United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

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7. Description

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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Sacred Heart Catholic Church is a detached, brick church possessing both Gothic and Romanesque characteristics. The most significant, exterior characteristics are twin Gothic towers, slate-gabled roof and the perfect symmetry of the front facade.

The Front Facade (east elevation)

The front facade is a blend of both Gothic and Romanesque styles. The dominant geometric features of this elevation are the twin, 120 foot tall Gothic towers and the stained glass rose window. The window is typically Gothic with its precise symmetry, roselike tracery, defined by eight foils ; The overall diameter is approximately 14 feet. The most significant Romanesque qualities are the six stained glass arched windows and three arched doorways to the narthex. The fenestration of windows and doors is symmetrical. The twelve foot high stained glass windows provide dramatic visual display within the interior of the church as well as outside. Whether by design or chance, the upper stained glass windows in the towers permit sunlight to filter through to the adjacent. exterior stained glass window on the non-illuminated facade. The resulting effect provides the outside observer with an interesting visual display of color. Photograph number 1 illustrates this characteristic. Another subtle feature of the front elevation is the religious significance of repeated triptych characteristics of the three entry arches and the vertical arrangement of the three arches in the towers. The triptych design is repeated again in the upper arched opening of each tower. With regard to brickwork, the front elevation is textured with a combination of ornamental brick corbeling. Romanesque semi-circular arches, and common bond brickwork.

The North Elevation

The north elevation deviates from the symmetry of the front elevation. The surface undulates with four brick buttresses and two slanted bay windows. A third vaulted area has added in 1967 to provide a second access to the basement. The window fenestration consists of Romanesque brick arches, angle iron or wood lintels, and brick skewback basement windows. A brick ribbon separates the basement from the main floor. Ornamental brick corbeling runs along the roof edge and terminates to a single massive brick corbeling, five foot high and projecting out two and one-half feet.

The West Elevation

The west elevation (rear) complements the symmetry of the front facade with three Romanesque arched windows. A furnace vent pipe extends from the basement. Two brick buttresses are separated by the center arched window. The rear elevation is simple in design and restful to the eye.

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South Elevation

This elevation is a copy of the north elevation without the addition of the covered basement entryway. The arched doorway in the southern bay a provides service access to the basement.

Materials

The building materials are indigenous to California. The gabled roof is of slate tile from Placerville, California. The common red kiln dried brick and oak lumber came from the Sierra Lumber Company in California. The twin towers are framed with heavy timber. The construction cost was \$30,000.

Environmental Setting

The church is bordered on the north by the rectory built in 1924; on the west by a residence separated by an alley; on the south across Elm Street, by retail business; and, on the east across Main Street by a motel and other retail uses. The property is located on the outer limits of the downtown area.

It should be noted that the rectory is located on lots 4 and 5 whereas the church is located on lots 1, 2, and 3. The rectory is not included for consideration with this application because of the substantial amount of building modification it has undergone.

The church has 75 feet of Frontage on Main Street and 115 feet of side frontage on Elm Street.

Interior

Other than the minor addition of the basement entryway on the north elevation, the floor plan of the building is essentially unchanged (refer to floor plan exhibit). The main floor consists of 4.240 square feet and includes the narthex, confessional, nave, sacristy, and sanctuary. The upper level contains the choir loft. The basement contains restrooms, mechanical equipment and classrooms. The only other significant changes in the original design involve the heating and plumbing system. Swamp coolers were installed and it has been determined that the increased humidity from this cooling system is causing the plaster under the Frescos to crack. The church is presently trying to raise funds to replace the swamp coolers with a refrigeration system and repair the cracked Frescos.

The interior of the church is artistically embraced by beamed ceilings, wainscots and Sierra hardwood. Illuminations are provided by Roman brass lighting fixtures. The church is blessed with an abundance of fine art forms including the 12 foot high stained glass windows, sculpture, golden oak paneling, Roman bronze stained glass windows, sculpture, golden oak paneling, Roman bronze

fixtures and Fresco ceiling.

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The main altar is decorated in pure white and gold and is elaborately carved with representations of the Sacred Heart. The statues include the Blessed Virgin, St. Joseph, and the Sacred Heart; the last two are colorfully and exquisitely moulded. The first stained glass window on the Gospel side of the church depicts Immaculate Conception. The second is a replica of the Plockhurst's "Glad Tidings." The third window is a lifelike representation of St. Patrick. On the Epistle side of the church is a stained glass window of the Sacred Heart (refer to the attached colored brochure). The second window depicts St. Joseph. The third window represents the Chalice and the Host and was erected as a memorial to pioneer citizens of Red Bluff. The fourth window illustrates the Papal symbols.

The interior decorative paintings of the church, according to contemporary newspaper accounts, was executed by Luigi Brusatori around 1906. The artist is said to have come from Milan, Italy, but there is no listing for him in the standard artist bibliographic reference books.

The decorative painting covers (1) the ceiling of the nave, broken into five longitudinal sections crossed by five lateral arches to create a total of thirty rectangular panels; (2) the hemisphere of the apse; and (3) the spandrels on the west wall on each side of the apse. The ceiling panels are reinforced visually by trompe l'Oiel (illusionistic) painted moldings creating the effect of three dimensional stucco work. The false wooden arches which cross the nave laterally are decorated with marbelized painted panels. The lowest row of panels on each side of the nave also contains painted portrait medallions (six on each side) of the apostles, evangelists and St. Paul. The portraits are painted in an idealized realistic style typical of the late nineteenth century.

