of Norwich, Connecticut should be directed in care of Attorney Richard N. Ziff, Corporation Counsel for the City of Norwich.

Further information may be secured from Mr. Philip A. Johnson, President Emeritus of The Society of The Founders of Norwich, Connecticut, Inc., 405 Washington Street, Norwich, Connecticut 06360 or from Mr. Ziff. Of course, The Connecticut Historical Commission and I, as Acting Historic State Preservation Officer, will also assist in any way possible.

Cordially,


Harlan H. Griswold
Acting State Historic Preservation Officer

HHG:tf

Dr. William J. Murtagh
Keeper of the National Register

Page Three

CC: Attorney Sidney Giber
Office of The Attorney General
State of Connecticut
Hartford, Connecticut

Attorney Richard N. Ziff
Corporation Counsel
City of Norwich, Connecticut 06360

Mr. Philip Johnson, President Emeritus
Society of The Founders of Norwich, Connecticut
405 Washington Street
Norwich, Connecticut 06360

Mr. Michael F. Wiedl, III
The National Trust for Historic Preservation
740-748 Jackson Place, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006

All Members of The Connecticut Historical Commission

P.S.-----Although I am not a native of Connecticut nor have I lived in Norwich, Connecticut, I believe you should know (a) that it is the birthplace of my mother-in-law whose lineage goes back to a founder of Norwich and (b) that I am a direct descendant of Francis Griswold, a founder of Norwich, who is buried in proximity to the Norwichtown Green.



United States Department of the Interior

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20240

IN REPLY REFER TO:
H34-PR

AUG 5 1974

Mr. Harlan H. Griswold
Chairman, Connecticut Historical
Commission
59 South Prospect Street
Hartford, Connecticut 06106

Dear Mr. Griswold:

Belated thanks for your letter of July 3 and apologies that no acknowledgement for this receipt was forthcoming in my absence.

It is my understanding that the government enters a case such as you described in your correspondence only through the Department of Justice. The Solicitor's Office in our agency advises me that all three levels of government, i.e., local, State, and Federal would have to be involved before any consideration might be given to the case by Justice. This would involve, therefore, the district's being on the National Register which would represent Federal Government involvement, and the delineation of the district under a State ordinance rather than a local municipal zoning action.

I shall call Mike Weidl at the Trust who may be able to shed further light on this situation and if the above involvements appear to apply in this case I shall initiate a request with the Solicitor's Office to explore whether the Department of Justice might wish to enter the case.

Please rest assured that we will do whatever we can to assist you.

Sincerely yours,

William J. Murtagh
Keeper of the National Register

RECEIVED

AUG 9 1974

Connecticut Historical
Commission



Let's Clean Up America For Our 200th Birthday

August 12, 1974

Attorney Richard Ziff
126 Broadway
Norwich, Connecticut 06460

Dear Attorney Ziff

The enclosed letter from Dr. Murtagh is self-explanatory. On the face of it, it would seem that the Norwich case, on the basis of his letter, would qualify for Federal consideration.

I leave it up to you to pursue this, if you agree, with Dr. Murtagh.

Cordially,

Harlan H. Griswold
Chairman

HHG:tf
enc

cc: Mr. Philip A. Johnson, President Emeritus
The Society of the Founders of Norwich, Connecticut, Inc.
405 Washington Street
Norwich, Connecticut 06360



CITY OF NORWICH
CONNECTICUT

CORPORATION COUNSEL
Richard Newton Ziff
126 Broadway
Norwich, Conn. 06360
889-3378

ASST. CORPORATION COUNSEL
Geurson D. Silverberg
257 Main Street
Norwich, Conn. 06360
889-8349

DOCKET NO. 23529
ABRAHAM A. FIGARSKY, ET AL

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

VS.

HISTORIC DISTRICT COMMISSION
OF THE CITY OF NORWICH

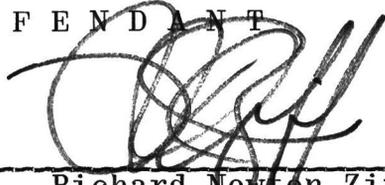
NEW LONDON COUNTY

S U M M A R Y

1. On November 29, 1972, Plaintiffs applied to Defendant for a Certificate of Appropriateness to demolish a building bounding Norwichtown Green.
2. On January 26, 1973, the Defendant denied said application.
3. On February 8, 1973, Plaintiffs appealed said denial to the Court of Common Pleas for New London County.
4. On March 6, 1974, said Court rendered a decision upholding the action of the Defendant.
5. On April 10, 1974, the Plaintiffs filed a Petition for Certification with the Supreme Court of Errors of the State of Connecticut asking that the decision of the Court of Common Pleas be reviewed.
6. On May 8, 1974, said Petition for Certification for appeal was granted by the Supreme Court of Errors.
7. Said case is now pending in the Supreme Court of Errors and may be heard prior to the end of 1974.

D E F E N D A N T

By


Richard Newton Ziff
Corporation Counsel

RNZ/ea1

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED
HISTORIC DISTRICT IN THE
CITY OF NORWICH



PARCEL NO. 1

BEGINNING at a point on the southwesterly line of Washington Street at its intersection with the northwesterly line of the State Highway known as Route 2 and 32, said point being at the most easterly corner of land of the Society of The Founders of Norwich, known as the "Leffingwell Inn" property, and thence running southwesterly along said State Highway 98.25 feet; thence deflocting to the right and running southwesterly along said State Highway line about 130 feet to a point in range with the southwesterly line of land of E. Fitch Johnson; thence northwesterly about 110 feet, abutting southwesterly on other land of the Society of the Founders of Norwich; thence northeasterly 206.9 feet to the southwesterly line of Town Street, abutting northwesterly on land of said Johnson; thence northwesterly along said Town Street line about 80 feet; thence northeasterly crossing said Town Street about 40 feet to the southeasterly corner of land of Leo and Mary Bosper; thence northerly 112.8 feet to the southwesterly line of Butts Lane; abutting westerly on said Bosper land; thence southwesterly along said Lane line 70 feet; thence northwesterly crossing said Butts Lane about 30 feet to the southeasterly corner of land of Julian and Elizabeth Williams; thence northwesterly 82.5 feet; thence southwesterly 148 feet; thence southerly 26.5 feet, these last three lines abutting southwesterly, southeasterly, and easterly on said Williams land; thence westerly 336.5 feet, abutting southerly on land now or formerly of Ralph and Elizabeth Anderson and land of Robert and Arlene Ferree; thence southwesterly 98.0 feet to the northeasterly line of Town Street, abutting southeasterly on said Ferree land; thence northwesterly along said Town Street line 315.8 feet to land of Realty Enterprises, Inc.; thence northeasterly 151.7 feet; thence northerly 25 feet; thence northeasterly 10.5 feet; thence northerly 286.6 feet; thence westerly 130.5 feet; thence northerly 72.0 feet; thence westerly 230.6 feet; thence southerly 75.7 feet, these last eight lines abutting northwesterly, westerly, southerly, and easterly on said land of Realty Enterprises, Inc. thence westerly 275.8 feet, abutting southerly on lands of William Brosofske, et al, Beebe Realty Co., Alice Norin, Lawrence and Rita Furlong, Michael and Amanda Garvie and Connecticut Bank and Trust Company; thence northerly 45.5 feet, abutting westerly on said Connecticut Bank and Trust Company land; thence westerly 323 feet, abutting southerly on said Connecticut Bank and Trust Company land

and land of Peter and Jane Przekop; thence southwesterly 78 feet to the northeasterly line of Town Street, abutting southeasterly on said Przekop land; thence southwesterly about 20 feet to the center of Town Street; thence northwesterly along the center line of Town Street about 38 feet; thence southwesterly about 20 feet to the northwesterly corner of land of Lathrop; thence southwesterly 69.5 feet, abutting southeasterly on said Lathrop land; thence westerly 94.9 feet to the easterly line of New London Turnpike, abutting southerly on land of Elton; thence southwesterly, crossing said Turnpike about 41 feet to northwesterly corner of land of Rose Durr; thence westerly 295 feet abutting southerly on said Durr land and land of James Fleming; thence northwesterly about 150 feet to the southeasterly line of West Town Street at a point 110 feet southwesterly from the most northerly corner of land of A. Robert and Norma Schnip, abutting southwesterly on land of said Schnip; thence northwesterly about 25 feet to the center of said West Town Street; thence southwesterly along the center line of West Town Street about 540 feet; thence northerly about 25 feet to the southeasterly corner of land of Florence B. Southouse; thence northerly about 100 feet abutting westerly on said Southouse land; thence westerly about 110 feet, abutting southerly on said Southouse land and land of William and Mary Mahoney; thence northwesterly about 290 feet, abutting southwesterly on said Mahoney land; thence easterly and northeasterly about 190 feet, abutting northerly and northwesterly on land of Paul Durr; thence easterly about 165 feet; thence northeasterly about 830 feet, these last two lines abutting northerly and northwesterly on land of Robert and Carol Degler; thence southeasterly about 200 feet, abutting northeasterly on said Degler land and land of Walter and Ethel Durr; thence northeasterly about 390 feet; thence easterly about 165 feet to the northwesterly line of Mediterranean Lane, these last two lines abutting northwesterly and northerly on said Durr land; thence easterly, crossing said Lane about 35 feet to the southeasterly side of said Lane; thence northeasterly about 260 feet to the northwesterly corner of land of Wanda Laudone, abutting northwesterly on land of Hazel Jewett; thence southerly 135.2 feet; thence northeasterly about 331 feet to a point 200 feet westerly from the westerly line of Huntington Lane; thence northerly about 145 feet in a line parallel to and 200 feet westerly from said Lane line, these last three lines abutting easterly, northwesterly, and westerly on said Laudone land; thence northerly about 265 feet, abutting westerly on land of Roberta M. Glenney; thence easterly 100 feet; thence northerly 40 feet; thence easterly 60 feet; thence northerly about 170 feet to a point on the southwesterly line of land of E. Arnold Smith, said point being 240 feet southeasterly from the northwesterly corner of said Smith land, this distance being measured along said property line; these last four lines abutting northerly and westerly on land of Isabelle F. Plank; thence

