# YASNAC MRC MAINTENANCE MODE OPERATOR'S MANUAL

Before initial operation, read these instructions thoroughly, and retain for future reference.



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# 1

# **SECTION 1**

# **MAINTENANCE MODE**

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# 1.1 OPERATION MODES FOR MAINTENANCE

YASNAC MRC has five operation modes, which are selected by the rotary switch on the MCP01 board. Set the switch to the desired position before turning ON power.

Rotary Switch Positions and Operation Modes

Position	Operation Mode	Remarks
0	Online mode	
1-3	Reserved	
4	Simulated online mode	
5	Thermostat diagnosis mode	For shipping inspection only
6	Maintenance mode (Jig mode)	For shipping inspection only
7	Maintenance mode (Standard mode)	
8-F	Prohibited	

### 1.2 ONLINE MODE

Select this mode for normal maintenance. For details of power ON process in this mode, refer to Par. 4, "ALARM OF ONLINE MODE AT POWER ON".

# 1.3 SIMULATED ONLINE MODE

Select this mode to perform operation check with no manipulator connected to the control panel. Power ON process in this mode is similar to that in standard online mode, except that:

- If an error occurs, the process stops after notifying the error and the next step is started by depressing the CANCEL key.
- · Communication with the SERVOPACK and encoder is not performed.
- · Machine lock status is retained.
- · When the servo power is turned ON, contactor is turned ON but the brake and the base lock are not released.

### 1.4 THERMOSTAT DIAGNOSIS MODE

This mode is used exclusively for hardware diagnosis of the CPU rack at shipping inspection.

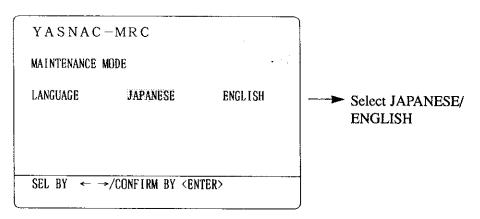
# 1.5 MAINTENANCE MODE (JIG MODE)

This mode is used exclusively for board check at shipping inspection. It is similar to standard maintenance mode except that jig-requiring tests can be selected.

# 1.6 MAINTENANCE MODE (STANDARD MODE)

Select this mode to set up or perform maintenance for the robot system.

Set the rotary switch of the MCP01 board to standard maintenance mode and turn ON power. The maintenance mode language select display appears. (This display does not appear in non-bilingual systems.)



Depress ENTER after selecting either JAPANESE or ENGLISH to assure the language mode.

#### Notes:

- 1. When JAPANESE is selected, the display is given in Japanese; when ENGLISH is selected, it is in English.
- 2. This display setting is validated only in the maintenance mode and has nothing to do with language 1 or 2 in the online mode.

# 1.6 MAINTENANCE MODE (STANDARD MODE) (Cont'd)

When the language to be displayed is selected, the following maintenance mode display appears.

MAINTENANCE MODE

SETUP SYSTEM
SYSTEM VERSION
HARDWARE DIAGNOSTICS

SEL BY 1 \ / EXEC BY < ENTER>

In standard maintenance mode, the following functions are available.

(1) System setup: System configuration

File initialization ROM file initialization

(2) System version display: Board ROM version display

SERVOPACK ROM version display

(3) Hardware diagnosis

Functions (1) and (2) are explained later in this manual.

Using version VI. 600 or later, standard maintenance mode can be started up while having the rotary switch set to 0 (standard online mode) or 4 (simulated online mode) by the following steps.

#### Start-up Procedure

Turn ON the control power while holding down the CUSTOMER key on the Programming Pendant.

Select either JAPANESE or ENGLISH on the language select display.

Enter the manufacturer ID on the user ID input display.

The system starts up in the maintenance mode (standard mode).

If power is turned ON with the rotary switch set to 7, the maintenance mode (standard mode) starts up unconditionally, as it did in former versions.

☆ If a user ID is entered instead of the manufacturer ID, it starts up the customer maintenance mode, in which manufacturer-only functions are masked. For details, refer to the "CUSTOMER MAINTENANCE MODE OPERATION MANUAL" (TOE-C945-404.1).

# **SECTION 2**

# **SYSTEM SETUP**

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# 2.1 SYSTEM SETUP

Four system setup functions are provided:

#### (1) System Configuration

In order to start up the YASNAC MRC, system parameters must be set up according to the robot system configuration. This procedure is called system configuration. System parameters are automatically set up by selecting menus and entering system specifications on the system configuration display.

#### (2) File Initialization

Various files can be initialized. (Before initializing files, system configuration must be completed.)

#### (3) ROM File Initialization

Various ROM files can be initialized. (Before initializing ROM files, system configuration must be completed.)

#### (4) SYSCON Internal Data Initialization

SYSCON internal data can be initialized. (Before initializing the data, system configuration must be completed.)

### SYSTEM SETUP DISPLAY

1

Start up standard maintenance mode and select SETUP SYSTEM.

MAINTENANCE MODE

SETUP SYSTEM
SYSTEM VERSION :
HARDWARE DIAGNOSTICS

SEL BY ↑ ↓ / EXEC BY < ENTER>

2

On the system setup display, move the cursor to the process to be started, then depress  $\boxed{\text{ENTER}}$ .

SETUP SYSTEM

SYSTEM CONFIGURATION
INITIALIZE FILES
INITIALIZE ROM FILE
INITIALIZE SYSCON INTERNAL DATA

SEL BY ↑ ↓ / EXEC BY < ENTER>
RETURN BY < CANCEL>

\* If INITIALIZE FILES, INITIALIZE ROM FILE or INITIALIZE SYSCON INTERNAL DATA display does not appear after selecting from the menu, initialize the system configuration.

### 2.2 SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

# **OUTLINE**

Three system configuration functions are provided:

#### (1) Initialization

This function automatically sets up system parameters and initializes all files. System configuration settings are stored in CMOS memory. When starting up the YASNAC MRC, initialization of system configuration is required.

#### (2) Modification

This function modifies system configuration settings.

System parameters are automatically set up in the same way as in initialization.

System configuration must be modified when:

- · External axes are added.
- · Applications are changed.
- · I/O modules are added.
- · Sensor boards are added.

#### (3) Display

System configuration settings can be checked on the display.

System configuration items to be set up are:

- · First language
- Second language
- Number of robots, bases, and stations (configuration of controlled axes)
- · Contactor connection
- Robots types
- · Base axis specifications
- · Station axis specifications
- · Applications
- · CIO ladders
- · Application of robots
- · I/O modules
- · Sensor functions
- Use of sensor boards for robots
- · Operation panel
- CMOS memory
- Calendar

### SYSTEM CONFIGURATION DISPLAY

When YASNAC MRC starts up in standard maintenance mode, the display shown below appears.

MAINTENANCE MODE

SETUP SYSTEM
SYSTEM VERSION ;
HARDWARE DIAGNOSTICS

SEL BY ↑ ↓ /EXEC BY <ENTER>

To set up system configuration, select SETUP SYSTEM and depress ENTER .

SETUP SYSTEM

SYSTEM CONFIGURATION INITIALIZE FILES INITIALIZE ROM FILE

SEL BY ↑ ↓ /EXEC BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>

INITIALIZE FILES and INITIALIZE ROM FILE can be selected only after system configuration is initialized.

When SYSTEM CONFIGURATION is selected in the SETUP SYSTEM display, the following display appears.

SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

INITIALIZE MODIFY Display Any other than INITIAL-IZE can be selected only after execution of initialization.

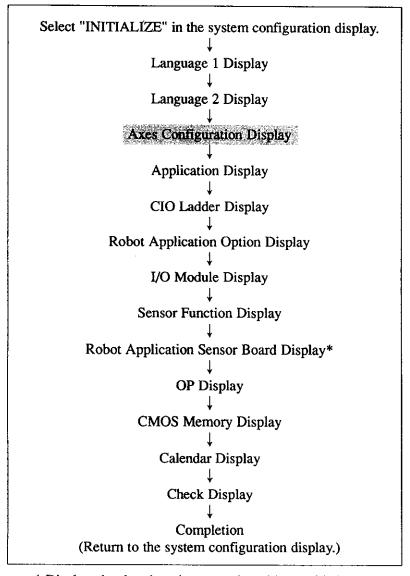
SEL BY ↑ ↓ /EXEC BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>

# **INITIALIZATION**

When setting up system configuration for the first time, initialize it by the following procedure.

On any of the following displays, depress ENTER after setting. The display automatically change to the next display.

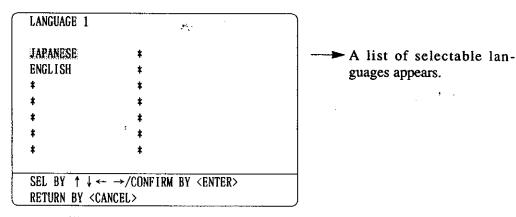
Depressing CANCEL invalidetes the settings you have made and the initialization display appears again.



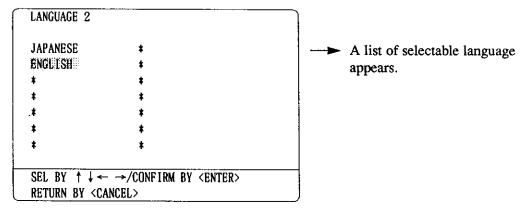
<sup>\*</sup> Displayed only when the sensor board is provided.

#### ● LANGUAGE 1 AND 2 DISPLAYS

Select INITIALIZE on the system configuration display to call up the following display.



Depress ENTER after selecting LANGUAGE 1. The following display appears.



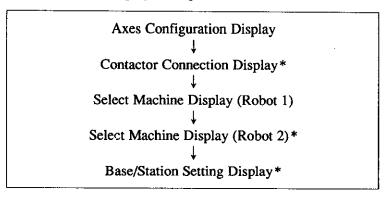
Depress ENTER after selecting LANGUAGE 2. The controlled axes configuration display appears.

#### CONTROLLED AXIS DISPLAY

In the controlled axis display, robot model selection and base/station setting are enabled.

The following shows the configuration of the controlled axis display.

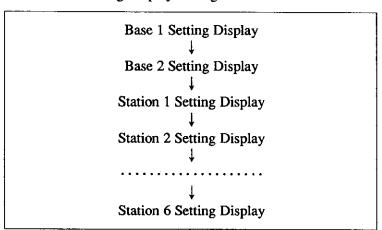
Controlled Axis Display Configuration



Note: According to the setting in the axes configuration display, only those marked with \* in the above figure that require setting are displayed.

The following shows the configuration of the base/station setting display.

Base/Station Setting Display Configuration



The setting displays of bases 1, 2 and stations 1 to 6 have the following configuration for each controlled axis group. (Common for bases 1, 2 and stations 1 to 6.)

Select Machine Display

Axis Type Select Display\*

Mechanism Specification Display (1st Axis)

Mechanism Specification Display (Last Axis)

Motor Select Display (1st Axis)

Motor Select Display (Last Axis)

Motor Specification Display (1st Axis)

Motor Specification Display (1st Axis)

- \* Omitted when TURN type model is selected in the select machine display.
- Controlled axes configuration
   Base 1, base 2 provided/not provided, number of stations
- Contactor connection
   Select either contactor 1, 2 or 3 for each group axis.
- · Model selection

With base axis:

Select either rectangle-X, -Y, -Z, -XY, -XZ, -YZ or -XYZ.

With station axis:

Select either turn-1 or -2.

For the other models, select either universal-1, -2, -3, -4, -5 or -6.

· Axis type selection

With turn-\*:

Selection is not needed (axis type is of turn.)

With rectangle-\*:

Select either rectangle-B (ball screw) or rectangle-R & P (rack and pinion).

With universal-\*:

Select either rectangle-B (ball screw), rectangle-R & P (rack and pinion) or turn.

· Specifications

When the type of the relevant axis is of ball screw, set the following items:

Deceleration ratio (numerator)

Deceleration ratio (denominator)

Ball screw pitch (mm/r)

Working range (+) [mm]

Working range (-) [mm]

When the type of the relevant axis is of rack & pinion, set the following items:

Deceleration ratio (numerator)

Deceleration ratio (denominator)

PCD

(mm)

Working range (+) [mm]

Working range (-) [mm]

When the type of the relevant axis is of turn, set the following items:

Deceleration ratio (numerator)

Deceleration ratio (denominator)

Working range (+) [deg]

Working range (-) [deg]

Offset (between axes 1 and 2) [mm]

· Motor selection

Select one from the motor model list on the display.

Motor specifications

Set the following items:

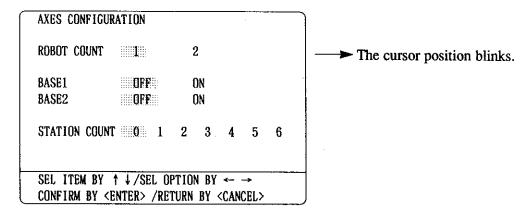
Rotating direction [forward/reverse]

Maximum rotation speed (r/min)

Accel/decel time [sec]

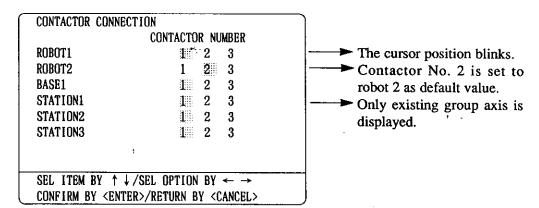
Load inertia ratio

#### (1) Controlled Axes Configuration Display



Set up the number of robots, use of bases, and the number of stations. Then depress ENTER to call up the machine select display. If the group combination which has been made is not possible, an error occurs.

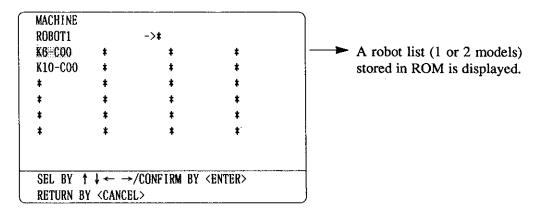
#### (2) Contactor Connection Display



Depress ENTER after setting the contactor number connecting each group axis to call up the select machine display (robot).

Note: This display is omitted when the controlled axis is composed of only one robot (without any base or station).

#### (3) Select Machine Display (Robot)



Depress ENTER after selecting the robot (as well as robot 2).

#### (4) Select Machine Display (Base)

BASE1 RECT-X	->: DCCT_VV7		
	RECT-XYZ	*	*
RECT-Y	Ŧ	*	*
RECT-Z	*	*	*
RECT-XY	*	*	<b>*</b>
RECT-XZ	*	*	*
RECT-YZ	*	*	*
SEL BY ↑	↓← →/CONI	FIRM BY	ENTER>

RECT-X: Rectangle X-axis type base

RECT-Y: Rectangle Y-axis

type base RECT-Z: Rectangle Z-axis

type base

RECT-XY: Rectangle XY- axis type base

RECT-XZ: Rectangle XZ-axis

type base

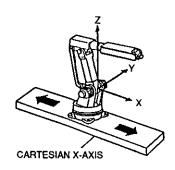
RECT-YZ: Rectangle YZ-axis type base

RECT-XYZ: Rectangle XYZaxis type base

Depress ENTER after selecting the robot model to call up the axis type display. (Do the same for base 2.) If the sum of axes exceeds 21, an error occurs.