The upper section of the apse contains three medallions, the central one a portrait of the Christ of the Sacred Heart. Below the medallions is a painted lintel with a Latin inscription. Architectural elements are painted in the apse in an illusionistic manner to create fields for decorative floral tracery, derived from High Renaissance decorative practices. The arrangement of the architectural elements in the church, however, suggests the artist was also familiar with Byzantine and Early Christian church decoration. 1

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art commerce communications		ning la la lit m m ement pl	w erature ilitary usic		_	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation
Specific dates	1906	Builder/Architect	William	Henry	Weeks	nto	architect
C1-11 -1 C			Builder	unknov	wn		

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Sacred Heart Catholic Church is a noteworthy architectural and religious landmark in Northern California. The 120 foot tall brick structure was designed by William H. Weeks, one of California's most significant architects. Mr. Weeks has designed in excess of 1200 school houses, besides other buildings throughout the state. His fame is credited to his versatility of expressing a variety of architectural styles particularly Gothic, Moorish, Victorian, Spanish, California Bungalow, Mission and Colonial. Mr. Weeks' creative talents are evidenced by the excellence of the Sacred Heart Catholic Church which is the oldest solid brick church in Northern California and the oldest church in Red Bluff. The 74 year old structure is a blend of religious symbolism with symmetrical and rhythmic architectural features.

Architectural and Artistic Significance

William Henry Weeks was born on Prince Edwards Island, Canada on June 18, 1865. He apprenticed with his father as a builder/contractor. He came to San Francisco and soon established himself as a highly credible architect. He was later reputed to be one of the "Men who made San Francisco," (San Francisco, Press of Brown and Stationery Co. 1911).

Mr. Weeks was very involved with community affairs. He was a member of the Y.M.C.A. Board of Directors and a Bible class instructor. As a result of his community involvement, Mr. Weeks was able to instill the values and needs of the community into the structures he designed. He was a very sought after architect. Weeks was the busiest architect in the state of California. He was the president of the California Chapter of the American Institute of Architects. His work has been described as "a first class testimonial of his high rank as an architect," (The Pajaronian, September 4, 1897)

Mr. Weeks' fame spread to other places until buildings of his design could be found at the furthermost counties of California and parts of Nevada and Oregon. He had more bank buildings, schools, and libraries under construction than any other architect in California. His honesty of purpose, design, ability and fair dealing were the principal factors leading to his success (Watsonville, Memories that Linger, Betty Lewis, Fresno 1976). A list of Weeks' most notable architectural accomplishments is attached.

Many of Weeks' wood structures burned down, while he was still a practicing architect. Weeks designed the Christian Church in in Watsonville, California 1892-1902. It is interesting to note that this structure burned down the first two times before it was dedicated.

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CONTINUATION SHEET 3

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The third time, Weeks designed the church of stone. Twenty-five years later, this structure also burned. Even though Weeks' efforts at permanence were sometimes thwarted by fire, it can be assumed that he convinced the Sacred Heart Congregation to build their church of solid brick instead of less expensive wood.

Mr. Weeks designed one other Catholic Church in Monterey in 1897.

It reflects a colonial, mission style of architecture.

Mr. Weeks designed the Sacred Heart Catholic Church of Red Bluff with Neo-classic and Romanesque styles of architecture. Perhaps the most significant architectural feature of the building is its 120 foot high twin towers. The towers of the church have been a landmark in Tehama County since its construction in 1906.

According to Wesley J. Barnum, a registered California architect, (C 2567) "The neoclassic design of the structure is well done and the detailing is in good scale and taste. The details worked into the brick corbelling is excellent and is well scaled to the elevations. The twin towers are well detailed and proportioned and the wooden support structure for the towers is unusually well framed." Mr Barnum has stated in the attached letter, that the building should be recognized as being architecturally significant.

With regard to artistic significance, Richard V. West, Director of the Crocker Art Museum in Sacramento, has evaluated the interior art works and stated that there is no other church decor of this quality and state of preservation which exists between Sacramento and

Portland Oregon.

One outstanding artistic feature is the fresco ceiling in the church. The artist was Luigi Brusatori, a graduate of the Academy of Fine Arts in Milan. Little is known about his life or other art works due to a lack of church records and bibliographic references. Mr. West of the Crocker Museum felt that he was a highly competent practitioner of his craft.

Religious Significance

The first priest to be assigned to the Red Bluff area was Father Raphael Rainaldi. Father Rainaldi found Red Bluff in the elementary stages of becoming a community. In 1855, the town was a small settlement with only three or four houses. However, the growing agricultural industry coupled with the town's close proximity to the to the Sacramento River created an atmosphere for growth. In 1857, Red Bluff became the county seat. Father Rainaldi initiated the first effort to build a structurally significant church of cut stone, but the church was never built. According to historians, in 1860, Father Rainaldi and the money collected to build the church disappeared.

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CONTINUATION SHEET 4

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In 1904, Father Philip Brady became the new pastor of the Red Bluff Catholic Church. He was able to purchase property on Main and Elm Streets to build Sacred Heart Catholic Church.

