

CITY OF EAST ORANGE

WATER DEPARTMENT PUMP HOUSE

300 Parsonage Hill Road, Short Hill, NJ, 07078

**LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENERGY AUDIT PROGRAM
FOR
NEW JERSEY
BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES**

May 2016

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CHA PROJECT NO. 30993

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REPORT DISCLAIMER

This audit was conducted in accordance with the standards developed by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) for a Level II audit. Cost and savings calculations for a given measure were estimated to within $\pm 20\%$, and are based on data obtained from the owner, data obtained during site observations, professional experience, historical data, and standard engineering practice. Cost data does not include soft costs such as engineering fees, legal fees, project management fees, financing, etc.

A thorough walkthrough of the building was performed, which included gathering nameplate information and operating parameters for all accessible equipment and lighting systems. Unless otherwise stated, model, efficiency, and capacity information included in this report were collected directly from equipment nameplates and /or from documentation provided by the owner during the site visit. Typical operation and scheduling information was obtained from interviewing staff and spot measurements taken in the field.

List of Common Energy Audit Abbreviations

- A/C – Air Conditioning
- AHS – Air Handling Unit
- BMS – Building Management System
- Btu – British thermal unit
- CDW – Condenser Water
- CFM – Cubic feet per minute
- CHW – Chilled Water
- DCV – Demand Control Ventilation
- DDC – Direct Digital Control
- DHW – Domestic Hot Water
- DX – Direct Expansion
- EER – Energy Efficiency Ratio
- EF – Exhaust Fan
- EUI – Energy Use Intensity
- Gal – Gallon
- GPD – Gallons per day
- GPF – Gallons Per Flush
- GPH – Gallons per hour
- GPM – Gallons per minute
- GPS – Gallons per second
- HHW – Heating Hot Water
- HID – High Intensity Discharge
- HP – Horsepower
- HRU – Heat Recovery Unit
- HVAC – Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning
- HX – Heat Exchanger
- kbtu/mbtu – One thousand (1,000) Btu
- kW – Kilowatt (1,000 watts)
- kWh – Kilowatt-hours
- LED – Light Emitting Diode
- mbh – Thousand Btu per hour
- mmbtu – One million (1,000,000) Btu
- OCC – Occupancy Sensor
- PSI – Pounds per square inch
- RTU – Rooftop Unit
- SBC – System Benefits Charge
- SF – Square foot
- UH – Unit Heater
- V – Volts
- VAV – Variable Air Volume
- VSD – Variable Speed Drive
- W – Watt

1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report summarizes the energy audit performed by CHA for City of East Orange in connection with the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities (NJBPU) Local Government Energy Audit (LGEA) Program. The purpose of this report is to identify energy savings opportunities associated with major energy consumers and inefficient practices. Low-cost and no-cost energy conservation measures (ECMs) have also been identified in this study. This report details the results of the energy audit conducted for the building listed below:

| Building Name | Address | Square Feet | Construction Date |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------------|
| Water Department Pump House | 300 Parsonage Hill Road, Short Hill, NJ, 07078 | 20,564 | 1910 |

The potential total annual energy and cost savings for the recommended energy conservation measures (ECM) identified in the survey are shown below:

| City Hall | Electric Savings (kWh) | Fuel Oil#2 (gallons) | Total Savings (\$) | Payback (years) |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Water Department Pump House | 112,451 | 2,205 | 25,191 | 12.5 |

Each individual measure's annual savings are dependent on that measure alone, there are no interactive effects calculated. There are three options shown for lighting ECM savings; only one option can be chosen. The incentives shown (if any) are based only on the SmartStart Incentive Program. Other NJBPU or local utility incentives may also be available/applicable and are further discussed in Section 6.0.

Each measure recommended by CHA typically has a stand-alone simple payback period of 15 years or less. However, if the owner chooses to pursue an Energy Savings Improvement Plan (ESIP), high payback measures could be bundled with lower payback measures which ultimately can result in a payback which is favorable for an ESIP project to proceed. Occasionally, we will recommend an ECM that has a longer payback period. This decision is generally based on the need to replace the piece(s) of equipment due to its age, such as a boiler.

The following table provides a detailed summary of each ECM for the building surveyed, including costs, savings, SmartStart incentives and payback.

Summary of Energy Conservation Measures

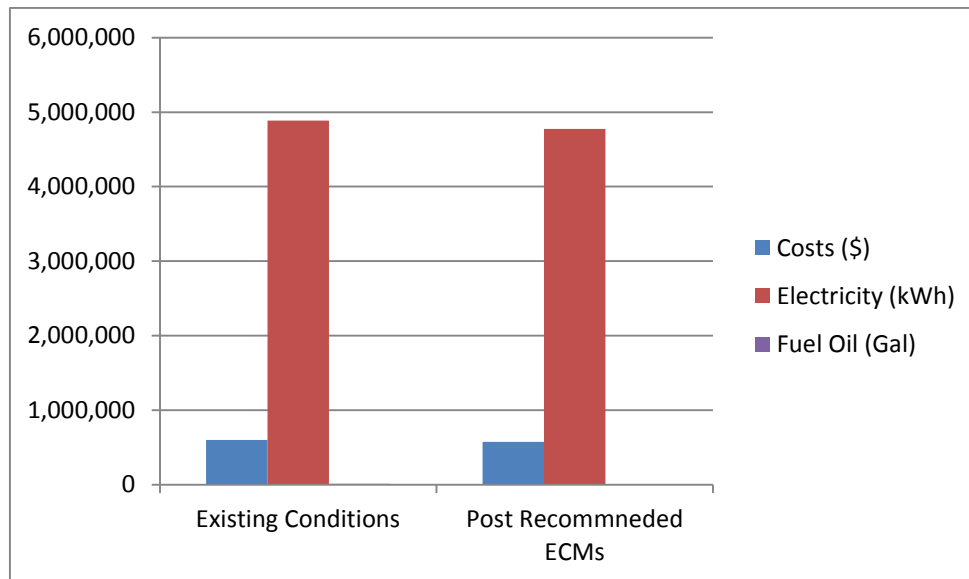
| ECM # | Energy Conservation Measure | Est. Costs (\$) | Est. Savings (\$/year) | Payback w/o Incentive | Potential Incentive (\$)* | Payback w/ Incentive | Recommended |
|---------------------------|---|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| ECM-1 | Install soft-start on the water supply pump | 94,773 | 6,809 | 13.9 | 0 | 13.9 | Y |
| ECM-2 | Replace heating hot water boiler with high efficiency condensing boiler | 87,076 | 4,459 | 19.5 | 1,000 | 19.3 | Y |
| ECM-3 | Replace the old furnace with high efficiency condensing furnace | 12,117 | 525 | 23.1 | 800 | 21.6 | Y |
| ECM-4 | Replace the old air conditioners | 30,600 | 645 | 47.4 | 800 | 46.2 | Y |
| ECM-5 | Replace old plumbing fixtures with low flow plumbing fixtures | 30,431 | 231 | 131.8 | 0 | 131.8 | N |
| ECM-L1 | Lighting Replacements with Controls (Occupancy Sensors) | 91,333 | 12,754 | 7.2 | 6,020 | 6.7 | Y |
| Total** | | 346,331 | 25,422 | 13.6 | 8,620 | 13.3 | |
| Total(Recommended) | | 315,900 | 25,191 | 12.5 | 8,620 | 12.2 | |

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey SmartStart Program.

By implementing the recommended ECMs, the LIFETIME greenhouse gas (GHG) reduction could result in a total of 47 metric tons.

If the City of East Orange implements the recommended ECMs, energy savings would be as follows:

| | Existing Conditions | Post Recommended ECMs | Percent Savings |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Costs (\$) | 600,002 | 574,811 | 4% |
| Electricity (kWh) | 4,886,898 | 4,774,447 | 2% |
| Fuel Oil (Gal) | 12,000 | 9,795 | 18% |
| Site EUI (kbtu/SF/Yr) | 810.8 | 792.2 | |



2.0 BUILDING INFORMATION AND EXISTING CONDITIONS

The following is a summary of the building information related to HVAC, plumbing, building envelope, lighting, kitchen equipment and domestic hot water systems as observed during CHA's site visit. See appendix B for detailed information on mechanical equipment, including capacities, model numbers and age. See appendix F for representative photos of some of the existing conditions observed while onsite.

Building Name: Water Department Pump House

Address: 300 Parsonage Hill Road, Short Hill, NJ, 07078

Gross Floor Area: 20,564

Number of Floors: Two floors

Year Built: 1910



General

Description of Spaces: The Water Department Pump House at 300 Parsonage Hill Road, Short Hill has high lift pump house room, low lift pump house room, generator room, generator room, control office room, conference room and vehicle storage area.

Description of Occupancy: The facility has approximately 8 staff working during the office hours.

Number of Computers: The building has 8 computers.

Building Usage: The facility has three shifts 24/7 to ensure the pumps are running in the right mode.

Construction Materials: the building is constructed with brick with interior drywall finishes.

Roof: The main building has a pitched roof covered with shingles and the vehicle storage area has a flat roof covered with a grey membrane. It is believed that the roofs are well insulated. The roofs appear to be in good condition and therefore no ECMs associated with roof improvements are evaluated.

Windows: The windows are double pane windows with aluminum frames and appear to be in good condition, therefore no ECMs associated with window replacements are evaluated.

Exterior Doors: The building has steel doors with small windows. In discussions with facility staff, these doors are still in good condition. No ECMs associated with improving the exterior doors are evaluated.

Heating Ventilation & Air Conditioning (HVAC) Systems

Heating: The building has a fuel oil fired Smith boiler which has a rated energy input of 2,163MBH and energy output of 1,699 MBH which results in a nameplate efficiency of 78.5%. The heating hot water (HHW) provided by this boiler is circulated by two Bell & Gossett pumps to the radiation heaters throughout the building. Each of the pumps is driven by a 1/2HP motor. Apart from the central hot water heating system, there is also a Lennox fuel oil fired furnace which provides heat for the control office and the conference room by using two air handling units in the attic. The name tag of this unit is faded and therefore the capacity and efficiency is unknown. The facility does not have a natural gas supply. The generators operate using diesel fuel to provide emergency power. The boiler and the furnace are not high efficiency heating equipment and both appear to be in poor condition. ECMs related to the boiler and furnace replacements are evaluated.

Cooling: The pump house and vehicle storage areas are not air conditioned. The office and conference room are cooled by the two AHUs in the attic. Each of the AHUs has a split AC unit to provide the cooling: one Trane AC unit has a rated cooling capacity of 7.5 tons and the other has a rated cooling capacity of 5 tons. The AC units were installed around 1997 and are therefore near the end of their useful lifespan. An ECM associated with replacing the two AC units is evaluated.

Ventilation: The pump house and vehicle storage is not mechanically ventilated. The office and conference room area are ventilated by the two AHUs in the attic. The AHUs introduce the minimum amount of fresh air needed. No ECMs associated with the ventilation systems are evaluated.

Exhaust: Both of the buildings have fractional horsepower exhaust fans on the roof serving the restroom and to provide general exhaust. The exhaust fans appear to be in good condition and are controlled, therefore no ECMs associated with exhaust system were evaluated.

Controls Systems

The heating hot water system (Boiler) and the two AHUs are controlled by manual thermostats. Based on the thermostat settings, the temperature setting is typically set to be relatively low and the fan speed is set at low speed too. Therefore, no ECMs related to the control were evaluated.

Domestic Hot Water Systems

The building has an electric DHW heater located in the pump house serving toilet room lavatories. The heater has a rated capacity of 4.5kW. There is also an abandoned DHW heater that once served the shower area however, the facility is not using it anymore. As the domestic hot water load is relatively small and natural gas is not available at this building, we have not evaluated any ECMs associated with converting the domestic hot water heater.

Water Pumping Equipment

This water pump house has two types of pumps: low lift pumps and high lift pumps. The high lift pumps have higher pressure and supply water to the areas over the hills; the low lift pumps have lower pressure compared with high lift pumps and supply water to the areas nearby. There are five low lift pumps and 2 high lift pumps. The details of them are shown below:

| Name | Brand | Capacity | Function |
|------------------|----------------|----------|-------------------|
| Low Lift Pump#5 | Siemens | 600HP | |
| Low Lift Pump#1 | GE | 450HP | Backup for Pump#5 |
| Low Lift Pump#4 | Allis-Chalmers | 250HP | |
| Low Lift Pump#3 | Allis-Chalmers | 150HP | Backup |
| Low Lift Pump#2 | N/A | N/A | Out of Service |
| High Lift Pump#6 | Siemens | 300HP | |
| High Lift Pump#7 | Siemens | 100HP | Backup for Pump#6 |

Apart from the water pumps, there are also chlorinator pumps, vacuum pumps, and air compressors to help support the water circulation system and the backup generator system.

Kitchen Equipment

The building does not have a kitchen.

Plug Load

This building has only a few computers, printers, a microwave and a residential refrigerator which contribute to the plug load. As the plug load is a relatively small portion of the total electrical load, no ECMs are recommended, however we have included an O & M measure to replace the small appliances with Energy Star rated appliances when the old ones reach the end of their useful life span.

Plumbing Systems

The plumbing fixtures are old and appear to be in poor condition, therefore an ECM associated with upgrading the plumbing fixtures with low flow plumbing fixtures is recommended.

Lighting Systems

This building has 40W T-12 fluorescent lighting, incandescent lights and metal halide pole lights. There are ten (10) 400W exterior metal halides, eleven (11) 175W metal halides and three (3) incandescent lights providing outdoor lighting. All of the interior lights are controlled by manual switches. An ECM is included that evaluated the savings potential for replacing all of the lighting with LED equivalents and controlling the new lights using occupancy sensors.

3.0 UTILITIES

Natural gas, electricity and water are separately metered into this building. Utilities used by the building are delivered and supplied by the following utility companies:

| | Electric | Fuel Oil | Diesel |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Deliverer | PSE&G | Finch Fuel | Finch Fuel |
| Supplier | PSE&G | Finch Fuel | Finch Fuel |

For the 12-month period ending in September 2014, the utilities usages and costs for the building were as follows:

| Electric | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Annual Usage | 4,886,898 | kWh/yr |
| Annual Cost | 599,651 | \$ |
| Blended Rate | 0.123 | \$/kWh |
| Peak Demand | 1,019.9 | kW |
| Min. Demand | 926.1 | kW |
| Avg. Demand | 972.3 | kW |
| Fuel Oil#2 | | |
| Annual Usage | 5,318 | Gallons/yr |
| Annual Cost | 8,707 | \$ |
| Rate | 1.637 | \$/Gallon |
| Diesel | | |
| Annual Usage | 15,629 | Gallons/yr |
| Annual Cost | 28,538 | \$ |
| Rate | 1.826 | \$/Gallon |
| Energy Summary | | |
| Building Area | 20,564 | SF |
| Energy Usage Intensity (EUI) | 952 | KBtu/SF/yr |
| Energy Cost Index (ECI) | 30.97 | \$/SF/yr |
| Total Annual Utility Costs | 636,897 | \$ |

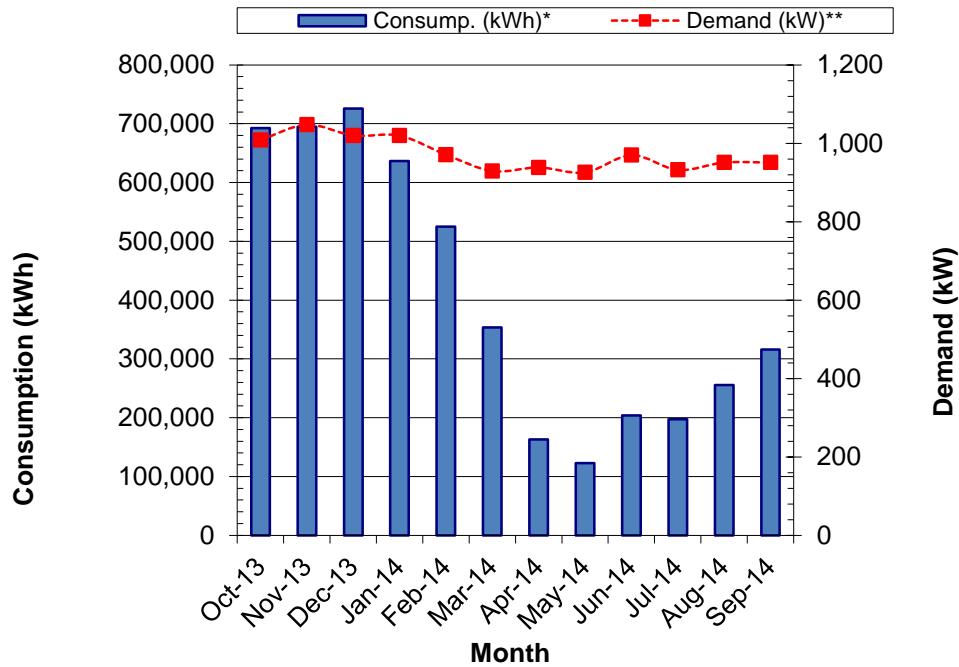
Blended Rate: Average rate charged determined by the annual cost / annual usage

Supply Rate: Actual rate charged for electricity usage in kWh (based on most recent electric bill)

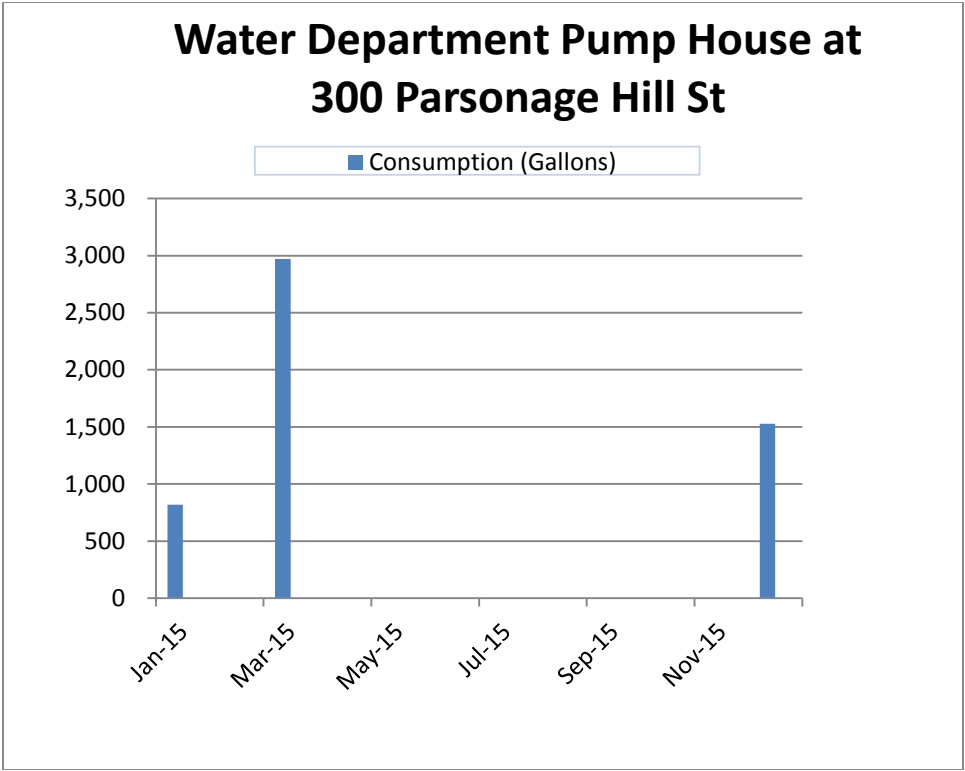
Demand Rate: Rate charged for actual electrical demand in kW (based on most recent electric bill)

*Some months that do not have utility data and the missing demand usage are estimated and highlighted in the utility spreadsheet

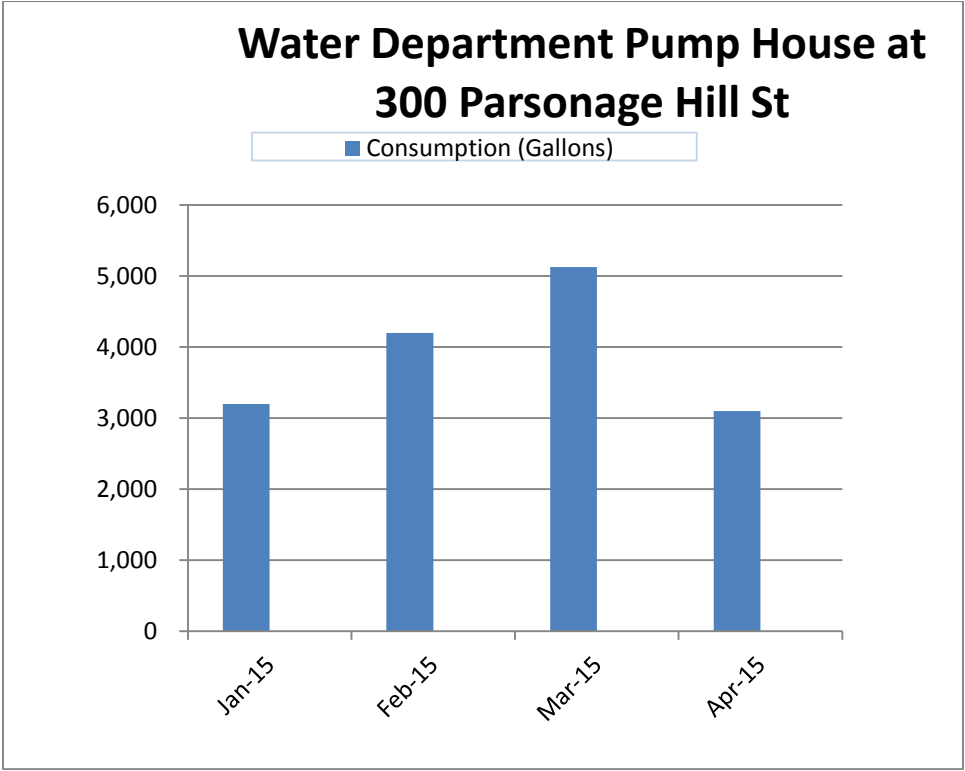
Water Department Pump House at 300 Parsonage Hill St



The electric usage varies along with the water pump usage, the frequency of the generators are turned on and the rest of the pump house accessories. We can see that there are more water demand in winter seasons than summer season for 2014 in this pump house.