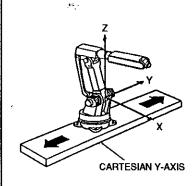
#### Base Type

#### Rectangle-X



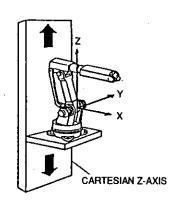
The base axis advance direction coincides with the robot coordinate X-axis.

#### Rectangle-Y



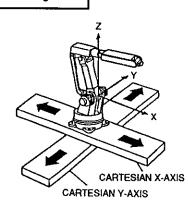
The base axis advance direction coincides with the robot coordinate Y-axis.

#### Rectangle-Z



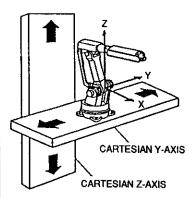
The base axis advance direction coincides with the robot coordinate Z-axis.

#### Rectangle-XY



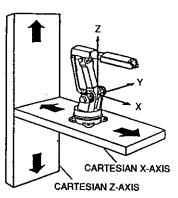
The base 1st axis advance direction coincides with the robot coordinate X-axis and the base 2nd axis with the robot coordinate Y-axis.

#### Rectangle-YZ



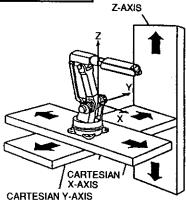
The base 1st axis advance direction coincides with the robot coordinate Y-axis and the base 2nd axis with the robot coordinate Z-axis.

#### Rectangle-XZ



The base 1st axis advance direction coincides with the robot coordinate X-axis and the base 2nd axis with the robot coordinate Z-axis.

# Rectangle-XYZ CARTESIAN



The base 1st axis advance direction coincides with the robot coordinate X-axis, the base 2nd axis with the robot coordinate Y-axis and the base 3rd axis with the robot coordinate Z-axis.

#### (5) Select Machine Display (Station)

STATION1		-> <b>‡</b>	
TURN-1	*	UNI♥-1	*
TURN-2	*	UNIV-2	*
	*	UNIV-3	*
	*	UNIV-4	*
	*	UNIV-5	*
	*	UNIV-6	*
SEL BY 1	↓← →/	CONFIRM BY <e< td=""><td>VTER&gt;</td></e<>	VTER>

TURN-1: Rotation 1-axis

type station

TURN-2: Rotation 2-axis

type station

UNIV-1: Universal 1-axis

type station

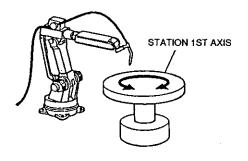
UNIV-2: Universal 2-axis

type station

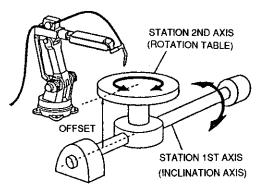
When any mechanism (rectangle axes, etc.) other than "TURN-1" and "TURN-2" is used as a station axis, select "UNIV". However, when "UNIV" is used, interpolation operation (linear, circular) is not supported.

#### Station Type

#### Turn-1



#### Turn-2



When the model is a station, which axis is to be the 1st axis or to be the 2nd axis is determined depending on which axis is located at the bottom most.

For example, in the figure on the left, the rotation table is inclined by the inclination axis; therefore, the inclination axis is an axis that is mounted at the bottom of the rotation table so that it is to be the 1st axis. The rotation table becomes the 2nd axis.

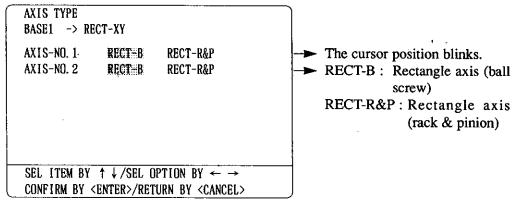
Depress ENTER after selecting "TURN" type for the station, and the mechanism specification setting display appears.

Depress ENTER after selecting "UNIV" type for the station, and the axis type select display appears.

If the sum of the axes exceeds 21, an error occurs.

- (6) Axis Type Display (Base, Station)
- ① Select RECT-\* on the select machine (base) display. The following display appears.

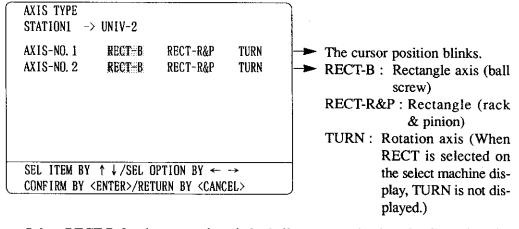
Axis Type Select Display (Rectangle Type)



Select RECT-B for the rectangle axis by ball screw mechanism and RECT-R & B for that by rack & pinion mechanism.

- 2 Select TURN-\* on the select machine (station) display
- 3 Select UNIV-\* on the select machine (station) display. The following display appears.

Axis Type Select Display (Universal Type)



Select RECT-B for the rectangle axis by ball screw mechanism, RECT-R & B for that by rack & pinion mechanism and TURN for that rotation axis.

Depress ENTER after selecting the axis type. The mechanical specification display appears.

#### (7) Mechanical Specification Display (Base, Station)

Mechanical Specification Display (RECT-B Type)

MECHANICAL SPEC STATION1 -> RECT-X AXIS TYPE -> RECT-B	AXIS -> 1	Model, axis No. and ax type that are currentl selected are displayed.
REDUCTION RATIO (NUMER) REDUCTION RATIO (DENOM)	1000 1. 000	The cursor position is diplayed inversely.
BALL SCREW PITCH	10.000 mm/r	played hiversely.
MOTION RANGE (+) MOTION RANGE (-)	0.000 mm 0.000 mm	

Deceleration ratio: Set a value for numerator and denominator, respectively.

(Example: Set 1.0 to numerator and 1.0 to denominator for

1/1.)

Ball screw pitch: Set the moving distance for motor one rotation.

(unit: mm/r)

Working range: Set the operation limit position (plus and minus directions)

when the home position is assumed to be 0. (unit: mm)

#### Mechanical Specification Display (RECT-R & P Type)

MECHANICAL SPEC STATION1 -> UNIV-2 AXIS TYPE -> RECT-R&P	AXIS -> 2	──► Model, axis No. and axis type that are currently
REDUCTION RATIO (NUMER) REDUCTION RATIO (DENOM) PCD MOTION RANGE (+) MOTION RANGE (-)	120.000 120.000 100.000 mm 0.000 mm	selected are displayed.  The cursor position is displayed inversely.
SEL ITEM BY ↑↓/INPUT MODE CONFIRM BY <enter>/RETURN B</enter>		

Deceleration ratio: Set a value for numerator and denominator, respectively.

(Example: Set 1.0 to numerator and 120.0 to denominator for

1/120.)

PCD: Set the pinion diameter. (unit: mm)

Working range: Set the operation limit position (plus and minus directions)

when the home position is assumed to be 0. (unit: mm)

#### Mechanical Specification Display (Rotation Axis Type)

MECHANICAL SPEC STATION1 -> TURN-2	AXIS -> 1	→ Model, axis No. and axis
AXIS TYPE -> TURN  REDUCTION RATIO (NUMER) REDUCTION RATIO (DENOM) MOTION RANGE (+)	1,000 120,000 0,000 deg	type that are currently selected are displayed.  The cursor position is displayed inversely.
MOTION RANGE (-) OFFSET (AXIS#1-#2)	0.000 deg 0.000mm	Displayed on the 1st axis display only when the
SEL ITEM BY ↑↓/INPUT MODE CONFIRM BY <enter>/RETURN B</enter>		model is of TURN-2 type.

Deceleration ratio: Set a value for numerator and denominator, respectively.

(Example: Set 1.0 to numerator and 120.0 to denominator for

1/120.)

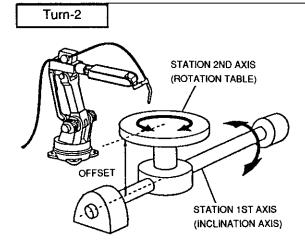
Working range: Set the operation limit position (plus and minus directions) when the

home position is assumed to be 0. (unit: deg.)

Offset: Setting is required only when the model is of TURN-2 type.

Set the distance between the inclination axis (1st axis) and the rotation table

(2nd axis). (unit: mm)



Depress ENTER after selecting the mechanism specifications to call up the display for the next axis. With the last axis, the motor select display appears.

#### (8) Motor Display (Base, Station)

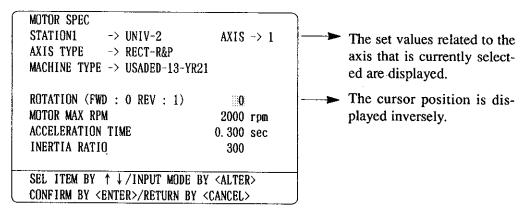
Terminate the mechanical specification display. The following display appears.

MOTOR STATION1 → UNIV- AXIS TYPE → TURN USADED=13=YR21 USASEM-02-YR32 USADED-13-YR41 USAREM-02CYR22 USAPEM-07-YR11 USAREM-01-YR41	USAPEM-07-YR42 USAREM-01-YR52 USADED-22-YR32 USASEM-08-YR61 USADED-22-YR41 USASEM-08-YR71	The group, machine, axis number, and axis type that are currently selected are displayed.  A motor list stored in ROM is displayed.
	EL NEXT PAGE BY <more> /RETURN BY <cancel></cancel></more>	 Depress MORE to display the next model list.

Depress ENTER after selecting the motor type to call up the motor select display for the next axis. With the last axis, the motor specification setting display appears.

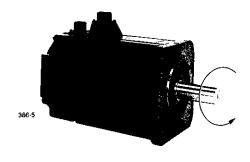
#### (9) Motor Specification Display (Base, Station)

Select the motor type on the motor select display. The following display appears.



Rotating direction: Set the motor rotating direction at which the current value increases in the plus direction.

(The CCW direction viewed from the load side is to be the forward rotating direction.)



AC SERVOMOTOR

Maximum rotating speed: Set the maximum motor rotating speed. (unit: r/min)

Accel/decel time: Set the value of the time in which the maximum speed is to be reached from the stop status in the range from 0.01 to 1.00 upon

operating at the full link speed (100%).

Load inertia ratio: 300 is set with rectangle axis and 0 is set with rotation axis as an

initial value. If any of the following faults occurs after verification of movement, take the corrective actions as described

below.

<Fault 1> The robot moves unsteadily in the proceeding direction during operation. → Increase the load inertia ratio by 100 to verify the movement.

<Fault 2> Abnormal noise is generated from the motor at stop.

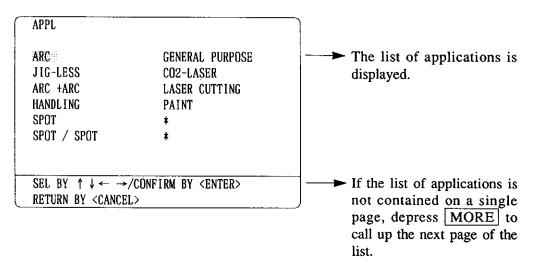
→ Decrease the load inertia ratio by 100 to verify the movement.

Depress ENTER after setting the motor specifications to call up the display for the next axis.

With the last axis, the application display appears.

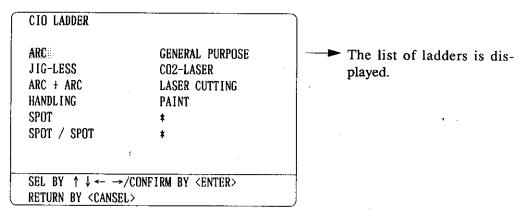
#### APPLICATION DISPLAY

Terminate the controlled axis display. The following display appears.



Depress ENTER after selecting applications to call up the following display.

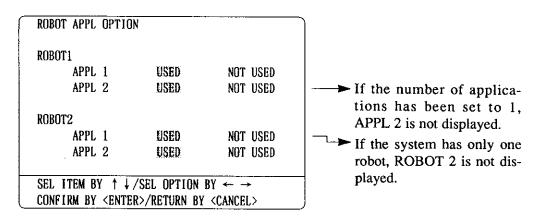
#### CIO LADDER DISPLAY



Depress ENTER after selecting the CIO ladder, and the following display appears.

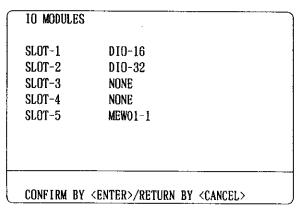
#### ROBOT APPLICATION OPTION DISPLAY

After selecting the application, the following display appears.



Depress ENTER after setting. The next display appears.

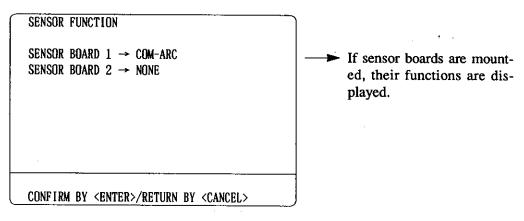
#### IO MODULE DISPLAY



Board	Diaplay	1			
Board	Display				
MIO01	$DIO-\times \times$				
MIO02	DIO-XX				
MIO03	DIO-XX				
MIO04	DIO-XX				
Number indicates point					
of contacts.					

Verify that the display matches the I/O module implementation, then depress ENTER to call up the following display. Automatic setup may or may not be available depending on the I/O module settings. If not, "AUTOMATIC SETTING IMPOSSIBLE" is displayed.

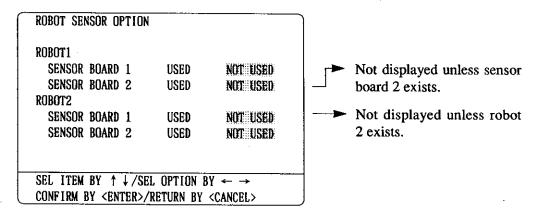
#### SENSOR FUNCTION DISPLAY



Verify that the display matches the sensor board implementation, then depress ENTER to call up the following display.

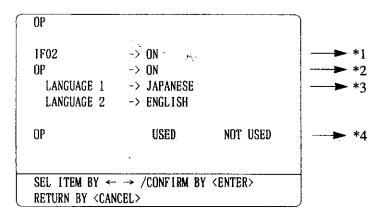
#### ROBOT SENSOR OPTION DISPLAY

Depress **ENTER** on the sensor function display. The following display appears only when the sensor board is mounted.



Depress ENTER after setting. The following display appears.

#### OP DISPLAY



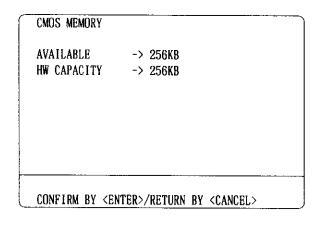
- \*1 OFF when MIF02 board does not exist.
- \*2 OFF when OP is not connected.
- \*3 The language incorporated into ROM of the operation panel is displayed only when the OP is connected.
- \*4 Displayed only when OP is connected.

Verify that the display matches the MIF02 board and OP implementation, then depress ENTER to call up the following display.