At the time of construction, the Sacred Heart Church had the largest congregation north of Sacramento. The church's parish extended to Dunsmuir in the north and to Corning in the South. The Red Bluff church was the focal point of the religious community in Northern California. Its influence is extensive in the Red Bluff community. The Catholic church established a grammar school, Mercy Academy High School, which is a significant brick building located immediately to the east of the church. The Academy also served as a boarding school for girls when transportation was limited. It should be noted that the academy is renowned for its excellence in the field of education. 35% of its student enrollment are non-Catholic. Another community contribution is St. Elizabeth's Hospital, administered by Father Michael Dillon.

Today the church has a membership of 3,000 and has a service radius of ten miles. Needless to say the church facility with seating capacity of only 400 is intensely used by the community.

It should be clearly acknowledged that the Church's Board of Directors has endorsed the preservation of the church, even though the facility is undersized. This in itself expresses the physical significance the church has for the entire community. It is the oldest physical, religious link between the community's past and its present.

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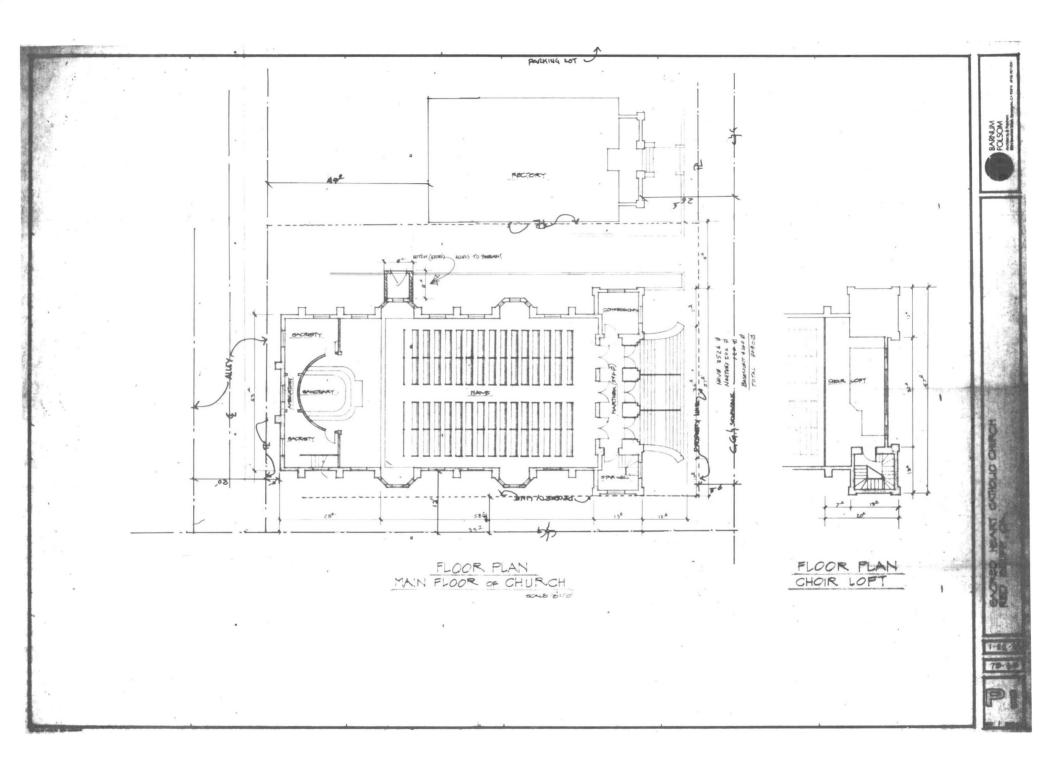
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5. Kirker, Harold, <u>California's Architectural Frontier</u>, Peregrine Smith, Inc., 1960 &1973.



FEB 4 1982



Approdix A
REPORT

SUBJECT:

Decorative painting, Sacred Heart Church, Red

Bluff, California

SUBMITTED BY:

Richard V. West (Director, Crocker Art Museum)

DATE OF INSPECTION: June 25, 1979

Description. The interior decorative painting of the Sacred Heart church, according to contemporary newspaper accounts, was executed by Luigi Brusatori around 1906. The artist is said to have come from Milan, Italy, but there is no listing for him in the standard artist bibliographic reference books.

The decorative painting covers (1) the ceiling of the nave, broken into five longtitudenal sections crossed by five lateral arches to create a total of thirty rectangular panels; (2) the hemisphere of the apse; and (3) the spandrels on the west wall on each side of the apse. The ceiling panels are reinforced visually by trompe l'oiel (illusionistic) painted moldings creating the effect of three dimensional stucco work. The false wooden arches which cross the nave laterally are decorated with marbelized painted panels. The lowest row of panels on each side of the nave also contains painted portrait medallions (six on each side) of the apostles, evangelists and St. Paul. The portraits are painted in an idealized realistic style, typical of the late nineteenth century.

The upper section of the apse contains three medallions, the central one a portrait of the Christ of the Sacred Heart. Below the medallions is a painted lintel with a Latin inscription. Architectural elements are painted in the apse in an illusionistic manner to create fields for decorative floral tracery, derived from High Renaissance decorative practices. The arrangement of the architectural elements in the church, however, suggests the artist was also familiar with Byzantine and Early Christian church decoration.