The fuel oil usage in this building is used for heating only and is correlated to the heating load of the building. There are no meters available to show the actual heating oil usage.



The diesel usage in this building is used for the emergency power generators only and is correlated to how frequently the facility run the generators.

See Appendix A for utility analysis.

Under New Jersey’s energy deregulation law, the supply portion of the electric (or natural gas) bill is separated from the delivery portion. The supply portion is open to competition, and customers can shop around for the best price for their energy suppliers. The electric and natural gas distribution utilities will still deliver the gas/electric supplies through their wires and pipes and respond to emergencies, should they arise regardless of where those supplies are purchased. Purchasing the energy supplies from a company other than your electric or gas utility is purely an economic decision; it has no impact on the reliability or safety of the service.

| Comparison of Utility Rates to NJ State Average Rates* | | | | Recommended to Shop for Third Party Supplier? |
|--|----------|---------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Utility | Units | Pump Station Average Rate | NJ Average Rate | |
| Electricity | \$/kWh | \$0.123 | \$0.13 | N |
| Natural Gas | \$/Therm | N/A | \$0.96 | N/A |

* Per U.S. Energy Information Administration (2013 data – Electricity and Natural Gas, 2012 data – Fuel Oil)

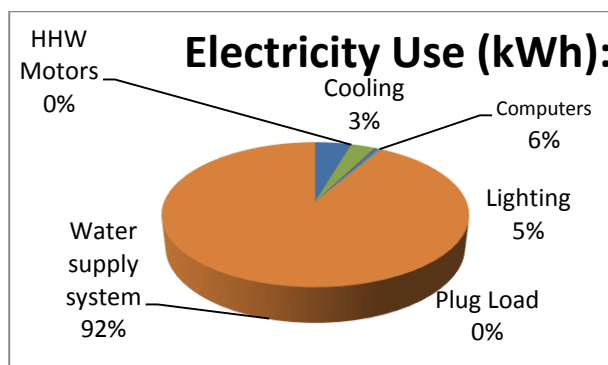
Additional information on selecting a third party energy supplier is available here:

<http://www.state.nj.us/bpu/commercial/shopping.html>.

See Appendix A for a list of third-party energy suppliers licensed by the Board of Public Utilities to sell within the building’s service area.

The charts below represent estimated utility end-use utility profiles for the building. The values used within the charts were estimated from a review of the utility analysis and the energy savings calculations.

Site End-Use Utility Profile



4.0 BENCHMARKING

The EPA Portfolio Manager benchmarking tool provides a site and source Energy Use Intensity (EUI), as well as, an Energy Star performance rating for qualifying building types. The EUIs are provided in kBtu/ft²/year, and the performance rating represents how energy efficient a building is on a scale of 1 to 100; with 100 being the most efficient. In order for a building to receive an Energy Star label, the energy benchmark rating must be at least 75. As energy use decreases from implementation of the proposed measures, the Energy Star rating will increase. However, the EPA does not have scores for all buildings types. The buildings that do not have energy ratings now are compared with national median EUI.

The sites EUI is the amount of heat and electricity consumed by a building as reflected in its utility bills. Site energy may be delivered to a facility in the form of primary energy, which is raw fuel burned to create heat or electricity; such as natural gas or oil; or as secondary energy, which is the product created from a raw fuel such as electricity or district steam. To provide an equitable comparison for different buildings with varying proportions of primary and secondary energy consumption, Portfolio Manager uses the convention of source EUIs. The source energy also accounts for losses incurred in production, storage, transmission, and delivery of energy to the site; which provides an equivalent measure for various types of buildings with differing energy sources. The results of the benchmarking is contained in the table below. Copies of the benchmarking report are available in Appendix F.

| Site EUI kBtu/ft ² /yr | Source EUI (kBtu/ft ² /yr) | Energy Star Rating (1-100) |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 951.4 | 2,688 | N/A |

The national median site EUI is 910.4 kBtu/ft²/yr and source EUI is 2,572.2 kBtu/ft²/yr. The building has 14% higher than the national median source EUI. It is expected that the EUI will be reduced by implementing the measures discussed in this report.

[REDACTED]

5.0 ENERGY CONSERVATION MEASURES

The following types of energy savings opportunities are identified in this section of the report:

- Energy conservation measures (ECMs) are energy savings recommendations that typically require a financial investment. For these areas of opportunity, CHA prepared detailed calculations, as summarized in this section and in Appendix C. In general, additional savings may exist from reductions in maintenance activities associated with new equipment or better controls; however, for conservatism, maintenance savings are not accounted for in this report; instead the only savings which are reported are those derived directly from reductions in energy which can be tracked by the utility bills.
- Operational and Maintenance measures (O&M) consist of low-cost or no-cost operational opportunities, which if implemented would have positive impacts on overall building operation, comfort levels, and/or energy usage. There are no estimated savings, costs or paybacks associated with the O&M measures included as part of this study.

Energy savings were quantified in the form of:

- Electrical usage (kWh=Kilowatt-hour),
- Electrical demand (kW=kilowatts),
- Natural gas (therms=100,000 Btu),
- Propane gas (gallons=91,650 Btu),
- Fuel oil (gallons =138,700 Btu), and
- Water (kgal=1,000 gallons).

These recommendations are influenced by the time period that it takes for a proposed project to “break even” referred to as “Simple Payback”. Simple payback is calculated by dividing the estimated cost of implementing the ECM by the energy cost savings (in dollars) of that ECM.

Another financial indicator of the performance of a particular ECM is the Return on Investment (ROI), which represents the benefit (annual savings over the life of a project) of an investment divided by the cost of the investment. The result is expressed as a percentage or ratio.

Two other financial analyses included in this report are Internal Rate of Return (IRR) and Net Present Value (NPV). Internal Rate of Return is the discount rate at which the present value of a project costs equals the present value of the project savings. Net Present Value is the difference between present value of an investment’s future net cash flows and the initial investment. If the NPV equals “0”, the project would equate to investing the same amount of dollars at the desired rate. NPV is sometimes referred to as Net Present Worth. These values are provided in the Summary Tab in Appendix C.

5.1 ECM-1 Install Soft-start on the Water Supply Pumps

This pump house has many large capacity water pump motors ranging from 100HP to 600HP. In discussions with the facility staff, it was noted that there are frequent power outage due to weather or unexpected occasions. The pumps have to be re-started after the power outage which creates large peak electric demand due to the size of the pumps. Installing soft-start will help reduce the peak demand. It is estimated that there are 10% peak demand reduction when the soft-starts were installed.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

ECM-1 Install Soft-start on the Water Supply Pumps

| Budgetary Cost | Annual Utility Savings | | | ROI | Potential Incentive* | Payback (without incentive) | Payback (with incentive) |
|----------------|------------------------|-----|-------------|-------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Electricity | | Natural Gas | | | | |
| \$ | kW | kWh | Therms | \$ | \$ | Years | Years |
| 94,773 | 71 | 0 | 0 | 6,809 | 1.5 | 0 | 13.9 |

* Does not qualify for Incentive from the New Jersey SmartStart Program. See section 6.0 for other incentive opportunities

This measure is recommended.

5.2 ECM-2 Replace the Boiler with a Condensing Boiler

The building has a fuel oil fired Smith boiler which has a rated energy input of 2,163MBH and energy output of 1,699 MBH which results in a nameplate efficiency of 78.5%. There are high efficiency condensing boilers available that have better efficiencies, therefore, it is suggested one condensing boiler be added. New modulating condensing gas boilers are available that minimally operate at 88%, and can operate as high as 96%.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

ECM-2 Replace the Boiler with a Condensing Boiler

| Budgetary Cost | Annual Utility Savings | | | ROI | Potential Incentive* | Payback (without incentive) | Payback (with incentive) |
|----------------|------------------------|-----|-------------|-------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Electricity | | Natural Gas | | | | |
| \$ | kW | kWh | Therms | \$ | \$ | Years | Years |
| 87,076 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,459 | (1.0) | 1,000 | 19.5 |

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey SmartStart Program. See section 6.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is recommended.

5.3 ECM-3 Replace the furnace with high efficiency condensing furnace

There is a Lennox fuel oil fired furnace which provide heat for the control office and the conference room by using two air handling units in the attic. The name tag of this unit is faded and therefore the capacity and efficiency is unknown. It is estimated that the furnace has an approximately 200MBH energy input and 78% efficiency There are high efficiency

condensing furnaces available that have better efficiencies, therefore, it is suggested one condensing furnace be added. New modulating condensing gas furnaces are available that minimally operate at 88%, and can operate as high as 96%. It is suggested that City of East Orange find out the natural gas supply gas pressure to this building and see if there are any condensing furnaces viable to run at the natural gas supply pressure.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

ECM-3 Replace the old furnace with high efficiency condensing furnace

| Budgetary Cost | Annual Utility Savings | | | | ROI | Potential Incentive* | Payback (without incentive) | Payback (with incentive) |
|----------------|------------------------|-----|-------------|-------|-------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Electricity | | Natural Gas | Total | | | | |
| \$ | kW | kWh | Therms | \$ | | \$ | Years | Years |
| 12,117 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 525 | (1.0) | 800 | 23.1 | 21.6 |

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey SmartStart Program. See section 6.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is recommended.

5.4 ECM-4 Replace the Split Air Conditioning Systems

The office and conference room are cooled by two ducted AHUs in the attic. Each of the AHUs has a split AC unit to provide the cooling: one Trane AC unit has a rated cooling capacity of 7.5 ton and the other has a rated cooling capacity of 5 ton. The AC units were installed around 1997 and is near the end of their useful lifespan. It is estimated that the existing AC units have EER of 11. There are AC units in the market have EER of 15 or higher. It is suggested that new high EER AC units be installed to replace these existing units.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

ECM-4 Replace the old air conditioners

| Budgetary Cost | Annual Utility Savings | | | | ROI | Potential Incentive* | Payback (without incentive) | Payback (with incentive) |
|----------------|------------------------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Electricity | | Natural Gas | Total | | | | |
| \$ | kW | kWh | Therms | \$ | | \$ | Years | Years |
| 30,600 | 2 | 4,113 | 0 | 645 | (0.5) | 800 | 47.4 | 46.2 |

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey SmartStart Program. See section 6.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is recommended.

5.5 ECM-5 Upgrade the Plumbing Fixtures with Low Flow Fixtures

This building contains older style high flow water toilets (3.5 GPF), urinals (1.5 GPF), and high flow faucets (2.0 GPM). Waterless urinals and low-flow toilets/faucets are recommended to replace the existing plumbing fixtures.

The water savings associated from replacing existing high flow fixtures with low-flow/no-flow fixtures was calculated by taking the difference of the annual water usage for the proposed and base case. The basis of this calculation is the estimate usage of each fixture, gallons per use, and number of fixtures. Replacing the existing fixtures in the restrooms with 1.28 Gals/flush toilets, waterless urinals, and 0.5 gpm faucets will conserve water which will result in lower annual water and sewer charges. Faucets with low-flow push valves were not considered for replacement.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

ECM-5 Upgrade the Plumbing Fixtures with Low Flow Fixtures

| Budgetary Cost | Annual Utility Savings | | | ROI | Potential Incentive* | Payback (without incentive) | Payback (with incentive) |
|----------------|------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Water | Natural Gas | Total | | | | |
| \$ | kGal | Therms | \$ | | \$ | Years | Years |
| 30,431 | 38 | 0 | 231 | (0.9) | 0 | 131.8 | 131.8 |

* Does not qualify for Incentive from the New Jersey SmartStart Program. See section 6.0 for other incentive opportunities

This measure is not recommended due to long payback period, however if plumbing modifications are planned for the future, low flow plumbing fixtures should be considered.

5.6 ECM-L1 Lighting Replacements with Controls (Occupancy Sensors)

This building has 40W T-12 fluorescent lighting, incandescent lights and metal halide pole lights. There are about ten 400W exterior metal halides, eleven 175W metal halides and three incandescent lights used as outdoor lighting. All of the interior lights are controlled by manual switches. The review of the comprehensive lighting survey determined that lighting in some areas could benefit from installation of occupancy sensors to turn off lights when they are unoccupied. This measure looks at replacing the lights with LED and installing occupancy sensors.

Overall energy consumption can be reduced by replacing inefficient bulbs and linear fluorescent bulbs with more efficient LED technology. To compute the annual savings for this ECM, the energy consumption of the current lighting fixtures was established and compared to the proposed fixture power requirement with the same annual hours of operation. The difference between the existing and proposed annual energy consumption was the energy savings. These calculations are based on 1 to 1 replacements of the fixtures, and do not take into account lumen output requirements for a given space. A more comprehensive engineering study should be performed to determine correct lighting levels.

Supporting calculations, including assumptions for lighting hours and annual energy usage for each fixture, are provided in Appendix C and summarized below:

ECM-L1 Lighting Replacements with Controls (Occupancy Sensors)

| Budgetary Cost | Annual Utility Savings | | | | ROI | Potential Incentive* | Payback (without incentive) | Payback (with incentive) |
|----------------|------------------------|---------|-------------|--------|-----|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Electricity | | Natural Gas | Total | | | | |
| \$ | kW | kWh | Therms | \$ | | \$ | Years | Years |
| 91,333 | 20 | 108,338 | 0 | 12,754 | 0.6 | 6,020 | 7.2 | 6.7 |

* LED new fixtures are still qualified for prescribed incentives, however, LED retrofits must go through the custom incentive which is not calculated in LGEA study therefore, the potential incentive shown in the table is the possible prescribed incentive.

This measure is recommended.

5.7 Additional O&M Opportunities

This list of operations and maintenance (O&M) type measures represent low-cost or no-cost opportunities; which if implemented will have a positive impact on the overall building operations, comfort, and/or energy consumption. The recommended O&M measures for this building are as follows:

- Purchase ENERGY STAR® appliances when needed

6.0 PROJECT INCENTIVES

6.1 Incentives Overview

The following sections give detailed information on available incentive programs including New Jersey Smart Start, Direct Install, New Jersey Pay for Performance (P4P) and Energy Savings Improvement Plan (ESIP). If the school district wishes to and is eligible to participate in the Energy Savings Improvement Plan (ESIP) program and/or the Pay for Performance Incentive Program (P4P), it cannot participate in either the Smart Start or Direct Install Programs.

Web URL: <http://www.njcleanenergy.com/commercial-industrial/home/home/>

6.1.1 New Jersey Smart Start Program

For this energy audit, The New Jersey Smart Start Incentives are used in the energy savings calculations, where applicable. This program is intended for medium and large energy users and provides incentives for:

- Electric Chillers
- Gas Chillers
- Gas Heating
- Unitary HVAC
- Ground Source Heat Pumps
- Variable Frequency Drives/Motors
- Refrigeration
- Prescriptive and Performance Lighting and Lighting Controls

The equipment is procured using a typical bid-build method. It is then installed, paid for and then the incentives are reimbursed to the owner.

6.1.2 Direct Install Program

The Direct Install Program applies to smaller facilities that have a peak electrical demand of 200 kW or less in any of the previous 12 months. Buildings must be located in New Jersey and served by one of the state's public, regulated electric utility companies.

Direct Install was funded through New Jersey's Clean Energy Program and is designed to provide capital for building energy upgrade projects to fast track implementation. The program will pay up to 70% of the costs for lighting, HVAC, motors, refrigeration, and other equipment upgrades with higher efficiency alternatives. If a building is eligible for this funding, the Direct Install Program can reduce the implementation cost of energy conservation projects.

The Direct Install program has specific HVAC equipment and lighting requirements and is generally applicable only to smaller package HVAC units, small boilers and lighting retrofits.

The program pays a maximum amount of \$75,000 per building, and up to \$250,000 per customer per year. Installations must be completed by an approved Direct Install participating contractor, a list of which can be found on the New Jersey Clean Energy Website. Contractors will coordinate with the applicant to arrange installation of recommended measures identified in a previous energy assessment, such as this energy audit. The incentive is reimbursed to the owner upon successful replacement and payment of the equipment.

The building does not qualify for this program due to the high monthly demand.

6.1.3 New Jersey Pay For Performance Program (P4P)

This building may be eligible for incentives from the New Jersey Office of Clean Energy. The most significant incentives are available from the New Jersey Pay for Performance (P4P) Program. The P4P program is designed to offset the cost of energy conservation projects for facilities that pay the Societal Benefits Charge (SBC) and whose demand (kW) in any of the preceding 12 months exceeds 200 kW. Facilities that meet this criterion must also achieve a minimum performance target of 15% energy reduction by using the EPA Portfolio Manager benchmarking tool before and after implementation of the measure(s). Additionally, the overall return on investment (ROI) must exceed 10%. If the participant is a municipal electric company customer, and a customer of a regulated gas New Jersey Utility, only gas measures will be eligible under the Program. Available incentives are as follows:

Incentive #1: Energy Reduction Plan – This incentive is designed to offset the cost of services associated with the development of the Energy Reduction Plan (ERP). The ERP must include a detailed energy audit of the desired ECMs, energy savings calculations (using building modeling software) and inputting of all utility bills into the EPA Portfolio Manager website.

- Incentive Amount: \$0.10/SF
- Minimum incentive: \$5,000
- Maximum Incentive: \$50,000 or 50% of Facility annual energy cost

The standard incentive pays \$0.10 per square foot, up to a maximum of \$50,000, not to exceed 50% of facility annual energy cost, paid after approval of application. For building audits funded by the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, which receive an initial 75% incentive toward performance of the energy audit, facilities are only eligible for an additional \$0.05 per square foot, up to a maximum of \$25,000, rather than the standard incentive noted above. The ERP must be completed by a Certified Energy Manager (CEM) and submitted along with the project application.

Incentive #2: Installation of Recommended Measures – This incentive is based on projected energy savings as determined in Incentive #1 (Minimum 15% savings must be achieved), and is paid upon successful installation of recommended measures.

Electric

- Base incentive based on 15% savings: \$0.09/ per projected kWh saved.
- For each % over 15% add: \$0.005 per projected kWh saved.

- Maximum incentive: \$0.11/ kWh per projected kWh saved.

Gas

- Base incentive based on 15% savings: \$0.90/ per projected Therm saved.
- For each % over 15% add: \$0.05 per projected Therm saved.
- Maximum incentive: \$1.25 per projected Therm saved.