To disconnect the OP from the system, select NOT USED.

Note: If the languages that have been selected on the first and second language select displays (Par. 3.1) are not stored in OP ROM, an OP language collation error is output.

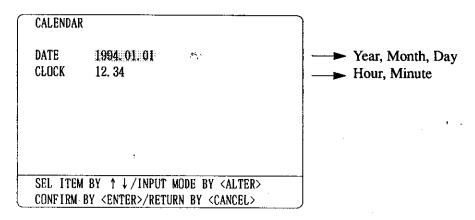
#### CMOS MEMORY DISPLAY



CMOS Memory Mounted Status	Capacity
Standard	256 kB
MMM01-2 Board Added	1 MB
MMM01-3 Board Added	2 MB
MMM01-4 Board Added	3 MB

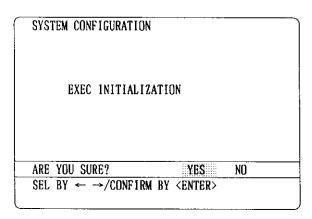
Depress ENTER after verifying that the display is the same as CMOS memory mounted status. The following display appears.

#### CALENDAR DISPLAY

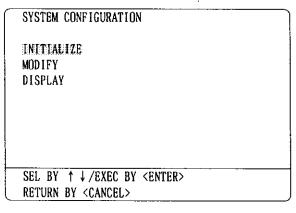


If the display differs from the actual date or time, depress MODIFY to be in the input mode and correct it. Since the calendar is already set when the display is proper, correction is not needed. Depress ENTER to call up the following display.

#### VERIFICATION DISPLAY



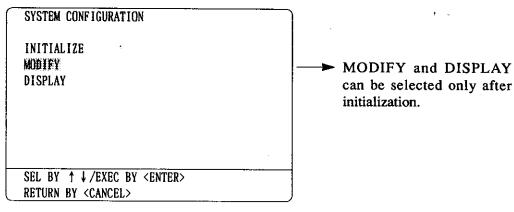
Move the cursor to YES and depress ENTER to initialize the contents of CMOS memory and return to the system configuration display. If NO is selected, the contents of CMOS memory are left unmodified.



The procedure above completes initialization. Reset the rotary switch to 0 and turn power OFF to ON again.

# **MODIFICATION**

To change part of system configuration after execution of initialization, select MODIFY . Succeeding displays are the same as those that appeared in initialization procedure, except that current settings are displayed are on the former.



For modifying the system configuration, select MODIFY on the system configuration display.

MODIFY	
LANGUAGE	CUSTOMER OPTION
CONTROLLED AXES	CUSTOMER MECHANISM
APPL	<b>‡</b>
IO MODULES	<b>‡</b>
SENSOR FUNCTION	<b>‡</b>
OP CONTRACT	<b>‡</b>
*	<b>*</b>
SEL BY ↑ ↓ /EXEC B	Y <enter></enter>
RETURN BY <cancel></cancel>	•

Depress ENTER after selecting the item. Each item modification display appears.

#### (1) Changing Languages

Language 1 and 2 can be changed on the language displays. The displays are the same as those appeared in initialization procedure.

#### (2) Changing Controlled Axes

To change controlled axes, perform the same procedure as that of initialization.

- \* Note that all the robot, base, and station parameters (of all controlled axes groups) are initialized by the procedure.
- \* When the controlled axes configuration is changed because of addition of base or station axes, the job data internal form is also changed. Therefore, job data initialization is required.

Initialize the job data following the above-mentioned changing operation.

\* When a set value such as working range is changed after addition of base or station axes, job data does not have to be initialized again since the controlled axes configuration does not change.

#### (3) Changing Application

Application setting is changed in the following procedures.

\* The displays are the same as those appeared in initialization procedure.

Select APPL on the Modification Display.

Application Select Display

Robot Application Option Display

Completion
(Return to the System Configuration Display.)

Changing application settings will not initialize CIO ladders. Initialize CIO ladders on the file initialization display if necessary.

#### (4) Changing I/O Modules

The displays are the same as that which appeared in initialization procedure, except that after ENTER is depressed a message appears asking change. Return YES to the message and depress ENTER to start automatic setting of the CIO parameters according to the current hardware implementation.

If the parameters could not be set up, "AUTOMATIC SETUP IMPOSSIBLE" is displayed.

# **MODIFICATION** (Cont'd)

#### (5) Modifying Sensor Function

The displays are the same as those appeared in initialization procedure.

Select SENSOR FUNCTION on the Modification Display.

Sensor Function Display

Robot Application Sensor Display

Verification of execution

Completion

(Return to the Modification Display.)

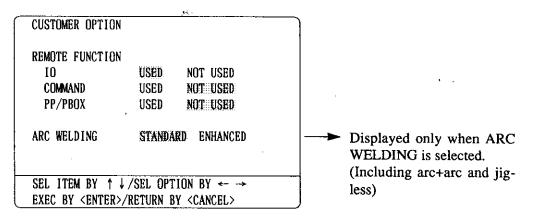
#### (6) Modifying OP Setting

The display is the same as those appeared in initialization procedure, except that after **ENTER** is depressed a message appears asking modification.

Return YES to the message and depress **ENTER** to start automatic setting of the system parameters according to the current hardware implementation.

#### (7) Modifying Customer Option

Select CUSTOMER OPTION on the modification display. The following display appears.



Depress ENTER after setting is modified. The verification message is displayed as shown below.

CUSTOMER OPTION	Į .	
REMOTE FUNCTION	I	
10	USED	NOT USED
COMMAND	USED	NOT USED
PP/PBOX	USED	NOT USED
ARC WELDING	STANDA	ARD ENHANCED
INITIALIZE RELA	TED FILES	3
ARE YOU SURE?		YES NO
SEL BY ← →/CO	NFIRM BY	<enter></enter>

Depress ENTER after selecting YES in the verification message. The system parameter is changed according to the setting status of the display.

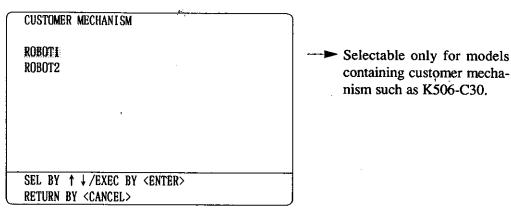
Note: Only when the arc welding function setting is modified, the welding starting condition file and ending condition file are initialized.

When the COM-ARC function is validated, the arc welding function cannot be set to ENHANCED.

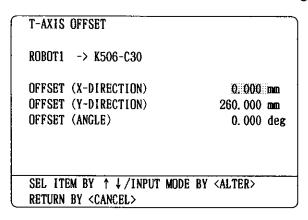
# **MODIFICATION** (Cont'd)

#### (8) Modifying Customer Mechanism

Select CUSTOMER MECHANISM on the modification display. The following display appears.



Select the ROBOT 1 or ROBOT 2. The following display appears.



Select the item to be modified by using 1 or 1 and input the value to be in the numerical input mode.

Depress ENTER after inputting the data. The data is set and the mode changes to previous mode.

# **DISPLAY**

To display the system configuration status, select DISPLAY on the system configuration display.

SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

INITIALIZE

MODIFY

DISPLAY

can be selected only after execution of initialization.

SEL BY ↑ \ / EXEC BY < ENTER>

RETURN BY < CANCEL>

DISPLAY

LANGUAGE CUSTOMER OPTION
CONTROLLED AXES CUSTOMER MECHANISM
APPL
TO MODULES
SENSOR FUNCTION
OP
CMOS MEMORY

SEL BY ↑ ↓ /EXEC BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>

Depress ENTER after selecting an item. The display of each item appears.

#### Language Display

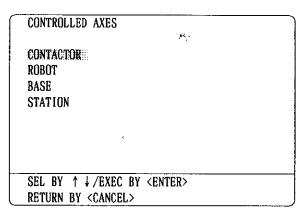
LANGUAGE

LANGUAGE 1 -> ENGLISH
LANGUAGE 2 -> JAPANESE

RETURN BY <CANCEL>

#### Controlled Axes Display

The controlled axes setting status can be displayed on the following display.

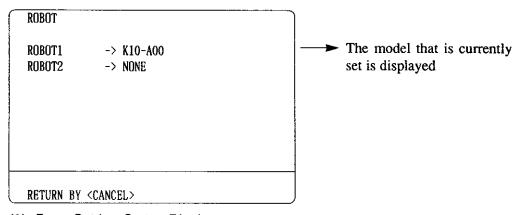


Depress ENTER after selecting a group. The display of each group appears.

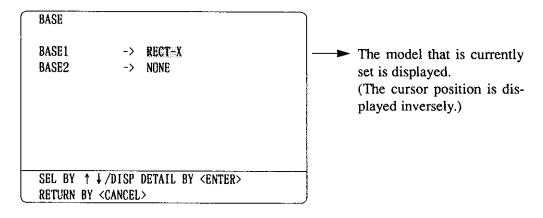
#### (1) Contactor Connection Display

The displays are the same as those appeared in initialization procedure.

#### (2) Robot Setting Status Display



#### (3) Base Setting Status Display



### (4) Display of Station Setting Status

```
STATION
STATION1
                 TURN-1
STATION2
             ->
                 NONE
STATION3
                 NONE
STATION4
             -> NONE
STATION5
             -> NONE
STATION6
             -> NONE
SEL BY ↑ ↓/DISP DETAIL BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>
```

The model being set is displayed. (The cursor position is displayed inversely.)

Select a station number to call up the following display.

```
STATION
STATION1 -> UNIV-2
AXIS-NO. 1 -> RECTHE&P
                                                       The axis type being set is
AXIS-NO. 2 -> TURN
                                                       displayed.
AXIS-NO. 3 -> NONE
                                                       (The cursor position is dis-
AXIS-NO. 4 -> NONE
                                                       played inversely.)
AXIS-NO.5 -> NONE
AXIS-NO. 6 -> NONE
AXIS-NO.7 -> NONE
AXIS-NO. 8 -> NONE
SEL BY ↑ ↓/DISP DETAIL BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>
```

Select an axis to call up the following display.

```
AXIS SPEC
STATION1 -> UNIV-2
AXIS TYPE -> RECT-R&P

MECHANICAL SPEC MOTOR SPEC

SEL BY 1 \ /DISP DETAIL BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>
```

Depress **ENTER** after selecting the mechanical specification on the axis specification display. The following display appears.

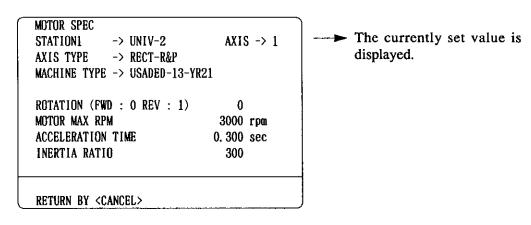
# **DISPLAY** (Cont'd)

### Mechanical Specification Display

MECHANICAL SPEC STATION1 -> UNIV-2 AXIS TYPE -> RECT-R&P	•	AXIS ->	i	 The currently set value is displayed.
REDUCTION RATIO (NUMBER)		1. 000		
REDUCTION RATIO (DENOM)		120,000		
PCD		0.000	mm	<b>!</b> •
MOTION RANGE (+)		0.000	DM	
MOTION RANGE (-)		0.000	mm.	

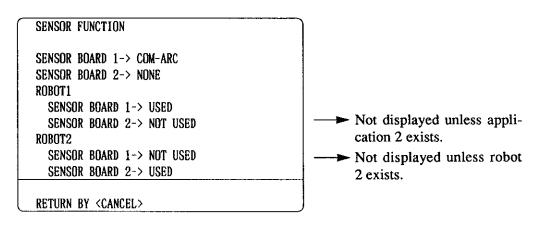
Depress **ENTER** after selecting the motor specification on the axis specification display. The following display appears.

### Motor Specification Display



### Application Display

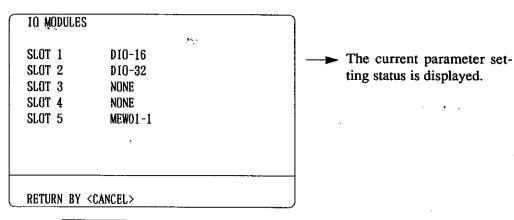
The application setting status can be observed on the application display.



Depress CANCEL to return to the display.

### ● I/O Module

The I/O module setting status can be observed on the I/O module display.



Depress CANCEL to return to the display.

### Sensor Function Display

The sensor function setting status can be displayed on the sensor function display.

```
SENSOR FUNCTION

SENSOR BOARD 1-> COM-ARC
SENSOR BOARD 2-> NONE
ROBOT 1
SENSOR BOARD 1-> USED
SENSOR BOARD 2-> NOT USED
ROBOT 2
SENSOR BOARD 1-> NOT USED
SENSOR BOARD 2-> USED

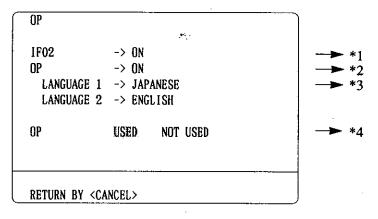
RETURN BY <CANCEL>

Not displayed unless application 2 exists.
```

# **DISPLAY** (Cont'd)

### OP

The OP setting status can be displayed on the OP display.

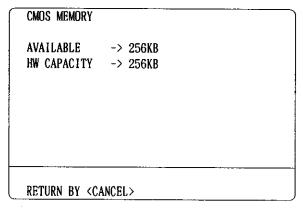


- \*1 OFF when M1F02 board does not exist.
- \*2 OFF when OP is not connected.
- \*3 The language incorporated into ROM of the operation panel is displayed only when OP is connected.
- \*4 Displayed only when OP is connected.

Depress CANCEL to return to the display.

### CMOS Memory

The CMOS memory setting status can be observed on the CMOS memory display.



Depress CANCEL to return to the display.

### Customer Option

The customer option setting status can be observed on the customer option display.

CUSTOMER OPTION		<del></del>
	**	
REMOTE FUNCTION		
10	USED	NOT USED
COMMAND	USED	NOT USED
PP/PBOX	USED	NOT USED
ARC WELDING ,	STANDARI	) ENHANCED
	<del>-</del>	
RETURN BY <cancel></cancel>		

Depress [CANCEL] to return to the display.

### Customer Mechanism

The customer mechanism setting status can be observed on the customer mechanism display.

# **OPERATION EXAMPLE**

Initializing a Cooperative System

In the example below, robot 1 is assigned to K30-A411 (K50SX) for holding work-pieces and robot 2 to K6-A301 (K6S) for are welding.

### 1

Set the rotary switch to 7 and turn ON power. The following display appears.

YASNAC-MRC

MAINTENANCE MODE

LANGUAGE JAPANESE ENGLISH

SEL BY ← →/CONFIRM BY <ENTER>

Select either JAPANESE or ENGLISH and depress ENTER. The following display appears.

# 2

Maintenance Mode Display

MAINTENANCE MODE

SETUP SYSTEM
SYSTEM VERSION
HARDWARE DIAGNOSTICS

SEL BY 1 1/EXEC BY (ENTER)

Select SETUP SYSTEM to call up the following display.