northeasterly about 340 feet to a point on the westerly line of Scotland Road, 150 feet southerly from the northeasterly corner of said Smith land, this distance being measured along said Road line, this line abutting northwesterly on land of said Smith; thence northeasterly about 25 feet to the center of said Road; thence southerly along the center line of said Road about 145 feet; thence easterly about 390 feet, abutting northerly on a portion of said Road and on land of Miriam J. Hollyar; thence southerly 122 feet, abutting easterly on land of Clara Clegg; thence westerly about 133 feet, abutting southerly on land of Philip and Margaret Lowell; thence westerly about 20 feet to the center of Scotland Road; thence southerly along the center line of said Road about 340 feet; thence northeasterly about 20 feet to the southwesterly corner of land of William and Agnes Sanders; thence northeasterly about 156 feet, abutting northwesterly on said Sanders land; thence southeasterly 125 feet to the northwesterly line of Canterbury Turnpike; abutting northeasterly on land of Gardiner and Charlotte MacGregory; thence northeasterly along said Turnpike line about 360 feet; thence southeasterly crossing said Turnpike about 45 feet to the northwesterly corner of land of Joseph and Rose Hull; thence southeasterly 66.18 feet, abutting northeasterly on said Hull land; thence southeasterly 65.9 feet to the northwesterly line of Ox Hill Road, abutting northeasterly on the land of Dora and Marion Marchand; thence southeasterly crossing said road about 40 feet to the southeasterly line of said Road; thence southwesterly along said Ox Hill Road line and the southeasterly line of Canterbury Turnpike 350 feet; thence southeasterly 202 feet, abutting northeasterly on land of Ellen LaPierre; thence southwesterly 12 feet; thence southeasterly 130 feet, thence northeasterly 146 feet to the northwesterly line of Coit Lane; these last three lines abutting southeasterly, northeasterly, and northwesterly on land of Lois Beebe, thence easterly about 15 feet to the center of Coit Lane; thence southwesterly and southerly along the center line of said Lane about 620 feet; thence easterly about 15 feet to the southwesterly corner of land of Margaret Libby; thence easterly 189.5 feet; abutting northerly on said Libby land; thence southerly 244 feet to the northwesterly line of Lathrop Lane, abutting easterly on land of Helen Berkoff; thence southerly crossing said Lane about 35 feet; thence northeasterly along the southeasterly line of said Lane about 220 feet to the southwesterly line of Harland Road; thence southeasterly along said Road line 110 feet; thence southwesterly about 307.6 feet, abutting southeasterly on land of Dorothy Fearn; thence southerly 292.8 feet, abutting easterly on said Fearn land and land of Arthur Barnes; thence southeasterly 60 feet, abutting northeasterly on land of Emanuel and Sadie Botnick and land of Samuel Pearson; thence southwesterly 49 feet abutting southeasterly on land of William Castenholz; thence southeasterly 219.4 feet, abutting northeasterly on land of said Castenholz and land of William Shields, Jr.; thence

southwesterly about 127 feet to the northeasterly line of Washington Street, abutting southeasterly on said Shields land and land of Otto and Ruth Berberich, thence southwesterly about 25 feet to the center of Washington Street; thence southeasterly along the center line of said Street, about 110 feet; thence southwesterly about 30 feet to land of the Society of the Founders of Norwich, at the point of beginning.

PARCEL NO. 2

BEGINNING at a point on the northeasterly line of Washington Street, at the most westerly corner of land of Mrs. John J. Morley, et al, and thence running northeasterly 162 feet, abutting southeasterly on said Morley land; thence northwesterly 63.5 feet, abutting northeasterly on land of James and Hendrika Kearney; thence northwesterly about 110 feet, abutting northeasterly on land of Esther Schatz; thence northerly 99 feet, abutting easterly on land of Raymond and Lorraine Chapman; thence westerly 71 feet; thence northerly 125 feet; these last two lines abutting northerly and easterly on land of Osita Chapman; thence westerly 79 feet to the easterly line of Harland Road, abutting northerly on land of Mary B. Ardevich; thence northerly along said Road line about 175 feet, thence westerly crossing said Road about 50 feet; thence westerly 48 feet, abutting northerly on land of Faith Sharples; thence southerly 128 feet, abutting westerly on said Sharples land and land of Joseph and Florence Grable; thence easterly 48 feet, abutting southerly on said Grable land; thence easterly about 25 feet to the center of Harland Road; thence southerly and southeasterly along the center line of said Harland Road and said Washington Street about 560 feet; thence northeasterly about 25 feet to the point of beginning.

TOWN FOUNDED, JUNE 6, 1659



The Society of the Founders of Norwich, Connecticut, Inc.

SOCIETY ORGANIZED, OCTOBER 10, 1901

June 1974

This Report Compiled by

Philip A. Johnson, President Emeritus
The Society of the Founders of Norwich, Connecticut, Inc.

and

Marian K. O'Keefe, Chairman
Norwich Bicentennial Commission





85 TOWN STREET
 DIAH MANNING HOUSE

Samuel Manning, born in 1723, married Anne Winship in 1746. He died in 1783 and his widow, Anne, daughter Eunice and son Diah inherited the house.

Diah was born in 1760. In 1784 he married Anna Gifford, daughter of James and Susanna (Hubbard) Gifford. He and his brother, Roger, served as drummers in the Revolutionary War. In 1775 Roger was in Colonel Israel Putnam's regiment and Diah in the 8th Regiment under Colonel Jedediah Huntington. At Valley Forge in 1778 both brothers were chosen to be in Washington's Body Guard, Diah being designated Drum Major. Diah carried to Major André his last breakfast on the morning of his execution.

Diah's family was extremely kind to a young mulatto from Haiti who was captured by the Americans. His name was Jean Pierre Boyer who became the president of the Republic of Haiti and later sent a present of \$400 each to the widows of Consider Sterry and Diah Manning in return for their kindness to him in his captivity.

- A—Samuel Manning
- B—1750
- C—Faces South-East
- D—Wood
- E—Gambrel
- F—Originally stone, replaced by 2 brick chimneys
- G—One story and half
- I—I window each side of the two front doors; 6/6 sash
- J—Stone



86 TOWN STREET
LORD TAVERN

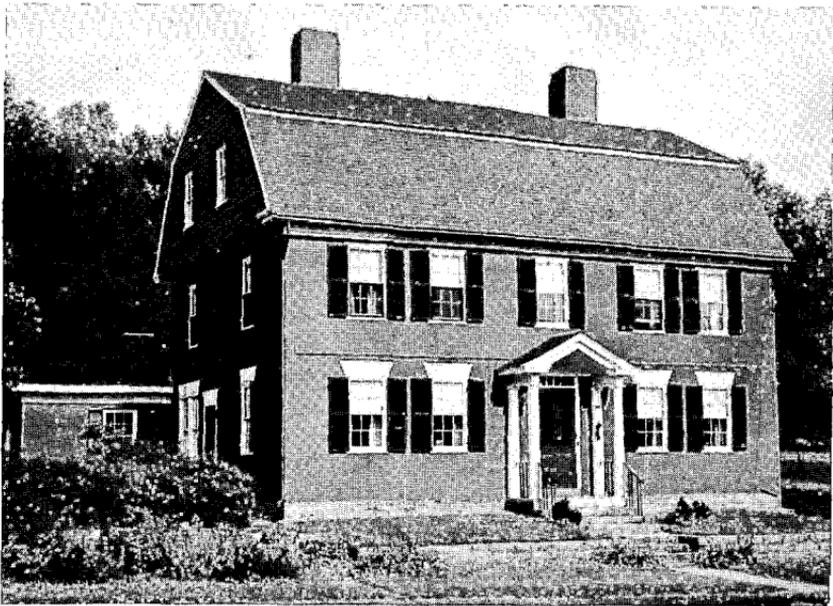
This house stands on the Rev. James Fitch home lot. In February 1702 the Reverend Fitch and his son, Daniel, sold property to John Waterman, born 1672, son of Lieut. Thomas and Miriam (Tracy) Waterman. After his death, the widow and her son transferred the property in 1755 to Nathaniel Backus, Jr., husband of Elizabeth Waterman. He sold it to Eleazer Lord, Sr., who in turn deeded it to Eleazer Lord, Jr., in 1760. This one acre is the corner at 86 Town Street. There is no mention of a house standing on the lot at that time and Eleazer, Jr., built the present house, circa 1760. Family tradition says that it was built in 40 days.