Evaluation. All the painted surfaces were applied over plaster which is presently badly cracked throughout. Cracking is particularly noticable in the areas of flat color. It is not so noticable (even though it exists) in the detailed areas, such as the portrait medallions, where the lines formed by the cracks tend to get lost. Upon inspection, the paint appears to be a traditional, water and lime based medium such as calcimine or kalsomine. It is now quite powdery and rubs off easily with finger pressure. The decorative fields are uncoated, except for the marbelized areas which have been covered with a gloss finish to give the effect of polished stone. This coating appears original. Although the decorations are undoubtedly duller than when they were first applied due to the aging of the pigment and binder, they are generally remarkably clean with little or no observable dirt or soot on the surfaces.

The evidence of the decoration suggests the artist was a highly competent practitioner of his craft. I know of no other church decoration of this quality and state of preservation in the area between Sacramento and Portland, Oregon.

Recommendations

- 1. Every effort should be made to preserve the decoration and its original appearance.
- 2. The proposed method of consolidation of the plaster ceiling may adversely affect the appearance of the ceiling unless great care is exercised in fully sealing the cracks to prevent epoxy seepage. In the case of the larger cracks, it should be possible to put the sealing material into the crack instead of over it, thus preventing damage and discoloration of the paint from the crack filler.
- 3. Given the great distance of the ceiling from the general observer, it should be possible to give a satisfactory appearance by touching up the cracks once they have been filled, rather than repainting whole areas. Should it be necessary to repaint for practical reasons, I strongly urge that only the flat color areas be redone. Touch ups of the illusionistic areas (marblized panels, mouldings, etc.) and portrait medallions will not be noticable from the floor level.
- 4. In no event should the decorative painting be washed. Some historical painters (such as A. Zelinsky & Sons in San Francisco) have methods of dry cleaning which are satisfactory for water based paints. Given the generally good condition of the surface, even this may not be necessary.



Appendix B



August 24, 1979

Mr. Jim King 6481 Deerhaven Dr. Redding, CA 96001

Subject: Sacred Heart Catholic Church

Red Bluff, California

Dear Jim:

This letter is in response to your request for a statement relative to the architectural qualities of Sacred Heart Church in Red Bluff California. At this time, I do not have the full profile of information as to the Architect, Contractor, etc., but I want to make the following observations.

After a physical review of the church, I was very impressed with the quality and design of the facility. The execution of the brick work, the wood work and the painted ceilings are very well done and it is rare to find a church in a rural area as completely well done.

The neoclassic design of the structure is well done and the detailing of the various parts is in good scale and taste. The details worked into the brick corbelling is excellent and is well scaled to the elevations. The twin towers are well detailed and proportioned, and the wooden support structure for the towers is unusually well framed.

I believe this building does represent a structure that should be recognized as architecturally significant and should be retained carefully in its original design.

Respectfully,

Wesley J. Barnum, C2567

WJB/ce

cc/Father Dillon

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"The contract for the carpenter work on M. B. Tuttle's Lake Avenue residence will be let at architect Weeks' office next Monday evening. The cement and rock work contract was let last week to a San Francisco firm which had a bid of \$1,200 below the next lowest bidder." The Pajaronian, February 23, 1899

ranch near Aromas. Weeks and his works can best be summed up by the following article that appeared in the *Coast Banker:*

Several years ago a young architect came from the East with no other asset than a thorough technical and practical education in architecture, and being a lover of country settled in the little city of Watsonville. The influence of his artistic skill was immediately felt in the community, and a wonderful change came over the architecture and sanitation of the city, so that it became noted for its beautiful buildings. People from the neighboring cities, recognizing the ability of the Watsonville architect, demanded his services. In like manner his fame spread to other places, until buildings of his design could be found at the furthermost counties of the State, and even into Nevada and Oregon.

...From a small beginning his business has grown to over a million dollars a year in buildings. He has more bank buildings, more schools and more libraries under construction throughout the State than any other architect.

Starting in a small city and working up to one of the leading positions among the architects of a great city [San Francisco], overcoming the

Appenlix C

prejudice that naturally goes with one hailing from a small place, is certainly remarkable and indicates very rare ability.

His honesty of purpose, ability and square, fair dealing have been the principal factors leading to his success.⁵

- 1. The Pajaronian, September 9, 1897.
- 2. Ibid., February 12, 1903.
- 3. Ibid., April 1906.
- 4. Ibid., March 17, 1904.
- 5. From Maggie Weeks' scrapbook, no date on clipping.

A partial list of buildings in California designed by Weeks:

GILROY

REGISTER

High School H. Holloway, 1902 Masonic Lodge, 1902 Milas Hotel Dr. C. A. Weaver, 1900 Ed Wilson, 1900 Carnegie Library, 1909

HOLLISTER
City Hall, 1907
Hall of Records, 1906
J. G. Hamilton residence, 1903
Hazel Hawkins Memorial
Hospital, 1907
High School, 1909

High School, 1909 L. W. Jefferson residence, 1904 Masonic Hall, 1908 Opera House, 1907 Porter Building, 1906 F. E. Shore residence, 1908 Tebbets residence, 1906

MONTEREY

Thomas Brown Building Catholic Church, 1897 Christensen Hotel, 1904 Goldstine Building, 1906 H. A. Green Buildings, 1903 High School, 1915 Monterey County Bank, 1904 Monterey Mercantile Company, 1905