Incentive cap: 25% of total project cost

Incentive #3: Post-Construction Benchmarking Report – This incentive is paid after acceptance of a report proving energy savings over one year utilizing the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Portfolio Manager benchmarking tool.

Electric

- Base incentive based on 15% savings: \$0.09/ per projected kWh saved.
- For each % over 15% add: \$0.005 per projected kWh saved.
- Maximum incentive: \$0.11/ kWh per projected kWh saved.

Gas

- Base incentive based on 15% savings: \$0.90/ per projected Therm saved.
- For each % over 15% add: \$0.05 per projected Therm saved.
- Maximum incentive: \$1.25 per projected Therm saved.

Combining Incentives #2 and #3 will provide a total of \$0.18/ kWh and \$1.8/therm not to exceed 50% of total project cost. Additional Incentives for #2 and #3 are increased by \$0.005/kWh and \$0.05/therm for each percentage increase above the 15% minimum target to 20%, calculated with the EPA Portfolio Manager benchmarking tool, not to exceed 50% of total project cost.

For the purpose of demonstrating the eligibility of the ECM's to meet the minimum savings requirement of 15% annual savings and 10% ROI for the Pay for Performance Program, all ECM's identified in this report have been included in the incentive calculations. The results for the building are shown in Appendix C.

We estimate the total source energy savings for the recommended package of measures to be 2.3%. The overall internal rate of return is estimated to be 6.1%.

Based on these preliminary estimates, this project likely would not meet the minimum requirements to be eligible for the Pay for Performance program.

6.1.4 Energy Savings Improvement Plan

The Energy Savings Improvement Program (ESIP) allows government agencies to make energy related improvements to their facilities and pay for the costs using the value of energy savings that result from the improvements. Under the recently enacted Chapter 4 of the Laws of 2009 (the law), the ESIP provides all government agencies in New Jersey with a flexible tool to improve and reduce energy usage with minimal expenditure of new financial resources.

ESIP allows local units to use “energy savings obligations” (ESO) to pay for the capital costs of energy improvements to their facilities. ESIP loans have a maximum loan term of 15 year. ESOs are not considered “new general obligation debt” of a local unit and do not count against debt limits or require voter approval. They may be issued as refunding bonds or leases. Savings generated from the installation of energy conservation measures pay the principal of and interest on the bonds; for that reason, the debt service created by the ESOs is not paid from the debt service fund, but is paid from the general fund.

For local governments interested in pursuing an ESIP, the first step is to perform an energy audit. Pursuing a Local Government Energy Audit through New Jersey's Clean Energy Program is a valuable first step to the ESIP approach. The “Local Finance Notice” outlines how local governments can develop and implement an ESIP for their facilities. The ESIP can be prepared internally if the entity has qualified staff. If not, the ESIP must be implemented by an independent contractor and not by the energy savings company producing the Energy Reduction Plan.

The ESIP approach may not be appropriate for all energy conservation and energy efficiency improvements. Local units should carefully consider all alternatives to develop an approach that best meets their needs.

6.1.5 Renewable Energy Incentive Program

The Renewable Energy Incentive Program (REIP) is part of New Jersey's efforts to reach its Energy Master Plan goals of striving to use 30 percent of electricity from renewable sources by 2020.

Incentives for sustainable bio-power projects and for energy storage projects are currently under development, with competitive solicitations for each of those technologies expected to begin in the first quarter of 2014. The wind program is currently on hold.

New solar projects are no longer eligible for REIP incentives, but can register for Solar Renewable Energy Certificates (SRECs) through the SREC Registration Program (SRP).

7.0 ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SCREENING EVALUATION

7.1 Solar

7.1.1 Photovoltaic Rooftop Solar Power Generation

The building was evaluated for the potential to install rooftop photovoltaic (PV) solar panels for power generation. Present technology incorporates the use of solar cell arrays that produce direct current (DC) electricity. This DC current is converted to alternating current (AC) with the use of an electrical device known as an inverter. The amount of available roof area determines how large of a solar array can be installed on any given roof. The table below summarizes the approximate roof area available on the building and the associated solar array size that can be installed.

| Available Roof Area (Ft ²) | Potential PV Array Size (kW) |
|--|------------------------------|
| 10,613 | 85 |

The PVWATTS solar power generation model was utilized to calculate PV power generation; this model is provided in Appendix D.

Installation of (PV) arrays in the state New Jersey will allow the owner to participate in the New Jersey Solar Renewable Energy Certificates Program (SREC). This is a program that has been set up to allow entities with large amounts of environmentally unfriendly emissions to purchase credits from zero emission (PV) solar-producers. An alternative compliance penalty (ACP) is paid for by the high emission producers and is set each year on a declining scale of 3% per year. One SREC credit is equivalent to 1000 kilowatt hours of PV electrical production; these credits can be traded for period of 15 years from the date of installation. Payments that will be received by the PV producer will change from year to year dependent upon supply and demand. There is no definitive way to calculate an exact price that will be received by the PV producer for SREC credits over the next 15 years. Renewable Energy Consultants estimates an average of \$204/SREC for January 2016 and this number was utilized in the cash flow for this report.

The system costs for PV installations were derived from recent solar contractor budgetary pricing in the state of New Jersey and include the total cost of the system installation (PV panels, inverters, wiring, ballast, controls). The cost of installation is currently about \$4.00 per watt or \$4,000 per kW of installed system, for a typical system. There are other considerations that have not been included in this pricing, such as the condition of the roof and need for structural reinforcement. Photovoltaic systems can be ground mounted if the roof is not suitable, however, this installation requires a substantial amount of open property (not wooded) and underground wiring, which adds more cost. PV panels have an approximate 20 year life span; however, the inverter device that converts DC electricity to AC has a life span of 10 to 12 years and will most likely need to be replaced during the useful life of the PV system.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix D and summarized as follows:

Photovoltaic (PV) Rooftop Solar Power Generation –85 kW System

| Budgetary Cost | Annual Utility Savings | | | Total Savings | New Jersey Renewable SREC | Payback (without SREC) | Payback (with SREC) | Recommended |
|----------------|------------------------|---------|-------------|---------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| | Electricity | | Natural Gas | | | | | |
| \$ | kW | kWh | Therms | \$ | \$ | Years | Years | Y/N |
| \$339,623 | 85 | 102,744 | 0 | \$13,459 | \$25,686 | 25.2 | 8.7 | FS |

Note: CHA typically recommends a more detailed evaluation be conducted for the installation of PV Solar arrays when the screening evaluation shows a payback of less than 20 years. Therefore, this ECM is recommended for further study. Before implementation is pursued, the township should consult with a certified solar PV contractor.

7.1.2 Solar Thermal Hot Water Generation

Active solar thermal systems use solar collectors to gather the sun's energy to heat a fluid. An absorber in the collector (usually black colored piping) converts the sun's energy into heat. The heat is transferred to circulating water, antifreeze, or air for immediate use or is storage for later utilization. Applications for active solar thermal energy include supplementing domestic hot water, heating swimming pools, space heating or preheating air in residential and commercial buildings.

A standard solar hot water system is typically composed of solar collectors, heat storage vessel, piping, circulators, and controls. Systems are typically integrated to work alongside a conventional heating system that provides heat when solar resources are not sufficient. The solar collectors are usually placed on the roof of the building, oriented south, and tilted at the same angle as the site's latitude, to maximize the amount of solar radiation collected on a yearly basis.

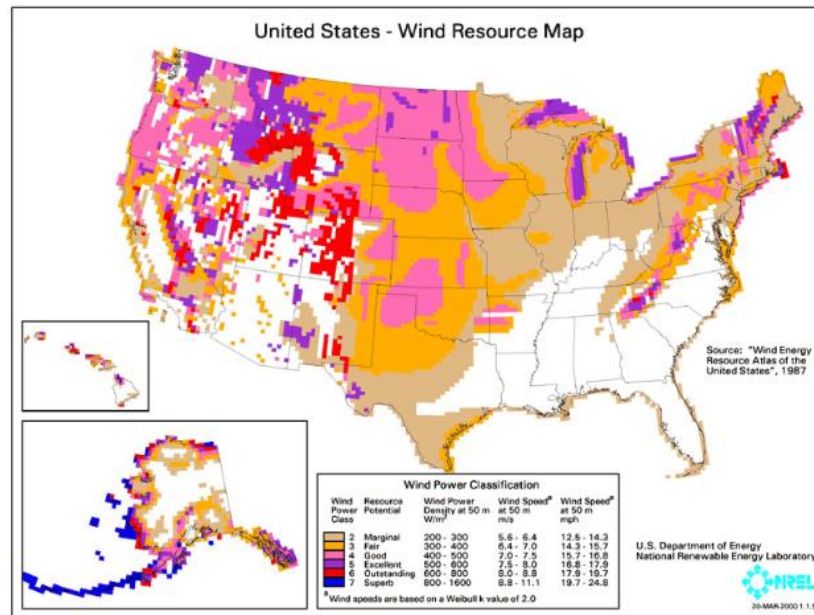
Several options exist for using active solar thermal systems for space heating. The most common method is called a passive solar hot water system involves using glazed collectors to heat a liquid held in a storage tank (similar to an active solar hot water system described above which requires pumping). The most practical system would transfer the heat from the panels to thermal storage tanks and then use the pre-heated water for domestic hot water production. DHW is presently produced by natural gas fired water heaters and, therefore, this measure would offer natural gas utility savings. Unfortunately, the amount of domestic hot water that is currently used by this building is very small. Installing a solar domestic hot water system is not recommended due to the limited amount of domestic hot water presently consumed by the building.

This measure is not recommended due to the relatively low domestic hot water usage.

7.2 Wind Powered Turbines

Wind power is the conversion of kinetic energy from wind into mechanical power that is used to drive a generator which creates electricity by means of a wind turbine. A wind turbine consists of rotor and blades connected to a gearbox and generator that are

mounted onto a tower. Newer wind turbines also use advanced technology to generate electricity at a variety of frequencies depending on the wind speed, convert it to DC and then back to AC before sending it to the grid. Wind turbines range from 50 – 750 kW for utility scale turbines down to below 50 kW for residential use. On a scale of 1 (the lowest) to 7 (the highest), Class 3 and above (wind speeds of 13 mph or greater) are generally considered “good wind resource” according to the Wind Energy Development Programmatic EIS Information Center hosted by the Bureau of Land Management. According to the map below, published by NREL, Newark, NJ is classified as Class 1 at 50m, meaning the city would not be a good candidate for wind power.



This measure is not recommended due to the location of the building.

7.3 Combined Heat and Power Plant

Combined heat and power (CHP), cogeneration, is self-production of electricity on-site with beneficial recovery of the heat byproduct from the electrical generator. Common CHP equipment includes reciprocating engine-driven, micro turbines, steam turbines, and fuel cells. Typical CHP customers include industrial, commercial, institutional, educational institutions, and multifamily residential facilities. CHP systems that are commercially viable at the present time are sized approximately 50 kW and above, with numerous options in blocks grouped around 300 kW, 800 kW, 1,200 kW and larger. Typically, CHP systems are used to produce a portion of the electricity needed by a facility some or all of the time, with the balance of electric needs satisfied by purchase from the grid.

Any proposed CHP project will need to consider many factors, such as existing system load, use of thermal energy produced, system size, natural gas fuel availability, and proposed plant location. This building has sufficient need for electrical generation and the ability to use most of the thermal byproduct during the winter; however thermal usage during the summer months does not exist. Thermal energy produced by the CHP plant in

the warmer months will be wasted. An absorption chiller could be installed to utilize the heat to produce chilled water; however, there is no chilled water distribution system in the building. CHP is not recommended due to the building's limited summer thermal demand.

This measure is not recommended due to the absence of year-round thermal loads which are needed for efficiency CHP operation. However, a mini-size CHP could be an option for the facility to consider. The sizing and energy savings of the mini-size CHP require further study.

7.4 Demand Response Curtailment

Presently, electricity is delivered by PSE&G, which receives the electricity from regional power grid RFC. PSE&G is the regional transmission organization (RTO) that coordinates the movement of wholesale electricity in all or parts of 13 states and the District of Columbia including the State of New Jersey.

Utility Curtailment is an agreement with the utility provider's regional transmission organization and an approved Curtailment Service Provider (CSP) to shed electrical load by either turning major equipment off or energizing all or part of a facility utilizing an emergency generator; therefore, reducing the electrical demand on the utility grid. This program is to benefit the utility company during high demand periods and the utility provider offers incentives to the CSP to participate in this program. Enrolling in the program will require program participants to drop electrical load or turn on emergency generators during high electrical demand conditions or during emergencies. Part of the program also will require that program participants reduce their required load or run emergency generators with notice to test the system.

A pre-approved CSP will require a minimum of 100 kW of load reduction to participate in any curtailment program. From October 2014 through September 2014 the following table summarizes the electricity load profile for the building.

Building Electric Load Profile

| Peak Demand kW | Min Demand kW | Avg Demand kW | Onsite Generation Y/N | Eligible? Y/N |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| 1,019.9 | 926.1 | 972.3 | N | N |

*the demand is estimated from one month bill

This measure is not recommended due to not the special requirements of the pump house which require the water pumps to run 24/7 and with an emergency generator.

8.0 CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

The following section summarizes the LGEA energy audit conducted by CHA for City of East Orange.

The following projects should be considered for implementation:

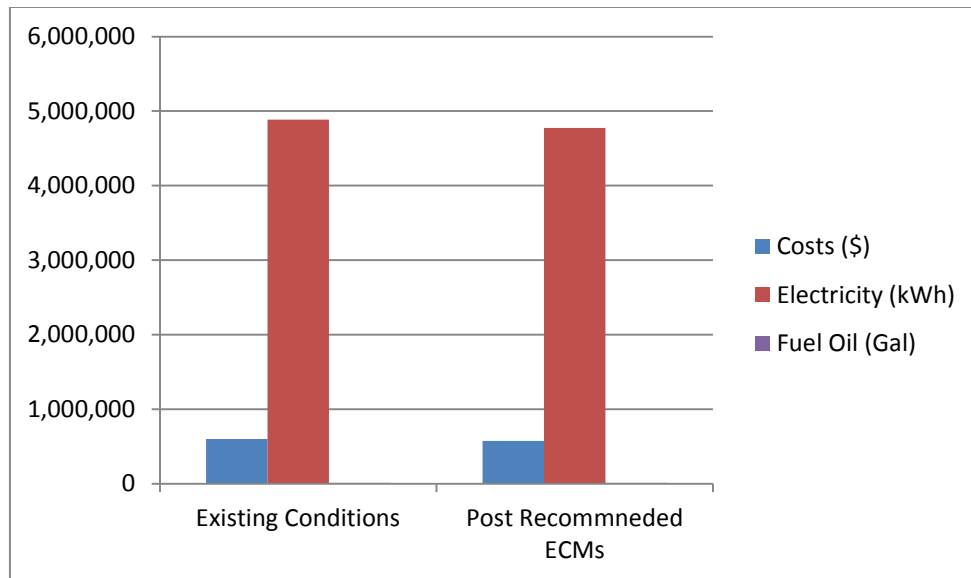
- Install soft-start on the water supply pump
- Replace heating hot water boiler with high efficiency condensing boiler
- Replace the old furnace with high efficiency condensing furnace
- Replace the old air conditioners
- Lighting Replacements with LED and add Controls (Occupancy Sensors)

The potential annual energy and cost savings for the recommended ECMs are shown in the following table.

| Electric Savings (kWh) | Fuel Oil Savings (gallons) | Total Savings (\$) | Payback (years) |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 112,451 | 2,205 | 25,191 | 12.5 |

If the city implements the recommended ECMs, energy savings would be as follows:

| | Existing Conditions | Post Recommended ECMs | Percent Savings |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Costs (\$) | 600,002 | 574,811 | 4% |
| Electricity (kWh) | 4,886,898 | 4,774,447 | 2% |
| Fuel Oil (Gal) | 12,000 | 9,795 | 18% |
| Site EUI (kbtu/SF/Yr) | 810.8 | 792.2 | |



Next Steps: This energy audit has identified several areas of potential energy savings. City of East Orange can use this information to pursue incentives offered by the NJBPU's NJ Clean Energy Program. Additional meetings will be scheduled with city staff members to review possible options.

APPENDIX A

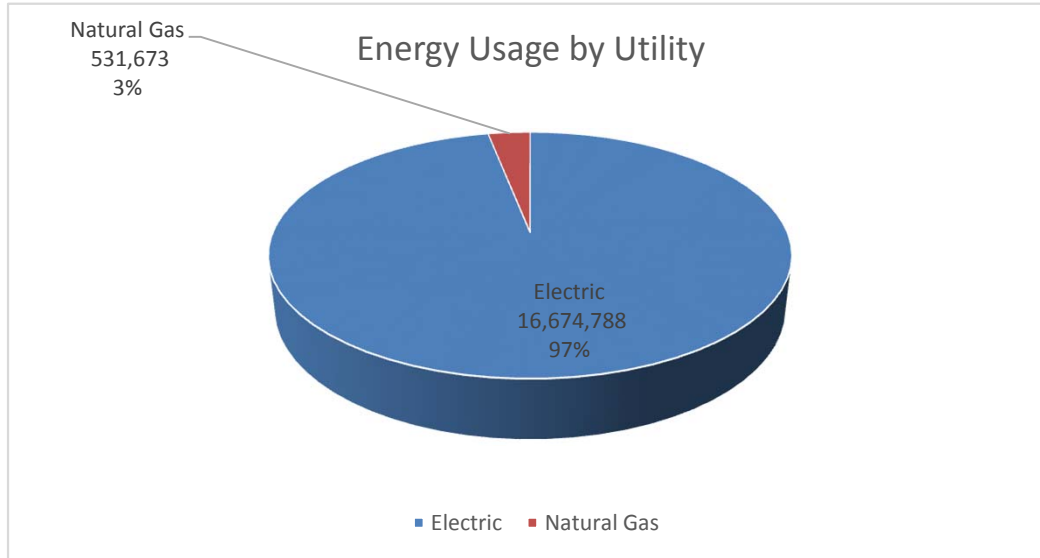
Utility Usage Analysis and Alternate Utility Suppliers

East Orange NJBPU LGEA
Water Department Pump House at 300 Parsonage Hill St

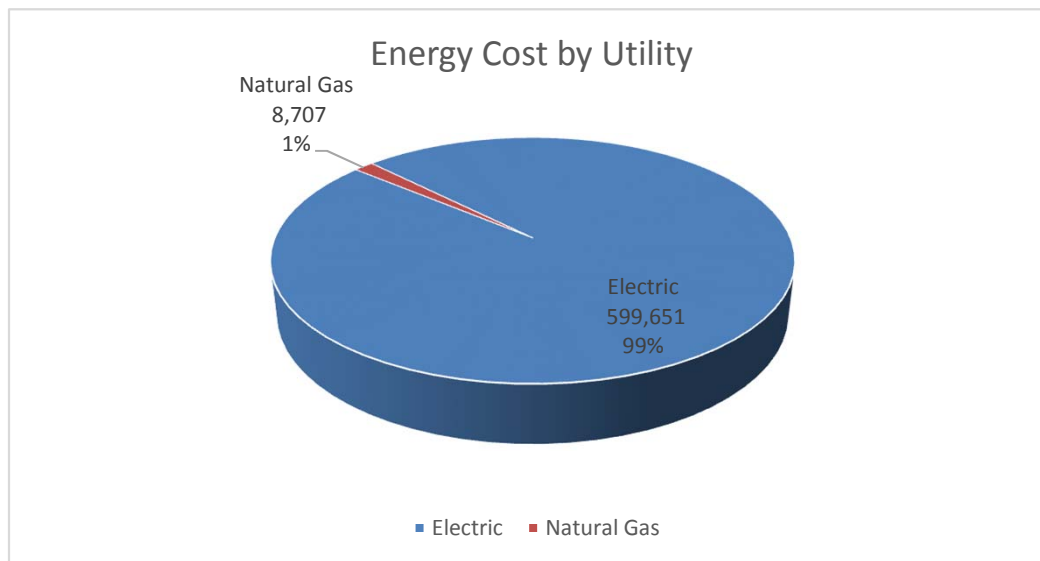
Annual Utilities
 12-month Summary

| Electric | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Annual Usage | 4,886,898 | kWh/yr |
| Annual Cost | 599,651 | \$ |
| Blended Rate | 0.123 | \$/kWh |
| Peak Demand | 1,019.9 | kW |
| Min. Demand | 926.1 | kW |
| Avg. Demand | 972.3 | kW |
| Fuel Oil for Heating | | |
| Annual Usage | 5,318 | Gallon/yr |
| Annual Cost | 8,707 | \$ |
| Rate | 1.637 | \$/Gallon |
| Energy Summary | | |
| Building Area | 42,932 | SF |
| Energy Usage Intensity (EUI) | 401 | KBtu/SF/yr |
| Energy Cost Index (ECI) | 14.17 | \$/SF/yr |
| Total Annual Utility Costs | 608,358 | \$ |

| Utility | KBtu | % |
|-------------|------------|------|
| Electric | 16,674,788 | 97% |
| Natural Gas | 531,673 | 3% |
| | 17,206,461 | 100% |



| Utility | \$ | % |
|-------------|---------|------|
| Electric | 599,651 | 99% |
| Natural Gas | 8,707 | 1% |
| | 608,358 | 100% |