System Setup Display

SETUP SYSTEM

SYSTEM CONFIGURATION INITIALIZE FILES INITIALIZE ROM FILE

SEL BY † \ / EXEC BY < ENTER>
RETURN BY < CANCEL>

Select SYSTEM CONFIGURATION to call up the following display.

4

System Configuration Display

SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

INITIALIZE MODIFY DISPLAY

SEL BY † \ /EXEC BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>

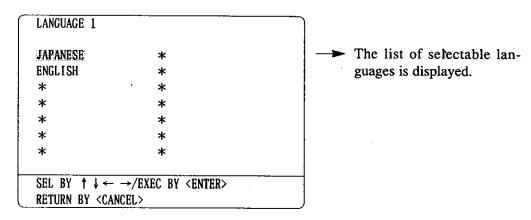
When INITIALIZE is selected, the language 1 display appears.

# **OPERATION EXAMPLE** (Cont'd)

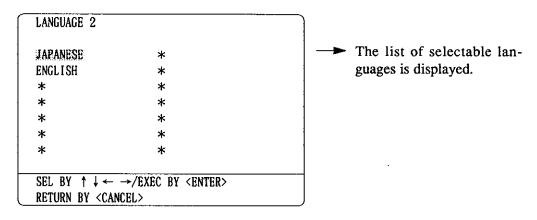
# 5

1st Language/2nd Language Display

When "INITIALIZE" is selected in the system configuration display, the following display appears.



Depress ENTER after selecting LANGUAGE 1 to call up the following display.



Depress ENTER after selecting LANGUAGE 2 to call up the following display.

# Controlled Axes Configuration Display

OFF	ON		
OFF	ON		
0 1	2 3 4	5 6	
	OFF	OFF ON	

Set ROBOT COUNT to "2" (BASE-1 and -2: "OFF", STATION COUNT: "0") and depress ENTER to call up the following display.

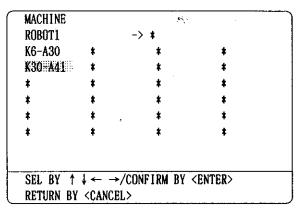
7

### Contactor Connection Display

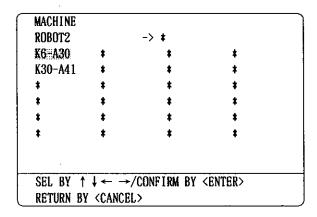
CONTACTOR CONNEC	TION	
	CONTACTOR NUMBER	
ROBOT1	1 2 3	
ROBOT2	1 2 3	
SEL BY ↑ ↓ /CONF	TIRM BY (ENTER)	
RETURN BY <cance< td=""><td></td><td></td></cance<>		

Set ROBOT 1 to CONTACTOR 1 and ROBOT 2 to CONTACTOR 2 on the default display, and depress  $\boxed{\text{ENTER}}$ . The machine display of ROBOT 1 appears.

Machine Display (ROBOT 1, ROBOT 2)



Select the model "K30-A41" for ROBOT 1, and depress ENTER . The ROBOT 2 machine display appears.



Select the model "K6-A30" for ROBOT 2 and depress ENTER. The following display appears.

### **Application Display**

APPL	N.
ARC	GENERAL PURPOSE
JIG-LESS	CO2-LASER
ARC+ARC	LASER CUTTING
HANDL I NG	PAINT
SPOT	· *
SPOT/SPOT	*
SEL BY ↑↓← - RETURN BY <cano< td=""><td>→/CONFIRM BY <enter></enter></td></cano<>	→/CONFIRM BY <enter></enter>

Depress ENTER after selecting JIG-LESS. The following display appears.

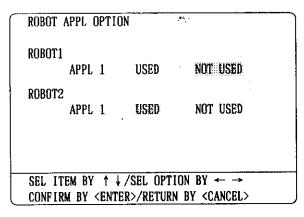
# 10

# CIO Ladder Display

ARC	GENERAL PURPOSE
JIG-LESS	CO2-LASER
ARC+ARC	LASER CUTTING
HANDLING	PAINT
SPOT	*
SPOT/SPOT	*
001 011 4 1	→/CONFIRM BY <enter></enter>

Depress ENTER after selecting JIG-LESS for CIO ladder application. The following display appears.

Robot Application Option Display



Set application 1 of robot 1 to NOT USED, application 1 of robot 2 to USED, and depress ENTER. The following display appears.

# 12

IO Module Display

SLOT-1	DI016
SLOT-2 SLOT-3	D1032 None
SLOT-4	NONE
SLOT-5	MEWO1-1

Verify that the display matches the I/O module implementation, then depress [ENTER]. The following display appears.

Sensor Function Display

SENSOR FUNCTION

SENSOR BOARD 1 -> NONE
SENSOR BOARD 2 -> NONE

CONFIRM BY <ENTER>/RETURN BY <CANCEL>

Verify that the display matches sensor board implementation, then depress **ENTER**. The following display appears.

14

**OP** Display

OP

IFO2 -> OFF
OP -> OFF

CONFIRM BY <ENTER>/RETURN BY <CANCEL>

Verify that the display matches the IF02 board and OP connection, then depress ENTER. The following display appears.

**CMOS Memory Display** 

CMOS MEMORY

AVAILABLE -> 256KB

HW CAPACITY -> 256KB

CONFIRM BY <ENTER>/RETURN BY <CANCEL>

Verify that the display matches the CMOS memory implementation, then depress ENTER. The following display appears.

# 16

Calendar Display

CALENDAR

DATE 1994 OL OL CLOCK 12. 34

SEL ITEM BY ↑ \$\frac{1}{1}\text{Input mode by <alter>}{1}\text{Confirm by <enter>/return by <cancel>

Depress ENTER after setting date and time. The following display appears.

System Configuration Execution Check Display

SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

EXEC INITIALIZATION

ARE YOU SURE?

SEL BY ← →/CONFIRM BY <ENTER>

Depress ENTER after selecting "YES". The CMOS memory contents are initialized and the following display appears.

# 18

System Configuration Display

SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

INITIALIZE
MODIFY
DISPLAY

SEL BY ↑ ↓/EXEC BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>

The above procedures complete initialization.

# 19

Turn the power OFF to ON.

# 2.3 FILE INITIALIZATION

# SELECTING FILES TO INITIALIZE

Select files to initialize on the file initialization display before starting initialization.

- (1) To initialize parameter files, refer to "Initializing Parameter Files".
- (2) To initialize condition files, refer to "Initializing Condition Files".
- (3) To initialize name files, refer to "Initializing Name Files ".
- (4) To initialize system data files, refer to "Initializing System Data Files".
- (5) To Initialize CIO ladders, refer to "Initializing CIO Ladders".
- (6) To Initialize other resources, refer to "Initializing Other Files".
- (7) If either ALL FILES or JOB DATA are selected, a message appears asking to initialize them. After selecting YES, they will be initialized.

# INITIALIZE FILES ALL FILES PARAMETER FILES CONDITION FILES NAME FILES SYSTEM DATA FILES JOB DATA CIO LADDER OTHER FILE SEL BY ↑ ↓/EXEC BY <ENTER> RETURN BY <CANCEL>

Move the cursor to the files to initialize then depress

ENTER. A message appears asking to initialize them.

After selecting YES, depress

ENTER. Then the selected files will be initialized.

When the job data are initialized, the following files are also initialized.

- · Position variable data
- · User coordinate files
- Robot calibration files
- · Tool calibration files

# ■ INITIALIZING PARAMETER FILES

By selecting PARAMETER FILES on the file initialization display, the parameter file selection display appears.

ALL FILES	SD	CM	
RC	CIO	SE	
RO	FD	VC	
SV	AP	RSM	
SVM.	RS	OBS	
SC	SP		
SEL BY ↑↓←	, /EVEC B	/ CENTED	

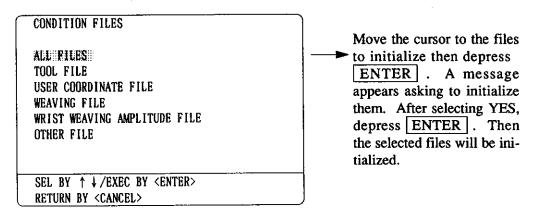
Move the cursor to the files to initialize then depress

ENTER A message appears asking to initialize them. After selecting YES, depress ENTER. Then the selected files will be initialized.

# ■ INITIALIZING CONDITION FILES

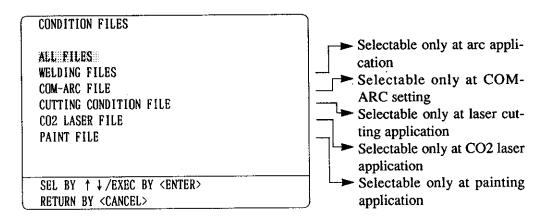
Select CONDITION FILES on the file initialization display to call up the condition file select display.

- (1) If any of ALL FILES, TOOL FILE, USER COORDINATE FILE, WEAVING FILE or WRIST WEAVING AMPLITUDE FILE is selected, a message appears asking to initialize it. After selecting YES, the selected files will be initialized.
- (2) If OTHER FILE is selected, the condition file select display (other files) appears.



If OTHER FILE are selected on the condition file select display, the condition file select display (other files) shown below appears.

- If either ALL FILES or CUTTING CONDITION FILE is selected, a message appears asking to initialize it. After selecting YES, the selected files will be initialized.
- (2) If other options are selected, the corresponding file select display appears.



Initializing Welding Files

Select WELDING FILES on the condition file select display to call up the welding file select display.

### WELDING FILES

### ALL FILES

WELD MACHINE CHARACTERISTICS FILE
WELD MACHINE CHARACTERISTICS INIT FILE
ARC START CONDITION FILE
ARC QUIT CONDITION FILE
ARC CONDITION AUXILIARY FILE
MULTI-LAYER WELD CONDITION FILE

SEL BY † \ /EXEC BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>

Move the cursor to the files to initialize then depress ENTER. A message appears asking to initialize them. After selecting YES, depress ENTER. Then the selected files will be initialized.

Note: Multi-layer welding condition file is initialized only when CMOS extension memory is mounted.

### 2

Initializing COM-ARC Files

Select COM-ARC FILE on the condition file select display to call up the COM-ARC file select display.

### COM-ARC FILE

ALL FILES

COM-ARC CONDITION FILE COM-ARC DATA FILE PHASE OFFSET DATA FILE-1 PHASE OFFSET DATA FILE-2 PATH CORRECT CONDITION FILE

SEL BY † \(\frac{1}{2}\)EXEC BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>

Move the cursor to the files to initialize then depress ENTER. A message appears asking to initialize them. After selecting YES, depress ENTER. Then the selected files will be initialized.

# **INITIALIZING CONDITION FILES (Cont'd)**

# 3

Initializing CO2 Laser File

Select CO2 LASER FILE on the condition file select display to call up the CO2 laser file select display.

CO2 LASER FILE

ALL:FILES:
LASER PROCESSING CONDITION FILE
PIERCING CONDITION FILE
ULTRA PIERCING CONDITION FILE
CUTTING CONDITION FILE

SEL BY 1 \ /EXEC BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>

Move the cursor to the files to initialize then depress ENTER. A message appears asking to initialize them. After selecting YES, depress ENTER. Then the selected files will be initialized.

### 4

Initializing Paint File

Select PAINT FILE on the condition file select display to call up the paint file select display.

PAINT FILE

ALUMFILESM PAINT GUN FILE PAINT CONDITION FILE

SEL BY ↑ ↓ /EXEC BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>

Move the cursor to the files to initialize then depress ENTER. A message appears asking to initialize them. After selecting YES, depress ENTER. Then the selected files will be initialized.

# INITIALIZING NAME FILES

Select NAME FILES on the file initializing display to call up the name file select display.

NAME FILES

ALL:FILES::

RESERVE JOB NAME FILE
UNIVERSAL IN/OUT SIGNAL NAME FILE
USER VARIABLE NAME FILE

SEL BY ↑ ↓ /EXEC BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>

Move the cursor to the files to initialize then depress

ENTER. A message appears asking to initialize them. After selecting YES, depress ENTER. Then the selected files will be initialized.

# ■ INITIALIZING SYSTEM DATA FILES

Select SYSTEM DATA FILES on the file initialization display to call up the system data file select display.

SYSTEM DATA FILES

SERVO MONITOR SIGNAL FILE HOME CALIBRATION FILE SPECIFIED POINT FILE ROBOT CALIBRATION FILE TOOL CALIBRATION FILE OPERATION ORIGIN FILE

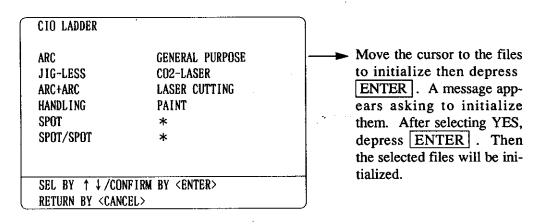
SEL BY ↑ ↓ /EXEC BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>

Move the cursor to the files to initialize then depress ENTER. A message appears asking to initialize them. After selecting YES, depress ENTER. Then the selected files will be initialized.

# ■ INITIALIZING CIO LADDERS

Select CIO LADDER on the file initialization display to call up the CIO ladder select display.

- (1) A list of applications is displayed on which the current selected application is displayed inversely.
- (2) If the list is not contained on a single page, "DEPRESS MORE FOR NEXT PAGE" is displayed.

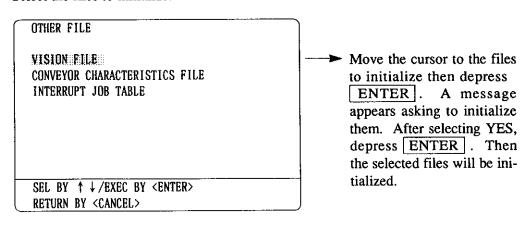


# ■ INITIALIZING OTHER FILES

Select OTHER FILE on the file initialization display to call up the other file select display.

# 1

Select the files to initialize.



Initializing Vision Files

Select VISION FILE on the other file select displays to call up the vision file select display.

VISION FILE

ALL FILES:
TEMPLATE FILE
SITUATION FILE
CALIBRATION FILE
USER COORDINATE FILE
IMAGE DATA FILE
LINE FILE

SEL BY ↑ ↓ /EXEC BY <ENTER>
RETURN BY <CANCEL>

Move the cursor to the files to initialize then depress

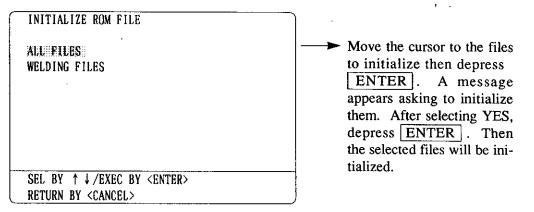
ENTER. A message appears asking to initialize them. After selecting YES, depress ENTER. Then the selected files will be initialized.