Eleazer Lord, Jr., was born about 1729 and in 1735 he married his cousin, Elizabeth Lord. They had two daughters.

In this house Mr. Lord kept an Inn which was frequented by lawyers attending the sessions at the Court of Norwich which was located across the street. In 1809 he died and left the property and home to his family. The house is often called the Compass House because it faces due north. The ell of the building has served as the Norwichtown post office at various times.

- A—Eleazer Lord, Jr.
- B—1760 (Source: Perkins)
- C—Faces North
- D—Wood
- E—Peak
- F—Brick, central
- G—Two stories and a half
- H—On South-west side: 2 story ell on South side
- I—7 windows front; 2 windows right and 1 left of door; new 2/2 sash
- J—Stone
- K—Interior altered somewhat; chimneys have been rebuilt.





55 EAST TOWN STREET
GARDNER CARPENTER HOUSE

Gardner Carpenter was born in 1749, son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Lathrop) Carpenter. In 1791 he married Mary, daughter of Benjamin and Mary (Carew) Brown and they had six children. In 1793 he bought this property from Benjamin Butler with a house on the lot. He then removed the original home and built his house.

He was one of the better known retail business men of the era. He maintained a mercantile business in half of the shop that he shared with his brother, Joseph Carpenter, the silversmith.

During the Revolutionary War he served as a paymaster in the Seventeenth Connecticut Regiment in 1776. He was appointed as postmaster in Norwich in January, 1799 and held this office for fifteen years. He died in 1815 and Mary died in 1838. This house is often referred to as the Red House.

- A—Gardner Carpenter
- B—1793-94
- C—Faces East
- D—Brick
- E—Peak originally, gambrel at present due to third story addition by Joseph Huntington in 1816.
- F—Two, end, brick, one also on rear wall of main house and one modern chimney in the rear wing.
- G—2½ stories
- H—Several one-story additions at the rear of the house. In 1958 a one story addition in the rear family-room. Other additions removed during this process.
- I—9 windows front; 6/6 sash. Brick lintels on first story.
- J—Rough coursed ashlar
- K—Overhang at 2nd story end. Small gabled porch built over front door is supported by round columns. Interior is original, with old paneling.



2 ELM AVENUE
SIMON HUNTINGTON, JR., TAVERN

Simon Huntington was born in 1659 in Saybrook, the son of Deacon Simon and Sarah (Clark) Huntington. In 1683 he married Lydia, daughter of John Gager of Norwich. The couple had four children.

Simon Huntington, Jr., was very active in the early community in civic matters, as land holder, and in the office of Deacon of the Church. In 1694 he was given liberty to keep "A house of public entertainment." Inn-keepers in those days were considered town officers. The appointment was one of honor and respectability. He succeeded Sgt. Thomas Waterman in title.

The center portion of his home was used as a munitions magazine for the defensive weapons of the town as late as 1720. He died in 1736 and willed some of his properties to his son and the house to his widow.

In 1768 Ebenezer, his son, willed the house to his son, Simon, who sold it to Thomas Carey. Carey then sold it to Joseph Carew, who remodeled and enlarged the old house, using parts of it to rebuild it as we see it today.

A—Simon Huntington, Jr.

~~B—1690~~

C—Faces West

D—Wood

E—Peak

F—2 new brick at ends

G—Two stories and a half

I—9-window front with ell containing 2 windows to South, 12/12 sash.







69 EAST TOWN STREET
DR. DANIEL LATHROP SCHOOL

This small building with its wooden belfry is one of the earliest brick school houses still standing in the State. The school was named for Dr. Daniel Lathrop because of his efforts in fostering its erection. Dr. Lathrop left a legacy of £500 for an endowed free grammar school in 1782. Later it was occupied by the Noah Webster Literary Association. It is now used by the City of Norwich for municipal elections.

- A—Town of Norwich
- B—1783
- C—Faces East
- D—Brick with wooden belfry
- E—Gambrel
- F—1 brick, end
- G—Story and a half
- I—4 windows and door; 12/12 sash
- J—Squared stone

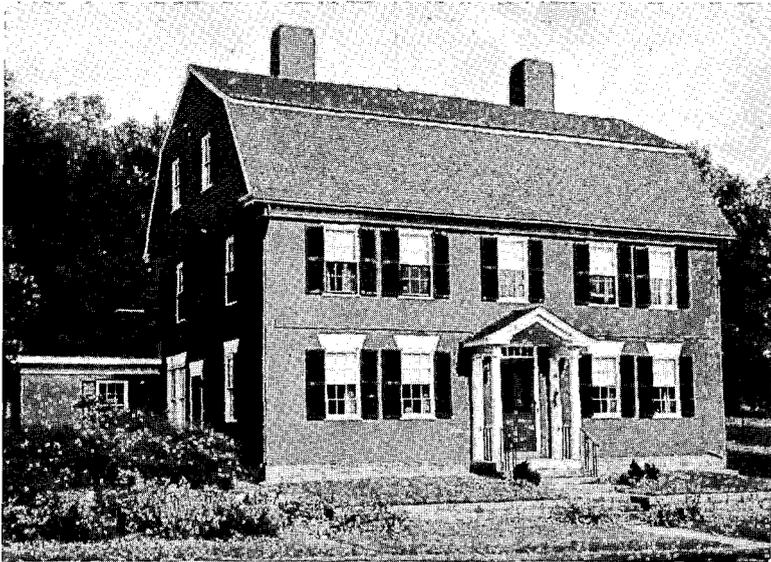


12 MEDITERRANEAN LANE
CAPTAIN RICHARD CHARLTON HOUSE

This charming hideaway was built as a retreat between voyages by Captain Charlton prior to 1757. He was killed in the capture of Havana in that year. He was born in England and it is believed that he was a Huguenot. He married Sarah, daughter of Thomas and Ann (Birchard) Grist. They had six children and when he died, his widow inherited the building. At her death their son Charles inherited the homestead. He left Norwich soon after this and his brother Samuel became the owner. It is believed Samuel altered the building to its present design.

The building has 17th century framing with a summer beam seventeen inches across

- A—Richard Charlton
- B—Prior to 1757 (Source: Perkins and Owner)
- C—Faces East
- D—Wood
- E—Peak
- F—1 brick, central
- G—Story and half
- I—3 windows each side of front door; 6/6 sash
- J—Stone
- K—Completely restored. Interior: Three rooms downstairs with a loft above. Very narrow steps to loft. Living room floor slants slightly toward the door to facilitate floor washing for



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- C—Faces East
- D—Brick
- E—Peak originally, gambrel at present due to third story addition by Joseph Huntington in 1816.
- F—Two, end, brick, one also on rear wall of main house and one modern chimney in the rear wing.
- G—2½ stories
- H—Several one-story additions at the rear of the house. In 1958 a one story addition in the rear family-room. Other additions removed during this process.
- I—9 windows front; 6/6 sash. Brick lintels on first story.
- J—Rough coursed ashlar
- K—Overhang at 2nd story end. Small gabled porch built over front door is supported by round columns. Interior is original, with old paneling.



2 ELM AVENUE
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The center portion of his home was used as a munitions magazine for the defensive weapons of the town as late as 1720. He died in 1736 and willed some of his properties to his son and the house to his widow.

In 1768 Ebenezer, his son, willed the house to his son, Simon, who sold it to Thomas Carey. Carey then sold it to Joseph Carew, who remodeled and enlarged the old house, using parts of it to rebuild it as we see it today.

- A—Simon Huntington, Jr.
- B—1690
- C—Faces West
- D—Wood
- E—Peak
- F—2 new brick at ends
- G—Two stories and a half
- I—9-window front with ell containing 2 windows to South, 12/12 sash.





*73 EAST TOWN STREET
SILVERSMITH SHOP*

Joseph Carpenter was born in 1747, son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Lathrop) Carpenter. In 1775 he married Eunice, daughter of Ebenezer and Mary (Huntington) Fitch. They had a family of six children and their last known residence was in the Chelsea Parade area.

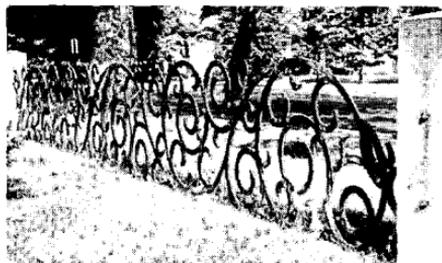
He had this shop built for him between 1772 and 1774. He was one of the most successful of the Norwich silversmiths, clock-makers and pewterers and his products are collectors' items. He made jewelry, clocks and engravings. He shared the shop with his brother, Gardner, who operated a mercantile business.

