

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS (Interpretations)

(changes/additions are underlined and in red)

The questions and answers in this document are interpretations or clarifications of the USTA League Regulations. The Sections are required to abide by these interpretations.

If a Section, District/Area or Local League does not have a regulation in place to handle an issue and there is a National Championship regulation on that issue, the Section, District/Areaor Local League must follow the Championship regulation.

Table of Contents

1.00 General	2
2.00 USTA League Regulations	5
2.02 Progression	6
2.03 Area, Section & National Championships	7
2.04 League NTRP Disqualification & Review	11
2.05 Year-end NTRP Computer Ratings & Appeal	12
2.06 Move-up/Split-up	13
3.00 Grievance Procedures	15

1.00 General

1/13/00	Can a Section or District/Area require play in order of strength? An individual team in the 8.0 Division which has a combined NTRP of	No. A local rule requiring playing in order of strength is in violation of the National Regulations. Any rule dealing with this issue needs to be removed from the
	7.5 would play below other individual teams with an 8.0 NTRP.	Sectional, District/Area, or local rules.
8/9/2007 Updated 2/10/09	Under what date and time should a match be entered into TennisLink that was interrupted (some positions completed while others were	Use the date of the last outstanding individual match to be completed.
27.10700	not) by rain or other situations?	See Regulation: 1.04C(2)
1/1/98 Updated 2/5/11	What is the difference between a Local League Play-off and a District/ Area Championship?	Local League Play-Off: Part of Local League competition.
		Any decision regarding whether the play-off is part of the Local League or part of the Championships is not based on where the matches are put into TennisLink since all Play-offs must be set up in the Championship module.
		Flight Play-off in Local League is part of the Local League. Local League Play-offs should be set up in the Championship module. Sections can determine the number of matches required in order to enter the Local League Playoff structure.
		District/Area Championship: any event that occurs between the completion of the Local League Play-offs and the Sectional Championship.
		See Regulations: 1.04D(1), 2.01C(1) and 2.03A(1)
1/1/98 Updated 10/28/08	Can a Sectional Association increase the minimum number of players necessary to form a team?	No. A Section may not increase the minimum number of players on a team. They may state "minimum of 8, preferred minimum of 10."
		See Regulation: 1.04D(5) and table that follows
3/27/12	What happens if one of the teams in a two-team	Coordinators must close registration before the first
1/14/13	league falls out of compliance with the 40%	day of match play.
8/22/13	rule?	If a team falls out of compliance
		 The coordinator should re-open registration for both teams for a specified period of time, to be determined by the coordinator, to register players in order to bring teams into compliance.
		 If a player hasn't participated, he/she can be removed.
		 If the player has played, he/she can be disqualified, his/her matches reversed and then the player can be removed from the team.
		 Last rostered below level player can be removed if they have not played unless another below level player agrees to come off the roster.
		 The League can continue as a non-advancing league.
		See Regulation 1.04D(6) Two Team Leagues
1/27/11 8/22/13	What happens when a team that has qualified for a National Championship chooses to move up and play at the next higher level. However,	The team will be exempt from the 40% rule for the next year ONLY if the entire and exact team moves up to the next higher level.