East Orange NJBPU LGEA
Water Department Pump House at 300 Parsonage Hill St

Electric Service

Account No.: 100004101612
Meter No.: S312720199

Delivery: PSE&G
Rate Rate JC_GT__01F

| | Provider Charges | | | | | Usage (kWh) vs. Demand (kW) Charges | | Unit Costs | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Month | Consump. (kWh)* | Demand (kW)** | Delivery (\$)* | Supplier (\$) | Total (\$) | Consumption (\$) | Demand (\$) | Delivery (\$/kWh) | Supplier (\$/kWh) | Consumption Rate (\$/kWh) | Demand \$/kW | Blended Rate (\$/kWh) |
| October-13 | 692,461 | 1,009 | 27,698 | 34,744.34 | 62,442.78 | 54373.18 | 8069.60 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.079 | 8.000 | 0.090 |
| November-13 | 694,751 | 1,048 | 27,790 | 73,518.80 | 101,308.84 | 92925.64 | 8383.20 | 0.040 | 0.106 | 0.134 | 8.000 | 0.146 |
| December-13 | 725,970 | 1,020 | 29,039 | 92,489.14 | 121,527.94 | 113366.34 | 8161.60 | 0.040 | 0.127 | 0.156 | 8.000 | 0.167 |
| January-14 | 636,364 | 1,020 | 25,455 | 72,606.92 | 98,061.48 | 89902.28 | 8159.20 | 0.040 | 0.114 | 0.141 | 8.000 | 0.154 |
| February-14 | 524,901 | 971 | 20,996 | 38,391.17 | 59,387.21 | 51617.61 | 7769.60 | 0.040 | 0.073 | 0.098 | 8.000 | 0.113 |
| March-14 | 353,643 | 930 | 14,146 | 22,160.80 | 36,306.52 | 28869.72 | 7436.80 | 0.040 | 0.063 | 0.082 | 8.000 | 0.103 |
| April-14 | 163,020 | 939 | 6,521 | 13,097.08 | 19,617.88 | 12108.28 | 7509.60 | 0.040 | 0.080 | 0.074 | 8.000 | 0.120 |
| May-14 | 122,903 | 926 | 4,916 | 13,120.79 | 18,036.91 | 10628.11 | 7408.80 | 0.040 | 0.107 | 0.086 | 8.000 | 0.147 |
| June-14 | 204,019 | 970 | 8,161 | 12,300.11 | 20,460.87 | 12699.27 | 7761.60 | 0.040 | 0.060 | 0.062 | 8.000 | 0.100 |
| July-14 | 197,134 | 932 | 7,885 | 11,219.09 | 19,104.45 | 11645.25 | 7459.20 | 0.040 | 0.057 | 0.059 | 8.000 | 0.097 |
| August-14 | 255,668 | 951 | 10,227 | 10,591.69 | 20,818.41 | 13208.01 | 7610.40 | 0.040 | 0.041 | 0.052 | 8.000 | 0.081 |
| September-14 | 316,064 | 951 | 12,643 | 9,935.52 | 22,578.08 | 14967.68 | 7610.40 | 0.040 | 0.031 | 0.047 | 8.000 | 0.071 |
| Total (All) | 4,886,898 | 1,047.90 | \$195,475.92 | \$404,175.45 | \$599,651.37 | \$506,311.37 | \$93,340.00 | \$0.04 | \$0.08 | \$0.10 | \$8.00 | \$0.12 |
| Notes | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | 6 | 7 | | | 8 |

1.) Number of kWh of electric energy used per month

2.) Number of kW of power measured

3.) Electric charges from Delivery provider

4.) Electric charges from Supply provider - note, includes 8.875% tax

5.) Total charges (Delivery + Supplier)

6.) Delivery Charges (\$) / Consumption (kWh)

7.) Supplier Charges (\$) / Consumption (kWh)

8.) Total Charges (\$) / Consumption (kWh)

1,047.9 Max

926.1 Min

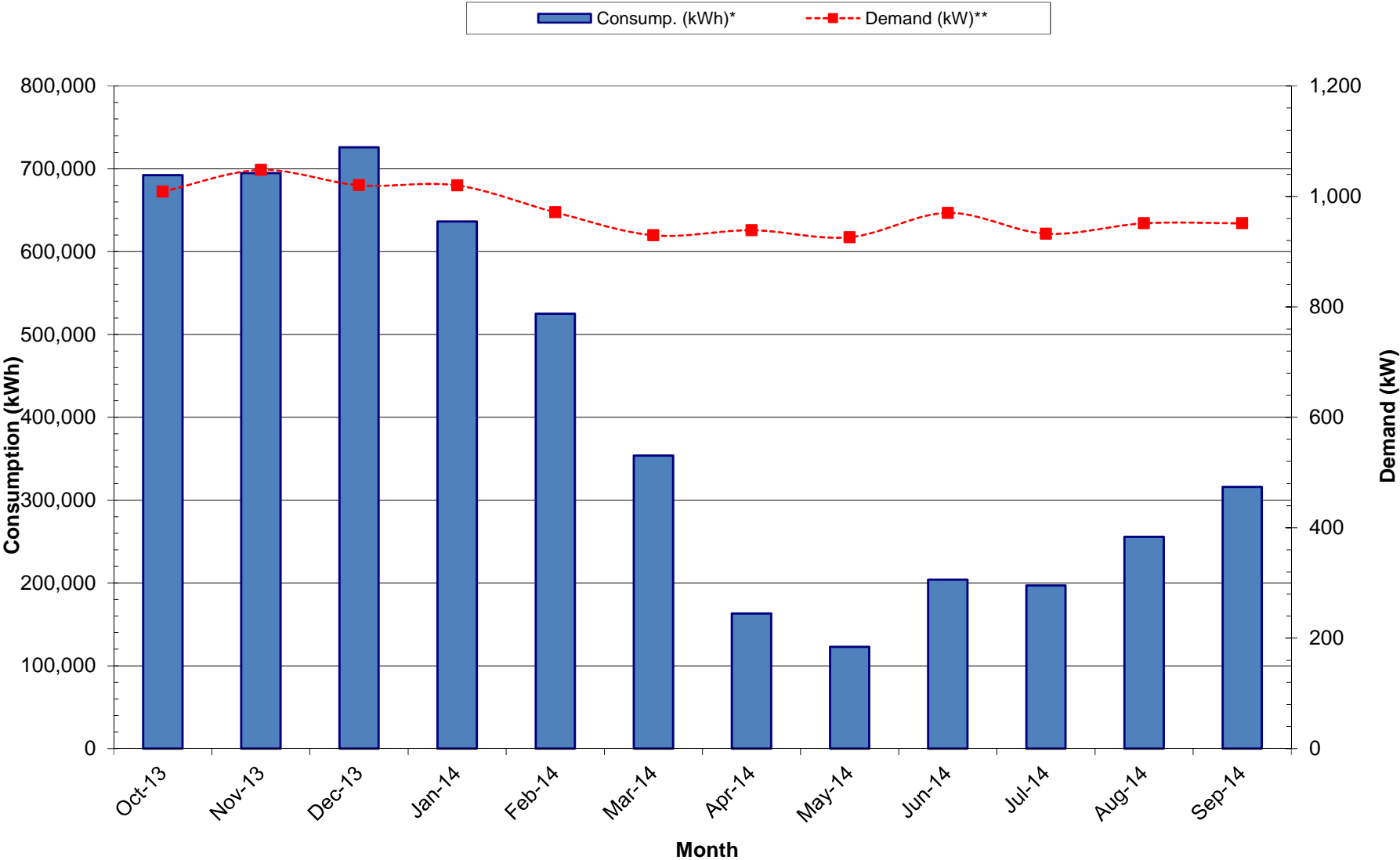
972.3 average

* Based on combined numbers provided by client

** Addition of two accounts provided by client

600

Water Department Pump House at 300 Parsonage Hill St



East Orange NJBPU LGEA
Water Department Pump House at 300 Parsonage Hill St

Natural Gas Service

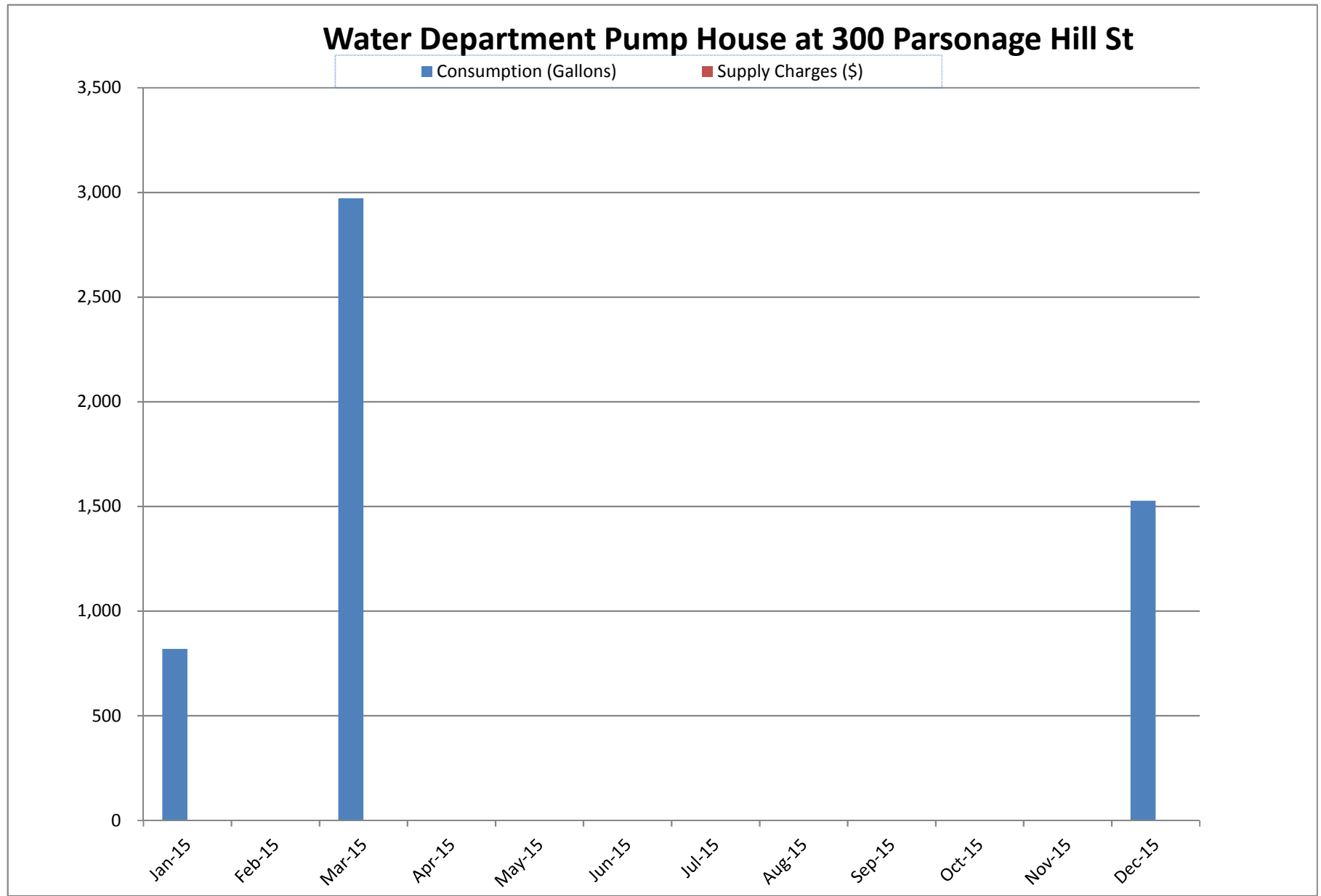
Account No.:

Meter No:

Delivery: Finch Fuel Oil

Rate

| Month | Consumption (Gallons) | Delivery Charges (\$) | Supply Charges (\$) | Total Charges (\$) | Rate (\$/Gallon) |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| January-15 | 819.00 | | | 1,213.35 | 1.48 |
| March-15 | 2,972.00 | | | 5,201.59 | 1.75 |
| December-15 | 1,527.00 | | | 2,292.18 | 1.50 |
| Total (12 Months) | 5,318 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 8,707.12 | \$ 1.64 |

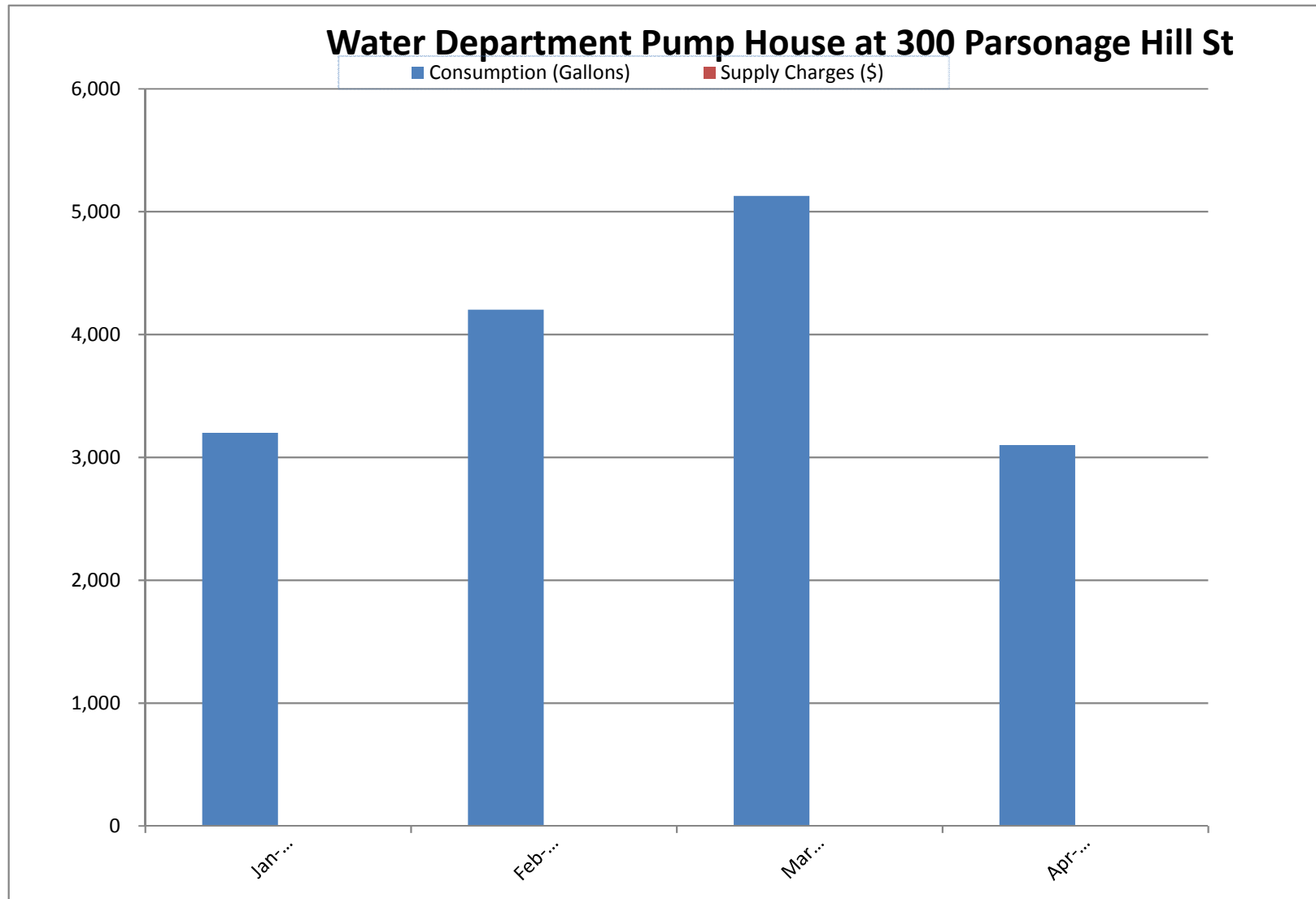


East Orange NJBPU LGEA
Water Department Pump House at 300 Parsonage Hill St

Natural Gas Service

Account No.:
Meter No:
Delivery: Finch Fuel Oil
Rate

| Month | Consumption (Gallons) | Delivery Charges (\$) | Supply Charges (\$) | Total Charges (\$) | Rate (\$/Gallon) |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| January-15 | 3,200.00 | | | 5,924.50 | 1.85 |
| February-15 | 4,201.00 | | | 8,298.60 | 1.98 |
| March-15 | 5,128.00 | | | 8,175.71 | 1.59 |
| April-15 | 3,100.00 | | | 6,139.55 | 1.98 |
| Total (12 Months) | 15,629 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 28,538.36 | \$ 1.83 |



PSE&G ELECTRIC SERVICE TERRITORY

Last Updated: 7/21/15

***CUSTOMER CLASS - R – RESIDENTIAL C – COMMERCIAL I –INDUSTRIAL**

| Supplier | Telephone & Web Site | *Customer Class |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| Abest Power & Gas of NJ, LLC 202 Smith Street Perth Amboy, NJ 08861 | (888)987-6937 www.AbestPower.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| AEP Energy, Inc. f/k/a BlueStar Energy Services 309 Fellowship Road, Fl. 2 Mount Laurel, NJ 08054 | (866) 258-3782 www.aepenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Agera Energy, LLC 115 route 46, Building F Parsippany, NJ 07054 | (844) 692-4372 www.ageraenergy.com | R/C/I |
| Alpha Gas and Electric, LLC 641 5 th Street Lakewood, NJ 08701 | (855) 553-6374 www.alphagasandelectric.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Ambit Northeast, LLC d/b/a Ambit Energy 103 Carnegie Center Suite 300 Princeton, NJ 08540 | 877-282-6284 www.ambitenergy.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| American Power & Gas of NJ, LLC - 10000 Lincoln Drive East – Suite 201 Marlton, NJ 08053 | (800) 205-7491 www.GoAPG.com | R/C/I |
| American Powernet Management, LP 437 North Grove St. Berlin, NJ 08009 | (877) 977-2636 www.americanpowernet.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Amerigreen Energy, Inc. 333 Sylvan Avenue, Suite 305 Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632 | 888-559-4567 www.amerigreen.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| AP Gas & Electric, (NJ) LLC 10 North Park Place, Suite 420 Morristown, NJ 07960 | (855) 544-4895 www.apgellc.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Astral Energy LLC 16 Tyson Place Bergenfield, NJ 07621 | (888)850-1872 www.AstralEnergyLLC.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |

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| Barclays Capital Services, Inc. 70 Hudson Street Jersey City, NJ 07302-4585 | (800) 526-7000 www.barclays.com | C ACTIVE |
| BBPC, LLC d/b/a Great Eastern Energy 116 Village Blvd. Suite 200 Princeton, NJ 08540 | (888) 651-4121 www.greateasternenergy.com | C ACTIVE |
| Berkshire Energy Partners, LLC 9 Berkshire Road Landenberg, PA 19350 Attn: Dana A. LeSage, P.E. | (610) 255-5070 www.berkshireenergypartners.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Blue Pilot Energy, LLC 197 State Rte. 18 South Ste. 3000 East Brunswick, NJ 08816 | (800) 451-6356 www.bluepilotenergy.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Brick Standard, LLC 235 Hudson Street Suite 1 Hoboken, NJ 07030 | (201)706-8101 www.standardalternative.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| CCES LLC dba Clean Currents Energy Services 566 Terhune Street Teaneck, NJ 07666 | (877) 933-2453 www.cleancurrents.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Champion Energy Services, LLC 1200 Route 22 Bridgewater, NJ 08807 | (888) 653-0093 www.championenergyservices.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Choice Energy, LLC 4257 US Highway 9, Suite 6C Freehold, NJ 07728 | (888) 565-4490 www.4choiceenergy.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Clearview Electric, Inc. 1744 Lexington Avenue Pennsauken, NJ 08110 | (888) CLR-VIEW (800) 746- 4702 www.clearviewenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Commerce Energy, Inc. 7 Cedar Terrace Ramsey, NJ 07446 | 1-866-587-8674 www.commerceenergy.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Community Energy Inc. 51 Sandbrook Headquarters Road Stockton, NJ 08559 | (866)946-3123 www.communityenergyinc.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |

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| ConEdison Solutions Cherry Tree Corporate Center 535 State Highway Suite 180 Cherry Hill, NJ 08002 | (888) 665-0955 www.conedsolutions.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| ConocoPhillips Company 224 Strawbridge Drive Suite 107 Moorestown, NJ 08057 | (800) 646-4427 www.conocophillips.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Constellation New Energy, Inc. 900A Lake Street, Suite 2 Ramsey, NJ 07446 | (888) 635-0827 www.constellation.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Constellation Energy 900A Lake Street, Suite 2 Ramsey, NJ 07446 | (877) 997-9995 www.constellation.com | R ACTIVE |
| Constellation Energy Services, Inc. 116 Village Boulevard Suite 200 Princeton, NJ 08540 | 1 (800) 536-0151 www.integrityenergy.com | R/C/I |
| Corporate Services Support Corp. 665 Howard Avenue Somerset, NJ 08873 | 1(800) 761-4000 www.morganstanley.com | C |
| Credit Suisse, (USA) Inc. 700 College Road East Princeton, NJ 08450 | (800) 325-2000 www.creditsuisse.com | C ACTIVE |
| Direct Energy Business, LLC 1 Hess Plaza Woodbridge | (888) 925-9115 http://www.business.directenergy.com/ | C/I ACTIVE |
| Direct Energy Business Marketing, LLC (fka Hess Energy Marketing) 1 Hess Plaza Woodbridge, NJ 07095 | (800) 437-7872 http://www.business.directenergy.com/ | C/I ACTIVE |
| Direct Energy Small Business, LLC (fka Hess Small Business Services, LLC) One Hess Plaza Woodbridge, NJ 07095 | (888) 925-9115 http://www.business.directenergy.com/small-business | C/I ACTIVE |

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| Direct Energy Services, LLC 1 Hess Plaza Woodbridge, NJ 07095 | 1 (866) 348-4193 www.directenergy.com | C/I INACTIVE |
| Discount Energy Group, LLC 811 Church Road, Suite 149 Cherry Hill, New Jersey 08002 | (800) 282-3331 www.discountenergygroup.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| DTE Energy Supply, Inc. One Gateway Center, Suite 2600 Newark, NJ 07102 | (877) 332-2450 www.dtesupply.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| EDF Energy Services, LLC 1 Meadowlands Plaza Suite 200, Office No. 246 East Rutherford, NJ 07073 | 1 (877) 432-4530 www.edfenergyservices.com | C/I |
| Energy.me Midwest LLC 90 Washington Blvd Bedminster, NJ 07921 | (855) 243-7270 www.energy.me | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Energy Plus Holdings LLC 309 Fellowship Road East Gate Center, Suite 200 Mt. Laurel, NJ 08054 | (877) 866-9193 www.energypluscompany.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| EnerPenn d/b/a YEP Energy 89 Headquarters Plaza North #1463 Morristown, NJ 07960 | (855) 363-7736 www.yepenergyNJ.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Ethical Electric Benefit Co. d/b/a Ethical Electric/d/b/a Clean Energy Option 100 Overlook Center, 2 nd Fl. Princeton, NJ 08540 | (888) 444-9452 www.ethicalelectric.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Energy Service Providers, Inc., d/b/a New Jersey Gas & Electric 1 Bridge Plaza fl. 2 Fort Lee, NJ 07024 | (866) 568-0290 www.njgande.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Everyday Energy, LLC One International Blvd., Suite 400 Mahwah, NJ 07495-0400 | 844-684-5506 www.energyrewards.comcast.com | R/I |

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| FirstEnergy Solutions 150 West State Street Trenton, NJ 08608 | (888) 254-63590- www.fes.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| First Point Power, LLC 90 Washington Valley Road Bedminster, NJ 07921 | (888) 875-1711 www.firstpointpower.com | R/C/I |
| Frontier Utilities Northeast, LLC 199 New Road, Suite 61-187 Linwood, NJ 08221 | (877) 437-6930 www.frontierutilities.com | R/C/I |
| Gateway Energy Services Corporation 1 Hess Plaza Woodbridge, NJ 07095 | (800) 805-8586 www.gesc.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| GDF SUEZ Energy Resources NA, Inc. 333 Thornall Street Sixth Floor Edison, NJ 08837 | (866) 999-8374 www.gdfsuezenergyresources.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| GDF Suez Retail Energy Solutions LLC d/b/a THINK ENERGY 333 Thornall St. Sixth Floor Edison, NJ 08819 | 1-866-252-0078 www.mythinkenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Glacial Energy of New Jersey, Inc. 21 Pine Street, Suite 237 Rockaway, NJ 07866 | (888) 452-2425 www.glacialenergy.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Global Energy Marketing LLC 129 Wentz Avenue Springfield, NJ 07081 | (800) 542-0778 www.globalp.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Greenlight Energy, Inc. 2608 25th Road Astoria, NY 11102 | (888) 453-4427 www.greenlightenergy.us | R |
| Green Mountain Energy Company 211 Carnegie Center Drive Princeton, NJ 08540 | (866) 767-5818 www.greenmountain.com/commercial-home | C/I ACTIVE |

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| Harborside Energy LLC 101 Hudson Street Suite 2100 Jersey City, NJ 07302 | (877) 940-3835 www.harborsideenergynj.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Hess Corporation 1 Hess Plaza Woodbridge, NJ 07095 | (800) 437-7872 www.hess.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| HIKO Energy, LLC 655 Suffern Road Teaneck, NJ 07666 | (888) 264-4908 www.hikoenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Holcim (US) Inc. 595 Morgan Boulevard Camden, NJ 08104 | (800) 831-9507 ext. 4354 www.holcim.us | I |
| Hudson Energy Services, LLC 7 Cedar Street Ramsey, New Jersey 07466 | (877) Hudson 9 www.hudsonenergyservices.com | C ACTIVE |
| IDT Energy, Inc. 550 Broad Street Newark, NJ 07102 | (877) 887-6866 www.idtenergy.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Independence Energy Group, LLC 211 Carnegie Center Princeton, NJ 08540 | (877) 235-6708 www.chooseindependence.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Inspire Energy Holdings LLC 923 Haddonfield Road 3rd Fl. Building B2 Cherry Hill, NJ 08002 | (866) 403-2620 www.inspireenergy.com | R/C/I |
| Integrus Energy Services, Inc. 33 Wood Ave, South, Suite 610 Iselin, NJ 08830 | (800) 536-0151 www.integrusenergy.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Jsynergy, LLC 445 Central Ave. Suite 204 Cedarhurst, NY 11516 | (516) 331-2020 Jsynergylc.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Kuehne Chemical Company, Inc. 86 North Hackensack Avenue South Kearney, NJ 07032 | (973) 589-0700 kuehnechemical@comcast.net | I |

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| Liberty Power Delaware, LLC 1973 Highway 34, Suite 211 Wall, NJ 07719 | (866) 769-3799 www.libertypowercorp.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Liberty Power Holdings, LLC 1973 Highway 34, Suite 211 Wall, NJ 07719 | (866) 769-3799 www.libertypowercorp.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Linde Energy Services 575 Mountain Avenue Murray Hill, NJ 07974 | (800) 247-2644 www.linde.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Marathon Power LLC 302 Main Street Paterson, NJ 07505 | (888) 779-7255 www.mecny.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| MP2 Energy NJ, LLC 111 River Street, Suite 1204 Hoboken, NJ 07030 | (877) 238-5343 www.mp2energy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Natures Current, LLC 95 Fairmount Avenue Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19123 | (215) 464-6000 www.naturescurrent.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| MPower Energy NJ LLC One University Plaza, Suite 507 Hackensack, NJ 07601 | (877) 286-7693 www.mpowerenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| NATGASCO, Inc. (Supreme Energy, Inc.) 532 Freeman St. Orange, NJ 07050 | (800) 840-4427 www.supremeenergyinc.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| New Jersey Gas & Electric 10 North Park Place Suite 420 Morristown, NJ 07960 | (866) 568-0290 www.njgande.com | R/C/ ACTIVE |
| NextEra Energy Services New Jersey, LLC 651 Jernee Mill Road Sayreville, NJ 08872 | (877) 528-2890 Commercial (800) 882-1276 Residential www.nexteraenergyservices.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Noble Americas Energy Solutions The Mac-Cali Building 581 Main Street, 8th Floor Woodbridge, NJ 07095 | (877) 273-6772 www.noblesolutions.com | C/I ACTIVE |

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| Nordic Energy Services, LLC 50 Tice Boulevard, Suite 340 Woodcliff Lake, NJ 07677 | (877) 808-1027 www.nordiceenergy.us.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| North American Power and Gas, LLC 222 Ridgedale Avenue Cedar Knolls, NJ 07927 | (888) 313-9086 www.napower.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| North Eastern States, Inc. d/b/a Entrust Energy 90 Washington Valley Road Bedminster, NJ 07921 | (888) 521-5861 www.entrustenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Oasis Power, LLC d/b/a Oasis Energy 11152 Westheimer, Suite 901 Houston, TX 77042 | (800)324-3046 www.oasisenergy.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Palmco Power NJ, LLC One Greentree Centre 10,000 Lincoln Drive East, Suite 201 Marlton, NJ 08053 | (877) 726-5862 www.PalmcoEnergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Park Power, LLC 1200 South Church St. Suite 23 Mount Laurel, NJ 08054 | (856) 778-0079 www.parkpower.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Plymouth Rock Energy, LLC 338 Maitland Avenue Teaneck, NJ 07666 | (855) 32-POWER (76937) www.plymouthenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Power Management Co., LLC b/b/a PMC Lightsavers Limited Liability Company 1600 Moseley Road Victor, NY 14564 | (585) 249-1360 www.powermanagementco.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| PPL Energy Plus, LLC Shrewsbury Executive Offices 788 Shrewsbury Ave., Suite 2178 Tinton Falls, NJ 07724 | (800) 281-2000 www.pplenergyplus.com | C /I ACTIVE |
| Progressive Energy Consulting, LLC PO Box 4582 Wayne, New Jersey 07474 | (917) 837-7400 Progressivenrg@optionline.net | R/C/I ACTIVE |

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| Prospect Resources, Inc. 208 W. State Street Trenton, NJ 08608-1002 | (847) 673-1959 www.prospectresources.com | C ACTIVE |
| Public Power & Utility of New Jersey, LLC One International Blvd, Suite 400 Mahwah, NJ 07495 | (888) 354-4415 www.ppandu.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Reliant Energy 211 Carnegie Center Princeton, NJ 08540 | (877) 297-3795 (877) 297-3780 www.reliant.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| ResCom Energy LLC 18C Wave Crest Ave. Winfield Park, NJ 07036 | (888) 238-4041 http://rescom-energy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Residents Energy, LLC 550 Broad Street Newark, NJ 07102 | (888) 828-7374 www.residentsenergy.com | R/C |
| Respond Power LLC 1001 East Lawn Drive Teaneck, NJ 07666 | (888) 625-6760 www.majorenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Save on Energy, LLC 1101 Red Ventures Drive Fort Mill, SC 29707 | 1 (877)-658-3183 www.saveonenergy.com | R/C |
| SFE Energy One Gateway Center Suite 2600 Newark, NJ 07012 | 1 (877) 316-6344 www.sfeenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| S.J. Energy Partners, Inc. 208 White Horse Pike, Suite 4 Barrington, NJ 08007 | (800) 695-0666 www.sjnaturalgas.com | C ACTIVE |
| SmartEnergy Holdings, LLC 100 Overlook Center 2nd Floor Princeton, NJ NJ 08540 United States of America | (800) 443-4440 www.smartenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| South Jersey Energy Company 1 South Jersey Plaza, Route 54 Folsom, NJ 08037 | (800) 266-6020 www.southjerseyenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Spark Energy Gas, LP/ Spark Energy | (713)600-2600 | R/C/I |

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| 2105 City West Blvd. Suite 100 Houston, TX 77042 | www.sparkenergy.com | ACTIVE |
| Sperian Energy Corp. 1200 Route 22 East, Suite 2000 Bridgewater, NJ 08807 | (888) 682-8082 www.sperianenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Sprague Energy Corp. 12 Ridge Road Chatham Township, NJ 07928 | 855-466-2842 www.spragueenergy.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Starion Energy PA Inc. 101 Warburton Avenue Hawthorne, NJ 07506 | (800) 600-3040 www.starionenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Stream Energy New Jersey, LLC 309 Fellowship Rd., Suite 200 Mt. Laurel, NJ 08054 | (877) 369-8150 www.streamenergy.net | R/C ACTIVE |
| Summit Energy Services, Inc. 10350 Ormsby Park Place Suite 400 Louisville, KY 40223 | 1 (800) 90-SUMMIT www.summitenergy.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Talen Energy Marketing, LLC 788 Shrewsbury Avenue, Suite 2178 Tinton Falls, NJ 07724 | (888) 289-7693 www.pplenergyplus.com/* | R/C |
| Texas Retail Energy LLC Park 80 West Plaza II, Suite 200 Saddle Brook, NJ 07663 Attn: Chris Hendrix | (866) 532-0761 Texasretailenergy.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| TransCanada Power Marketing Ltd. 190 Middlesex Essex Turnpike, Suite 200 Iselin, NJ 08830 | (877) MEGAWAT www.transcanada.com/powermarketing | C/I ACTIVE |
| TriEagle Energy, LP 90 Washington Valley Rd Bedminster, NJ 07921 | (877) 933-2453 www.trieagleenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |

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| UGI Energy Services, Inc. dba UGI Energy Link 224 Strawbridge Drive Suite 107 Moorestown, NJ 08057 | (800) 427-8545 www.ugienergylink.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Verde Energy USA, Inc. 2001 Route 46 Waterview Plaza Suite 301 Parsippany, NJ 07054 | (800) 388-3862 www.lowcostpower.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Viridian Energy 2001 Route 46, Waterview Plaza Suite 310 Parsippany, NJ 07054 | (866) 663-2508 www.viridian.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| XOOM Energy New Jersey, LLC 744 Broad Street. 16 th Floor Newark, NJ 07102 | (888) 997-8979 www.xoomenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Your Energy Holdings, LLC One International Boulevard Suite 400 Mahwah, NJ 07495-0400 | (855) 732-2493 www.thisisyourenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |

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***CUSTOMER CLASS - R – RESIDENTIAL C – COMMERCIAL I - INDUSTRIAL**

| Supplier | Telephone & Web Site | *Customer Class |
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| Agera Energy, LLC 115 route 46, Building F Parsippany, NJ 07054 | (844) 692-4372 www.ageraenergy.com | R/C/I |
| Ambit Northeast, LLC d/b/a Ambit Energy 103 Carnegie Center Suite 300 Princeton, NJ 08540 | 877-282-6284 www.ambitenergy.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| American Power & Gas of NJ, LLC 10000 Lincoln Drive East – Suite 201 Marlton, NJ 08053 | (800) 2057491 www.GoAPG.com | R/C/I |
| Amerigreen Energy, Inc. 333 Sylvan Avenue Suite 305 Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632 | (888)559-4567 www.amerigreen.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Astral Energy LLC 16 Tyson Place Bergenfield, NJ 07621 | 888-850-1872 www.AstralEnergyLLC.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| BBPC, LLC Great Eastern Energy 116 Village Blvd. Suite 200 Princeton, NJ 08540 | 888-651-4121 www.greateasternenergy.com | C ACTIVE |
| Choice Energy, LLC 4257 US Highway 9, Suite 6C Freehold, NJ 07728 | (888) 565-4490 www.4choiceenergy.com | R/C/I |
| Clearview Electric Inc. d/b/a Clearview Gas 1744 Lexington Ave. Pennsauken, NJ 08110 | 800-746-4720 www.clearviewenergy.com | R/C ACTIVE |

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| Colonial Energy, Inc. 83 Harding Road Wyckoff, NJ 07481 | 845-429-3229 www.colonialgroupinc.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Commerce Energy, Inc. 7 Cedar Terrace Ramsey, NJ 07746 | 888 817-8572 www.commerceenergy.com | R ACTIVE |
| Compass Energy Services, Inc. 33 Wood Avenue South, 610 Iselin, NJ 08830 | 866-867-8328 www.compassenergy.net | C/I ACTIVE |
| Compass Energy Gas Services, LLC 33 Wood Avenue South Suite 610 Iselin, NJ 08830 | 866-867-8328 www.compassenergy.net | C/I ACTIVE |
| ConocoPhillips Company 224 Strawbridge Drive, Suite 107 Moorestown, NJ 08057 | 800-646-4427 www.conocophillips.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Consolidated Edison Energy, Inc. d/b/a Con Edison Solutions 535 State Highway 38, Suite 140 Cherry Hill, NJ 08002 | 888-686-1383 x2130 www.conedenergy.com | |
| Consolidated Edison Solutions, Inc. Cherry Tree Corporate Center 535 State Highway 38, Suite 140 Cherry Hill, NJ 08002 | 888-665-0955 www.conedsolutions.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Constellation NewEnergy-Gas Division, LLC 116 Village Boulevard, Suite 200 Princeton, NJ 08540 | 800-785-4373 www.constellation.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Constellation Energy Gas Choice, Inc. 116 Village Blvd., Suite 200 Princeton, NJ 08540 | 800-785-4373 www.constellation.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Constellation Energy Services Natural Gas, LLC 116 Village Boulevard | 1 (800) 536-0151 | C/I |

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| Suite 200 Princeton, NJ 08540 | www.integrysenergy.com | |
| Direct Energy Business, LLC 1 Hess Plaza Woodbridge, NJ 07095 | 888-925-9115 http://www.business.directenergy.com/ | C/I ACTIVE |
| Direct Energy Business Marketing, LLC (fka Hess Energy Marketing) One Hess Plaza Woodbridge, NJ 07095 | (800) 437-7872 http://www.business.directenergy.com/ | C/I ACTIVE |
| Direct Energy Small Business, LLC (fka Hess Small Business Services, LLC) One Hess Plaza Woodbridge, NJ 07095 | (888) 925-9115 http://www.business.directenergy.com/small-business | C/I ACTIVE |
| Direct Energy Services, LLC 1 Hess Plaza Woodbridge, NJ 07095 | 1 (866) 348-4193 www.directenergy.com | C/I INACTIVE |
| Dominion Retail, Inc. d/b/a Dominion Energy Solutions 395 Route #70 West, Suite 125 Lakewood, NJ 08701 | (866)237-4765 www.dominionenergy.com | R/C |
| Everyday Energy, LLC One International Blvd., Suite 400 Mahwah, NJ 07495-0400 | 844-684-5506 www.energyrewards.comcast.com | R/I |
| Frontier Utilities Northeast, LLC 199 New Road, Suite 61-187 Linwood, NJ 08221 | (877) 437-6930 www.frontierutilities.com | R/C/I |
| Glacial Energy of New Jersey, Inc. 21 Pine Street, Suite 237 Rockaway, NJ 07866 | 888-452-2425 www.glacialenergy.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Gateway Energy Services Corporation 1 Hess Plaza Woodbridge, NJ 07095 | (800) 805-8586 www.gesc.com | R/C ACTIVE |