# 2.4 INITIALIZATION OF ROM FILES

# ■ SELECTING ROM FILES TO BE INITIALIZED

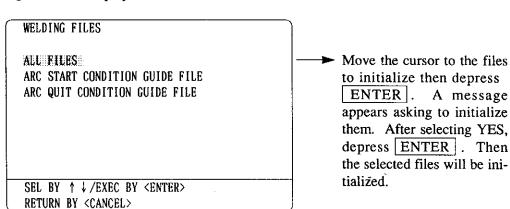
Select files to be initialized on the ROM file initialization display and depress [ENTER].

- (1) To initialize WELDING FILES, refer to "Initializing Welding Files".
- (2) If ALL FILES are selected, a message appears asking to initialize them. After selecting YES, the selected files will be initialized.



# INITIALIZING WELDING FILES

Select WELDING FILES on the ROM file initialization display to call up the welding file select display.



# **SECTION 3**

# **SYSTEM VERSION CHECK**

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3.3 SERVOPACK ROM VERSION	63	

# 3.1 SYSTEM VERSION CHECK

ROM versions of boards of the system and the SERVOPACKs can be displayed on the system version check displays.

(1) Board ROM Version Check

Versions of board ROM chips mounted on the system are displayed.

(2) SERVOPACK ROM Version Check

Versions of SERVOPACK ROM chips mounted on the system are displayed.

# SYSTEM VERSION CHECK DISPLAY

1

Start up in maintenance mode and select SYSTEM VERSION.

MAINTENANCE MODE	
SETUP SYSTEM SYSTEM: VERSION HARDWARE DIAGNOSTICS	Select processing by using  or in and depress  ENTER.
SEL BY ↑ ↓/EXEC BY <enter></enter>	

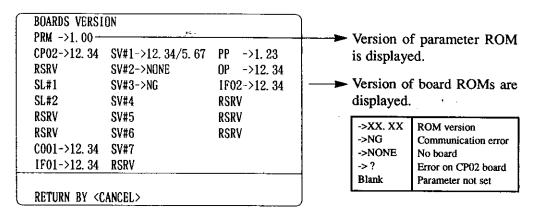
2

On the system version check display, move the cursor to the processing to be displayed and depress ENTER.

SYSTEM VERSION	
BOARDS VERSION SERVO-PACK VERSION	Select processing by using   or  and depress  ENTER.
SEL BY ↑ ↓/EXEC BY <enter> RETURN BY <cancel></cancel></enter>	

# 3.2 BOARD ROM VERSION

Select BOARD ROM VERSION on the system version check display to call up the board ROM version display.

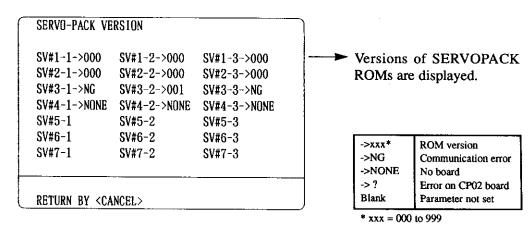


<sup>\*</sup> For SV, a ROM version is displayed in a format of DSP/monitor CPU.

# 3.3 SERVOPACK ROM VERSION

800

Select SERVO-PACK VERSION on the system version check display to call up the SERVOPACK ROM version display.



C

4.34

# **SECTION 4**

# **ALARM OF ONLINE MODE AT POWER ON**

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### 4.1 OUTLINE

If the MRC system starts up in standard or simulated online mode, the following procedure is executed immediately after power is turned ON. Provided that the entire procedure is completed normally, the system gets ready in either online mode.

If an error occurs during the startup procedure, an alarm display appears and the system stops. (In simulated online mode, the procedure can be restarted by depressing CANCEL).)

Standard/Forced Online Mode Startup Procedure

Power ON CPU response-ready status read (A-bus/S-bus CPU exchange) CIO board presence check If failed → "0" display on 7-segment LED of MCP01 board PP data link setup If failed → "F" display on 7-segment LED of MCP01 board PP initial display CMOS communication area clear General-purpose output area initialization Parameter file sum check If failed → Alarm 200 (parameters lost) CPU board insertion status check (on all CPUs) If failed → Alarm 10 (CPU board insertion error) A-bus shared RAM test (on MCP01) If failed → Alarm 60 (A-bus shared RAM error) S-bus 2-port RAM test (on MCP01) If failed → Alarm 80 (S-bus 2-port RAM error) CPU communication test (on MCP02, MIF01, and MIF02) If failed → Alarm 20 (CPU communication error) OP data link setup If failed → Alarm 20 (CPU communication error) OP initial display D-bus 2-port RAM test (on MCP02) If failed → Alarm 70 (D-bus 2-port RAM error)

```
CMOS memory capacity collation
If failed →Alarm 310 (CMOS memory capacity collation error)
                       Job file recovery
                      Job file sum check
       If failed → Alarm 220 (job management data lost)
           CIO ladder intermediate code sum check
           If failed → Alarm 230 (CIO ladders lost)
             System configuration data sum check
     If failed → Alarm 210 (system configuration data lost)
                  Axis board setting collation
If failed → Alarm 300 (system configuration data collation error)
                      Language collation
If failed → Alarm 300 (system configuration data collation error)
         Application setting parameter collation check
   If failed → Alarm 360 (application setting collation error)
            CPU communication test (on all CPUs)
       If failed → Alarm 20 (CPU communication error)
                   ROM test (on all CPUs)
              If failed → Alarm 30 (ROM error)
                Local RAM test (on all CPUs)
            If failed → Alarm 40 (local RAM error)
                    RTC test (on all CPUs)
               If failed → Alarm 50 (RTC error)
    A-bus shared RAM test (on MCP01, MCP02 and MIF02)
        If failed → Alarm 60 (A-bus shared RAM error)
               D-bus 2-port RAM test (on MSV)
        If failed → Alarm 70 (D-bus 2-port RAM error)
         Parameter transmission (on MIF01 and MSV)
      If failed → Alarm 400 (parameter transmission error)
               CIO parameter consistency check
            If failed → Alarm 330 (parameter error)
```

# 4.1 **OUTLINE** (Cont'd)

I/O module connection status transmission If failed → Alarm 90 (I/O module communication error) I/O module connection status result collation If failed → Alarm 320 (I/O module collation error) Sensor function collation If failed → Alarm 370 (sensor function collation error) Current amplifier parameter read (version number) If failed → Alarm 100 (current amplifier communication error) Current amplifier parameter write (motor code/current amplifier gain) If failed → Alarm 110 (current amplifier parameter write error) Absolute data preparation If failed → Alarm 120 (encoder communication error) Alarm 130 (encoder overspeed) Alarm 131 (encoder absolute error) Alarm 132 (encoder backup error) Alarm 133 (encoder check sum error) Alarm 134 (encoder battery error) Alarm 135 (encoder overheat) Alarm 350 (encoder type collation error) Online mode transition processing (on all CPUs except MCP01) If failed → Alarm 410 (mode transition error) CIO ladder transmission and compilation

Online display

If failed → Alarm 410 (mode transition error)

# 4.2 LIST OF PRE-ONLINE MODE ALARMS

### 1: Alarms Caused by Hardware Error

No.	Name	Process	Corrective Action
10	CPU BOARD INSERTION ERROR	×	Visual check
20	CPU COMMUNICATION ERROR	×	Visual check
30	ROM ERROR	×	Visual check
40	LOCAL RAM ERROR	×	Visual check
50	RTC ERROR	×	Visual check
60	ABUS COMMON RAM ERROR	×	Visual check
70	DBUS 2PORT RAM ERROR	×	Visual check
80	SBUS 2PORT RAM ERROR	×	Visual check
90	I/O MODULE COMMUNICATION ERROR	×	Visual check and parameter correction
100	IAMP COMMUNICATION ERROR	×	Visual check
110	IAMP PARAM MODIFICATION ERROR	×	Visual check
120	ENCODER COMMUNICATION ERROR	Х	Visual check
130	ENCODER OVER SPEED	×	Visual check
131	ENCODER ABS DATA ERROR	×	Visual check
132	ENCODER BACKUP ERROR*	△*	Battery replacement and home position registration
133	ENCODER CHECKSUM ERROR	△*	Battery replacement and home position registration
134	ENCODER BATTERY ERROR †	0†	Battery replacement
135	ENCODER OVER HEAT ‡	0#	Encoder cooling

 $\times$ : Operation halts.

 $\triangle$ : Changed to online mode after alarm is reset.

O: Message displayed at any time after changed to online mode.

### 2: Alarms Caused by CMOS Data Error

No.	Name	Process	Corrective Action
200	PARAM ERROR	×	Re-initialization in maintenance mode
210	SYSTEM CONFIG DATA ERROR	×	Re-initialization in maintenance mode
220	JOB MANAGEMENT DATA ERROR	×	Re-initialization in maintenance mode
230	CIO LADDER ERROR	×	Re-initialization in maintenance mode

# 4.2 LIST OF PRE-ONLINE MODE ALARMS (Cont'd)

3: Alarms Caused by System Configuration Error

No.	Name	Process	Corrective Action
300	SYSTEM CONFIG DATA VERIFY ERROR	×	Re-initialization in maintenance mode
310	CMOS MEMORY SIZE VERIFY ERROR	×	Re-initialization in maintenance mode
320	I/O MODULE VERIFY ERROR	×	Re-initialization in maintenance mode
330	INVALID PARAM	×	Parameter value correction
340	SERVOPACK TYPE VERIFY ERROR	×	Parameter value correction
350	ENCODER TYPE VERIFY ERROR	×	Parameter value correction
360	APPLICATION VERIFY ERROR	×	Re-initialization in maintenance mode
370	SENSOR FUNCTION VERIFY ERROR	×	Re-initialization in maintenance mode

### 4: Other Alarms

No.	Name	Process	Corrective Action
400	PARAM TRANSMISSION ERROR	×	Visual check
410	MODE CHANGE ERROR	×	Visual check

If an alarm occurs, it is displayed on the PP display.

Alarms occurring during startup procedure are recorded in offline alarm history in the same way as alarms occurring during operations in online mode.

\* If CANCEL is depressed after any of the following alarms occur, the encoder of the axis where the alarm occurred is reset, home positioning completion status is reset to 0, and online mode is started.

132 ENCODER BACKUP ERROR

133 ENCODER CHECKSUM ERROR

† If the following alarm occurs, the encoder of the axis where the alarm occurred is unconditionally alarm-masked. After transition to online mode, "ENCODER BATTERY ERROR [axis-number]" is displayed continuously.

### 134 ENCODER BATTERY ERROR

‡ If the following alarm occurs, the encoder of the axis where the alarm occurred is unconditionally alarm-masked. After transition to online mode, "ENCODER OVER HEAT [axis-number]" is displayed continuously.

In order to prevent further overheating, playback operation is prohibited by interlocking.

135 ENCODE OVER HEAT

# 4.3 ALARM DISPLAY

Count-down Display

YASNAC-MRC
PERFORMING SYSTEM DIAGNOSTICS
COUNT -> 999

# ALARMS CAUSED BY HARDWARE ERROR

Alarm 10 Display

ALARM 10 CPU BOARD INSE	DTION CODOD	
CP02 -> OK	SV#1 -> OK	PP
RSRV	SV#2 -> NONE	OP
SL#1	SV#3	IF02
SL#2	SV#4	RSRV
RSRV	SV#5	RSRV
RSRV	SV#6	RSRV
CP01 -> OK	SV#7	
1F01 -> OK	RSRV	

OK: Normal

NONE: No board inserted

Explanation: CPU board presence check error

Action to be taken: Check status of insertion of the board marked NONE.

Replace ROM of the board marked NONE.

Replace the board marked NONE.

# **ALARMS CAUSED BY HARDWARE ERROR** (Cont'd)

### Alarm 20 Display

ALARM 20		
CPU COMMUNICATION	ERROR	
CP02 -> OK	SV#1 -> 'OK	PP
RSRV	SV#2 -> NG	OP
SL#1	SV#3	1F02
SL#2	SV#4	RSRV
RSRV	SV#5	RSRV
RSRV	SV#6	RSRV
CP01 -> OK	SV#7	
1F01 -> OK	RSRV	

OK: Normal NG: Error

Explanation: CPU communication test error

Action to be taken: Check status of insertion of the board marked NONE.

Replace ROM of the board marked NONE.

Replace the board marked NONE.

### Alarm 30 Display

ROM ERROR		
CP02 -> OK	SV#1 -> OK	PP
RSRV	SV#2 -> NG	OP
SL#1	SV#3	1F02
SL#2	SV#4	RSRV
RSRV	SV#5	RSRV
RSRV	SV#6	RSRV
CP01 -> OK	SV#7	
IF01 -> OK	RSRV	

OK: Normal NG: Error

Explanation: ROM total value check error

Action to be taken: Replace the ROM of the board marked NG.

### Alarm 40 Display

ALARM 40		
RAM ERROR (LOC	AL)	
CP02 -> OK	SV#1 → 'OK	PP
RSRV	SV#2 -> NG	OP
SL#1	SV#3	IF02
SL#2	SV#4	RSRV
RSRV	SV#5	RSRV
RSRV	SV#6	RSRV
CP01 -> OK	s SV#7	
IF01 -> OK	RSRV	

OK: Normal NG: Error

Explanation: Local RAM test error

Action to be taken: Replace the board marked NG.

### Alarm 50 Display

RTC ERROR		
CP02 -> OK	SV#1 -> OK	PP
RSRV	SV#2 -> NG	OP
SL#1	SV#3	1F02
SL#2	SV#4	RSRV
RSRV	SV#5	RSRV
RSRV	SV#6	RSRV
CP01 -> OK	SV#7	
IF01 -> OK	RSRV	

OK: Normal NG: Error

Explanation: RTC test error

Action to be taken: Replace the board marked NG.

### ALARMS CAUSED BY HARDWARE ERROR (Cont'd)

#### Alarm 60 Display

```
ALARM 60

RAM ERROR (A-BUS COMMON)

CP02 -> QK

RSRV

SL#1

SL#2

RSRV

RSRV

RSRV

CP01 -> QK

IF01 -> QK
```

OK: Normal NG: Error

Explanation: A-bus common RAM error

Action to be taken: Check inserted status of CP01/CP02/IF01/SL boards.

Replace the CP01/CP02/IF01/SL boards.

#### Alarm 70 Display

RAM ERROR (D-B	US 2-PORT)
CP02 -> OK	SV#1 -> OK
CP02 -> OK	SV#2 -> OK
CP02	SV#3
CPO2	SV#4
CP02	SV#5
CP02	SV#6
CP02	SV#7
CP02	RSRV

OK: Normal NG: Error

Explanation: D-bus 2-port RAM test error

Action to be taken: Check inserted status of CP02/SV boards.

Replace the CP02/SV boards.

### 4

### Alarm 80 Display

ALARM 80 RAM ERROR (S-	BUS 2-PORT)	
CP01 -> OK	IF02 -> OK	
CP01	RSRV	
CP01	RSRV	
CP01	RSRV	
	;	
	**	

OK: Normal NG: Error

Explanation: S-bus 2-port RAM error

Action to be taken: Check inserted status of CP01 board/board marked NG.

Replace the CP01 board/board marked NG.