Page 3 of 16

		Page 3 of 16
	at the next higher level there are only two teams participating. Does the 40% rule apply?	See Regulations: 1.04D(6) and 2.06A
1/1/98 Updated 1/24/09	If USTA Membership expiration occurs during Championships competition, and if no renewal application is filed prior to such expiration, will such player become an ineligible player?	Yes. Note: If it is determined prior to the commencement of any competition that a player does not have a current USTA membership, the player can and must immediately apply for a membership renewal or be disqualified.
		See Regulations: 1.04E(2) and 2.03A
5/25/00 Updated 02/04/09 1/14/13	Can a player register and play in an Early Start League if he/she has not reached the required age (18, 40 or 55) but will become eligible during the league year?	TennisLink will prevent the registration of an agerestricted player (18 & Over, 40 & Over or 55 & Over) until January 1st. The Section will have to leave registration open past January 1st if they wish to allow these individuals to participate. No waiver will be given to allow participation before reaching the required age.
		See Regulation: 1.04E(3)
4/24/03 Updated 2/10/09 12/16/11	What rating can I use when registering for a league?	TennisLink only recognizes one NTRP or self-rate at a time. Players must use their most current rating on file when registering for any league. Ratings established earlier than the usual year-end date, within a given Section, must be used by that player in that Section when registering for a league.
1/1/2008	A player self-rates to enter a combined NTRP league, e.g. Mixed and plays at that level. He/She later decides to appeal UP and play at a higher NTRP level. Can he/she continue on the first team at the lower level?	No, they must immediately adjust their playing partner on the combined team. Once the player has made the choice to correct/adjust his/her NTRP self-rate that will be their adjusted self-rating for the balance of the Championship year. See Regulation: 1.04F(1)a
1/27/11	If a Mixed exclusive rated player registers for	Yes, if they already have registered (for a Mixed team)
Updated 01/4/2012	a Mixed team and then self-rates to join an Adult team and receives a higher self-rating, can the player continue on the Mixed team with the lower rating?	prior to the higher self-rating being achieved, they should be able to play at the lower rating in Mixed. If they have not registered for a league, they must use a valid computer (C) or benchmark (B) rating from a previous year or they must play at the higher (Mixed or self-rating). If identified, the Section has the authority to adjust the rating on the Mixed team.
		See Regulation: 1.04F(1)b
1/23/13	A player gets a 5.0 Early Start Rating and registers for a Mixed Team. Then the year-end rating comes out and the player is moved down to 4.5. Can the player start playing on the Mixed team as a 4.5 or do they have to stay as a 5.0?	Yes. The player can start playing on the Mixed team as a 4.5. The coordinator must change the rating on the roster.
3/14/13	A player played one match on a 7.0 Mixed 18 & Over team. It was then determined he was the 4 th player from last year's National team to register for this current team. Can he be removed from the team and allowed to register for another team in the same league, at the same level, in the same division?	Yes, the match should be treated as a default and the player removed from the team. It is not the intent of 1.04G(2) to prevent a player from moving to another team in this circumstance.

7/29/02 Updated 02/04/09	If an individual is dynamically disqualified at a Championship in which (s)he had also qualified at a higher level, can they then elect to participate at the higher level during that	Yes, If the Section permits participation on more than one Championship team per event. See Regulation: 1.04G(6)
2/14/12	same Championship? Tennis Link is not currently implementing Regulation 1.04F(1)c. How should a player's rating be handled if he/she has a "T" exclusive rating, but also has a valid "B" or "C" rating from a previous year and is now being required to self-rate to join an Adult team?	Scenario 1. When the player self-rates, he/she gets the same rating as their valid "C" or "B" rating, but it is now an "S" rating subject to NTRP Dynamic DQ and NTRP Grievances: When identified, the coordinator should change the player back to their valid "C" or "B" rating with the proper date and send in to TennisLink for system-wide change.
10/15/13	This is fixed for 2013 but for people with 2011 and 2012 ratings, please send in a request through your Section League Coordinator to have your rating updated.	Scenario 2. When the player self-rates and he/she is given a higher self-rating than his/her valid "C" or "B" rating and the player appeals: The Self-rate Appeal Committee should change the "S" rating to the player's valid "C" or "B" rating with the proper date and send to TennisLink for system-wide change.
		Scenario 3. When the player self-rates and is given a lower rating than their valid "C" or "B" rating: a. If the player has not registered for a team, he/she should be moved up to his/her valid "C" or "B" rating by the coordinator with the proper date and sent to TennisLink for system-wide change. b. If the player has registered for a team, but not played, he/she should be encouraged to move up to his/her valid "C" or "B" rating. If the player chooses not to move up, he/she continues with his/her "S" rating and is subject to NTRP Dynamic Disqualification and NTRP Grievances. c. If the player has played a match at the lower self-rating level and decides to remain at the lower level, he/she continues with his/her "S" rating and is subject to NTRP Dynamic Disqualification and NTRP Grievances. d. If the player has played a match at the lower rating level and decides to move up to his/her valid "C" or "B" rating, the coordinator would change the player to his/her valid "C" or "B" rating with the proper date and and submit to TennisLink for system-wide change. Any matches played at the lower rating level have been done so in good faith and stand See Regulations 1.04F(1)c
12/02/2013	Is USTA League play permitted on tennis courts with Pickleball lines?	At this time, there is no intent to regulate against match play in USTA League on tennis courts which have lines for Pickleball.