The shop stayed in the Carpenter family until 1915 and was restored by Norman Morrison Isham, Architect, in 1916. It is believed that this is the only silversmith shop to survive in New England. The Society of the Founders of Norwich, Connecticut, Inc., acquired the building in 1956.

- A—Joseph Carpenter
- B—1772-1773
- C—East
- D—Wood
- E—Gambrel
- F—1-end, brick
- G—Story and a half
- I—Outside wooden fold-up shutters
- J—Fieldstone
- K—Restored



77 EAST TOWN STREET
JESSE BROWN TAVERN



Close-up of Iron Fence

Jesse Brown married Anna Rudd, daughter of Nathaniel and Mary (Backus) Rudd of Franklin, Connecticut in 1769. They had six children. He participated in the Revolution by officiating as the Governor's Post. As express agent and confidential messenger, he relayed the news of the occupation of Philadelphia by the British under Lord Howe. In 1781 he married his wife's cousin, Lucy Rudd, daughter of Daniel and Mary (Metcalf) Rudd.

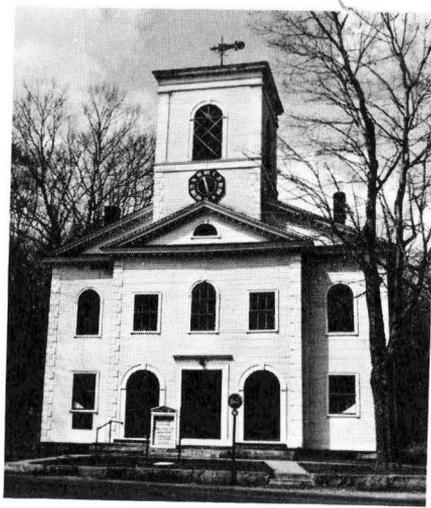
In 1790 he was licensed to open a tavern. He became the stage contractor and established lines between Boston and New York via Providence and Norwich.

On Wednesday evening, August 1, 1797 President John Adams and his wife were guests at the Jesse Brown Tavern. He was welcomed by the Matross Company in full uniform and honored with a sixteen-gun salute.

One of his daughters, Ann, married John Vernet who built the lovely home located at 118 Washington Street. The famous Vernet grape was first cultivated in the garden of Jesse Brown's Tavern. Mr. Brown died in 1818 in Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania, where he lived with the Vernet family.

Extensively altered, it has been known as the Rock Nook Home for Children. The United Workers, the present owner, constitute the organized charities of Norwich and serve as The Public Health Agency.

- A—Jesse Brown
- B—1787-90
- C—Faces East
- D—Wood
- E—Peak
- F—1 brick end and 1 brick central
- G—Two stories and a half
- H—Long 2-story ell on outer ends, East and West
- I—9 windows front, 6/6 sash, French type windows on first story extend to porch floor
- J—Stone
- K—Extensively altered



81 EAST TOWN STREET
FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH OF
NORWICHTOWN

This Church is the fifth meeting house erected in Norwich.

The first meeting house, built about 1660, stood near the southeast corner of the Green. The second meeting house, erected in 1675, was on the summit of Meeting House Rocks and served as a lookout against Indian raids during King Philip's War. The third meeting house was built on the hill near the site of the old one and completed in 1713.

The fourth Church was built at the corner of the Green, completed in 1770 and consumed to ashes in 1801 by a fire of incendiary origin. The cornerstone of the present Church, the fifth, was laid on June 18, 1801, by General Ebenezer Huntington.

The existing building is representative of the period when the huge, barnlike structures of the 18th century were becoming more ornate. This is evidenced by the square two-story tower and projecting portico which repeats the rather flat lines of the roof and the corner quoins of the main building. The structure was extensively remodeled in 1845 and in later years.

A—First Congregational Church

B—1801

C—Faces east

D—Wood

E—Peak, very flat

F—I brick, end

G—Two stories and a half

I—Arched. Double tier on each side of second floor

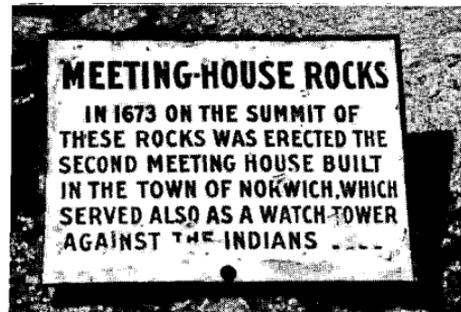
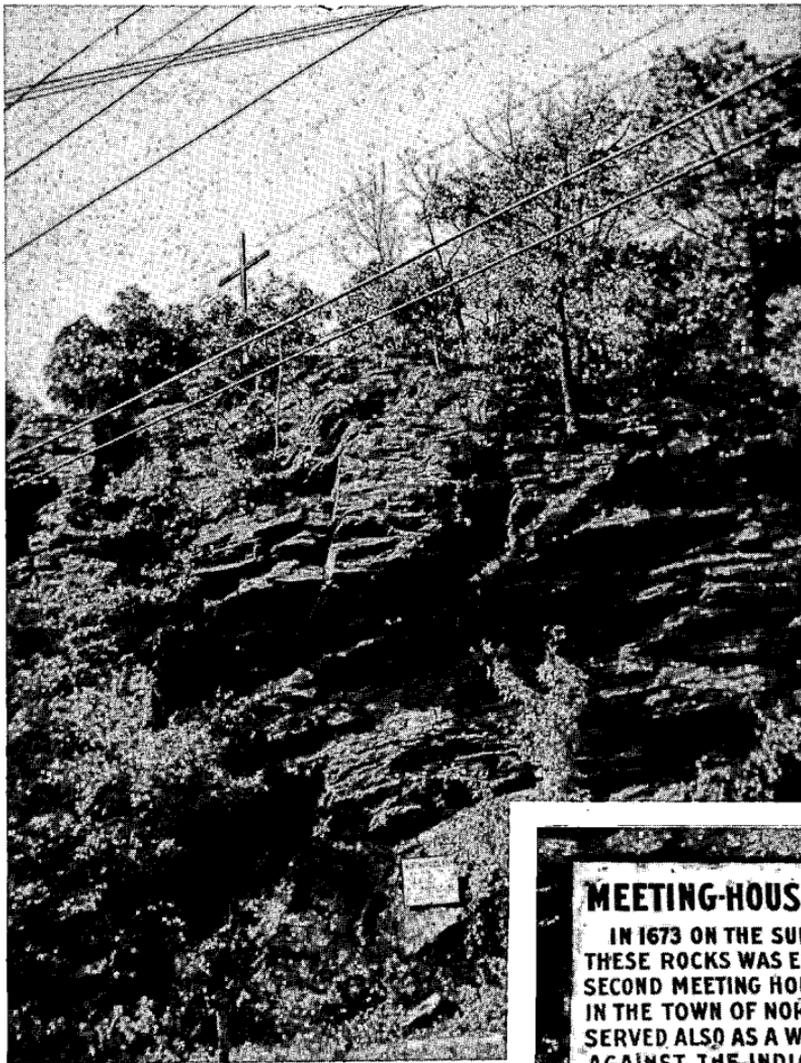
J—Stone

K—A square, two-story tower rises at front with a projecting portico. The corner quoins are the same as those on the main building. Two round topped and one square headed windows on the second floor provide an unusual fenestration, the principle ornament sky blue.

This is the house situated in Historic District No. 1 in Norwich whose owner has applied for a permit to remove the building. The unencumbered lot would then be sold to McDonald's Hamburgers to extend their parking lot.

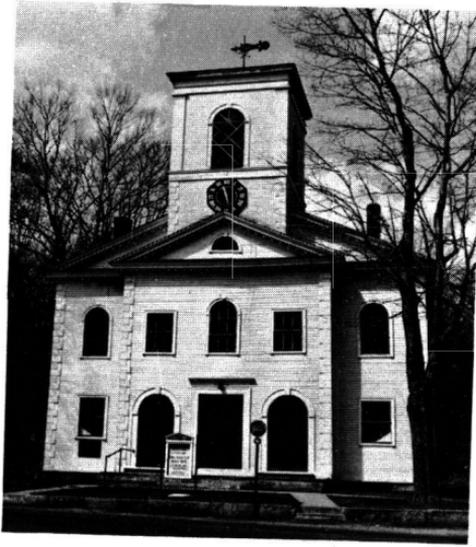
In its present location this house screens out from the Green the view of much of the restaurant, store and filling station area on Town Street just below McDonald's.

The Green is the focal point of the historical heritage of Norwich dating from 1659. Protection of that heritage is the purpose of the opposition to the destruction of this house.



EAST TOWN STREET
MEETING HOUSE ROCKS

The rocky ledge west of the Norwichtown Congregational Church was the site in 1675 of the second meeting house in Norwich. The place served a three-fold purpose as a place of worship, as a watchtower against the Indians and as a garrison post. It is now a site for outdoor worship by the First Congregational Church.