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| Global Energy Marketing, LLC 129 Wentz Avenue Springfield, NJ 07081 | 800-542-0778 www.globalp.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Great Eastern Energy 116 Village Blvd., Suite 200 Princeton, NJ 08540 | 888-651-4121 www.greateastern.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Greenlight Energy 2608 25 th Road Astoria, NY 11102 | (888) 453-4427 www.greenlightenergy.us | R ACTIVE |
| Harborside Energy LLC 101 Hudson Street, Suite 2100 Jersey City, NJ 07302 | 877-940-3835 www.harborsideenergynj.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Hess Energy, Inc. One Hess Plaza Woodbridge, NJ 07095 | 800-437-7872 www.hess.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| HIKO Energy, LLC 655 Suffern Road Teaneck, NJ 07666 | 888 264-4908 www.hikoenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Hudson Energy Services, LLC 7 Cedar Street Ramsey, NJ 07466 | 877- Hudson 9 www.hudsonenergyservices.com | C ACTIVE |
| IDT Energy, Inc. 550 Broad Street Newark, NJ 07102 | 877-887-6866 www.idtenergy.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Infinite Energy dba Intelligent Energy 1200 Route 22 East Suite 2000 Bridgewater, NJ 08807-2943 | (800) 927-9794 www.InfiniteEnergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Integrlys Energy Services-Natural Gas, LLC 101 Eisenhower Parkway Suite 300 Roseland, NJ 07068 | (800) 536-0151 www.integrlysenergy.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Jsynergy LLC 445 Cental Ave. Suite 204 Cedarhurst, NY 11516 | (516) 331-2020 www.Jsnergylc.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Major Energy Services, LLC 1001 East Lawn Drive Teaneck NJ 07666 | 888-625-6760 www.majorenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |

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| Marathon Power LLC 302 Main Street Paterson, NJ 07505 | 888-779-7255 www.mecny.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Metromedia Energy, Inc. 6 Industrial Way Eatontown, NJ 07724 | 1-877-750-7046 www.metromediaenergy.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Metro Energy Group, LLC 14 Washington Place Hackensack, NJ 07601 | 888-53-Metro www.metroenergy.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| MPower Energy NJ LLC One University Plaza, Suite 507 Hackensack, NJ 07601 | 877-286-7693 www.mpowerenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| NATGASCO (Supreme Energy, Inc.) 532 Freeman Street Orange, NJ 07050 | 800-840-4427 www.supremeenergyinc.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| New Energy Services LLC 101 Neptune Avenue Deal, New Jersey 07723 | 800-660-3643 www.newenergyservicesllc.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| New Jersey Gas & Electric 10 North Park Place Suite 420 Morristown, NJ 07960 | 866-568-0290 www.njgande.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Noble Americas Energy Solutions The Mac-Cali Building 581 Main Street, 8th fl. Woodbridge, NJ 07095 | 877-273-6772 www.noblesolutions.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| North American Power & Gas, LLC d/b/a North American Power 197 Route 18 South Ste. 300 New Brunswick, NJ 08816 | 888- 313-8086 www.napower.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| North Eastern States, Inc. d/b/a Entrust Energy 90 Washington Valley Road Bedminster, NJ 07921 | (888) 521-5861 www.entrustenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Oasis Power, LLC d/b/a Oasis Energy 11152 Westheimer, Suite 901 Houston, TX 77042 | (800)324-3046 www.oasisenergy.com | R/C ACTIVE |

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| Palmco Energy NJ, LLC One Greentree Centre 10,000 Lincoln Drive East, Suite 201 Marlton, NJ 08053 | 877-726-5862 www.PalmcoEnergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Plymouth Rock Energy, LLC 338 Maitland Avenue Teaneck, NJ 07666 | 855-32-POWER (76937) www.plymouthenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| PPL EnergyPlus, LLC Shrewsbury Executive Offices 788 Shrewsbury Avenue Suite 2200 Tinton Falls, NJ 07724 | (732) 741-0505 www.pplenergyplus.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Public Power & Utility of New Jersey, LLC One International Blvd, Suite 400 Mahwah, NJ 07495 | (888) 354-4415 www.ppandu.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Residents Energy, LLC 550 Broad Street Newark, NJ 07102 | (888) 828-7374 www.residentsenergy.com | R/C |
| Respond Power LLC 1001 East Lawn Drive Teaneck, NJ 07666 | (877) 973-7763 www.respondpower.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Save on Energy, LLC 1101 Red Ventures Drive Fort Mill, SC 29707 | 1 (877) 658-3183 www.saveonenergy.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| SFE Energy One Gateway Center Suite 2600 Newark, NJ 07012 | 1 (877) 316-6344 www.sfeenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| S.J. Energy Partners, Inc. 208 White Horse Pike, Suite 4 Barrington, NJ 08007 | (800) 695-0666 www.sjnaturalgas.com | C ACTIVE |
| Star Energy Partners, LLC CEO Corporate Center 1812 Front Street Scotch Plains, NJ 07076 | (855) 427-7827 www.starenergypartners.com | R/C/I |
| South Jersey Energy Company 1 South Jersey Plaza, Route 54 | 800-266-6020 www.southjerseyenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |

| | | |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| Folsom, NJ 08037 | | |
| SouthStar Energy d/b/a New Jersey Energy 1085 Morris Avenue, Suite 155 Union, NJ 07083 | (866) 477-8823 www.newjerseyenergy.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Spark Energy Gas, LP/ Spark Energy 2105 City West Blvd. Suite 100 Houston, TX 77042 | (713)600-2600 www.sparkenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Sperian Energy Corp. Bridgewater Center 1200 Route 22 East Bridgewater, NJ 08807 | 888-682-8082 www.sperianenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Sprague Energy Corp. 12 Ridge Road Chatham Township, NJ 07928 | 855-466-2842 www.spragueenergy.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Stuyvesant Energy LLC 10 West Ivy Lane, Suite 4 Englewood, NJ 07631 | 800-640-6457 www.stuyfuel.com | C ACTIVE |
| Stream Energy New Jersey, LLC 309 Fellowship Road Suite 200 Mt. Laurel, NJ 08054 | (877) 369-8150 www.streamenergy.net | R/C ACTIVE |
| Summit Energy Services, Inc. 10350 Ormsby Park Place Suite 400 Louisville, KY 40223 | 1 (800) 90-SUMMIT www.summitenergy.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Systrum Energy 1 Bergen Blvd. Fairview, NJ 07022 | 877-797-8786 www.systrumenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Talen Energy Marketing, LLC 788 Shrewsbury Avenue, Suite 2178 Tinton Falls, NJ 07724 | (888) 289-7693 www.pplenergyplus.com/* | R/C |
| Tiger Natural Gas, Inc. dba Tiger, Inc. 234 20th Avenue Brick, NJ 008724 | 888-875-6122 www.tignaturalgas.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |

| | | |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| UGI Energy Services, Inc. dba UGI Energy Link 224 Strawbridge Drive, Suite 107 Moorestown, NJ 08057 | 800-427-8545 www.ugienergylink.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| UGI Energy Services, Inc. d/b/a GASMAR 224 Strawbridge Drive, Suite 107 Moorestown, NJ 08057 | 856-273-9995 www.ugienergylink.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| Verde Energy USA, Inc. 2001 Route 46 Waterview Plaza, Suite 301 Parsippany, NJ 07054 | 800-388-3862 www.lowcostpower.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Viridian Energy PA LLC 2001 Route 46, Waterview Plaza Suite 230 Parsippany, NJ 07054 | 866-663-2508 www.viridian.com | R/C ACTIVE |
| Vista Energy Marketing, L.P. 197 State Route 18 South, Suite 3000 South Wing East Brunswick, NJ 08816 | 888-508-4782 www.vistaenergymarketing.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Woodruff Energy 73 Water Street PO Box 777 Bridgeton, NJ 08302 | 800-557-1121 www.woodruffenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Woodruff Energy US LLC 73 Water Street P.O. Box 777 Bridgeton, NJ 08302 | 800-457-1121 www.woodruffenergy.com | C/I ACTIVE |
| XOOM Energy New Jersey, LLC 744 Broad Street. 16th Floor Newark, NJ 07102 | 888-997-8979 www.xoomenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |
| Your Energy Holdings, LLC One International Boulevard Suite 400 Mahwah, NJ 07495-0400 | 855-732-2493 www.thisisyourenergy.com | R/C/I ACTIVE |

[Back to main supplier information page](#)

APPENDIX B

Equipment Inventory

CHA Project # 30993
City of East Orange
Water Department Pump House@Short Hill

| Description | QTY | Manufacturer Name | Model No. | Serial No. | Equipment Type/ Utility | Capacity/Size /Efficiency | Efficiency | Location | Areas/Equipment Served | Date Installed | Remaining Useful Life (years) | Other Info. | Current year | Years Old | ASHRAE life expectancy |
|------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------|------------------|----------------------------|--|------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------|------------------------|
| Boiler | 1 | Smith | 28A-7 | 28A-7-115456 | HHW Boiler | 2,163 MBH energy input and 1,699 MBH energy output | 78.5% efficiency | Pump House | Pump house | 2005 | 14 | | 2016 | 11 | 25 |
| HHW Pump | 2 | Bell & Gossett | 1J21 | M80121 | HHW Pump motors | 1/2HP | N/A | Pump House | Pump house | 2005 | -11 | | 2016 | 11 | |
| DHW Heater | 1 | Rheem | 82SV40-2 | RH 0509228761 | DHW Heater | 4.5kW | 100% | Pump House | Pump house | 2009 | 13 | | 2016 | 7 | 20 |
| Furnace | 1 | Lennox | N/A | N/A | Furnace | N/A | N/A | Serving the AHU in the attic for the office area | Conference and Kitchen area | 1997 | 1 | | 2016 | 18 | 20 |
| Split AC | 1 | Trane | TTA090 | N083JUKAH | AC for AHU | 7.5 ton cooling capacity | N/A | Serving the AHU in the attic for the office area | Conference and Kitchen area | 1998 | 2 | | 2016 | 18 | 20 |
| Split AC | 1 | Trane | TTA060 | M002NSJFF | AC for AHU | 5 ton cooling capacity | N/A | Serving the AHU in the attic for the office area | Conference and Kitchen area | 1997 | 1 | | 2016 | 19 | 20 |
| Low Lift Pump#5 | 1 | Siemens | N/A | 7-5114-36505-1-1 | Water pump | 600HP | N/A | Low Lift Pump House | Water pipes | 1999 | 3 | | 2016 | 17 | 20 |
| Low Lift Pump#1 | 1 | GE | 5K6337D2 | N/A | Water pump | 450HP | N/A | Low Lift Pump House | Water pipes | 1999 | 3 | Backup for Pump#5 | 2016 | 17 | 20 |
| Low Lift Pump#4 | 1 | Allis-Chalmers | N/A | 1-5157-51936-2-1 | Water pump | 250HP | N/A | Low Lift Pump House | Water pipes | 1999 | 3 | | 2016 | 17 | 20 |
| Low Lift Pump#3 | 1 | Allis-Chalmers | N/A | 1-5157-51936-1-1 | Water pump | 150HP | N/A | Low Lift Pump House | Water pipes | 1999 | 3 | Backup | 2016 | 17 | 20 |
| Low Lift Pump#2 | 1 | | | | Water pump | | N/A | Low Lift Pump House | Water pipes | 1999 | 3 | Out of Service | 2016 | 17 | 20 |
| High Lift Pump#6 | 1 | Siemens | | 7-5111-36504-2-2 | Water pump | 300HP | N/A | High Lift Pump House | Water pipes | 1999 | 3 | | 2016 | 17 | 20 |
| High Lift Pump#7 | 1 | Siemens | | 7-5111-36504-2-2 | Water pump | 100HP | N/A | High Lift Pump House | Water pipes | 1999 | 3 | Backup for Pump#6 | 2016 | 17 | 20 |

Cost of Electricity:

| | |
|---------|--------|
| \$0.100 | \$/kWh |
| \$8.00 | \$/kW |

| Field Code | Area Description Unique description of the location - Room number/Room name: Floor number (if applicable) | Usage Describe Usage Type using Operating Hours | No. of Fixtures No. of fixtures before the retrofit | EXISTING CONDITIONS | | | | | | | Retrofit Control | |
|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|-------------------------|--|
| | | | | Standard Fixture Code Lighting Fixture Code | Fixture Code Code from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages | Watts per Fixture Value from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages | kW/Space (Watts/Fixt) * (Fixt No.) | Exist Control Pre-inst. control device | Annual Hours Estimated annual hours for the usage group | Annual kWh (kW/space) * (Annual Hours) | Retrofit control device | |
| 185LED | Vehicle Storage Building | Storage Areas | 12 | T 40 R F 4 (ELE) | F44SE | 172 | 2.06 | SW | 4368 | 9,016 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Vehicle Storage Building | Storage Areas | 13 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 1.22 | SW | 4368 | 5,338 | C-OCC | |
| 185LED | Vehicle Storage Building | Storage Areas | 10 | T 40 R F 4 (ELE) | F44SE | 172 | 1.72 | SW | 4368 | 7,513 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Vehicle Storage Building | Storage Areas | 2 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.19 | SW | 4368 | 821 | C-OCC | |
| 247LED | Storage under Conference Room | Storage Areas | 8 | T 40 R F 3 (MAG) | F43SE | 136 | 1.09 | SW | 4368 | 4,752 | C-OCC | |
| 185LED | Storage under Conference Room | Storage Areas | 9 | T 40 R F 4 (ELE) | F44SE | 172 | 1.55 | SW | 4368 | 6,762 | C-OCC | |
| 185LED | Pump Storage | Storage Areas | 12 | T 40 R F 4 (ELE) | F44SE | 172 | 2.06 | SW | 4368 | 9,016 | C-OCC | |
| 5LED | Pump Storage | Storage Areas | 13 | 2T 32 R F 2 (u) (ELE) | FU2LL | 60 | 0.78 | SW | 4368 | 3,407 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Pump Storage | Storage Areas | 8 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.75 | SW | 4368 | 3,285 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Maintenance Shop | Work shop | 6 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.56 | SW | 2000 | 1,128 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Maintenance Shop | Work shop | 2 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.19 | SW | 2000 | 376 | C-OCC | |
| 71LED | Maintenance Shop | Work shop | 1 | I 60 | I60/1 | 60 | 0.06 | SW | 2000 | 120 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Chlorine Room | Pump House | 4 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.38 | SW | 8736 | 3,285 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Storage | Storage Areas | 2 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.19 | SW | 4368 | 821 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Hallway | Hallways | 9 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.85 | SW | 8736 | 7,391 | C-OCC | |
| 32LED | Diesel Pump | Pump House | 46 | 1T 32 R F 2 (ELE) | F42LL | 60 | 2.76 | SW | 8736 | 24,111 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Loft | Pump House | 5 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.47 | SW | 8736 | 4,106 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Loft | Pump House | 1 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.09 | SW | 8736 | 821 | C-OCC | |
| 5LED | Operation Room | Offices | 16 | 2T 32 R F 2 (u) (ELE) | FU2LL | 60 | 0.96 | SW | 8736 | 8,387 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Operation Room | Offices | 1 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.09 | SW | 8736 | 821 | C-OCC | |
| 71LED | Locker room | Restroom | 1 | I 60 | I60/1 | 60 | 0.06 | SW | 4368 | 262 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | women | Restroom | 1 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.09 | SW | 4368 | 411 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Office | Offices | 9 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.85 | SW | 8736 | 7,391 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Conference | Conference | 6 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.56 | SW | 4368 | 2,464 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Strategy | Offices | 1 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.09 | SW | 8736 | 821 | C-OCC | |
| 71LED | Strategy | Offices | 2 | I 60 | I60/1 | 60 | 0.12 | SW | 8736 | 1,048 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Café | Cafeteria | 4 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.38 | SW | 4732 | 1,779 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Locker room | Restroom | 1 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.09 | SW | 4368 | 411 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Locker room | Restroom | 2 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.19 | SW | 4368 | 821 | C-OCC | |
| 71LED | Locker room | Restroom | 2 | I 60 | I60/1 | 60 | 0.12 | SW | 4368 | 524 | C-OCC | |
| 71LED | Locker room | Restroom | 2 | I 60 | I60/1 | 60 | 0.12 | SW | 4368 | 524 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Garage Shower | Restroom | 2 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.19 | SW | 4368 | 821 | C-OCC | |
| 41LED | Garage Shower | Restroom | 2 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.19 | SW | 4368 | 821 | C-OCC | |
| 71LED | Garage Shower | Restroom | 2 | I 60 | I60/1 | 60 | 0.12 | SW | 4368 | 524 | NONE | |
| 41LED | Storage | Storage Areas | 1 | 1B 40 R F 2 (MAG) | F42SS | 94 | 0.09 | SW | 4368 | 411 | NONE | |
| 64LED | Storage | Storage Areas | 1 | 175 MH | MH175/1 | 215 | 0.22 | SW | 4368 | 939 | NONE | |
| 146LED | Outdoor | Outdoor Lighting | 5 | High Bay MH 400 | MH400/1 | 458 | 2.29 | SW | 4368 | 10,003 | C-OCC | |
| 71LED | Outdoor | Outdoor Lighting | 2 | I 60 | I60/1 | 60 | 0.12 | SW | 4368 | 524 | C-OCC | |
| 64LED | Outdoor | Outdoor Lighting | 3 | 175 MH | MH175/1 | 215 | 0.65 | SW | 4368 | 2,817 | NONE | |
| 64LED | Outdoor | Outdoor Lighting | 8 | 175 MH | MH175/1 | 215 | 1.72 | SW | 4368 | 7,513 | NONE | |
| 71LED | Outdoor | Outdoor Lighting | 3 | I 60 | I60/1 | 60 | 0.18 | SW | 4368 | 786 | NONE | |
| 146LED | Outdoor | Outdoor Lighting | 10 | High Bay MH 400 | MH400/1 | 458 | 4.58 | SW | 4368 | 20,005 | C-OCC | |
| Total | | | 250 | | | | 31.04 | | | 162,896 | | |