### Alarm 90 Display

ALARM 90		
TO MODU	LE COMMUNICATION ERROR	
SLOT-1	-> OK	
SLOT-2	-> OK	
SLOT-3		
SLOT-4		
SLOT-5	-> NG	
RY	-> NG	
PBOX	-> OK	
		******

OK: Normal NG: Error

Explanation: I/O module communication test error

Action to be taken: Check inserted status of the module marked NG.

Replace the module marked NG.

### **ALARMS CAUSED BY HARDWARE ERROR** (Cont'd)

#### Alarm 100 Display

IAMP COMMUNIC	ATTOR BRROW	
SV#1-1 -> OK	SV#1-2 -> OK	SV#1-3 -> NG
SV#2-1 -> OK	SV#2-2 -> OK	SV#2-3 -> NG
SV#3-1	SV#3-2	SV#3-3
SV#4-1	SV#4-2	SV#4-3
SV#5-1	SV#5-2	SV#5-3
SV#6-1	SV#6-2	SV#6-3
SV#7-1	SV#7-2	SV#7-3

OK: Normal NG: Error

SV#X-X: Y-axis of SV#X-

board

Explanation: Current amplifier communication test error

Action to be taken: Check cable connection between the SV board and

SERVOPACK (of the axis marked NG).

Replace the SV board or SERVOPACK (of the axis marked NG).

#### Alarm 110 Display

IAMP PARAM MO	DIFICATION E	RROR
SV#1-1 -> OK	SV#1-2 -> 0	K SV#1-3 -> NG
SV#2-1 -> OK	SV#2-2 -> 0	K SV#2-3 -> NG
SV#3-1	SV#3-2	SV#3-3
SV#4-1	SV#4-2	SV#4-3
SV#5-1	SV#5-2	SV#5-3
SV#6-1	SV#6-2	SV#6-3
SV#7-1	SV#7-2	SV#7-3

OK: Normal NG: Error

Explanation: Current amplifier parameter modification error

Action to be taken: Check cable connection between the SV board and

SERVOPACK (of the axis marked NG).

Replace the SV board or SERVOPACK (of the axis marked NG).

#### Alarm 120 Display

```
ALARM 120

ENCODER COMMUNICATION ERROR

ROBOT1 -> S L U R B T ROBOT2 -> S L U R B T A B

BASE1 -> 1

BASE2 -> 1

STATION1 -> 1 2 3

STATION2 -> 1

STATION3 -> 1

STATION4 -> 1
```

Inverted display: Error

Explanation: Encoder communication error

Action to be taken: Check cable connection between the SV board and

SERVOPACK (of the axis marked NG).

Replace the SV board or SERVOPACK (of the axis marked NG).

#### Alarm 130 Display

```
ALARM 130

ENCODER OVERSPEED

ROBOT1 -> S L W R B T

ROBOT2 -> S L U R B T A B

BASE1 -> 1

BASE2 -> 1

STATION1 -> 1 2 3

STATION2 -> 1

STATION3 -> 1

STATION4 -> 1
```

Inverted display: Error

Explanation: Encoder error

Action to be taken: Replace the encoder (of inverted axis).

### **ALARMS CAUSED BY HARDWARE ERROR** (Cont'd)

#### Alarm 131 Display

```
ALARM 131

ENCODER ABSO DATA ERROR

ROBOT1 -> S L U R B T A B

BASE1 -> 1

BASE2 -> 1

STATION1 -> 1 2 3

STATION2 -> 1

STATION3 -> 1

STATION4 -> 1

RESET ALARM BY <CANCEL>
```

Inverted display: Error

Explanation: Encoder error

Action to be taken: Replace the encoder (of inverted axis).

#### Alarm 132 Display

```
ALARM 132

ENCODER BACK-UP ERROR

ROBOT1 -> S L U R B T

ROBOT2 -> S L U R B T A B

BASE1 -> 1

BASE2 -> 1

STATION1 -> 1 2 3

STATION2 -> 1

STATION3 -> 1

STATION4 -> 1

RESET ALARM BY <CANCEL>
```

Inverted display: Error

Explanation: Encoder error

Action to be taken: Replace the battery and register home position.

#### Alarm 133 Display

```
ALARM 133

ENCODER CHECKSUM ERROR

ROBOT1 -> S L U R B T A B

BASE1 -> 1

BASE2 -> 1

STATION1 -> 1 2 3

STATION2 -> 1

STATION3 -> 1

STATION4 -> 1

RESET ALARM BY <CANCEL>
```

Inverted display: Error

Explanation: Encoder error

Action to be taken: Replace the battery and register home position.

### **ALARMS CAUSED BY CMOS ERROR**

Alarm 200 Display

ALARM 200
FAULT (PARAMETER)
SC : SYSTEM MATCHING PARAMETER
*

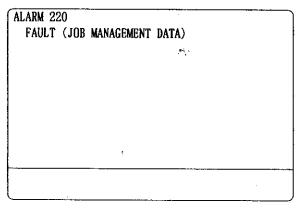
Explanation: Parameter sum check error Action to be taken: Initialize the parameter again.

Alarm 210 Display

ALARM 210
FAULT (SYSTEM CONFIG-DATA)

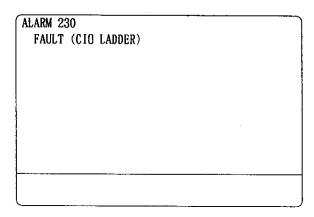
Explanation: System configuration data sum check error Action to be taken: Initialize the system configuration again.

### Alarm 220 Display



Explanation: Job management data sum check error. Action to be taken: Initialize the job again.

### Alarm 230 Display



Explanation: CIO ladder sum check error

Action to be taken: Initialize the CIO ladder again.

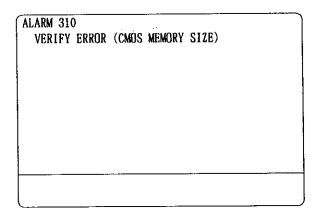
## ALARMS CAUSED BY SYSTEM CONFIGURATION ERROR

Alarm 300 Display

ALARM 300	
VERIFY ERROR	(SYSTEM CONFIG-DATA)
	,
	i

Explanation: System configuration data verification test error Action to be taken: Initialize the system configuration again.

Alarm 310 Display



Explanation: CMOS memory capacity verification error

(System configuration setting differs from hardware mounted status.)

Action to be taken: Verify the extension CMOS board mounted status.

4

#### Alarm 320 Display

ALARM 320
VERIFY ERROR (I/O MODULE)

SLOT-1 -> OK
SLOT-2 -> OK
SLOT-3
SLOT-4
SLOT-5 -> NG

OK: Matched

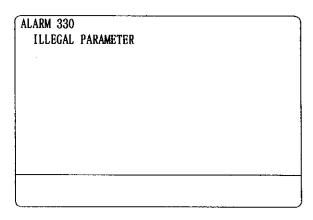
NONE: Not matched

Explanation: I/O module verification error

(System configuration setting differs from hardware mounted status.)

Action to be taken: Verify the type of the module marked NG.

### Alarm 330 Display



Explanation: Parameter value error

(CIO, RC×G, SV×G, SV1D, SV2D, SVM parameters)

Action to be taken: Correct parameter value.

### ALARMS CAUSED BY SYSTEM CONFIGURATION ERROR (Cont'd)

#### Alarm 340 Display

VERIFY	ERROR	(SERVOPACK	TYPE)
SV#1-1	-> OK	SV#1-2 ->	OK SV#1-3 -> NG
SV#2-1	-> OK	SV#2-2 ->	OK SV#2-3 -> NG
SV#3-1		SV#3-2	SV#3-3
SV#4-1		SV#4-2	SV#4-3
SV#5-1		SV#5-2	SV#5-3
SV#6-1		SV#6-2	SV#6-3
SV#7-1		SV#7-2	SV#7-3

OK: Matched NONE: Not matched

Explanation: SERVOPACK type verification error

(Parameter setting differs from hardware mounted status.)

Action to be taken: Correct parameter value.

#### Alarm 350 Display

VERIFY ER	ROR	(EN	COD	ER 7	ryp	E)			
ROBOT1	->	S	L	U	R	В	T		
ROBOT2	->	S	L	U	R	8	T	A	В
BASE1	->	1							
BASE2	->	1							
STATION1	->	1	2	3					
STATION2	->	1							
STATION3	->	1							
STATION4	->	1							

Inverted axis: Error

Explanation: Encoder type verification error

(Parameter setting differs from hardware mounted status.)

Action to be taken: Correct parameter value.

#### Alarm 360 Display

ALARM 360
VERIFY ERROR (APPLICATION)

Explanation: Application setting verification error Action to be taken: Correct parameter value.

### Alarm 370 Display

ALARM 370
VERIFY ERROR (SENSOR FUNCTION)

SENSOR BOARD 1 -> OK
SENSOR BOARD 2 -> NG

OK: Matched NG: Not matched

Explanation: Sensor function verification error

(System configuration setting differs from hardware mounted status.)

Action to be taken: Verify the type of the board marked NG.

### **OTHER ALARMS**

### Alarm 400 Display

ALARM 400		
PARAMETER TRAN	SMISSION ERROR	
CP02 -> OK	SV#1 -> OK	PP
RSRV	SV#2 -> NG	OP
SL#1	SV#3	1F02
SL#2	SV#4	RSRV
RSRV	SV#5	RSRV
RSRV	SV#6	RSRV
CP01 -> OK	SV#7	
IF01 -> OK	RSRV	

OK: Completed normally NG: Transmission error

Explanation: Parameter transmission error

### Alarm 410 Display

MODE CHANGE EF	ROR	
CPO2 -> OK	SV#1 -> OK	PP
RSRV	SV#2 -> NG	OP
SL#1	SV#3	IF02
SL#2	SV#4	RSRV
RSRV	SV#5	RSRV
RSRV	SV#6	RSRV
CP01 -> OK	SV#7	
IF01 -> OK	RSRV	

OK: Completed normally NONE: Mode change error

Explanation: Mode change error

### 5

### **SECTION 5**

### MCP01 BOARD 7-SEGMENT LED DISPLAY

1 1	DICIT	<b>ERROR</b>	CODE	DICPI	$\Delta V$
1 1 -	илси	CKKUK	CODE	DISEL	ΛI

■ 4-DIGIT CODE REPEATED DISPLAY

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While the MRC system is functioning properly, the 7-segment LEDs of the MCP01 (SYSCON) board display nothing. If an error occurs, the LEDs indicate the code of the error.

### 1-DIGIT ERROR CODE DISPLAY

Display	Meaning
.8.	MCP01 or SROMS error (MCP01 or SROMS board is defective.)
(Period)	NMI occurred during NINDY monitor operation. (MCP01, MCP02, MIF01, or MSV01 board is defective or not inserted properly.)
0	MIF01 (CIO) board error (MIF01 board is defective or not inserted properly.)
1 to F	Communication error between MCP01 and programming pendant

#### Details of Communication Error between MCP01 and Programming Pendant

Display	Meaning
1	System alarm
2	Data transmission buffer overflow
3	Data receiving buffer overflow
4	Data receiving time-over
5	SIO receiving alarm (overrun, flaming, parity error)
6	SIO receiving alarm (data transmission disabled)
7	Receiving data BCC alarm
9	Programming Pendant software watchdog alarm
a	Receiving data command length error
d	Denial response from programming pendant (BCC alarm detection at programming pendant)
Е	Failed data transmission establishment other than at power ON
F	Failed data transmission establishment at program pendant alarm occurrence / power setup

### 4-DIGIT CODE REPEATED DISPLAY

If a non-maskable interrupt (NMI) occurs, a 4-digit interrupt code (listed on the next page) is displayed repeatedly.

Example: If a watchdog timer error (whose alarm code is 0906) occurs on the MCP01 board, it is indicated as:

$$0 \rightarrow 9 \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow . \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 9 \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow .$$
 repeat

Return Code	Meaning
F000	Power lost *
F001	Watchdog error
F002	Access error
F003	A-bus error
F004	Other CPU error

<sup>\*</sup> In thermostat diagnosis mode (rotary switch position 5), return codes from all CPUs at the time of occurrence are displayed on the result display.

Display	Meaning
0900's	Watchdog timer error (A-bus)
0900	MCP02
0901	Reserved 55
0902	SL#1
0903	SL#2
0904	Reserved
0905	Reserved
0906	MCP01
0907	MIF01
0910's	Watchdog timer error (D-bus)
0910	MSV#1
0911	MSV#2
0912	MSV#3
0913	MSV#4
0914	MSV#5
0915	MSV#6
0916	MSV#7
0917	Reserved
0920's	Watchdog timer error (S-bus)
0920	MIF02
0930's	Access error (A-bus)
0930	MCP02
0931	Reserved
0932	SL#1
0933	SL#2
0934	Reserved
0935	Reserved
0936	MCP01
0937	MIF01
0940's	A-bus error
0940	MCP02
0941	Reserved
0942	SL#1
0943	SL#2
0944	Reserved
0945	Reserved
0946	MCP01
0947	MIF01

(Cont'd)

### ■4-DIGIT CODE REPEATED DISPLAY (Cont'd)

(Cont'd)

Displa	ıy	Meaning
0950's		CPU hang-up error (A-bus)
(	0950	MCP02 **
(	0951	Reserved
(	0952	MSL#1
	0953	MSV#2
	0954	Reserved
	0955	Reserved
	0956	MCP01
	0957	MIF01
0960's		CPU hang-up error (D-bus)
	0960	MSV#1
	0961	MSV#2
<del></del> .	0962	MSV#3
	0963	MSV#4
	0964	MSV#5
	0965	MSV#6
	0966	MSV#7
	0967	Reserved
0970's		CPU hang-up error (S-bus)
	0970	MIF02
0999's		
	0999	NMI (non-maskable interrup) factor judgement disabled

#### Action to be Taken when 7-segment LEDs of MCP01 Board Light

- Refer to the maintenance procedure and verify that :
  - ·All boards in the CPU rack are inserted in proper slots,
  - · All boards in the I/O rack are inserted in proper slots,
  - ·Cables between boards are connected properly, and
  - ·ROMs are properly inserted into all boards in the CPU rack. (Make sure of this particularly after replacing ROMs.)

If all these connections are perfect, proceed to the steps below.

- Remove from the rack the boards that correspond to the code displayed on the 7-segment LED and insert it again.
  - → (The board contact is probably faulty.)

Proceed to the next step if the same error occurs after restarting the system. (Do it in other steps.)

- Remove other boards from the rack and insert them again.
  - → Because of the hardware configuration, faulty contact with a board may be indicated by another board's error code.
- Start up in maintenance mode.
  - → If the system is not started, observe the procedure of "Action to be Taken when Startup in Maintenance Mode Failed" explained below.
- Select the system version check display in maintenance mode. Confirm that there is a ROM version display for all the mounted boards. If any board is omitted, replace that board.
  - → The board is probably defective.
- Replace the board that corresponds to the code displayed on the 7-segment LED.
  - → (The board is probably defective.)
- Replace other boards.
  - → Because of the hardware configuration, failure of a board may be indicated by another board's error code.
- Contact your YASKAWA representative.