81 EAST TOWN STREET
**FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH OF
 NORWICHTOWN**

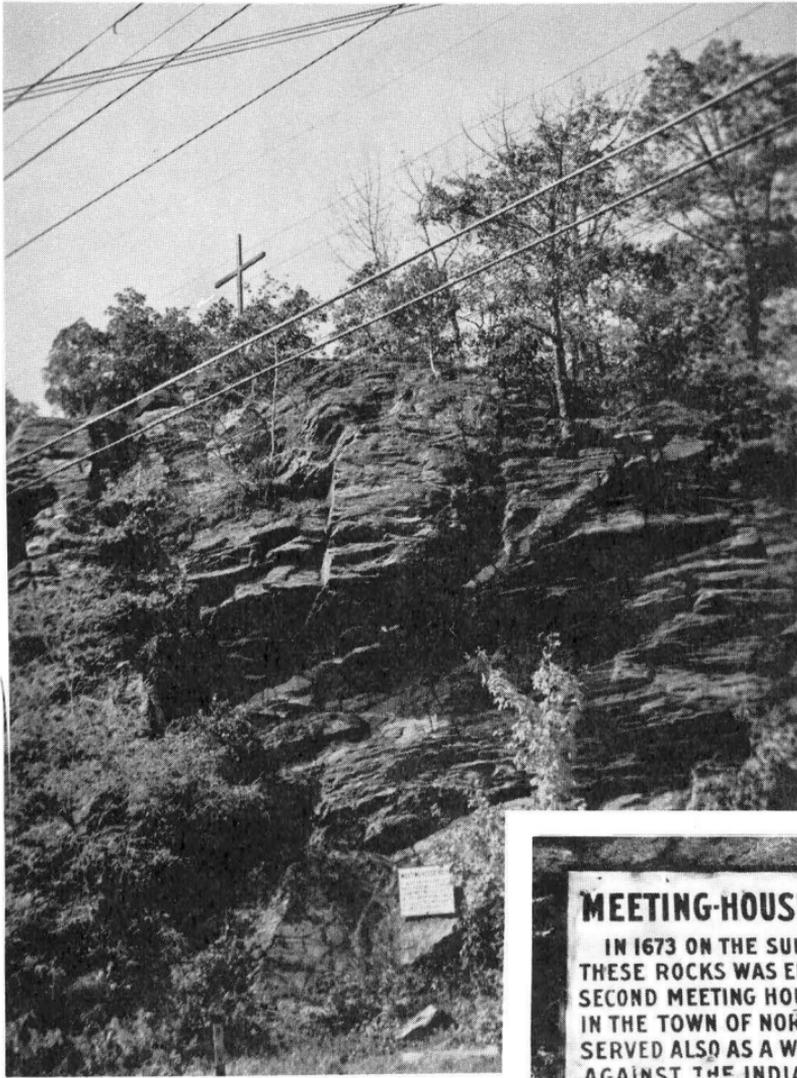
This Church is the fifth meeting house erected in Norwich.

The first meeting house, built about 1660, stood near the southeast corner of the Green. The second meeting house, erected in 1675, was on the summit of Meeting House Rocks and served as a lookout against Indian raids during King Philip's War. The third meeting house was built on the hill near the site of the old one and completed in 1713.

The fourth Church was built at the corner of the Green, completed in 1770 and consumed to ashes in 1801 by a fire of incendiary origin. The cornerstone of the present Church, the fifth, was laid on June 18, 1801, by General Ebenezer Huntington.

The existing building is representative of the period when the huge, barnlike structures of the 18th century were becoming more ornate. This is evidenced by the square two-story tower and projecting portico which repeats the rather flat lines of the roof and the corner quoins of the main building. The structure was extensively remodeled in 1845 and in later years.

- A—First Congregational Church
- B—1801
- C—Faces east
- D—Wood
- E—Peak, very flat
- F—1 brick, end
- G—Two stories and a half
- I—Arched. Double tier on each side of second floor
- J—Stone
- K—A square, two-story tower rises at front with a projecting portico. The corner quoins are the same as those on the main building. Two round topped and one square headed windows on the second floor provide an unusual fenestration, the principle ornament sky blue.



EAST TOWN STREET
MEETING HOUSE ROCKS

The rocky ledge west of the Norwichtown Congregational Church was the site in 1675 of the second meeting house in Norwich. The place served a three-fold purpose as a place of worship, as a watchtower against the Indians and as a garrison post. It is now a site for outdoor worship by the First Congregational Church.



34 EAST TOWN STREET
GOVERNOR SAMUEL HUNTINGTON
HOUSE

Governor Samuel Huntington was one of the most distinguished citizens of Norwich. Born on July 3, 1732 in Scotland, Connecticut, he was the eldest child and as a boy was a farmer. Through self education and perseverance he became a distinguished lawyer.

In 1760 he moved to Norwich and in 1761 married Martha, daughter of the Reverend Ebenezer Devotion of Windham. They had no children of their own but adopted two children of his brother, Rev. Joseph Huntington, who also had married a Devotion girl.

In 1764 Samuel Huntington became a representative of the Town of Norwich to the General Assembly. In 1774 he was appointed Associate Judge in Superior Court and in 1775 became a member of the Council of Safety of Connecticut and was appointed delegate to Congress. He was seated in the Continental Congress in 1776 and became one of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence. He was elected President of the Continental Congress in 1779 and served in that capacity until July, 1781. He became Chief Justice of the State of Connecticut in

A—Governor Samuel Huntington

B—1783

C—Faces North

D—Wood

E—Peak

F—2 brick, at ends

G—Two stories and a half

H—Large, 2 story ell on South side

I—Originally 9 windows front, paned, 1/1 sash. Window above changed to door. Raised paneled caps; triangular in shape over first floor windows.

J—Stone

K—The large clapboarded structure has been extensively remodeled. Only the central dwelling with the corner pilasters is original. The following features are all modern: Two square railed panels each side of front door with leaded glass strips above fluted pilasters which outline door opening. Large open porch with four round supporting columns and gabled roof in center front of house.

IN HONOR OF THE
REVOLUTIONARY
SOLDIERS
 BURIED
 WITHIN THESE GROUNDS
 THESE MEMORIAL GATES
 WERE PLACED
 JULY 4, 1903
 BY
 FAITH TRUMBULL CHAPTER
 D · A · R

BRONZE TABLETS
 AT THE ENTRANCE
 TO THE BURIAL
 GROUNDS

REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS
 BURIED IN THIS CEMETERY

CAPT. ISAAC ABEL	CAPT. JAMES HYDE
LIEUT. RUFUS BACKUS ABEL	THEODORE HYDE
CAPT. ELIJAH BACKUS	DRUMMER PARRISH JONES
CORP. EZEKIEL BARRETT	ENSIGN AZARIAH LATHROP
SERG. ZEPHANIAH BLISS	DARIUS LATHROP
ELIPHALET CAREW	JEDIDIAH LATHROP
CAPT. JOSEPH CAREW	JONATHAN LATHROP
PATR. GARDNER CARPENTER	ZACHARIAH LATHROP
SERG. NATHAN CHAPEL JR.	ANDREW LEFFINGWELL
EDWARD CONROY	COL. CHRIST. LEFTINGWELL
JOHN DURKEE	LIEUT. DANIEL LEFTINGWELL
CAPT. ELISHA EDBERTON	ENSIGN ELISHA LEFFINGWELL
CAPT. JOHN FANNING	JOHN LEFFINGWELL
THOMAS FANNING	PHINEAS LEFTINGWELL
STEPHEN GIFFORD	CAPT. SAMUEL LEFFINGWELL
CAPT. SILAS GOODELL	DRUMMER DEAN MANNING
ABEL GRISWOLD	CAPT. BELA PECK
LIEUT. ANDREW GRISWOLD	CAPT. JOSHUA PENDLEY
BENJAMIN HUNTINGTON	DR. DAVID ROBERTS
ROBERT HUNTINGTON	COL. ZABDIE ROGERS
THOMAS HUNTINGTON	JONATHAN STARR
ISAAC HUNTINGTON	JASEZ TRACY
JOHN HUNTINGTON	CAPT. FREDERICK TRACY
JEDIDIAH HUNTINGTON	DR. PHILEMON TRAC
SERG. JOHN HUNTINGTON	URIAN TRACY
LIEUT. COL. JOSHUA HUNTINGTON	SIMEON TRACY
JOHN HUNTINGTON	CAPT. ASA WATKINS
SIMEON HUNTINGTON	CAPT. NICHOLAS WATKINS
ASA WOOD	ASA WOOD

THESE NAMES
 WERE IDENTIFIED BY
 GEORGE SHEPARD FORTER

In 1779 John Hay, who had been President of the Continental Congress, was appointed Minister to Spain, necessitating his resignation as President of the Continental Congress.

On September 28, 1779 Samuel Huntington was, by the unanimous vote of the Continental Congress, elected President of the Congress to succeed Hay. During Huntington's term of office the Articles of Confederation were ratified on March 1, 1781. Huntington automatically became President under the Articles of Confederation and was therefore the first person to serve as President of the new nation. His house is one-eighth of a mile from the Norwichtown Green.