APPENDIX C

ECM Calculations

Page 2, ECM-L3

City of East Orange
CHA Project Number: 30993

Rate of Discount (used for NPV) 3.0%

| Utility Costs | | Yearly Usage | Metric Ton Carbon Dioxide Equivalent | Building Area | Annual Utility Cost | | |
|---------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------|----------|
| \$ 0.120 | \$/kWh blended | | 0.000420205 | 20,564 | Electric | Natural Gas | Fuel Oil |
| \$ 0.100 | \$/kWh supply | 4,886,898 | 0.000420205 | | \$ 599,651 | \$ 351 | |
| \$ 8.00 | \$/kW | 1,047.9 | 0 | | | | |
| | \$/Therm | | 0.00533471 | | | | |
| \$ 5.00 | \$/kgals | | 0 | | | | |
| \$ 2.26 | \$/Gal | 12,000 | | | | | |

water

| Water Department Pump House @ 300 Parsonage Hill | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|---|---------|---------|---------|---------------|------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----|------------|-------|------------|--------|
| Recommend? | | Item | Savings | | | | | Cost | Simple Payback | Life Expectancy | GHG Reduction (Metric tons) | NJ Smart Start Incentives | Direct Install Eligible (Y/N) | Payback w/ Incentives | Simple Projected Lifetime Savings | | | | | ROI | NPV | IRR | |
| Y or N | | | kW | kWh | therms | No. 2 Oil gal | Water kgal | \$ | | | | | | | kW | kWh | therms | kgal/vr | \$ | | | | |
| Y | ECM-1 | Install soft-start on the water supply pump | 70.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,809 | \$ 94,773 | 13.9 | 35 | 0.0 | \$ - | N | 13.9 | 2,482.3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$ 238,301 | 1.5 | \$38,678 | 5.9% |
| Y | ECM-2 | Replace heating hot water boiler with high efficiency condensing boiler | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 1,973 | 0 | 4,459 | \$ 87,076 | 19.5 | 30 | 0.0 | \$ 1,000 | N | 19.3 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$ - | (1.0) | \$1,316 | 3.1% |
| Y | ECM-3 | Replace the old furnace with high efficiency condensing furnace | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 232 | 0 | 525 | \$ 12,117 | 23.1 | 20 | 0.0 | \$ 800 | N | 21.6 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$ - | (1.0) | (\$3,509) | -0.7% |
| Y | ECM-4 | Replace the old air conditioners | 2.4 | 4,113 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 645 | \$ 30,600 | 47.4 | 20 | 1.7 | \$ 800 | N | 46.2 | 48.7 | 82,255 | 0 | 0 | \$ 14,548 | (0.5) | (\$20,202) | -6.9% |
| N | ECM-5 | Replace old plumbing fixtures with low flow plumbing fixtures | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 38 | 231 | \$ 30,431 | 131.8 | 10 | 0.0 | \$ - | N | 131.8 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 380 | \$ 1,898 | (0.9) | (\$28,461) | -31.2% |
| Y | ECM-L1 | Lighting Replacements with Controls (Occupancy Sensors) | 20.0 | 108,338 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12,754 | 91,333 | 7.2 | 10 | 45.5 | \$ 6,020 | N | 6.7 | 200.0 | 1,083,380 | 0 | 0 | \$ 149,206 | 0.6 | \$23,480 | 8.1% |
| Total | | | 93.4 | 112,451 | 0 | 2,223 | 38 | \$ 25,422 | \$ 346,331 | 13.6 | 20.8 | 47 | \$ 8,620 | | 13.3 | 2,731 | 1,165,635 | - | 380 | \$ 403,953 | 0.2 | 11,303 | 4.3% |
| Recommended Measures (highlighted green above) | | | 93.4 | 112,451 | 0 | 2,205 | 0 | \$ 25,191 | \$ 315,900 | 12.5 | 23.0 | 47 | \$ 8,620 | 0 | 12.2 | 2,731 | 1,165,635 | - | - | \$ 402,055 | 0.3 | 39,763 | 6.1% |
| % of Existing | | | 9% | 2% | #DIV/0! | 18% | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| City: | | Newark, NJ | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------|
| Occupied Hours/Week | | 168 | | | | | |
| | | Building Operating Hours | Auditorium Occupied Hours | Gymnasium Occupied Hours | Library Occupied Hours | Classrooms Occupied Hours | |
| Temp | Enthalpy h (Btu/lb) | Bin Hours | Hours | Hours | Hours | Hours | Hours |
| 102.5 | | | | | | | |
| 97.5 | 35.4 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 92.5 | 37.4 | 31 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 87.5 | 35.0 | 131 | 131 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 82.5 | 33.0 | 500 | 500 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 77.5 | 31.5 | 620 | 620 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 72.5 | 29.9 | 664 | 664 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 67.5 | 27.2 | 854 | 854 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 62.5 | 24.0 | 927 | 927 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 57.5 | 20.3 | 600 | 600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 52.5 | 18.2 | 730 | 730 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 47.5 | 16.0 | 491 | 491 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 42.5 | 14.5 | 656 | 656 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 37.5 | 12.5 | 1,023 | 1,023 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 32.5 | 10.5 | 734 | 734 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 27.5 | 8.7 | 334 | 334 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 22.5 | 7.0 | 252 | 252 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 17.5 | 5.4 | 125 | 125 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 12.5 | 3.7 | 47 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.5 | 2.1 | 34 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.5 | 1.3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| -2.5 | | | | | | | |
| -7.5 | | | | | | | |

| Multipliers | |
|-------------|-------|
| Material: | 1.027 |
| Labor: | 1.246 |
| Equipment: | 1.124 |

| | |
|---------------------------|-----|
| Heating System Efficiency | 78% |
| Cooling Eff (kW/ton) | 1.2 |

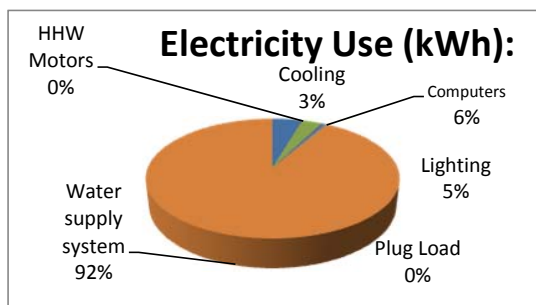
| Heating | |
|--------------|------------|
| Hours | 13,187 Hrs |
| Weighted Avg | -1 F |
| Avg | 25 F |

| Cooling | |
|--------------|-----------|
| Hours | 4,333 Hrs |
| Weighted Avg | 68 F |
| Avg | 78 F |

City of East Orange
 CHA Project Number: 30993
 Water Department Pump House @ 300 Parsonage Hill

| Utility End Use Analysis | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Electricity Use (kWh): | | Notes/Comments: |
| 4,886,898 | Total | Based on utility analysis |
| 220,000 | Lighting | From Lighting Calculations |
| 2,000 | HHW Motors | Estimated |
| 150,000 | Cooling | Calculated from Cooling Capacity |
| 20,000 | Plug Load | Estimated |
| 20,000 | Computers | Estimated |
| 4,474,898 | Water supply system | Remaining |
| Natural Gas Use (Therms): | | Notes/Comments: |
| - | Total | Based on utility analysis |
| 0 | Boilers | |
| 0 | DHW | Based on utility analysis |

5%
 0%
 0%
 3%
 0%
 0%
 92%



City of East Orange
CHA Project Number: 30993
Water Department Pump House @ 300 Parsonage Hill

ECM-1 Install soft-start on the water supply pump

Description: This ECM evaluates the demand reduction of installing soft starts on the water pumps that were stop/start a few times a years due to the power outage or other reasons

Variable Inputs

Electric Rate \$0.10 \$/kWh
Demand Rate \$8.00 \$/kW

| MOTOR SCHEDULE | | | | | | | | | | Savings Factor | | ing Motor Er | Proposed Motor Energy | | Energy Savings | |
|-------------------|------------|----------------|-------|----------|-----|---------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Motor ID | Motor Type | Qty of Savings | HP | Total HP | VFD | Upgrade Motor | Existing Motor Eff. | Demand Reduction % | Annual Hours | Coincidence Factor | Load Factor | Demand Savings (kW) | Demand Savings (kW) | Energy Savings (kWh) | Peak Demand Savings (kW) | Annual Energy Savings (kWh) |
| Lower Lift Pump#5 | Water Pump | 1 | 600.0 | 600.0 | No | N | 89.5% | 10.0% | 8,760 | 0.740 | 0.75 | 37.0 | - | - | 37.00 | - |
| Low Lift Pump#4 | Water Pump | 1 | 250.0 | 250.0 | No | N | 89.5% | 10.0% | 8,760 | 0.740 | 0.75 | 15.4 | - | - | 15.42 | - |
| High Lift Pump#6 | Water Pump | 1 | 300.0 | 300.0 | No | N | 89.5% | 10.0% | 8,760 | 0.740 | 0.75 | 18.5 | - | - | 18.50 | - |
| Total: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 70.9 | - |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \$ 6,809 | \$ - |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \$ 6,809 |

Savings calculation formulas are taken from NJ Protocols document for VFDs

| | |
|-------------|------|
| Multipliers | |
| Material: | 1.03 |
| Labor: | 1.25 |
| Equipment: | 1.12 |

ECM-1 Install soft-start on the water supply pump - Cost

| Description | QTY | UNIT | UNIT COSTS | | | SUBTOTAL COSTS | | | TOTAL COST | REMARKS |
|------------------|-----|------|------------|-----------|--------|----------------|-----------|--------|------------|-------------------------------|
| | | | MAT. | LABOR | EQUIP. | MAT. | LABOR | EQUIP. | | |
| Soft Start 600HP | 1 | | \$ 10,000 | \$ 10,000 | | \$ 10,270 | \$ 12,460 | \$ - | \$ 22,730 | Estimated from internet price |
| Soft Start 250HP | 1 | | \$ 6,000 | \$ 10,000 | | \$ 6,162 | \$ 12,460 | \$ - | \$ 18,622 | Estimated from internet price |
| Soft Start 300HP | 1 | | \$ 7,500 | \$ 10,000 | | \$ 7,703 | \$ 12,460 | \$ - | \$ 20,163 | Estimated from internet price |
| Wiring | 3 | | \$ 1,000 | \$ 1,500 | | \$ 3,081 | \$ 5,607 | \$ - | \$ 8,688 | Estimated |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | |

* the contractor quote is a sum cost of replacing the boiler , separating the DHW system and replacing the motors (taking out VFD cost).

**Cost Estimates are for Energy Savings calculations only, do not use for procurement

| | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| \$ 70,203 | Subtotal |
| \$ 24,571 | 35% Contingency |
| \$ 94,773 | Total |

City of East Orange
CHA Project Number: 30993
Water Department Pump House @ 300 Parsonage Hill

ECM-2 Replace heating hot water boiler with high efficiency condensing boiler

Description: This ECM evaluates adding a high efficiency condensing gas boiler to each boiler plant (two boiler plant). The existing boiler efficiency is about 82% and the proposed boiler efficiency is above 90%. Electrical power consumption due to pumps is considered to be the same for both the proposed system and the baseline system.

Boiler Plant 1

| Item | Value | Units | Formula/Comments |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| Baseline Fuel Cost | \$ - | / Therm | Natural Gas |
| Baseline Fuel Cost | \$ 2.26 | / Gal | No. 2 Oil |
| FORMULA CONSTANTS | | | |
| Oversize Factor | 0.8 | | |
| Hours per Day | 24 | | |
| Infrared Conversion Factor | 1.0 | | 1.0 if Boiler, 0.8 if Infrared Heater |
| EXISTING | | | |
| Capacity | 1,699,000 | btu/hr | Estimated Boiler Load % and Capacity |
| Heating Combustion Efficiency | 78% | | Estimated averaged Efficiency |
| Heating Degree-Day | 2,783 | Degree-day | |
| Design Temperature Difference | 57 | F | |
| Fuel Conversion | 100,000 | btu/therm | |
| PROPOSED | | | |
| Capacity | 1,699,000 | btu/hr | |
| Efficiency | 90% | | |
| SAVINGS | | | |
| Fuel Savings | 2,723 | therms | NJ Protocols Calculation |
| Fuel Savings | 1,972.87 | Gallon | |
| Fuel Cost Savings | \$ 4,459 | | |

Savings calculation formulas are taken from NJ Protocols document for Occupancy Controlled Thermostats

Algorithms

Gas Savings (Therms)

$$= \frac{OF \times ((CAPY_{Bi} \times EFF_Q) - (CAPY_{Qi} \times EFF_B \times ICF)) \times HDD_{mod} \times 24}{\Delta T \times HC_{fuel} \times EFF_B \times ICF \times EFF_Q}$$

Definition of Variables

OF = Oversize factor of standard boiler or furnace (OF=0.8)

CAPY_{Bi} = Total input capacity of the baseline furnace, boiler or heater in Btu/hour

CAPY_{Qi} = Total input capacity of the qualifying furnace, boiler or heater in Btu/hour

HDD_{mod} = HDD by zone and building type

24 = Hours/Day

ΔT = design temperature difference

HC_{fuel} = Conversion from Btu to therms of gas or gallons of oil or propane (100,000 btu/therm; 138,700 btu/gal of #2 oil; 92,000 btu/gal of propane)

EFF_Q = Efficiency of qualifying heater(s) (AFUE %)

EFF_B = Efficiency of baseline heaters (AFUE %)

ICF = Infrared Compensation Factor (ICF = 0.8 for IR Heaters, 1.0 for furnaces/boilers)²

Furnaces and Boilers

| Component | Type | Value | Source |
|-------------|----------|--|---|
| $AFUE_q$ | Variable | | Application |
| $AFUE_b$ | Fixed | Furnaces: 78% Boilers: 80% Infrared: 78% | EPACT Standard for furnaces and boilers |
| $CAPY_{in}$ | Variable | | Application |
| ΔT | Variable | See Table Below | 1 |
| HDD_{mod} | Fixed | See Table Below | 1 |

Sources:

1. KEMA, *Smartstart Program Protocol Review*. 2009.
2. http://www.spaceray.com/1_space-ray_faqs.php

Adjusted Heating Degree Days by Building Type

| Building Type | Heating Energy Density (kBtu/sf) | Degree Day Adjustment Factor | Atlantic City (HDD) | Newark (HDD) | Philadelphia (HDD) | Monticello (HDD) |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Education | 29.5 | 0.55 | 2792 | 2783 | 2655 | 3886 |
| Food Sales | 35.6 | 0.66 | 3369 | 3359 | 3204 | 4689 |
| Food Service | 39.0 | 0.73 | 3691 | 3680 | 3510 | 5137 |
| Health Care | 53.6 | 1.00 | 5073 | 5057 | 4824 | 7060 |
| Lodging | 15.0 | 0.28 | 1420 | 1415 | 1350 | 1976 |
| Retail | 29.3 | 0.55 | 2773 | 2764 | 2637 | 3859 |
| Office | 28.1 | 0.52 | 2660 | 2651 | 2529 | 3701 |
| Public Assembly | 33.8 | 0.63 | 3199 | 3189 | 3042 | 4452 |
| Public Order/Safety | 24.1 | 0.45 | 2281 | 2274 | 2169 | 3174 |
| Religious Worship | 29.1 | 0.54 | 2754 | 2745 | 2619 | 3833 |
| Service | 47.8 | 0.89 | 4524 | 4510 | 4302 | 6296 |
| Warehouse/Storage | 20.2 | 0.38 | 1912 | 1906 | 1818 | 2661 |

Heating Degree Days and Outdoor Design Temperature by Zone

| Weather Station | HDD | Outdoor Design Temperature (F) |
|------------------|------|--------------------------------|
| Atlantic City | 5073 | 13 |
| Newark | 5057 | 14 |
| Philadelphia, PA | 4824 | 15 |
| Monticello, NY | 7060 | 8 |

City of East Orange

CHA Project Number: 30993

Water Department Pump House @ 300 Parsonage Hill

| | |
|-------------|------|
| Multipliers | |
| Material: | 1.03 |
| Labor: | 1.25 |
| Equipment: | 1.12 |

ECM-2 Replace heating hot water boiler with high efficiency condensing boiler - **Cost**

| Description | QTY | UNIT | UNIT COSTS | | | SUBTOTAL COSTS | | | TOTAL COST | REMARKS |
|--------------------------------|-----|------|------------|------------|--------|----------------|----------|--------|------------|-----------------|
| | | | MAT. | LABOR | EQUIP. | MAT. | LABOR | EQUIP. | | |
| 2,000 MBH NG Condensing Boiler | 1 | EA | \$ 32,000 | \$ 6,000 | | \$ 32,864 | \$ 7,476 | \$ - | \$ 40,340 | Vendor Estimate |
| Flue Installation | 1 | LS | \$2,500.0 | \$2,500.00 | | \$ 2,568 | \$ 3,115 | \$ - | \$ 5,683 | Estimated |
| controls | 1 | EA | \$2,000.0 | \$2,000.00 | | \$ 2,054 | \$ 2,492 | \$ - | \$ 4,546 | Estimated |
| Miscellaneous Electrical | 1 | LS | \$ 2,000 | \$ 2,500 | | \$ 2,054 | \$ 3,115 | \$ - | \$ 5,169 | Estimated |
| Miscellaneous HW Piping | 1 | LS | \$ 2,000 | \$ 1,000 | | \$ 2,054 | \$ 1,246 | \$ - | \$ 3,300 | Estimated |
| Pumps | 1 | EA | \$ 3,500 | \$ 1,500 | | \$ 3,595 | \$ 1,869 | \$ - | \$ 5,464 | Estimated |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |

**Cost Estimates are for Energy Savings calculations only, do not use for procurement

| | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| \$ 64,501 | Subtotal |
| \$ 22,575 | 35% Contingency |
| \$ 87,076 | Total |

City of East Orange
CHA Project Number: 30993
Water Department Pump House @ 300 Parsonage Hill

ECM-3 Replace the old furnace with high efficiency condensing furnace

Description: This ECM evaluates replacing the old furnace with a high efficiency condensing furnace.

Boiler Plant 1

| Item | Value | Units | Formula/Comments |
|-------------------------------|---------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| Baseline Fuel Cost | \$ - | / Therm | Natural Gas |
| Baseline Fuel Cost | \$ 2.26 | / Gal | No. 2 Oil |
| FORMULA CONSTANTS | | | |
| Oversize Factor | 0.8 | | |
| Hours per Day | 24 | | |
| Infrared Conversion Factor | 1.0 | | 1.0 if Boiler, 0.8 if Infrared Heater |
| EXISTING | | | |
| Capacity | 200,000 | btu/hr | Estimated Boiler Load % and Capacity |
| Heating Combustion Efficiency | 78% | | Estimated averaged Efficiency |
| Heating Degree-Day | 2,783 | Degree-day | |
| Design Temperature Difference | 57 | F | |
| Fuel Conversion | 100,000 | btu/therm | |
| PROPOSED | | | |
| Capacity | 200,000 | btu/hr | |
| Efficiency | 90% | | |
| SAVINGS | | | |
| Fuel Savings | 320 | therms | NJ Protocols Calculation |
| Fuel Savings | 232.24 | Gallon | |
| Fuel Cost Savings | \$ 525 | | |

Savings calculation formulas are taken from NJ Protocols document for Occupancy Controlled Thermostats

Algorithms

Gas Savings (Therms)

$$= \frac{OF \times ((CAPY_{Bi} \times EFF_Q) - (CAPY_{Qi} \times EFF_B \times ICF)) \times HDD_{mod} \times 24}{\Delta T \times HC_{fuel} \times EFF_B \times ICF \times EFF_Q}$$

Definition of Variables

OF = Oversize factor of standard boiler or furnace (OF=0.8)

CAPY_{Bi} = Total input capacity of the baseline furnace, boiler or heater in Btu/hour

CAPY_{Qi} = Total input capacity of the qualifying furnace, boiler or heater in Btu/hour

HDD_{mod} = HDD by zone and building type

24 = Hours/Day

ΔT = design temperature difference

HC_{fuel} = Conversion from Btu to therms of gas or gallons of oil or propane (100,000 btu/therm; 138,700 btu/gal of #2 oil; 92,000 btu/gal of propane)

EFF_Q = Efficiency of qualifying heater(s) (AFUE %)

EFF_B = Efficiency of baseline heaters (AFUE %)

ICF = Infrared Compensation Factor (ICF = 0.8 for IR Heaters, 1.0 for furnaces/boilers)²

Furnaces and Boilers

| Component | Type | Value | Source |
|-------------|----------|--|---|
| $AFUE_q$ | Variable | | Application |
| $AFUE_b$ | Fixed | Furnaces: 78% Boilers: 80% Infrared: 78% | EPACT Standard for furnaces and boilers |
| $CAPY_{in}$ | Variable | | Application |
| ΔT | Variable | See Table Below | 1 |
| HDD_{mod} | Fixed | See Table Below | 1 |

Sources:

1. KEMA, *Smartstart Program Protocol Review*. 2009.
2. http://www.spaceray.com/1_space-ray_faqs.php

Adjusted Heating Degree Days by Building Type

| Building Type | Heating Energy Density (kBtu/sf) | Degree Day Adjustment Factor | Atlantic City (HDD) | Newark (HDD) | Philadelphia (HDD) | Monticello (HDD) |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Education | 29.5 | 0.55 | 2792 | 2783 | 2655 | 3886 |
| Food Sales | 35.6 | 0.66 | 3369 | 3359 | 3204 | 4689 |
| Food Service | 39.0 | 0.73 | 3691 | 3680 | 3510 | 5137 |
| Health Care | 53.6 | 1.00 | 5073 | 5057 | 4824 | 7060 |
| Lodging | 15.0 | 0.28 | 1420 | 1415 | 1350 | 1976 |
| Retail | 29.3 | 0.55 | 2773 | 2764 | 2637 | 3859 |
| Office | 28.1 | 0.52 | 2660 | 2651 | 2529 | 3701 |
| Public Assembly | 33.8 | 0.63 | 3199 | 3189 | 3042 | 4452 |
| Public Order/Safety | 24.1 | 0.45 | 2281 | 2274 | 2169 | 3174 |
| Religious Worship | 29.1 | 0.54 | 2754 | 2745 | 2619 | 3833 |
| Service | 47.8 | 0.89 | 4524 | 4510 | 4302 | 6296 |
| Warehouse/Storage | 20.2 | 0.38 | 1912 | 1906 | 1818 | 2661 |

Heating Degree Days and Outdoor Design Temperature by Zone

| Weather Station | HDD | Outdoor Design Temperature (F) |
|------------------|------|--------------------------------|
| Atlantic City | 5073 | 13 |
| Newark | 5057 | 14 |
| Philadelphia, PA | 4824 | 15 |
| Monticello, NY | 7060 | 8 |