2.00 USTA League Regulations

	STA League Regulations	
2/1/02	Can you do cross flight matches that will affect standings? Some teams from Flight A playing some teams from Flight B.'	Reg. 2.01C(1) Round Robin states "Each NTRP level within a Local League shall play at least one round robin competition wherein every team plays every other team." Flights may not randomly select other teams to play. The principle of teams all having equal opportunity would come into dispute. A Local League that is looking for more match play but does not have sufficient time to complete a second full round robin segment may: • Expand the time for the Local League and do a double round robin. • Do smaller flights that would allow a double round robin • Complete an initial full round robin and then have the top 4 teams (example) play an additional round robin and the bottom 4 teams play an additional accommodation round robin. • Have a Local League play-off where the top 4 teams in two different flights play a full round robin and the last 4 teams do the same.
		See Regulation: 2.01C(1)
1/1/98 Updated 2/10/09 2/14/12	What occurs if a player(s) is on the wrong court in an individual team match?	If the discovery occurs before the first game of all matches affected has been completed, players are to go to the correct courts and begin the matches over. If the discovery occurs after the first game is completed, the matches will be completed as started and count as matches played in good faith.
1/1/98 Updated 9/23/03	How should "known defaults" be handled both at the local level and at championships?	In the spirit of good sportsmanship and fair play, the opposing team(s) should be advised of a known default. The defaulting captain will still be able to designate at what position (2nd singles or 3rd doubles) a known default will occur.
2/1/07	When a match is postponed following the	See Regulations: 2.01C(5) and 2.03F If the Section speaks to this issue the Section/District rule
Updated 12/16/11	exchange of line-ups, do the original line-ups stand for the make-up match?	would be followed. Otherwise, the line-up would stand only for those positions that had already started (first service attempt) their match. All other positions, even those that were in warm-up may be changed including defaulted courts. See Regulation: 2.01C(5)
1/1/98 Updated 2/16/09 12/16/11	What happens when two players on a team don't show up that are members of two different doubles teams?	The Sectional Association or Championship Committee has latitude based on the language found in 2.01C(5) and 2.03F which states except under such further circumstances as the Sectional Association or Championship Committee authorizes. The objective is to avoid additional defaults to the degree possible.
		For example, if the two players came from the number one doubles team and the number three doubles team, these players could play at number one doubles, the number two doubles team could remain the same and the default would occur at the number three doubles position. See Regulation: 2.01C(5) and 2.03K

Page 6 of 16

1/23/13 10/31/13	If there is just one plus player registered on a 4.5+ or 5.0+ team and a 4.5 (or 5.0) player is DQ'd what happens to his/her matches?	The player played at the lower level, therefore local matches are reversed based on Section option (See 2.04E(1)). For Championship play, Regulation 2.04E(2) applies.
	Can the player remain on the team?	Yes. The player can remain on the team.
10/31/13	If there are already two plus players registered on a 4.5+ or 5.0+ team, and a 4.5 (or 5.0) player is DQ'd can the team choose which player comes off the roster or does the DQ'd player have to be removed?	The DQ'd player must be removed unless one of the other plus players is unable to continue play and agrees to be removed. Local matches are reversed based on Section option; see 2.04E(1). For Championship play, Regulation 2.04E(2) applies.
1/23/13	Two 5.5 players play in a three line 5.0+ match. (Only one is allowed to play) If one player plays #1 Singles and the other plays #1 Doubles, does that captain get to choose which match becomes the ineligible match? How is it scored in TL?	No, the #1 Singles position must be defaulted. Coordinators must use the DQ function in TennisLink so the match counts as a match played for the opponent and the match counts for NTRP calculations. The match of the disqualified 5.5 players should NOT count towards advancement to Championships.
3/28/13	Are "timed matches" permitted at the Sectional, District, Area or Local Level?	"Timed Matches" are compatible with the USTA NTRP Computer Rating System, and thus Sections may authorize such match formats within their section, or may delegate that authority to the Districts, Area, or Local Leagues.