At A Meeting of the Proprietors of the Common Land within the Town-
-ship of Norwich held April 29th 1729 -

The Proprietors do now Agree, Vote & Grant: that the Plain
in the Town plot (called the meetinghouse plain, with all of
Contents and Extents of it as it now Lieth Shall be and
Remain to be and Lye Common for publick Use for the whole
Town forever hereafter without Alteration: Voted and Granted
by a Large large Majority

A True Copy of Record

Exam. By Benj. Huntington Jun^r Prop^r Clerk

N B: the plain up town was served the same same the same day



1784, and in 1785 was elected Lieutenant Governor. In 1786 he became Governor and held the position for ten years. He died in 1796.

This building is now being used as the offices of the United Workers of Norwich, the organized charities of Norwich. The physical building has been extensively altered over the years.





23 EAST TOWN STREET
GENERAL JEDEDIAH HUNTINGTON
HOUSE

General Jedediah Huntington was born in 1743, the son of General Jabez and Elizabeth (Backus) Huntington. He graduated from Harvard College with honors, and then went into business with his father. He became a valiant soldier during the Revolution and fought courageously during the

A—General Jedediah
Huntington
B—1765
C—South-west
D—Wood
E—Gambrel
F—2 central, stone
G—Three stories

New Orleans—A Legal Precedent

By Michael F. Wiedl, III

On February 21, 1974, in the case of *Maher vs. New Orleans*, the Federal District Court upheld the constitutionality of the Vieux Carré Historic District Commission's denial of an application to demolish a historic building in the historic district—the famed French Quarter.

The case has been in court since 1963 when Maher first applied for a demolition permit to construct a seven-unit apartment in place of the residence. Maher argued that not permitting him to erect an apartment in place of the residence was a taking of his property because he was being forced to forego the greater income that would be generated by an apartment building.

The court stated that a zoning ordinance will almost always reduce the value of rights of some individuals, but that this does not make the ordinance unconstitutional. A regulation of property only becomes confiscatory when it goes so far as to preclude the use of the property for any purpose for which it is reasonably adapted.

The court found that in eight years no significant effort had been made to maximize potential revenue the house might generate in its present state. During that time the house had been rented to the Maher's maid for

a nominal amount. Only negligible repairs had been made since 1963.

The court noted that the French Quarter is a popular residential area, commanding rents higher than those prevailing in other parts of the city. Also, there was no evidence that it might be at all difficult to sell this property. Maher had further argued that his building was not of outstanding historical or architectural significance.

The court said, "The protection of the 'quaint and distinctive character of the Vieux Carré depends on more than the preservation of those buildings agreed to have great individual artistic or historic worth. Just as important is the preservation and protection of the setting or scene in which those comparatively few gems are situated.'"

Although there have been several reported state court decisions upholding the constitutionality of the Vieux Carré historic district ordinance, the cases involved either the regulation of signs or exterior alteration to buildings in the district. No case involved the constitutionality of a denial to demolish a historic building, in which the monetary values greatly exceed the values associated with the control of signs or exterior alteration of buildings.

Wiedl is the assistant for legal services in the National Trust Department of Field Services.



STATE OF CONNECTICUT

THE GREEN

In 1659 the Mohegan chief Uncas sold to settlers led by Major John Mason and the Reverend James Fitch "nine milles square", part of which became Norwich.

According to Frances M. Caulkins's history of Norwich, "At the end of the first century... the church, no longer necessary as a look-out post of the town, came down from the hill, and took its position at the corner of the Green... the place where trades, merchandize, public business, military exercises, shows, sports, festivals, and the general enterprize of the town, found a center."

(See other side)







STATE OF CONNECTICUT

THE GREEN, Continued

"The County Jail stood on the north side at the foot of the hill; the Court-House was in the open area; the Post-Office not far from the meeting-house... taverns, schools and shops alternating with private dwellings around the border."

Opposition to British rule increased over the next few years and the residents erected Liberty Tree, "a lofty pole...decked with standards and appropriate devices... Here, almost daily, people assembled to hear the news, make speeches, and encourage each other in the determination to resist all oppression."

Erected through the efforts of the Society of the Friends of Norwich, the Norwich Historic District Commission and the Connecticut Historical Commission.



1971













SPEED
LIMIT
25



8 ELM AVENUE
SARAH KNIGHT TAVERN

The André Richards home was built in 1734, probably by adding to or enlarging the original dwelling of Sarah Knight. Little is known of André Richards but there is a sketchy, interesting record of Sarah Knight.

Sarah Knight was born in 1665 in Boston. She first appeared in Norwich in 1698. Her status was Storekeeper, Innkeeper and widow. After a few years in Norwich she returned to Boston.

In 1704 she made her famous horseback journey from Boston to New York, keeping a diary that gives a graphic description of provincial New England.

She reappeared in Norwich in 1717 and that year gave to the Church a silver communion cup. The town voted her permission to resume using the pew she had previously occupied. The communion cup is now on display in the Boston Museum of Fine Arts.

Another active Innkeeper to reside here was Joseph Peck. He bought the house of Capt. Philip Turner about 1754, and possibly enlarged it. The house was then known as Peck's Tavern and was very popular prior to the Revolutionary War.

A—André Richard

B—1698-1734

C—Faces West

D—Wood

E—Peak

F—Stone and brick, 2 central

G—Two stories and a half

I—4 windows North of front door, 8 windows South; 6/6 sash

J—Stone

K—Exterior: Front yard enclosed with old iron fence; very large elm in front. Interior: South end of house is in original building. The large kitchen with enclosed fireplace may be of the Sarah Knight building.



14 ELM AVENUE
LATHROP HOUSE

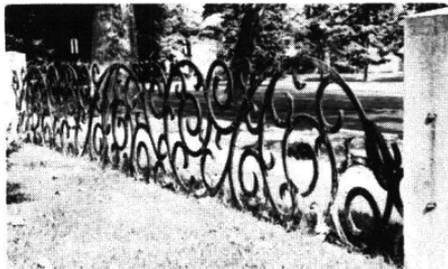
In 1747 William Morgan of Groton, Connecticut, came into possession of this property and this house was built between 1747 and 1752. In 1757 the house was sold to Nathan Stedman, a prominent attorney. He, Dr. Daniel Lathrop and Capt. Philip Turner were responsible for laying out Water Street in the downtown Norwich area. Stedman sold the house to Azariah Lathrop in 1764 who enlarged it. The Lathrop family then owned the property for several years.

Dr. Gurdon Lathrop, Azariah's son, lived here. He was either a druggist or a medical doctor by the title, but we assume he was a druggist because he operated a shop across the Green in 1791. Gerard Lathrop, fourth son of Azariah, inherited the house in 1810. There have been several owners since.

- A—William Morgan
- B—1747-1752
- C—Faces West
- D—Wood
- E—Hip monitor
- F—2 brick, central
- G—Two stories and a half
- H—2 story on Northeast end
- I—4 windows on each side of front door, 1 window above door; 6/6 sash; windows have "bricked" moulding above the key in center.
- J—Stone
- K—Heavy brackets under roof line on all four sides. Small square "lookout" with windows on four sides built in center of roof between the two chimneys; has small low railing around the outside. Slight gable to front of house in two stories—no break in roof line.



77 EAST TOWN STREET
JESSE BROWN TAVERN



Close-up of Iron Fence

Jesse Brown married Anna Rudd, daughter of Nathaniel and Mary (Backus) Rudd of Franklin, Connecticut in 1769. They had six children. He participated in the Revolution by officiating as the Governor's Post. As express agent and confidential messenger, he relayed the news of the occupation of Philadelphia by the British under Lord Howe. In 1781 he married his wife's cousin, Lucy Rudd, daughter of Daniel and Mary (Metcalf) Rudd.

In 1790 he was licensed to open a tavern. He became the stage contractor and established lines between Boston and New York via Providence and Norwich.

On Wednesday evening, August 1, 1797 President John Adams and his wife were guests at the Jesse Brown Tavern. He was welcomed by the Matross Company in full uniform and honored with a sixteen-gun salute.

One of his daughters, Ann, married John Vernet who built the lovely home located at 118 Washington Street. The famous Vernet grape was first cultivated in the garden of Jesse Brown's Tavern. Mr. Brown died in 1818 in Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania, where he lived with the Vernet family.

Extensively altered, it has been known as the Rock Nook Home for Children. The United Workers, the present owner, constitute the organized charities of Norwich and serve as The Public Health Agency.

A—Jesse Brown

B—1787-90

C—Faces East

D—Wood

E—Peak

F—1 brick end and 1 brick central

G—Two stories and a half

H—Long 2-story ell on outer ends, East and West

I—9 windows front, 6/6 sash, French type windows on first story extend to porch floor

J—Stone

K—Extensively altered



73 EAST TOWN STREET
SILVERSMITH SHOP

Joseph Carpenter was born in 1747, son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Lathrop) Carpenter. In 1775 he married Eunice, daughter of Ebenezer and Mary (Huntington) Fitch. They had a family of six children and their last known residence was in the Chelsea Parade area.