Action to be Taken when Startup in Maintenance Mode Failed

- Leaving the MCP01 and MIF01 boards only, remove all boards (MCP02, MSL01, MSL02 and MSV) from the rack and turn ON power.
  - → If startup in maintenance mode fails again, the MCP01 or MIF01 board probably has a connection failure or is defective.
- If the system has been started up, insert the removed boards one by one each time checking if the system can be started.
  - → The board that has been inserted before failure in startup in maintenance mode probably has a connection failure or is defective.
- \* The system can be started up in maintenance mode with no other boards except boards MCP01 and MIF01.

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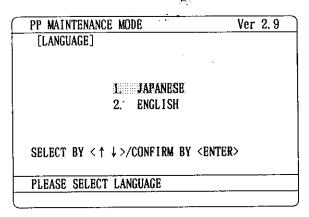
### **APPENDIX 1**

# PP (PROGRAMMING PENDANT) MAINTENANCE

1.1 FUNCTION OUTLINE	94
1.2 SECTION DIAGNOSIS	96
1.3 SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS	104
1.4 DIAGNOSIS MENU TREE	105

### 1.1 FUNCTION OUTLINE

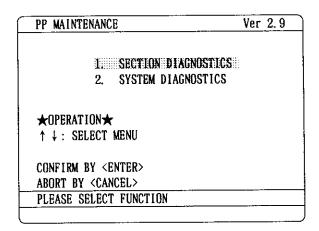
Software diagnosis can be conducted by key operations on the programming pendant. Turn OFF power to the robot. Holding down both \( \bullet \) and \( \bullet \) and \( \bullet \) turn ON power to the MRC. The system starts up in maintenance mode and the display appears as shown below.



Select a display language. For the display screens in the following explanation, English has been selected.

There are two diagnosis procedures.

- ·Section diagnosis: Selected test is conducted. (Manual diagnosis)
- ·System diagnosis: The entire system is diagnosed automatically.



Display on the programming pendant screen consists of the following four areas.

GENERAL-PURPOSE AREA

MESSAGE AREA

OPERATION INSTRUCTION AREA

### (1) Status Display Area

Diagnosis type and the programmable ROM version are displayed.

#### (2) General-purpose Area

Necessary information of the ongoing diagnosis test is displayed. The name of the test is displayed in the upper left of the area.

#### (3) Message Area

Error messages and other interactive system messages are displayed. These messages are automatically scrolled in the horizontal direction. This motion is indicative of normal function of the programming pendant.

#### (4) Operation Instruction Area

Possible operations are suggested here.

### 1.2 SECTION DIAGNOSIS

### **SECTION DIAGNOSIS**

Select section diagnosis to call up the menu shown below. The ->> mark after a test name means that there are submenus for that test.

PP MAINTENANCE	[SECTION]	Ver 2.9
1	ROM TEST	
2.	RAM TEST	
3.	KEY TEST	
4.	LED TEST ->>	
5.	LCD TEST ->>	
6.	BELL TEST	
7.	SIO TEST	
PLEASE SELECT F	UNCTION	
ABORT BY <cance< td=""><td></td><td></td></cance<>		

Select 1. ROM TEST to call up the display shown below and start ROM test. If an error occurs, an error message appears on the message area and diagnosis process stops. Replace the PROM. This test is repeated until the CANCEL key is depressed.

I T MAKETIMATOM	ANCE [SECTION]	Ver 2, 9
ROM TEST	Try = 760	Err = 0
	TOTAL VALUE =	= 0
EXECUTING	ROM TEST · · ·	

Select 2. RAM TEST to call up the display shown below and start RAM test. If an error occurs, an error message appears on the message line. Replace the CPU board. This test is repeated until the CANCEL key is depressed.

PP	MAINTENA	NCE [SI	CTION]	∨er :	2. 9
RAM	TEST	Try =	18. 5	Err = 0	
	RAM ADD	RESS =	0	: 5800	
		•			
EXE	CUTING R	AM TEST	• • •		-
ABO	RT BY <c< td=""><td>ANCEL&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></c<>	ANCEL>			

Select 3. KEY TEST to call up the display shown below.

When one key on the programming pendant is depressed, the corresponding bit of the corresponding group is set to "1" and displayed inversely. Correspondence between the bits and the keys is shown in the keyboard matrix below. If the bit remains "0" after the corresponding key is depressed, the key is defective. Replace the keyboard chip. Depressing the CANCEL key returns to the preceding display.

PP MAINTE	NANCE [SECT]	ION]	_	Ver 2.9
KEY TEST	Try = 0	Err	=	0
KEY-GRPO	: 1000-0000	KEY-GRP4	:	0000-0000
KEY-GRP1	: 0000-0000	KEY-GRP5	:	0000-0000
KEY-GRP2	: 0000-0000	KEY-GRP6	:	0000-0000
KEY-GRP3	: 0000-0000	KEY-GRP7	:	0000-0000
DEPRESS K	(EY • • •			
RETURN BY	<cancel></cancel>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

### 1.2 SECTION DIAGNOSIS (Cont'd)

### Keyboard Matrix Configuration

Bit Group	ь7	Ъ6	b5	ъ4	b3	ь2	bl	ьо
GRP0	*	HOLD RELEASE	ENABLE	MAN SPD SLW	•	F · 3	F·2	F·1
GRP1		HIGH SPD	COORD	MAN SPD FST	MORE	CUS- TOMER	F·5	F·4
GRP2		DELETE	INSERT	MODIFY	FUNC	SELECT	EDIT	DISP
GRP3	FWD	BWD	T+ (z+)	B+ (y+)	R+ (x+)	U+ (z+)	L+ (y+)	S+ (x+)
GRP4	TEST START	ENTER	T- (z-)	B- (y-)	R- (x-)	U- (z-)	L- (y-)	S- (x-)
GRP5	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPR6	1	-	OPEN	DSP CHG	_	•	9	8
GRP7	1	-	POS LV1	PLAY SPD	MOTION TYPE	CANCEL		

Select 4. LED TEST to call up the display shown below.

PP MAINTENANCE	[SECTION]	Ver 2. 9
	6.	
1. LED TES	T (INDIVIDUAL	. MODE)
	T (SIMULTANEO	
	,	
PLEASE SELECT FU	NCTION	
ABORT BY <cancel< td=""><td>&gt;</td><td>,</td></cancel<>	>	,

#### LED test has two modes:

- 1. Individual mode
- 2. Simultaneous mode

Select 1. LED TEST (INDIVIDUAL MODE) to call up the display shown below. The LEDs light one by one. As one LED lights, the corresponding bit of the corresponding group is set to "1" and is displayed inversely. Correspondence between the bits and the LEDs is shown in the keyboard matrix below. If the bit remains "0" after the corresponding LED lights, the LED is defective. Replace the keyboard chip. This test is repeated until the CANCEL key is depressed.

PP MAINTENANCE [SECTI	ON] Ver 2.9
LED TEST Try = 4	Err = 0
LED-GRPO : 0000	LED-GRP3 : 0000
LED-GRP1 : 0000	LED-GRP4 : 0010
LED-GRP2 : 0000	
EXECUTING LED TEST • •	4
ABORT BY <cancel></cancel>	

### 1.2 SECTION DIAGNOSIS (Cont'd)

Select 2. LED TEST (SIMULTANEOUS MODE) to call up the display shown below. All the LEDs start blinking at once. If there is any LED that does not blink, replace the keyboard chip. The LEDs continue blinking until the CANCEL key is depressed.

PP MAINTENANCE [SECTI	ON] Ver 2. 9
LED TEST Try = 4	Err = 0
LED-GRPO: 1111	LED-GRP3: 1111
LED-GRP1 : IIII	LED-GRP4 : 1111
LED-GRP2 : 1111	
EXECUTING LED TEST · ·	•
ABORT BY <cancel></cancel>	

#### **LED Matrix Configuration**

Bit Group	ь3	b2	b1	ь0		
	COORD					
GRP0	USER	TOOL	WLD/CYL	JOINT		
GRP1	MAN SPD					
OKT 1	INCH	SLW	MED	FST		
GRP2	HOLD RELEASE		ENABLE	NOT USED		
GRP3	MODIFY	INSERT	DELETE			
GRP4	DSP CHG	OPEN	PLAY SPD	POS LV1		

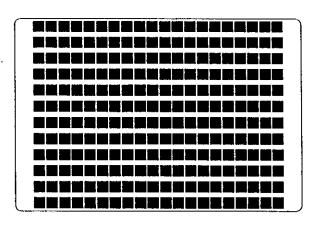
Select 5. LCD TEST to call up the display shown below.

PP MAINTENANCE	[SECTION]	Ver 2.9
	<b>~</b>	
1. 2. 3.	LCD TEST LIGHT TEST FONT TEST	
	;	
PLEASE SELECT FU	NCTION	
ABORT BY <cancel< td=""><td>&gt;</td><td>,</td></cancel<>	>	,

LCD test has three options.

- 1. Pinhole test
- 2. Back light test
- 3. Font test

Select 1. PINHOLE TEST to call up the display shown below, the entire display starts blinking. If there is any unevenness or small holes in the display, the liquid crystal display is defective. Replace the LCD. To return to the preceding display, depress the CANCEL key.

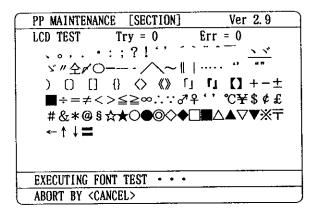


### 1.2 SECTION DIAGNOSIS (Cont'd)

Select 2. BACK LIGHT TEST to call up the display shown below, and at the same time the back light starts blinking. If the back light does not blink, replace it. Darken the room to check the blinking. To return to the preceding display, depress the CANCEL key.

PP MAI	NTENANCE	[SECTION]	Ver 2.9	
LIGHT	TEST T	ry = 381	Err = 0	
	Make sure on and of	that BACK- f	LIGHT turn	
BLINKI	NG BACK-L	IGHT		_
ARORT	BY < CANCE	il.>		

Select 3. FONT TEST to call up the display shown below, where characters of various fonts are displayed repeatedly. If nothing is displayed after selecting font test, replace the font ROM. To return to the preceding display, depress the CANCEL key.



Select 6. BELL TEST to call up the display shown below, and at the same time the bell starts ringing. The bell sound continues until the <u>CANCEL</u> key is depressed. If the bell does not sound, replace the CPU board. To return to the preceding display, depress the <u>CANCEL</u> key.

PP MAINTENAN	VCE [SECTION]	Ver 2.9
BELL TEST	Try = 0	Err = 0
		•
EVECUTING P	DI TECT	
EXECUTING B ABORT BY <c< td=""><td></td><td></td></c<>		

Select 7. SIO (SYSTEM I/O) TEST to call up the display shown below and starts the SIO test. If an error occurs, an error message appears on the message area. Replace the CPU board, this test is repeated until the CANCEL key is depressed.

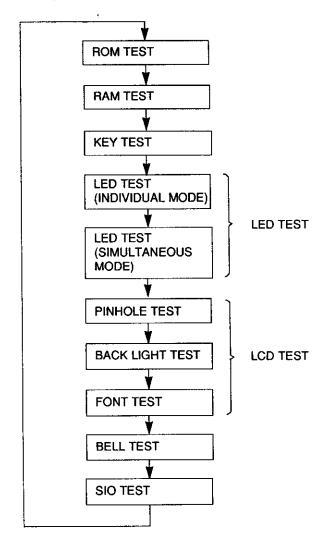
PP MAINTEN	NANCE [SECTI	ON] S	er 2.9
SIO TEST	Try = $1$	Err =	0
	SEND DATA :	I	
	RECEIVE DATA	·: Ï	
	•		
EXECUTING	SIO TEST • •	•	
ABORT BY	CANCEL>		

Exclusive-use cables are needed for this test. If this diagnosis is executed without connecting the exclusive-use cable, an error occurs.

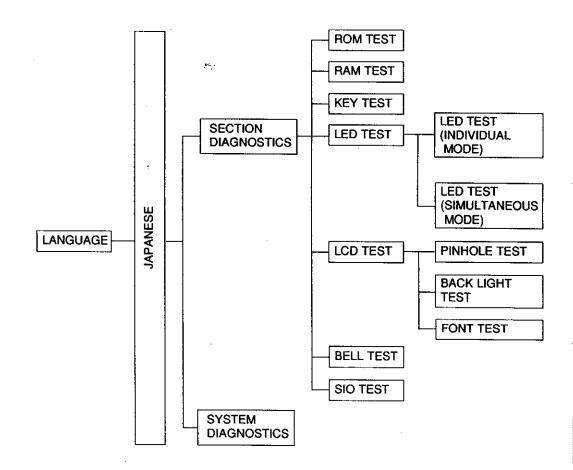
### **SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS**

Select 2. SYSTEM DIAGNOSTICS to start overall diagnosis on the system. It takes about two minutes to complete the whole procedure of system diagnosis. System diagnosis is repeated until the CANCEL key is depressed. If an error occurs, an error message appears on the message area and diagnosis process stops.

Flow of diagnosis is shown below.



### 1.4 DIAGNOSIS MENU TREE



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# APPENDIX 2 PP ALARMS

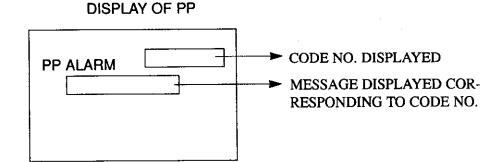
2.1 PROGRAMMING PENDANT ALARMS	108
WHAT IS PP ALARM?	108
2.2 CONTENTS OF PP ALARM	108
2.3 ACTION TO BE TAKEN FOR PP ALARM 20	110
2.4 ERROR CODE DISPLAY ON 7-SEGMENT LEDS OF MCP01 BOARD	111
2.5 ACTION TO BE TAKEN FOR PP ALARM 21	114

### 2.1 PROGRAMMING PENDANT ALARMS

### WHAT IS PP ALARM?

Alarms displayed on the program pendant (hereinafter called PP) when some failure occurs in the YASNAC MRC system.

### 2.2 CONTENTS OF PP ALARM



## List of Code Nos.

Code No.	Message	Contents	Factor Source	Corrective Action or Possible Factor			
0010	None	PP ROM error		<corrective action=""></corrective>			
0011	None	PP RAM error	Hardware	Replace PP.			
0020	None	Breakdown at MRC side     Transmission shut off between PP and MRC	Hardware	Corrective action> Refer to the APPENDIX Par. 2.3 "Action to be Taken for PP ALARM 20".			
0021	None	Breakdown at PP side	Hardware	<corrective action=""> Refer to the APPENDIX Par. 2.5 "Action to be Taken for PP ALARM 21".</corrective>			
2000	None	Receiving data error					
2001	None	Parity error					
2002	None	Overrun error	Hardware	Noise between PP and MRC			
2004	None	Framing error					
2010	None	SIO data transmission error	Software				
2100	None	Receiving buffer full					
2101	None	Transmitting buffer full					
3000	None	Display command buffer full					
3001	None	Display buffer full		Software program error			
5000	WIN-NO : 99	Display data length error		Note: For error codes 5000 to 5005, 99 in the message WIN-NO: 99 is numeric data.			
5001	WIN-NO : 99	Limit over					
5002	WIN-NO : 99	Data overlapped definition					
5003	WIN-NO : 99	Display No. alarm					
5004	WIN-NO : 99	Window No. alarm					
5005	WIN-NO : 99	Data quantity alarm					

## 2.3 ACTION TO BE TAKEN FOR PP ALARM 20

"PP ALARM 20" displayed on the program pendant means that communication with the PP has broken because of an error on the MRC side. The error may be hardware error (defective boards, etc.) or software crush caused either by hardware or software error.