2.02 PROGRESSION

1/13/99 Updated 9/1/02	If a Local League or District/Area has only one team in a Division (e.g. Adult, Mixed) can they go directly to the District/Area or Sectional Championships?	 NO. They must play a Local League first. If there is only one team in each of the Local Leagues, they could play their Local League at the District/Area Championships and the winner advance. Those advancing must meet the minimum requirements. If there is only one team in each of the Districts they could play their Local League at the Sectional Championships and the winner advance. Those advancing must meet the minimum requirements. See Regulation: 2.02A(1)
1/23/13	A player plays a local league match and after the match is completed, it is determined that the player is ineligible (e.g. not registered on TennisLink). If the player subsequently becomes eligible, does the match count for advancement purposes for the ineligible player, his/her partner, and the opposing player(s)?	The DQ function should be applied by the coordinator so the match will count towards advancement for the opponents. The match should NOT count towards advancement for the ineligible player and his/her partner.

Page 7 of 16

2.03 AREA, SECTION AND NATIONAL LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIPS

4/10/99	What happens if more than the allowed	If a team violates USTA League Regulations by
Updated	number of players who were on the roster at a	submitting a roster with more than the allowable
12/11/06	National Championship appear on a given	number of players that were on any roster in that
12/16/11	roster the next year?	Division at a National Championships the previous year,
		any player, registered beyond the three (2 for 2.5, 5.0)
		allowed, who has not participated in a match, including
		defaults received, for the team will first be removed
		from the roster (last person to register on the team will
		be first off unless another player agrees to come off.) If
		the team still does not meet the requirement then the
		last National Championship individual rostered will be
		disqualified and all matches played by the player will be
		considered losses and so on until the three player
		requirement is reached.
		If the team roster includes the minimum number of
		players still eligible to play, the team will be permitted to
		finish the local season with the adjusted roster.
		Resulting defaults will count towards eligibility
		requirements for advancement to Championships below
		the National level. Actual scores of defaulted matches will be input for the purpose of generating NTRP
		ratings.
		raings.
		See Regulation: 2.06A
1/1/98	What is the difference between a Local League	Local League Play-Off: Part of Local League
Updated 2/5/11	Play-off and a District/Area Championship?	competition.
		Any decision regarding whether the Play-off is part of
		the Local League or part of the Championships is not
		based on where the matches are put into TennisLink
		since all Play-offs must be set up in the Championship
		module.
		Flight Play-offs in Local League is part of the Local
		League. Local League Play-offs should be set up in the
		Championship module. Sections can determine the
		number of matches required in order to enter the Local
		League Play-off structure.
		District/Area Championship: any event that occurs
		between the completion of the Local League Play-offs
		and the Section Championship.
		See Regulations: 1.04D(1), 2.01C(1) and 2.03A(1)
1/1/98	Does the use of a wild card team in	No. In accordance with the guidelines set forth in the
	District/Area or Sectional Championships	League Championships Wild Card Procedures, a
	conflict with any USTA League Regulation?	Sectional Association may adopt wild card procedures
		tor its District/Area and Sectional Championships.
		See Regulation: 2.03A(1)
	Commot with any COTA League Hegulation:	for its District/Area and Sectional Championships.