He had this shop built for him between 1772 and 1774. He was one of the most successful of the Norwich silversmiths, clock-makers and pewterers and his products are collectors' items. He made jewelry, clocks and engravings. He shared the shop with his brother, Gardner, who operated a mercantile business.

The shop stayed in the Carpenter family until 1915 and was restored by Norman Morrison Isham, Architect, in 1916. It is believed that this is the only silversmith shop to survive in New England. The Society of the Founders of Norwich, Connecticut, Inc., acquired the building in 1956.

- A—Joseph Carpenter
- B—1772-1773
- C—East
- D—Wood
- E—Gambrel
- F—1-end, brick
- G—Story and a half
- I—Outside wooden fold-up shutters
- J—Fieldstone
- K—Restored

J. A. B.

~~NOT OPEN TO PUBLIC AT PRESENT~~

NOT OPEN TO
PUBLIC AT
PRESENT



86 TOWN STREET
LORD TAVERN

This house stands on the Rev. James Fitch home lot. In February 1702 the Reverend Fitch and his son, Daniel, sold property to John Waterman, born 1672, son of Lieut. Thomas and Miriam (Tracy) Waterman. After his death, the widow and her son transferred the property in 1755 to Nathaniel Backus, Jr., husband of Elizabeth Waterman. He sold it to Eleazer Lord, Sr., who in turn deeded it to Eleazer Lord, Jr., in 1760. This one acre is the corner at 86 Town Street. There is no mention of a house standing on the lot at that time and Eleazer, Jr., built the present house, circa 1760. Family tradition says that it was built in 40 days.

Eleazer Lord, Jr., was born about 1729 and in 1735 he married his cousin, Elizabeth Lord. They had two daughters.

In this house Mr. Lord kept an Inn which was frequented by lawyers attending the sessions at the Court of Norwich which was located across the street. In 1809 he died and left the property and home to his family. The house is often called the Compass House because it faces due north. The ell of the building has served as the Norwichtown post office at various times.

- A—Eleazer Lord, Jr.
- B—1760 (Source: Perkins)
- C—Faces North
- D—Wood
- E—Peak
- F—Brick, central
- G—Two stories and a half
- H—On South-west side: 2 story ell on South side
- I—7 windows front; 2 windows right and 1 left of door; new 2/2 sash
- J—Stone
- K—Interior altered somewhat; chimneys have been rebuilt.



85 TOWN STREET
DIAH MANNING HOUSE

Samuel Manning, born in 1723, married Anne Winship in 1746. He died in 1783 and his widow, Anne, daughter Eunice and son Diah inherited the house.

Diah was born in 1760. In 1784 he married Anna Gifford, daughter of James and Susanna (Hubbard) Gifford. He and his brother, Roger, served as drummers in the Revolutionary War. In 1775 Roger was in Colonel Israel Putnam's regiment and Diah in the 8th Regiment under Colonel Jediah Huntington. At Valley Forge in 1778 both brothers were chosen to be in Washington's Body Guard, Diah being designated Drum Major. Diah carried to Major André his last breakfast on the morning of his execution.

Diah's family was extremely kind to a young mulatto from Haiti who was captured by the Americans. His name was Jean Pierre Boyer who became the president of the Republic of Haiti and later sent a present of \$400 each to the widows of Consider Sterry and Diah Manning in return for their kindness to him in his captivity.

- A—Samuel Manning
- B—1750
- C—Faces South-East
- D—Wood
- E—Gambrel
- F—Originally stone, replaced by 2 brick chimneys
- G—One story and half
- I—I window each side of the two front doors; 6/6 sash
- J—Stone



8 ELM AVENUE
SARAH KNIGHT TAVERN

The André Richards home was built in 1734, probably by adding to or enlarging the original dwelling of Sarah Knight. Little is known of André Richards but there is a sketchy, interesting record of Sarah Knight.

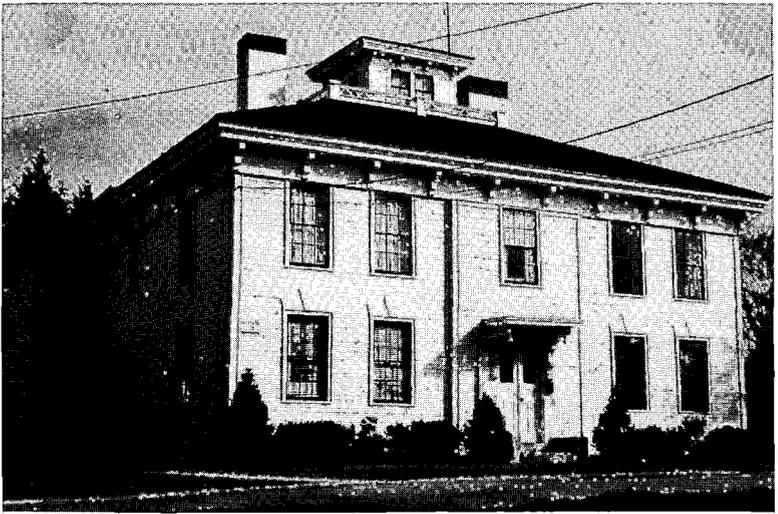
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In 1704 she made her famous horseback journey from Boston to New York, keeping a diary that gives a graphic description of provincial New England.

She reappeared in Norwich in 1717 and that year gave to the Church a silver communion cup. The town voted her permission to resume using the pew she had previously occupied. The communion cup is now on display in the Boston Museum of Fine Arts.

Another active Innkeeper to reside here was Joseph Peck. He bought the house of Capt. Philip Turner about 1754, and possibly enlarged it. The house was then known as Peck's Tavern and was very popular prior to the Revolutionary War.

- A—André Richard
- B—1698-1734
- C—Faces West
- D—Wood
- E—Peak
- F—Stone and brick, 2 central
- G—Two stories and a half
- I—4 windows North of front door, 8 windows South; 6/6 sash
- J—Stone
- K—Exterior: Front yard enclosed with old iron fence; very large elm in front. Interior: South end of house is in original building. The large kitchen with enclosed fireplace may be of the Sarah Knight building.



14 ELM AVENUE
LATHROP HOUSE

In 1747 William Morgan of Groton, Connecticut, came into possession of this property and this house was built between 1747 and 1752. In 1757 the house was sold to Nathan Stedman, a prominent attorney. He, Dr. Daniel Lathrop and Capt. Philip Turner were responsible for laying out Water Street in the downtown Norwich area. Stedman sold the house to Azariah Lathrop in 1764 who enlarged it. The Lathrop family then owned the property for several years.

Dr. Gurdon Lathrop, Azariah's son, lived here. He was either a druggist or a medical doctor by the title, but we assume he was a druggist because he operated a shop across the Green in 1791. Gerard Lathrop, fourth son of Azariah, inherited the house in 1810. There have been several owners since.

A—William Morgan

B—1747-1752

C—Faces West

D—Wood

E—Hip monitor

F—2 brick, central

G—Two stories and a half

H—2 story on Northeast end

I—4 windows on each side of

front door, 1 window above

door; 6/6 sash; windows

have "bricked" moulding

above the key in center.

J—Stone

K—Heavy brackets under roof

line on all four sides. Small

square "lookout" with win-

dows on four sides built in

center of roof between the

two chimneys; has small

low railing around the out-

side. Slight gable to front

of house in two stories—

no break in roof line.