New Monterey Hotel, 1904,1908 Preble residence, 1906 Presbyterian Church Public Library, 1908 C. A. Rowe Building, 1907 T. A. Works Opera House-Theatre, 1906 Underwood Building, 1912

OAKLAND

First Christian Church, 1909 Hotel Leamington Jackson Hotel Madison Lake Apartments Melrose Branch Library Piedmont High School Piedmont Hotel

PACIFIC GROVE

Bank for E. Smith, 1906 W.C. Brown residence, 1906 Carnegie Library, 1907 Gerdes residence, 1908 Chamberlain residence, 1904 Hebard residence, 1904 High School, 1906 Hollenbeck Building, 1907 Miller Building, 1908 Post Office, 1907 Rockwood residence, 1905 Sawyer flat, 1904 Thomas Wood residence, 1908 T. A. Works residence, 1909

PALO ALTO

First National Bank, 1906 High School Masonic Temple, 1909 Methodist Episcopal Church

SALINAS

Archer Building, 1897 Bank of Monterey, 1907 Jim Bardin Hospital, 1906 S. W. Black residence, 1900 Joseph Cockran residence, 1908 County Court House remodel, 1902 County Jail, 1904 E. A. Eaton residence Elk's Building, 1904 Hon. J.J. Hebbron residence. 1897 I. Hitchcock residence, 1908 Hotel Burke, 1906 McDougall Building, 1898 Dr. H.C. Murphy residence, 1901 Nognes Building, 1904 Luther Rodgers Building, 1906 Salinas Bank, 1903 W. M. Sarles residence, 1904 Sheriff's residence, 1904 White Building, 1904 Supt. Job Wood residence, 1896

SAN FRANCISCO

Carnegie Library Christian Church Judge Dunn residence, 1907 F. A. Hihn Building, 1906 Hooken Building, 1906 Hotel Glenn Irish Building, 1907 Paisley Hotel Tait's Cafe, 1909

SAN JOSE

Buell flats, 1901 De Anza Hotel, 1932 Doughtery residence, 1907 St. Claire Club House, 1907 Vendome Hotel remodel, 1907

SAN LEANDRO

Bank of San Leandro Daniel Best Building Grammar School Masonic Temple, 1909

SAN LUIS OBISPO

Carnegie Library, 1905 High School, 1905 French Hotel, 1908 Sanitarium Professor Leroy Smith residence, 1906 State Polytechnic School, 1905 Dr. Stover residence, 1904

SANTA CRUZ

All Saints' Church, 1908
Bayview Grammar School, 1908
Mrs. Becker residence, 1906
Big Creek Power Company
sub-station, 1908
Big Trees Hotel, 1908
Branciforte Grammar School,
1914
Carnegie Library, 1904
Casino, 1907
Chittendon residence, 1904
Christian Church, 1898
Cox residence, 1908
Gault School addition, 1908

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JAN 6 - 1982

NATIONAL REGISTER High School, 1915
High School addition, 1908
Jonas Flats, 1908
Leask Store, 1907
Duncan McPherson residence,
1908
Hotel Palomar, 1929
People's Bank, 1910
George Stone residence, 1908
Tent City, 1907
Mary Ring residence, 1906
Fred Swanton residence, 1909

WOODLAND

Grammar School 1916
High School and Manual Arts
Building
Porter Office Building
Yolo County Jail and Court House,
1917
Yolo County Library
Yolo County Savings Bank
Primary School, 1916

OTHER

Agnew Buildings, 1896 Aromas School Berkeley - Durant Hotel Boulder Creek High School, 1905 Burlingame Bank, 1908 Burlingame High School King City Bank, 1908 Lompoc Bank, 1906 Martinez County Hospital Modesto Public Library Nevada City High School and Carnegie Library, 1905 Newman High School, 1909 Paraiso Springs Hotel addition. 1908 Paso Robles Carnegie Library, 1907 Paso Robles Hotel. Clubhouse

1904 Bath House, 1905

Piedmont High School Quincy High School, 1905 Red Bluff Catholic Church, 1906 Samovia School, 1896 San Juan Bautista School, 1907 Santa Barbara High School Santa Clara Valley Bank Santa Rita School, 1897 Santa Rosa High School Soledad Hotel, 1908 Soledad Mission District School. 1896 Susanville High School, 1905 Turlock Commercial Bank, 1909 and Masonic Temple Willows High School Winters High School, 1915

Residences in Watsonville after 1900

W. Porter, 202 E. Beach St. James Hopkins, 31 Sudden St. M. T. Rowe, San Juan Road Wm. O'Brien, 212 East Beach St. Edward Kelly, 50 Sudden St. Jack Shea, 78 Brennan George Parkman, 171 Maple G. P. Cleveland, Green Valley Rd. H. F. Blohm, 204 East Beach St. R. H. Pearson, 261 East Beach St. R. R. Welch, 326 Lincoln J. Waugaman, 140 W. Beach St. H. V. Torchiana, 225 E. Lake Ave. F. S. Austin, 63 Brennan S. French, 333 Rodriguez St. C. F. Langley, 372 East Beach St. 'George Tuttle, 135 East Beach St. H. C. Wyckoff, 409 East Beach St. J. C. Gardner, 405 East Beach St. Dr. Saxton Pope, 401 E. Beach St. Wm. O'Brien, 308 East Beach St. Mrs. Mary Cassady, 36 Brennan E. L. Clark, 34 Brennan Misses Ella and Annie Murphy, 301 East Lake Ave.

