

Coman Tiebreak Procedure



- Change ends after 1st point.
- Then change ends every 4 points thereafter.
- Each player serves on the side they serve from during the set.

THE COMAN TIE-BREAK FORMAT:

The Coman tiebreak procedure is identical to the regular tiebreak procedure except that the players change ends after the first point and then after every four points, and at the conclusion of the tiebreak.

- a) Will be used for both Set and Match Tie-breaks**
- b) The player whose turn it is to serve shall serve the first point from the deuce court.**
- c) The first point shall be served to the deuce court. After the first point, the players shall change ends and the following two points shall be served by the opponent(s) (in doubles, the player of the opposing team due to serve next) starting from the ad court.**
- d) After this, each player/team shall serve alternately for two consecutive points (starting from the ad court); changing ends after every four points, until the end of the tie break game.**
- e) Change ends after points 1,5,9,13,17..... and at the conclusion.**

NOTE: IF PLAYERS ACCIDENTALLY BEGIN THE “OLD” FORMAT FOR TIE BREAKS AND IT IS REALIZED WHILE IN PROCESS, PLAY CONTINUES WITH THE “OLD” FORMAT.

A TEAM MAY NOT FINISH A MATCH, REALIZE THAT THE WRONG FORMAT WAS USED AND THEN ASK TO “REPLAY” THE MATCH USING THE COMAN. ANY MATCH FINISHED STANDS.

Principle Advantages

Fairness – By changing ends more frequently, the effects of the elements (sun, wind, etc.) are distributed more evenly between the two opponents as opposed to playing six consecutive points before changing ends.

In doubles, the server will always serve from the same end of the court, rather than having to serve from both ends.