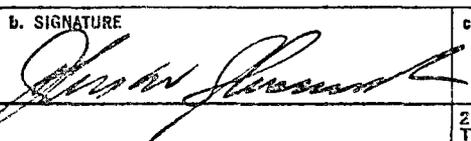
SALLY MARUSIN

FEDERAL ASSISTANCE		2. APPLICANT'S APPLICATION	a. NUMBER 00 09-76-00081-	3. STATE APPLICATION IDENTIFIER	a. NUMBER 7605A706
1. TYPE OF ACTION (Mark appropriate box)	<input type="checkbox"/> PREAPPLICATION <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> APPLICATION <input type="checkbox"/> NOTIFICATION OF INTENT (Opt.) <input type="checkbox"/> REPORT OF FEDERAL ACTION	b. DATE Year month day 19 77 4 1	b. DATE Year month day 1976 5 7		
4. LEGAL APPLICANT/RECIPIENT		5. FEDERAL EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NO. 06 6000 798			6. PROGRAM (From Federal Catalog) Historic Preservation
a. Applicant Name : Conn. Historic Commission b. Organization Unit : c. Street/P.O. Box : 59 South Prospect St. d. City : Hartford e. County : Hartford f. State : CT g. ZIP Code : 06106 h. Contact Person (Name & telephone No.) : John W. Shannahan 203-566-3005		7. TITLE AND DESCRIPTION OF APPLICANT'S PROJECT <i>New London Co.</i> Norwichtown Historic District; Eleasor Lord Tavern Development Project Source of nonfederal match is private funds of Connecticut Trust for Hist. Preservation. Exterior Restoration - Phase I preparation of plans and specifications for the restoration which will be undertaken in future phases.			8. TYPE OF APPLICANT/RECIPIENT A-State B-Interstate C-Substate D-District E-County F-School District G-Special Purpose District H-Community Action Agency I-Higher Educational Institution J-Indian Tribe K-Other (Specify): Enter appropriate letter <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A
10. AREA OF PROJECT IMPACT (Names of cities, counties, States, etc.) City of Norwich		11. ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PERSONS BENEFITING 44,500	12. TYPE OF APPLICATION A-New B-Renewal C-Revision D-Continuation E-Augmentation Enter appropriate letter <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A		
13. PROPOSED FUNDING.		14. CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS OF:		15. TYPE OF CHANGE (For 12c or 12e) A-Increase Dollars B-Decrease Dollars C-Increase Duration D-Decrease Duration E-Cancellation F-Other (Specify):	
a. FEDERAL	\$ 794 .00	a. APPLICANT	Statewide		
b. APPLICANT	.00	b. PROJECT	Second		
c. STATE	794 .00	16. PROJECT START DATE Year month day	see #34		
d. LOCAL	.00	17. PROJECT DURATION	36 Months		
e. OTHER	.00	18. ESTIMATED DATE TO BE SUBMITTED TO FEDERAL AGENCY	Year month day 19 77 4 1		
f. TOTAL	\$ 1588 .00	19. EXISTING FEDERAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 09-76-00081-00			
20. FEDERAL AGENCY TO RECEIVE REQUEST (Name, City, State, ZIP code) National Park Service				21. REMARKS ADDED <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
22. THE APPLICANT CERTIFIES THAT		a. TYPED NAME AND TITLE John W. Shannahan State Historic Preservation Officer		b. SIGNATURE 	
a. To the best of my knowledge and belief, data in this preapplication/application are true and correct, the document has been duly authorized by the governing body of the applicant and the applicant will comply with the attached assurances if the assistance is approved.		b. If required by OMB Circular A-95 this application was submitted, pursuant to instructions therein, to appropriate clearinghouses and all responses are attached: (1) State Clearinghouse, Office of (2) Federal/State Relations, (3) submitted 5/7/76		No response attached <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
23. CERTIFYING REPRESENTATIVE		c. DATE SIGNED Year month day 19 77 4 1			
24. AGENCY NAME Department of the Interior				25. APPLICATION RECEIVED Year month day 1977 4 13	
26. ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT National Park Service		27. ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE Grants Administration Div.		28. FEDERAL APPLICATION IDENTIFICATION	
29. ADDRESS 18th & C Sts., N.W., Washington, D.C. 20240				30. FEDERAL GRANT IDENTIFICATION 09-76-00081-00	
31. ACTION TAKEN		32. FUNDING		33. ACTION DATE Year month day 19 77 5 9	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a. AWARDED	a. FEDERAL	\$ 794 .00	35. CONTACT FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (Name and telephone number) Stephen D. Newman (202) 523-5472		
<input type="checkbox"/> b. REJECTED	b. APPLICANT	794 .00			
<input type="checkbox"/> c. RETURNED FOR AMENDMENT	c. STATE	.00			
<input type="checkbox"/> d. DEFERRED	d. LOCAL	.00			
<input type="checkbox"/> e. WITHDRAWN	e. OTHER	.00			
	f. TOTAL	\$ 1,588 .00	36. ENDING DATE Year month day 19 80 5 8		
38. FEDERAL AGENCY A-95 ACTION		a. In taking above action, any comments received from clearinghouses were considered. If agency response is due under provisions of Part 1, OMB Circular A-95, it has been or is being made.		b. FEDERAL AGENCY A-95 OFFICIAL (Name and telephone no.) same as #35	

SECTION I - APPLICANT/RECIPIENT DATA

SECTION II - CERTIFICATION

SECTION III - FEDERAL AGENCY ACTION

FEDERAL ASSISTANCE		2. APPLICANT'S APPLICATION		3. STATE APPLICATION IDENTIFIER	
1. TYPE OF ACTION <input type="checkbox"/> PREAPPLICATION <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> APPLICATION <small>(Mark appropriate box)</small> <input type="checkbox"/> NOTIFICATION OF INTENT (Opt.) <input type="checkbox"/> REPORT OF FEDERAL ACTION		a. NUMBER b. DATE Year month day 19 77 6 22		a. NUMBER 7702A010 b. DATE ASSIGNED Year month day 19 77 4 28	
4. LEGAL APPLICANT/RECIPIENT a. Applicant Name : CT Historical Commission b. Organization Unit : c. Street/P.O. Box : 59 So. Prospect St. d. City : Hartford e. County : Hartford f. State : CT g. ZIP Code: 06106 h. Contact Person (Name & telephone No.): Mr. John W. Shannahan 203 566-3005				5. FEDERAL EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NO. 06-6000798 6. PROGRAM (From Federal Catalog) a. NUMBER 1 5 9 0 4 b. TITLE Historic preservation	
7. TITLE AND DESCRIPTION OF APPLICANT'S PROJECT Norwichtown Historic District: Eleasor Lord Tavern, Phase II Exterior restoration of building Development New London County Source of non-federal match: private funds of the Ct. Trust for Historic Preservation c/o Mrs. Jainschigg				8. TYPE OF APPLICANT/RECIPIENT A-State H-Community Action Agency B-Interstate I-Higher Educational Institution C-Substate J-Indian Tribe D-District K-Other (Specify): E-City F-School District G-Special Purpose District Enter appropriate letter A	
10. AREA OF PROJECT IMPACT (Names of cities, counties, States, etc.) City of Norwich		11. ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PERSONS BENEFITING 44,500		12. TYPE OF APPLICATION A-New C-Revision E-Augmentation B-Renewal D-Continuation Enter appropriate letter A	
13. PROPOSED FUNDING		14. CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS OF:		15. TYPE OF CHANGE (For 12a or 12e) A-Increase Dollars F-Other (Specify): B-Decrease Dollars C-Increase Duration D-Decrease Duration E-Cancellation Enter appropriate letter(s)	
a. FEDERAL	\$ 2,405 .00	a. APPLICANT	Statewide	b. PROJECT	Second
b. APPLICANT	2,405 .00	15. PROJECT START DATE Year month day 19 77 6 22 See #34		17. PROJECT DURATION 36 Months	
c. STATE	.00	18. ESTIMATED DATE TO BE SUBMITTED TO FEDERAL AGENCY		19. EXISTING FEDERAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 09-77-00144-00	
d. LOCAL	.00	Year month day 19 77 6 20			
e. OTHER	.00				
f. TOTAL	\$ 4,810 .00				
20. FEDERAL AGENCY TO RECEIVE REQUEST (Name, City, State, ZIP code) National Park Service				21. REMARKS ADDED <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
22. THE APPLICANT CERTIFIES THAT		a. To the best of my knowledge and belief, data in this preapplication/application are true and correct, the document has been duly authorized by the governing body of the applicant and the applicant will comply with the attached assurances if the assistance is approved.		b. If required by OMB Circular A-95 this application was submitted, pursuant to instructions therein, to appropriate clearinghouses and all responses are attached: (1) State Clearinghouse, Office of Federal/State Relations <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> (2) <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> (3) <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
23. CERTIFYING REPRESENTATIVE John W. Shannahan State Historic Pres. Officer		b. SIGNATURE 		c. DATE SIGNED Year month day 19 77 JUNE 22	
24. AGENCY NAME Department of the Interior				25. APPLICATION RECEIVED Year month day 19 77 06 24	
26. ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT National Park Service		27. ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE Grants Administration Div.		28. FEDERAL APPLICATION IDENTIFICATION	
29. ADDRESS 18th and C Streets NW, Washington, D.C. 20240				30. FEDERAL GRANT IDENTIFICATION 09-77-00144-00	
31. ACTION TAKEN		32. FUNDING		33. ACTION DATE Year month day 19 77 08 02	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a. AWARDED	a. FEDERAL \$ 2,405 .00	35. CONTACT FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (Name and telephone number) Stephen D. Newman 202 523-5472		34. STARTING DATE Year month day 19 77 08 02	
<input type="checkbox"/> b. REJECTED	b. APPLICANT 2,405 .00			35. ENDING DATE Year month day 19 80 08 01	
<input type="checkbox"/> c. RETURNED FOR AMENDMENT	c. STATE .00			37. REMARKS ADDED <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
<input type="checkbox"/> d. DEFERRED	d. LOCAL .00				
<input type="checkbox"/> e. WITHDRAWN	e. OTHER .00				
	f. TOTAL \$ 4,810 .00				
38. FEDERAL AGENCY A-95 ACTION a. In taking above action, any comments received from clearinghouses were considered. If agency response is due under provisions of Part 1, OMB Circular A-95, it has been or is being made.				b. FEDERAL AGENCY A-95 OFFICIAL (Name and telephone no.) same as #35	

SECTION I - APPLICANT/RECIPIENT DATA

SECTION II - CERTIFICATION

SECTION III - FEDERAL AGENCY ACTION