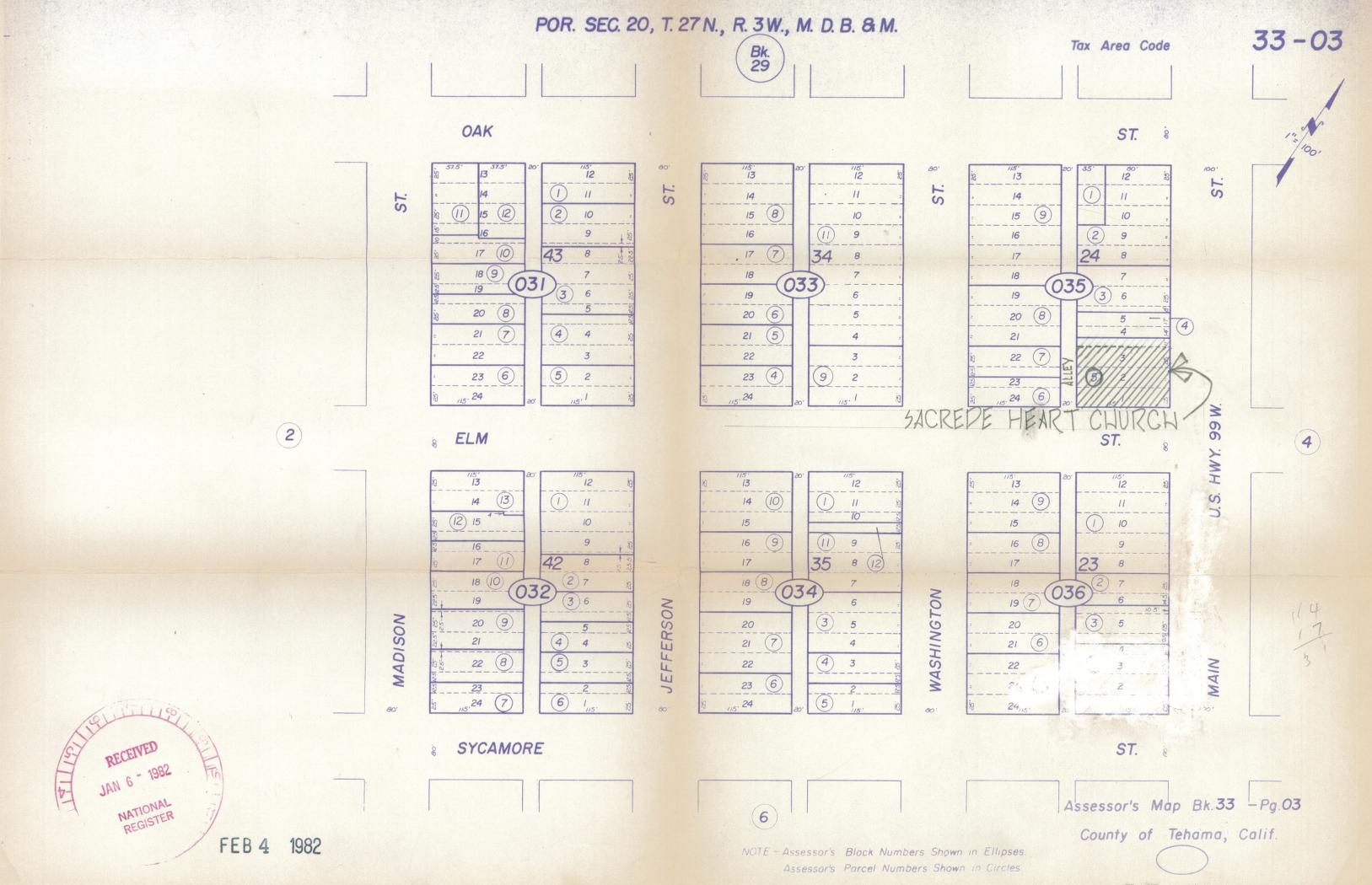
		UE 2/4/82 - 2/20/82
Name SAINT MARY'S PAR State, County CA TEHAMA Working Number 7-6-82-34	Fed Nom or Re Federal Regist	equest—Agency er Date 2.7.83
Nomination Determination of Eligiblity On Nomination Form Maps / 2	Bldg(s) Site Object Structure District	Within: \$200227 Multiple Resource Area Thematic Group
Photos	Entered in the national Register	Check if Appropriate: State Request for Review
Local	ETURN EJECT	Keeper's Decision to Review 2nd Return
L Evaluation of Resource (cont. on ba	ack if necessary)	
IL Evaluation of Nomination	Good Adequate Poor	Comments
1. Descriptive Statement Short FormatYesNo		
2. Significance Statement Short Format Yes No		54
3. Concepts/Integrity		
4. Concepts/Criteria		
5. Concepts/Boundaries		
6. Contextual Evaluation		
General Comments (cont. on back if	necessary):	
Reviewer/Date		See Attached
Notional Park Service		U.S. Department of the Interior