Observe the procedure to investigate the cause of PP ALARM 20.

→ Refer to the precaution in Par. 2.5 "ACTION TO BE TAKEN FOR PP ALARM 21".

## "PP ALARM 20" is displayed.

Keep the power turned ON and open the controller door.

Read the 7-segment LEDs of the MCP01 board in the CPU rack according to the explanation below.

Find the possible defective board suggested by the 7-segment LEDs, remove the board and re-insert it to see if the error is corrected. (Check for faulty contact.)

If the error is not corrected, replace the board.

If the error is not corrected, inform your YASKAWA representative of the code on the 7-segment LEDs.

## 2.4 ERROR CODE DISPLAY ON 7-SEGMENT LEDS OF MCP01 BOARD

While the MRC system is functioning properly, the 7-segment LEDs of the MCP01 (SYSCON) board display nothing. If an error occurs, the LEDs indicate the code of the error.

- 1-digit error code display
- · 4-digit code repeated display

If a non-maskable interrupt (NMI) occurs, a 4-digit interrupt code (listed on the next page) is displayed repeatedly.

Display	Meaning				
. <b>8</b> .	MCP01 or SROMS error (MCP01 or SROMS board is defective.)				
(Period)	NMI occurred during NINDY monitor operation. (MCP01, MCP02, MIF01, or MSV01 board is defective or not inserted properly.)				
0	MIF01 (CIO) board error (MIF01 board is defective or not inserted properly.)				
1 to F	Communication error between MCP01 and Programming Pendant				

Example: If a watchdog timer error (whose alarm code is 0906) occurs on the MCP01 board, it is indicated as:  $0 \rightarrow 9 \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow . \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 9 \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow repeat$ 

#### Details of Communication Error between MCP01 and Programming Pendant

Display	Meaning
1	System alarm
2	Data transmission buffer over flow
3	Data receiving buffer overflow
4	Data receiving time-over
5	SIO receiving alarm (overrun, flaming, parity error)
6	SIO receiving alarm (data transmission disabled)
7	Receiving data BCC alarm
9	Programming Pendant software watchdog alarm
a	Receiving data command length error
d	Denial response from programming pendant (BCC alarm detection at programming pendant)
Е	Failed data transmission establishment other than at power ON
F	Failed data transmission establishment at program pendant alarm occurrence / power setup

## 2.4 ERROR CODE DISPLAY ON 7-SEGMENT LEDS OF MCP01 BOARD (Cont'd)

Display	Meaning
0900's	Watchdog timer error (A-bus)
0900	MCP02
0901	Reserved 🕾
0902	MSL#1
0903	MSL#2
0904	Reserved
0905	Reserved
0906	MCP01
0907	MIF01
0910's	Watchdog timer error (D-bus)
0910	MSV#1
0911	MSV#2
0912	MSV#3
0913	MSV#4
0914	MSV#5
0915	MSV#6
0916	MSV#7
0917	Reserved
0920's	Watchdog timer error (S-bus)
0920	MIV02
0930's	Access error (A-bus)
0930	MCP02
0931	Reserved
0932	MSL#1
0933	MSL#2
0934	Reserved
0935	Reserved
0936	MCP01
0937	MIF01
0940's	A-bus error
0940	MCP02
0941	Reserved
0942	MSL#1
0943	MSL#2
0944	Reserved
0945	Reserved
0946	MCP01
0947	MIF01

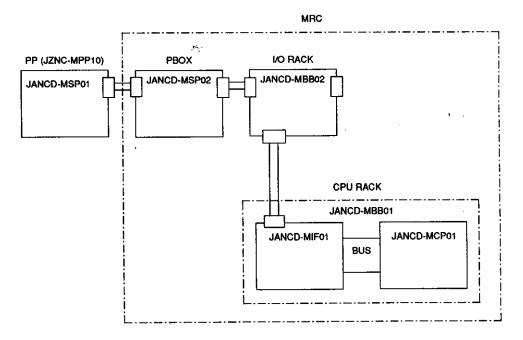
(Cont'd)

## (Cont'd)

Display	Meaning
0950's	CPU hang-up error (A-bus)
0950	MCP02
0951	Reserved
0952	MSL#1
0953	MSL#2
0954	Reserved
0955	Reserved
0956	MCP01
0957	MIF01
0960's	CPU hang-up error (D-bus)
0960	MSV#1
0961	MSV#2
0962	MSV#3
0963	MSV#4
0964	MSV#5
0965	MSV#6
0966	MSV#7
0967	Reserved
0970's	CPU hang-up error (S-bus)
0970	MIF02
0999	NMI (non-maskable interrupt) factor judgement disabled

## 2.5 ACTION TO BE TAKEN FOR PP ALARM 21

The block diagram of the hardware around the PP is shown below.



<Cause>

The most common cause is failure of the PP (JZNC-MPP10). Also possible are wiring and board errors related to the PP.

<Corrective Action>
Replace PP.

↓
Check wiring.

Replace each board.

Note: If the 24 V power supply line is shorted because of improper connection of I/O signal lines (MIO board, etc.), PP ALARM 20 or 21 may occur. Check the I/O signal line connection.

## **APPENDIX 3**

# OP (OPERATION PANEL) MAINTENANCE (OPTION)

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3.3 SYSTEM DIAGNOSTICS	118
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## 3.1 OUTLINE

The following functions are available in the OP maintenance mode.

List of OP Maintenance Mode Functions

SYSTEM DIAGNOSTICS
(Full-automatic diagnosis for whole OP)

### ■ SECTION DIAGNOSTICS

- ROM TEST
- LOCAL RAM TEST
- VIDEO RAM (CHARACTER) TEST
- VIDEO RAM (GRAPHIC) TEST
- RTC TEST
- WATCHDOG TIMER TEST
- CHARACTER GENERATOR ROM (YE) TEST
- CHARACTER GENERATOR ROM (JIS) TEST
- CRT CONTRAST TEST
- SERIAL PORT TEST
- FLAT KEY & LED TEST
- FULL KEYBOARD TEST
- PRINTER I/F TEST

#### DISPLAY TEST PATTERN

Checkered pattern displayed at an interval of 16 dots on the whole display. (CRT assembly adjustment function)

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## 3.2 OP MAINTENANCE MODE START-UP PROCEDURE

Holding down both 1 and MORE keys, turn ON the control power.

The system starts up in OP maintenance mode and the display appears as shown below.

ROM version displayed

YASNAC MRC

OP MAINTENANCE MODE

ROM VERSION -> V2. 0

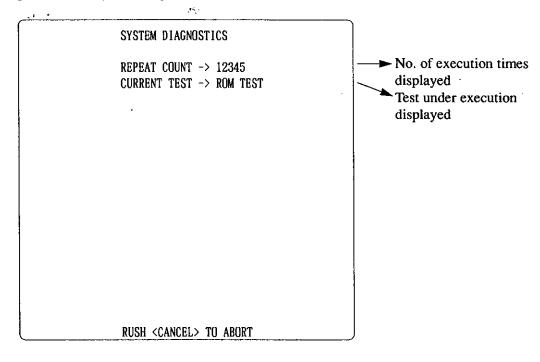
SYSTEM::DIAGNOSTICS
SECTION DIAGNOSTICS
DISPLAY TEST PATTERN

PUSH ↑ ↓ TO SELECT/PUSH <ENTER> TO EXEC

Maintenance Mode Display

## 3.3 SYSTEM DIAGNOSTICS

To start system diagnosis in OP maintenance mode, move the cursor to SYSTEM DIAGNOSTICS and depress ENTER. The display shown below appears and total diagnosis on OP hardware starts. It takes about three minutes to complete the whole procedure of system diagnosis.



System Diagnostics Execution Display

The system diagnosis procedure sequentially executes all tests except flat key and LED tests, full keyboard test, and printer interface test. Individual tests are listed in the next section. They can be carried out separately in section diagnosis.

## 3.4 SECTION DIAGNOSTICS

To start section diagnosis is OP maintenance mode, move the cursor to SECTION DIAGNOSTICS and depress ENTER. The display shown below appears.

## SECTION DIAGNOSTICS

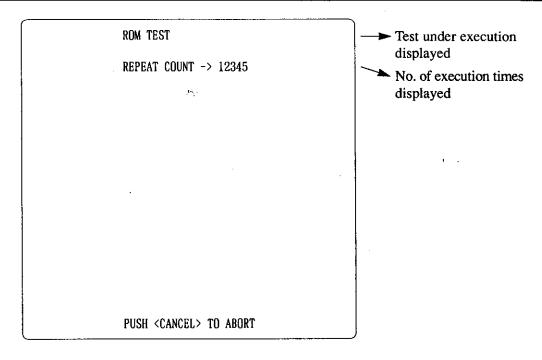
ROMETEST
LOCAL RAM TEST
VIDEO RAM (CHARACTOR) TEST
VIDEO RAM (GRAPHIC) TEST
RTC TEST
WATCH DOG TIMER TEST
CHARACTER GENERATOR ROM (YE) TEST
CHARACTER GENERATOR ROM (JIS) TEST
CRT CONTRAST TEST
SERIAL PORT TEST
FLAT KEY & LED TEST
LED TEST
FULL KEYBOARD TEST
PRINTER I/F TEST

PUSH  $\uparrow \downarrow$  TO SELECT/PUSH <ENTER> TO EXEC PUSH <CANCEL> TO RETURN

## Section Diagnosis Display

Select an item by using \( \bar{\text{ or }} \) and depress \( \bar{\text{ENTER}} \). The display shown on the next page appears and the diagnosis of the selected item starts. Section diagnosis is repeated until \( \bar{\text{CANCEL}} \) is depressed. If an error occurs, an error display appears.

## **3.4 SECTION DIAGNOSTICS** (Cont'd)



Section Diagnosis Execution Display

The following test requires manual input from the keyboard and visual check.

- Character generation ROM (YE) display test.
  - → Starting with the first YE code (Japanese 00), 16 lines that consist of 16 characters each are displayed on the grid. Check visually.
- Character generation ROM (JIS) display test
  - → Starting with the first JIS code (Japanese 2120), 16 lines that consist of 16 characters each are displayed on the grid. Check visually.
- CRT contrast adjustment test
  - Contrast is intensified and weakened alternately at an interval of one second. Check visually.
- Flat key and LED test
  - → Status of input from flat keys is displayed on the CRT display. If there is a LED corresponding to a depressed key, the LED lights. Depressing the key again turns OFF the LED.
- Full keyboard test
  - → At present, no test is conducted. (To be used in the future.)
- Printer interface test
  - → At present, no test is conducted. (To be used in the future.)

## 3.5 NOTES

#### Notes:

- While VRAM (character/graphic) test is ongoing, flickering image of unintelligible data appears on the display.
   This is a normal event caused by access to VRAM.
- 2. During watchdog timer test, a watchdog timer error is deliberately generated to sound the buzzer. This is the normal course of the test.
- 3. Connect the serial port test tool before starting system diagnosis, or a serial port test error occurs. This error also occurs if serial port test is conducted in section diagnosis without the tool. Be sure to connect the test tool before starting serial port test.

## **APPENDIX 4**

## ADDITIONAL MOUNTING OF CMOS EXTENSION MEMORY

Additional Mounting of CMOS Extension Memory

To mount the CMOS extension memory (MMM01 board) additionally to the controller in use, follow the procedure described below.

- · Procedure
- 1. Save the standard system CMOS data into a floppy disk by FC1 or FC2 emulator.
- ·Precautions

CMOS batch file (CMOS. HEX) and user memory batch memory (JOB. HEX) cannot be loaded to use in the system where the MMM01 board is mounted to extend the memory.

For CMOS data excluding parameters must be saved in an individual file. At that time, use BATCH key.

Save the parameters in the all-parameter batch file.

- → Refer to the following page.
- 2. Start up in maintenance mode.
- 3. Verify the configuration status (language, controlled axes, application) on the system configuration display.
  - (→ Because the same setting is needed again in step 6.)
- 4. Mount the MMM01 board on the MIF01 board with the control power supply OFF.
- 5. Start up in maintenance mode.
- 6. Select the system configuration to execute "initialization". (Verify the capacity displayed on the CMOS memory display.)

Board	Displayed Capacity
Standard	256 kB
MMM01-2 Mounted	1 MB
MMM01-3 Mounted	2 MB
MMM01-4 Mounted	4 MB

- 7. Start up in online mode.
- 8. Load the CMOS data saved in step 1 from the floppy disk by FC1 or FC2 emulator.
- 9. Turn ON the power supply to complete the procedure.

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Files to be Saved and File Names after Saving

Data to be Saved		File Names after Saving		Function Mode		Customer Mode		
				Save	Load	Save	Load	
CMOS (memory) batch save		Loading prohibited		0		0	0	
③ User memory batch save,		Loading prohibited		0		0	0	
0	Job	Single job Related job (job + conditions)	Job name Job name	.JBI .JBR	00	00	00,	00
2	Condition Data	Weaving condition data Tool data User coordinate data Welding starting condition data Welding quit condition data COM-ARC2 condition data COM-ARC2 data Locus correction condition data	WEAV TOOL UFRAME ARCSRT ARCEND COMSRT COMARC2 SENSCOR	CND CND CND CND CND CND CND CND	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
	General- purpose Data	☆Variable data ☆Welding condition auxiliary data ☆Phase compensated-value data	VAR ARCSUP PC1PC2	.DAT .DAT .DAT	000	000	000	000
<b>⊕</b> All	l-parameter Bat	ch Save	ALL	.PRM	0		0	0
•	Parameter	Robot conformity parameter System definition parameter Coordinate home position (A) parameter System conformity parameter Parameter for CIO Function definition parameter Parameter for each application Transmission (general-purpose) parameter Transmission (data link) parameter Parameter for printer Parameter for sensor Parameter for vision Servo parameter	RC SD RO SC CIO FD AP RS CM SP SE VC SV SVM	.PRM .PRM .PRM .PRM .PRM .PRM .PRM .PRM	00000000 000000		000000 0000000	00000000 000000
⑤ <b>I/</b> O	) Data	Concurrent I/O program I/O name data	CIOPRG IONAME	.LST .DAT	00		00	00
Customer Data		Reserved job name SV monitor signal Variable name Data of calibration between robots Welder characteristic data Welder characteristic user definition data Second home position Alarm history data Home positioning data Welding condition guide data System information	RJNAME SVMON VARNAME RBCALIB WELDER WELDUDEF HOME2 ALMHIST ABSO ARCGUIDE SYSTEM	.DAT .DAT .DAT .DAT .DAT .DAT .DAT .DAT	00000000000	0	00000000000	0000000 00

Note: Data marked with  $\, \overleftrightarrow{x} \,$  are not displayed unless scroll operation is performed.

O: Enabled

# YASNAC MRC MAINTENANCE MODE OPERATOR'S MANUAL

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