7/12/99 Updated 12/8/99 12/16/11	If a player is winning 4-2 in the first set and then retires, does this count for the person's eligibility to advance and their computer rating?"	ADVANCEMENT: The match will count for advancement for all players involved regardless of how many points/ games were played.
		NTRP YEAR-END RATING: No. Defaults or retirements in which neither player(s) wins six or more games are not part of the rating calculation. In the case stated the match would not count as a match played in order to receive a year-end rating.
1/1/98 Updated 1/24/09	If USTA Membership expiration occurs during Championships competition, and if no renewal application is filed prior to such expiration, will such player become an ineligible player?	Yes. Note: If it is determined prior to the commencement of any competition that a player does not have a current USTA membership, the player can and must immediately apply for a membership renewal or be disqualified. See Regulations: 1.04E(2) and 2.03A
1/1/02 Updated 11/15/05	How many matches may a team play per day during Championship?	Championships using best of three tie-break sets with a match tie-break in lieu of a third set may schedule no more than three matches per day per team. A minimum of 30 minutes rest will be provided between matches. If weather or unforeseen circumstances impact the completion of the event, the Tournament Committee may use shortened formats and require more matches. If a team/player enters more than one Division or event then these limitations shall apply separately to each. No consideration shall be given by the tournament staff in scheduling matches.
1/1/98 Updated 1/1/04	In the event that a tournament uses two different scoring methods and a tie develops, how does the Championships Committee break the tie?	See: FAC Table 9 TennisLink will only accept one scoring method during a Championship event. In the event the Championship Committee alters the format from regular scoring to a pro-set or other acceptable format so there is a combination of the two scoring methods and a tie develops, all matches will be converted to best of 2 or 3 tie-break sets using the Conversion Chart Procedures provided by the National office. The converted scores as published in TennisLink will be the official score and tie-break process.
1/1/98 Updated 9/23/03	How should "known defaults" be handled both at the local level and at Championships?	See Regulation: 2.03C In the spirit of good sportsmanship and fair play, the opposing team(s) should be advised of a known default. The defaulting captain will still be able to designate at what position (2nd singles or 3rd doubles) a known default will occur. See Regulations: 2.01C(5) and 2.03F

7/14/03 Updated 12/16/11	What happens locally when a captain expects/states that the #1 position (singles or doubles) will be there shortly, so the opposing captain permits the other positions (#2 and/or #3) to go on the court and start/complete matches, and then the team(or person) doesn't show up and a default is recorded at the #1 position?	Regulation 2.03K Championship Procedures covers this issue as to how defaults are to be taken. The #2 singles before the #1 singles; the #3 Doubles before the #2 and the #2 doubles before the #1 doubles. Championship regulations/procedures apply unless a Section has developed its own regulation/procedure. If both captains agree to begin the match with positions missing, all courts stand as played.
8/19/09 Updated 03/01/10 12/5/12 1/23/13 10/31/13	What happens if some individual matches are played in a team match in which one or both teams don't have enough rostered players available to meet the minimum requirements as outlined in the table in 2.03K?	See Regulation: 2.03K If the local league doesn't have a regulation in place, then regulation 2.03K would apply. If both teams did not have enough players available to meet the minimum requirements as listed in table 2.03K, the entire team match will be considered a double default. Any individual matches (and scores) entered into TennisLink must be removed. If only one of the teams had enough players to meet the minimum player requirements as listed in table 2.03K, that team will be credited with a team win. Only those players who were there and ready to participate will be credited with a "win by default", which will also count toward advancement to all levels of Championship, except for National Championships.
1/1/98	What is the definition of "in contention" in Reg. 2.03L Scoring of Team Defaults?	See Regulation: 2.03K Interpretation: "In contention" has been defined as "Any team that has a mathematical chance to win or place second in the event at the time the default occurs."
8/5/02 12/3/99 Updated 02/22/11	We have a two-team league; both teams have the required amount of players registered. The one team defaults all their matches to the other team. May the team receiving the defaults progress to Championship? Regulation 2.03L Championship Scoring of a Team Default states: "If a team defaults an entire team match for any reason during round	See Regulation: 2.03L No. No league has actually taken place. This is all paper with no attempt to play. See Regulation: 1.04D(1), 2.01C(1) Yes. If the Section, District/Area or Local League does not have a specific rule in place to cover a full team default it must follow the National Championship
1/16/13	robin play, then all matches of that team, played or to be played shall be null and void when determining standings." Is the Local League required to follow this regulation if no alternative rule is in place at the Section, District/Area or Local level?	regulation. The objective is to play the match. The Section is encouraged to put a procedure in place. If the Local League elects to use the Championship rule, they should be aware that if all teams in contention have played the defaulting team – those scores will stand.
		For example, if the first place team defaults an entire team match (unable to contest the match for the team point), and the Sectional, District/Area or Local League have elected to use the Championship rule, that team is subject to the regulation in place for Championships (The other teams that have a chance to win the competition