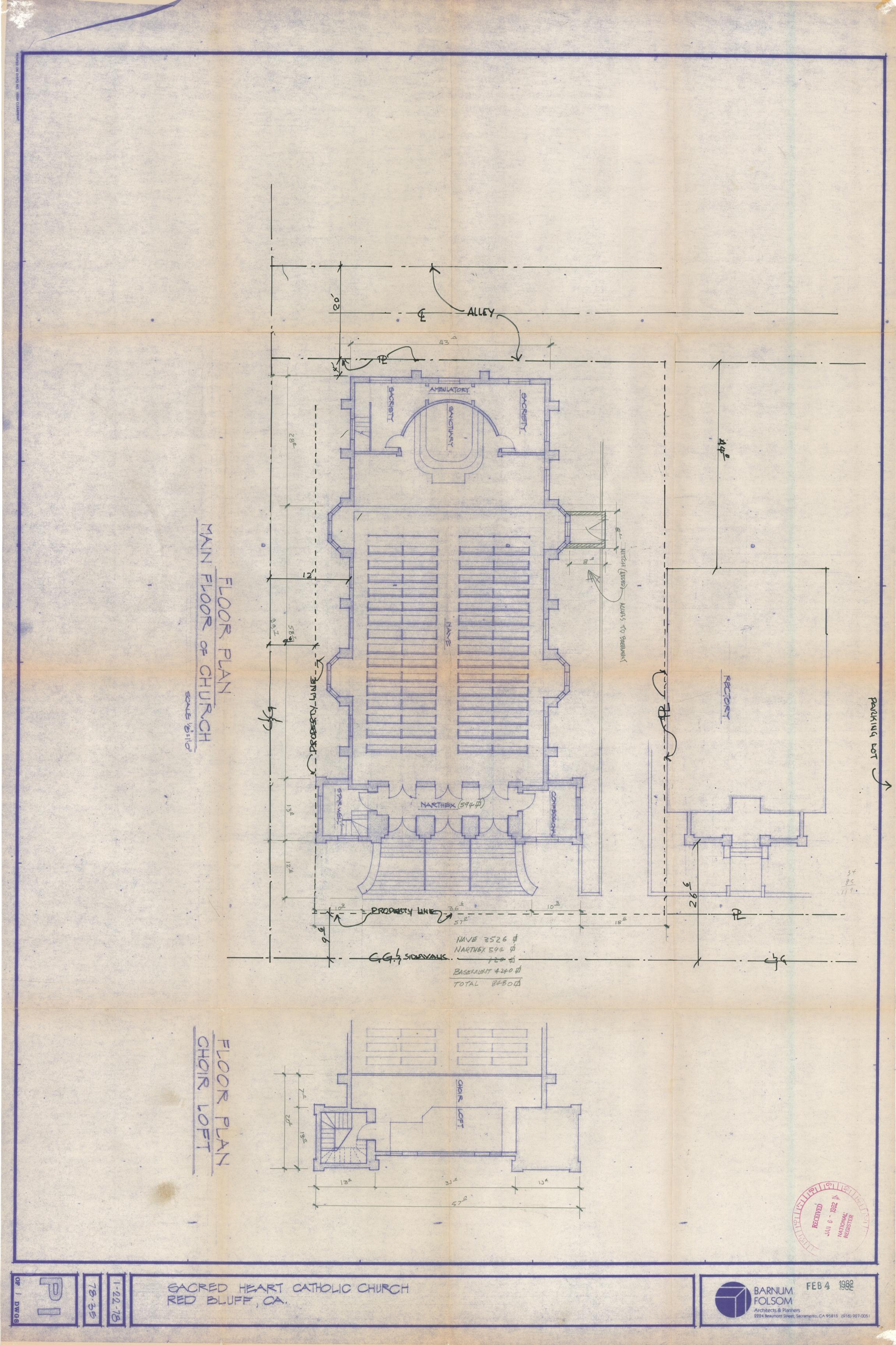


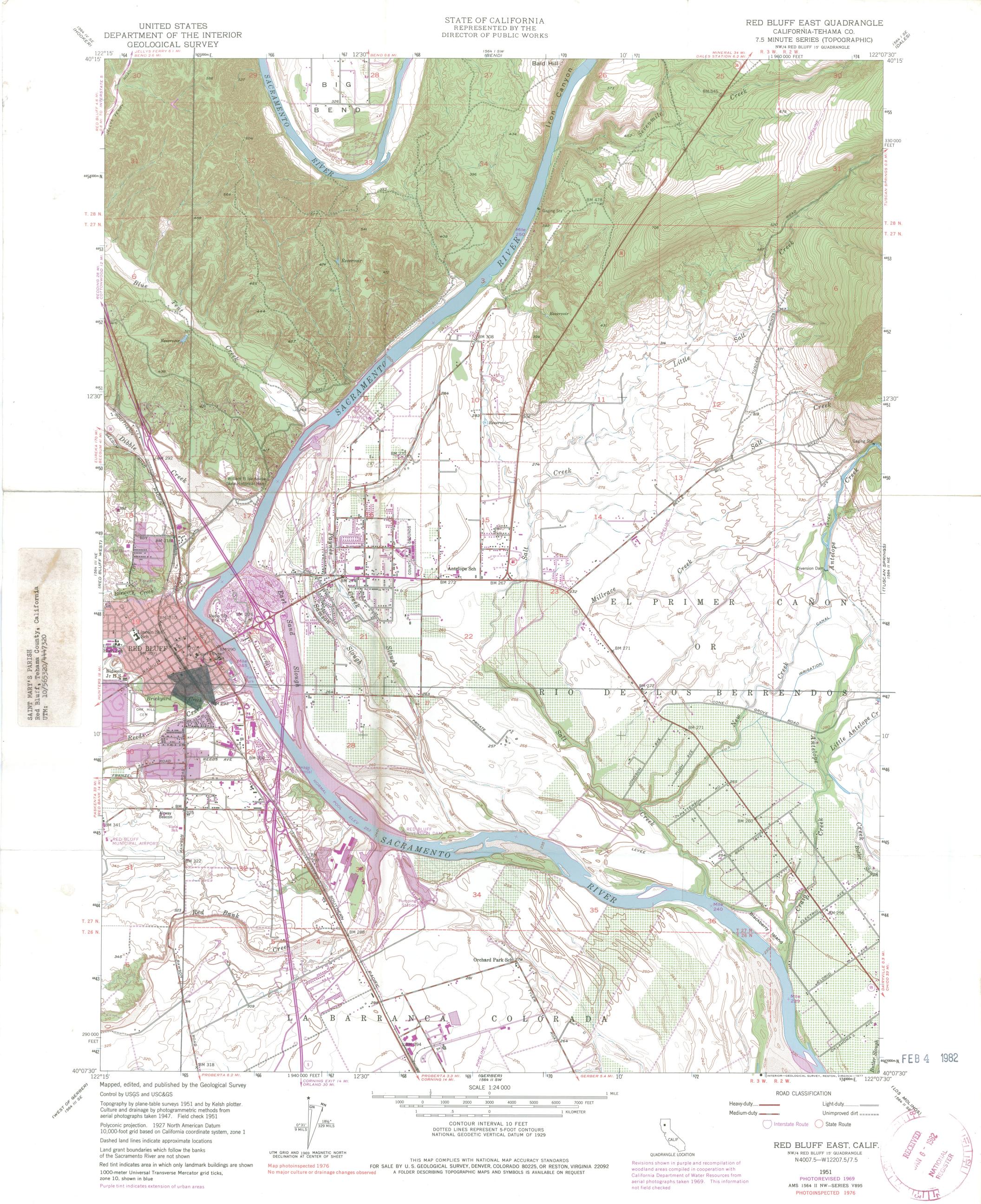












OF RED AT

CITY OF RED BLUFF

Post Office Box 400

(916) 527-2605

RECEIVED
SEP 2 2 1980

OHP

September 18, 1980

Dr. Knox Mellon State Historic Preservation Officer Office of Historic Preservation P.O. Box 2390 Sacramento, Ca. 95811

Dear Dr. Mellon:

The City Council of the City of Red Bluff reviewed the proposed nomination of St. Mary's Parish(Sacred Heart Catholic Church) to the National Register of Historic Places.

The Council unanimously endorsed the proposal and would be very proud to have the church listed in the National Register.

Sincerely,

Herbert E. Nelson

City Manager

JAN 1982 HO

OFFICE OF HISTORIC PRESERVATION

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND RECREATION POST OFFICE BOX 2390 SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95811 (916) 445-8006



December 23, 1981

Ms. Carol Shull Acting Keeper of the National Register National Park Service 440 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20240

Dear Ms. Shull:

We submit the St. Mary's Parish for nomination to the National Register of Historic Places. This nomination is located in Tehama County in the 1st California Congressional District. The property owner has waived his right to object to the proposed listing and requests listing at the earliest possible date.

Sincerely,

Dr. Knox Mellon

State Historic Preservation Officer



RECEIVED

DEC 23 1981

OHP