City of East Orange

CHA Project Number: 30993

Water Department Pump House @ 300 Parsonage Hill

ECM-3 Replace the old furnace with high efficiency condensing furnace - Cost

| Multipliers | |
|-------------|------|
| Material: | 1.03 |
| Labor: | 1.25 |
| Equipment: | 1.12 |

| Description | QTY | UNIT | UNIT COSTS | | | SUBTOTAL COSTS | | | TOTAL COST | REMARKS |
|--------------------------|-----|------|------------|------------|--------|----------------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|
| | | | MAT. | LABOR | EQUIP. | MAT. | LABOR | EQUIP. | | |
| Furnace | 1 | EA | \$ 3,100 | \$ 1,000 | | \$ 3,184 | \$ 1,246 | \$ - | \$ 4,430 | RS Means |
| Flue Installation | 1 | LS | \$1,000.0 | \$ 1,000.0 | | \$ 1,027 | \$ 1,246 | \$ - | \$ 2,273 | Estimated |
| Miscellaneous Electrical | 1 | LS | \$1,000.0 | \$ 1,000.0 | | \$ 1,027 | \$ 1,246 | \$ - | \$ 2,273 | Estimated |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |

**Cost Estimates are for Energy Savings calculations only, do not use for procurement

| | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| \$ 8,976 | Subtotal |
| \$ 3,141 | 35% Contingency |
| \$ 12,117 | Total |

ECM-3 Replace the old furnace with high efficiency condensing furnace

Description: This ECM evaluates the energy savings associated with replacing the old non-functional RTUs with new RTUs

| Equipment Tag | Equipment Description | General Type | Cooling Capacity (Btu/h) | Heating Capacity from HHW Boiler (Btu/h) |
|---------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--|
| AC-1 | Split AC | HVAC | 60,000 | |
| AC-2 | Split AC | HVAC | 90,000 | |
| | | | | |

| Item | Value | Units | Formula/Comments |
|----------------------------|---------|--------|------------------|
| Demand Rate | \$ 8.00 | / kW | |
| Electricity Rate | \$ 0.10 | /kWh | |
| FORMULA CONSTANTS | | | |
| Coincidence Factor | 0.67 | | NJ Protocols |
| Conversion | 3.412 | btu/kW | |
| COOLING - HVAC | | | |
| Cooling Capacity | 150,000 | btu/hr | |
| Baseline EER | 11.0 | | See Table Below |
| Proposed EER | 15.0 | | Equipment |
| Equivalent Full Load Hours | 1,131 | hrs | NJ Protocols |
| | | | |
| Demand Savings | 2.44 | kW | |
| Energy Savings | 4,113 | kWh | |
| SAVINGS | | | |
| Demand Savings | 2.44 | kW | |
| Energy Savings | 4,113 | kWh | |
| | | | |
| Cost Savings | \$ 431 | | |

Savings calculation formulas are taken from NJ Protocols document for Electric HVAC Equipment

btuh
EERb
EERq

City of East Orange
CHA Project Number: 30993
Water Department Pump House @ 300 Parsonage Hill

| Multipliers | |
|-------------|------|
| Material: | 1.03 |
| Labor: | 1.25 |
| Equipment: | 1.12 |

ECM-3 Replace the old furnace with high efficiency condensing furnace - Cost

| Description | QTY | UNIT | UNIT COSTS | | | SUBTOTAL COSTS | | | TOTAL COST | REMARKS |
|--------------------|-----|------|------------|----------|--------|----------------|----------|--------|------------|---------------|
| | | | MAT. | LABOR | EQUIP. | MAT. | LABOR | EQUIP. | | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| AC-1 | 1 | EA | \$ 2,550 | \$ 1,350 | \$ - | \$ 2,619 | \$ 1,682 | \$ - | \$ 4,301 | RS Means 2012 |
| AC-2 | 1 | EA | \$ 4,800 | \$ 1,500 | | \$ 4,930 | \$ 1,869 | \$ - | \$ 6,799 | RS Means 2012 |
| Electrical - misc. | 2 | LS | \$ 2,000 | \$ 3,000 | \$ - | \$ 4,108 | \$ 7,476 | \$ - | \$ 11,584 | RS Means 2012 |

**Cost Estimates are for Energy Savings calculations only, do not use for procurement

| | |
|-----------|-----------------|
| \$ 22,684 | Subtotal |
| \$ 7,939 | 35% Contingency |
| \$ 30,600 | Total |

City of East Orange
CHA Project Number: 30993
Water Department Pump House @ 300 Parsonage Hill

ECM: Replace urinals and flush valves with low flow

Description: This ECM evaluates the water savings associated with replacing/ upgrading urinals with 0.125 GPF urinals and or flush valves.

| EXISTING CONDITIONS | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|-----------|
| Cost of Water / 1000 Gallons | \$5.00 | \$ / kGal |
| Urinals in Building to be replaced | 3 | |
| Average Flushes / Urinal (per Day) | 5 | |
| Average Gallons / Flush | 1.5 | Gal |

| PROPOSED CONDITIONS | | |
|--|---------|---------------|
| Proposed Urinals to be Replaced | 3 | |
| Proposed Gallons / Flush | 0.125 | Gal |
| Proposed Material Cost of new urinal & valve | \$1,200 | RS Means 2012 |
| Proposed Installation Cost of new urinal & valve | \$1,000 | RS Means 2012 |
| Total cost of new urinals & valves | | |

| SAVINGS | | |
|---------------------------|------|-------------|
| Current Urinal Water Use | 8.21 | kGal / year |
| Proposed Urinal Water Use | 0.68 | kGal / year |
| Water Savings | 7.53 | kGal / year |
| Cost Savings | \$38 | / year |

**Cost Estimates are for Energy Savings calculations only, do not use for procurement

City of East Orange
CHA Project Number: 30993
Water Department Pump House @ 300 Parsonage Hill

ECM: Replace toilets and flush valves with low flow

Description: This ECM evaluates the water savings associated with repalcing/ upgrading toilets to 1.28 GPF fixtures and/or flush valves.

| EXISTING CONDITIONS | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|-----------|
| Cost of Water / 1000 Gallons | \$5.00 | \$ / kGal |
| Toilets in Building | 4 | |
| Average Flushes / Toilet (per Day) | 3 | |
| Average Gallons / Flush | 3.5 | Gal |

| PROPOSED CONDITIONS | | |
|---------------------------------|------|-----|
| Proposed Toilets to be Replaced | 4 | |
| Proposed Gallons / Flush | 1.28 | Gal |

| SAVINGS | | |
|---------------------------|-------|-------------|
| Current Toilet Water Use | 15.33 | kGal / year |
| Proposed Toilet Water Use | 5.61 | kGal / year |
| Water Savings | 9.72 | kGal / year |
| Cost Savings | \$49 | / year |

City of East Orange
CHA Project Number: 30993
Water Department Pump House @ 300 Parsonage Hill

ECM: Replace faucets with low flow

Description; This ECM evaluates the water savings resulting from replacing/ upgrading faucets to 0.5 gallon per minute flow

| EXISTING CONDITIONS | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|-----------|
| Cost of Water / 1000 Gallons | \$5.00 | \$ / kGal |
| Faucets in Building | 4 | |
| Average Uses / Faucet (per day) | 3 | # Uses |
| Average Time of Use | 300.0 | seconds |
| Average Flowrate | 2.0 | gpm |

| PROPOSED CONDITIONS | | |
|---------------------------------|-----|-----|
| Proposed Faucets to be Replaced | 4 | |
| Proposed Flowrate | 0.5 | gpm |

| HEATING SAVINGS | | |
|--|---------|-------------|
| Fuel Cost | \$ - | /kWh |
| Number of Faucets | 4 | |
| Hours per Day of Usage | 0.1 | hrs |
| Days per Year of Facility Usage | 230 | days |
| Average Flowrate | 2.0 | gpm |
| Proposed Flowrate | 0.5 | gpm |
| Heat Content of Water | 8.33 | Btu/gal/F |
| Temperature Difference (Intake and Output) | 35 | F |
| Water Heating Equipment Efficiency | 80% | |
| Conversion Factor | 100,000 | Btu/Therm |
| SAVINGS | | |
| Current Faucet Water Use | 27.60 | kGal / year |
| Proposed Faucet Water Use | 6.90 | kGal / year |
| Water Savings | 20.70 | kGal / year |
| Heating Savings | 18 | Gallon |
| Cost Savings | \$104 | / year |

Savings calculation formulas are taken from NJ Protocols document for Faucet

**Cost Estimates are for Energy Savings calculations only, do not use for procurement

City of East Orange

CHA Project Number: 30993

Water Department Pump House @ 300 Parsonage Hill

#REF!

| Multipliers | |
|-------------|------|
| Material: | 1.03 |
| Labor: | 1.25 |
| Equipment: | 1.12 |

| Description | QTY | UNIT | UNIT COSTS | | | SUBTOTAL COSTS | | | TOTAL COST | REMARKS |
|-----------------|-----|------|------------|----------|--------|----------------|----------|--------|------------|-----------------|
| | | | MAT. | LABOR | EQUIP. | MAT. | LABOR | EQUIP. | | |
| | | | | | | | | | \$ - | |
| Low-Flow Urinal | 3 | EA | \$ 1,200 | \$ 1,000 | \$ - | \$ 3,697 | \$ 3,738 | \$ - | \$ 7,435 | Vendor Estimate |
| Low-Flow Toilet | 4 | EA | \$ 1,400 | \$ 1,000 | \$ - | \$ 5,751 | \$ 4,984 | \$ - | \$ 10,735 | Vendor Estimate |
| Low-Flow Faucet | 4 | EA | \$ 700 | \$ 300 | \$ - | \$ 2,876 | \$ 1,495 | \$ - | \$ 4,371 | Vendor Estimate |
| | | | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |

**Cost Estimates are for Energy Savings calculations only, do not use for procurement

| | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| \$ 22,541 | Subtotal |
| \$ 7,889 | 35% Contingency |
| \$ 30,431 | Total |

City of East Orange
CHA Project Number: 30993
Water Department Pump House @ 300 Parsonage Hill

New Jersey Pay For Performance Incentive Program

Note: The following calculation is based on the New Jersey Pay For Performance Incentive Program per April, 2012.

Building must have a minimum average electric demand of 200 kW and minimum area of building is 50,000 ft to be most cost-effective for commercial and industrial buildings. However, multifamily buildings with peak demand over 100kW are still eligible. Market manager has the discretion to approve applications that fall below 200kW minimum.

At a minimum, all recommended measures were used for this calculation. To qualify for P4P incentives, the following P4P requirements must be met:

- At least 15% source energy savings
- No more than 50% savings from lighting measures
- up to 70% of lighting savings may be considered but performance target will increase by 1% for each percent over 50%
- Scope should include two or more unique measures
- Project has at least a 10% internal rate of return
- At least 50% of the source energy savings must come from investor-owned electricity and/or natural gas (note: exemption for fuel conversions)

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Total Building Area (Square Feet) | 20,564 | Incentive #1 | |
| Is this audit funded by NJ BPU (Y/N) | Yes | Audit is funded by NJ BPU | \$0.05 \$/sqft |

Board of Public Utilities (BPU)

| | Annual Utilities | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|--------|
| | kWh | Therms |
| Existing Cost (from utility) | \$599,651 | \$351 |
| Existing Usage (from utility) | 4,886,898 | 0 |
| Proposed Savings | 112,451 | 0 |
| Existing Total MMBtus | 16,664 | |
| Proposed Savings MMBtus | 383 | |
| % Energy Reduction | 2.3% | |
| Proposed Annual Savings | \$25,191 | |

| | Min (Savings = 15%) | | Increase (Savings > 15%) | | Max Incentive | | Achieved Incentive | |
|--------------|---------------------|----------|--------------------------|----------|---------------|----------|--------------------|----------|
| | \$/kWh | \$/therm | \$/kWh | \$/therm | \$/kWh | \$/therm | \$/kWh | \$/therm |
| Incentive #2 | \$0.09 | \$0.90 | \$0.005 | \$0.05 | \$0.11 | \$1.25 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Incentive #3 | \$0.09 | \$0.90 | \$0.005 | \$0.05 | \$0.11 | \$1.25 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |

| | Incentives \$ | | |
|----------------------|---------------|-----|-------|
| | Elec | Gas | Total |
| Incentive #1 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Incentive #2 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Incentive #3 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total All Incentives | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |

| | |
|--------------------|-----------|
| Total Project Cost | \$315,900 |
|--------------------|-----------|

| | Allowable Incentive |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| % Incentives #1 of Utility Cost* | 0.0% \$0 |
| % Incentives #2 of Project Cost** | 0.0% \$0 |
| % Incentives #3 of Project Cost** | 0.0% \$0 |
| Total Eligible Incentives*** | \$0 |
| Project Cost w/ Incentives | \$315,900 |

| Project Payback (years) | |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| w/o Incentives | w/ Incentives |
| 12.5 | 12.5 |

* Maximum allowable incentive is 50% of annual utility cost if not funded by NJ BPU, and %25 if LGEA is funded by NJBPU.

** Maximum allowable amount of Incentive #2 is 50% of total project cost.

***Maximum allowable amount of Incentive #3 is 50% of total project cost.

*** Maximum allowable amount of Incentive #1 is \$50,000 if not funded by NJ BPU, and \$25,000 if it is.

Maximum allowable amount of Incentive #2 & #3 is \$1 million per gas account and \$1 million per electric account; maximum 2 million per project

APPENDIX D

Photovoltaic Analysis



Caution: Photovoltaic system performance predictions calculated by PVWatts® include many inherent assumptions and uncertainties and do not reflect variations between PV technologies nor site-specific characteristics except as represented by PVWatts® inputs. For example, PV modules with better performance are not differentiated within PVWatts® from lesser performing modules. Both NREL and private companies provide more sophisticated PV modeling tools (such as the System Advisor Model at <http://sam.nrel.gov>) that allow for more precise and complex modeling of PV systems.

The expected range is based on 30 years of actual weather data at the given location and is intended to provide an indication of the variation you might see. For more information, please refer to this NREL report: The Error Report.

Disclaimer: The PVWatts® Model ("Model") is provided by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory ("NREL"), which is operated by the Alliance for Sustainable Energy, LLC ("Alliance") for the U.S. Department Of Energy ("DOE") and may be used for any purpose whatsoever.

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any support, consulting, training or assistance of any kind with regard to the use of the Model or any updates, revisions or new versions of the Model.

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The energy output range is based on analysis of 30 years of historical weather data for nearby , and is intended to provide an indication of the possible interannual variability in generation for a Fixed (open rack) PV system at this location.

RESULTS

102,744 kWh per Year *

System output may range from 98,829 to 107,624kWh per year near this location.

| Month | Solar Radiation (kWh / m ² / day) | AC Energy (kWh) | Energy Value (\$) |
|---------------|---|----------------------|------------------------|
| January | 2.39 | 5,435 | 707 |
| February | 3.16 | 6,444 | 838 |
| March | 4.06 | 8,991 | 1,169 |
| April | 4.83 | 10,008 | 1,301 |
| May | 5.69 | 11,837 | 1,539 |
| June | 5.93 | 11,626 | 1,511 |
| July | 5.77 | 11,551 | 1,502 |
| August | 5.37 | 10,689 | 1,390 |
| September | 4.65 | 9,181 | 1,194 |
| October | 3.61 | 7,576 | 985 |
| November | 2.34 | 4,936 | 642 |
| December | 2.01 | 4,470 | 581 |
| Annual | 4.15 | 102,744 | \$ 13,359 |

Location and Station Identification

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Requested Location | 300 Parsonage Hill Road Short Hills, NJ 07078 |
| Weather Data Source | (TMY2) NEWARK, NJ 8.3 mi |
| Latitude | 40.7° N |
| Longitude | 74.17° W |

PV System Specifications *(Commercial)*

| | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| DC System Size | 84.9 kW |
| Module Type | Standard |
| Array Type | Fixed (open rack) |
| Array Tilt | 10° |
| Array Azimuth | 190° |
| System Losses | 14% |
| Inverter Efficiency | 96% |
| DC to AC Size Ratio | 1.1 |

Initial Economic Comparison

| | |
|--|-------------|
| Average Cost of Electricity Purchased from Utility | 0.13 \$/kWh |
| Initial Cost | 2.60 \$/Wdc |
| Cost of Electricity Generated by System | 0.14 \$/kWh |

These values can be compared to get an idea of the cost-effectiveness of this system. However, system costs, system financing options (including 3rd party ownership) and complex utility rates can significantly change the relative value of the PV system.

Photovoltaic (PV) Solar Power Generation - Screening Assessment

City of East Orange Fire Station - Water Department

| | | |
|---------------------|---------|--------|
| Cost of Electricity | \$0.131 | /kWh |
| Electricity Usage | 339,360 | kWh/yr |
| System Unit Cost | \$4,000 | /kW |

Photovoltaic (PV) Solar Power Generation - Screening Assessment

| Budgetary | Annual Utility Savings | | | | Estimated | Total | | New Jersey | Payback | Payback |
|-----------|------------------------|---------|--------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Cost | | | | | Maintenance | Savings | Federal Tax | Renewable | (without | (with |
| | | | | | Savings | | Credit | ** SREC | incentive) | incentive) |
| \$ | kW | kWh | therms | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | Years | Years |
| \$339,623 | 84.9 | 102,744 | 0 | \$13,459 | 0 | \$13,459 | \$0 | \$25,686 | 25.2 | 8.7 |

** Estimated Solar Renewable Energy Certificate Program (SREC) SREC for 15 Years= \$250 /1000kwh

Area Output*

986 m²
10,613 ft²

Perimeter Output*

182 m
597 ft

Available Roof Space for PV:

(Area Output - 10 ft x Perimeter) x 85%
3,946 ft²

Approximate System Size:

Is the roof flat? (Yes/No) Yes

8 watt/ft²
84,906 DC watts
85 kW From PV Watts

PV Watts Inputs***

Enter into PV Watts (always 20 if flat, if
Array Tilt Angle 10 pitched - enter estimated roof angle)
Array Azimuth 190 Enter into PV Watts (default)
Zip Code 07019 Enter into PV Watts
DC/AC Derate Factor 0.83 Enter into PV Watts



PV Watts Output

102,744 annual kWh calculated in PV Watts program

% Offset Calc

Usage 339,360 (from utilities)
PV Generation 102,744 (generated using PV Watts)
% offset 30%

* <http://www.freemaptools.com/area-calculator.htm>

** <http://www.flettexchange.com>

*** http://gisatnrel.nrel.gov/PVWatts_View/index.html

APPENDIX E

Photos



Existing water pumps



Existing Furnace



Existing Boiler



Existing AC Units

APPENDIX F

EPA Benchmarking Report



ENERGY STAR[®] Statement of Energy Performance

N/A

Water Department Pump House

Primary Property Type: Drinking Water Treatment & Distribution
Gross Floor Area (ft²): 20,564
Built: 1910

ENERGY STAR[®]
Score¹

For Year Ending: September 30, 2014
Date Generated: April 25, 2016

1. The ENERGY STAR score is a 1-100 assessment of a building's energy efficiency as compared with similar buildings nationwide, adjusting for climate and business activity.

Property & Contact Information

Property Address

Water Department Pump House
300 Parsonage Hill road
East Orange, New Jersey 07078

Property Owner

,
(____)____-____

Primary Contact

,
(____)____-____

Property ID: 4940378

Energy Consumption and Energy Use Intensity (EUI)

Site EUI

951.4 kBtu/ft²

Annual Energy by Fuel

| | |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| Fuel Oil (No. 2) (kBtu) | 733,884 (4%) |
| Electric - Grid (kBtu) | 16,674,096 (85%) |
| Diesel (kBtu) | 2,156,802 (11%) |

National Median Comparison

| | |
|--|---------|
| National Median Site EUI (kBtu/ft ²) | 910.4 |
| National Median Source EUI (kBtu/ft ²) | 2,572.2 |
| % Diff from National Median Source EUI | 4% |

Source EUI

2,688 kBtu/ft²

Annual Emissions

| | |
|---|-------|
| Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Metric Tons CO ₂ e/year) | 2,447 |
|---|-------|

Signature & Stamp of Verifying Professional

I _____ (Name) verify that the above information is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Signature: _____ Date: _____

Licensed Professional

,
(____)____-____



Professional Engineer Stamp
(if applicable)