Dr. Knox Mellon State Historic Preservation Officer Office of Historic Preservation Post Office Box 2390 Sacramento, CA 95811

Dear Dr. Mellon:

This will confirm that I am fully aware of the effects of listing a property in the National Register of Historic Places. I recognize that, under the National Historic Preservation Act, I am entitled to object to the proposed listing of my property by a notarized, written statement. If I am the sole owner and I object, my property will not be listed. If there are multiple owners of this property and a majority of the owners object, the property will not be listed.

I hereby waive my right to object to the proposed listing and notify you that I request that my property be listed in the National Register at the earliest possible date.

Sincerely,

Vincent Brady - Parkor.

RECEIVED 1982

JAN 6 1982

NATIONAL

REGISTER

ENTRIES IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

STATE

CALIFORNIA

Date Entered

FEB - 4 1982

Name

Location

Saint Mary's Parish

Red Bluff Tehama County

Groezinger Wine Cellars

Yountville Napa County

Trinity Church

Oakland

Alameda County

Fox Court

Berkeley Alameda County

Also Notified

Honorable S. I. Hayakawa Honorable Alan Cranston Monorable Eugene A. Chappie Honorable Don H. Clausen Honorable Ronald V. Dellums

State Historic Preservation Officer Dr. Knox Mellon Office of Historic Preservation Department of Parks and Recreation P.O. Box 2390 Sacramento, California 95811

Western Region, NPS

NR

Eady/mc

3/1/82

For further information, please call the National Register at (202) 343-6401.