Page 10 of 16

	should be credited with the matches played against this team.)
A flight has a triple round robin scheduled. If there is a full team default, would all matches in the triple round robin be considered null and void? A District/Area has decided to follow the Championship Regulation 2.03L for scoring of full team defaults for their Local League.	No. The key word here is CHAMPIONSHIP rules. There is usually only one round robin played during a given Championship while a flight may play 2 or even 4 round robins in their Local League. Each of those RR's makes up a tier/segment of the Local League season. Each individual tier/segment will be considered separately for purposes of a full team default. If there is a full team default in a triple round robin only the RR tier/segments that have the full team default will be impacted. Each of the 3 Round Robin segments will be treated as whole and separate within the Local League flight. If the first RR was finished and the full team default occurred during the 2nd RR then all matches for the first RR would stand. Also remember that if all teams in contention had played the defaulting team (2.03L), those matches would stay in the system.
Is it the intent of Regulation 2.03L that teams be allowed to continue to play in the championship if they have defaulted an entire team match?	See Regulation: 2.03L No, once a team defaults an entire team match they are no longer part of the championship The Tournament Committee may allow the defaulting team to continue to play if other teams wish to play the matches, however, the opposing teams cannot be required to play. The results of such matches will not be entered in TennisLink. See Regulation: 2.03L
	there is a full team default, would all matches in the triple round robin be considered null and void? A District/Area has decided to follow the Championship Regulation 2.03L for scoring of full team defaults for their Local League. Is it the intent of Regulation 2.03L that teams be allowed to continue to play in the championship

Page 11 of 16

2.04 LEAGUE NTRP DISQUALIFICATION AND REVIEW PROCEDURES

8/25/03 Updated 12/1/04	What can you do when an individual self- rates low (3.5) and then starts play at a higher level (4.0) that produces 3 strikes at the lower level? Do you have to wait until he/she rosters and plays a match to DQ?	Regulation 2.04B states an individual will be disqualified if they reach the disqualification level 3 times based on all matches reported in the national database for the Adult Division. TennisLink will identify on the "At DQ" report an individual that has acquired 3 strikes at his/her Self-rated level regardless of being rostered at that level on any team. The Sectional Association will notify the individual that a promotion has occurred at the self-rate level and that the Sectional Association has adjusted the player's self-rating. The individual must now participate at that adjusted self-rate level or higher. This is not an NTRP disqualification as the individual never participated at that level. It will be handled as an "appeal to move up" requested by the Section. See Regulation: 2.04B
8/18/99 Updated 2/10/09 12/16/11	The rules state that NTRP Dynamic Disqualification is not part of the Mixed Division. If a player is disqualified in the Adult Division, are they allowed to participate at the DQ'ed level in the Mixed Division for the remainder of the Championship year?	No. Even though the Mixed Division does not allow Dynamic Disqualification, it must follow the rules (Reg. 2.04B(3)) in relation to playing at the correct level. A player who has been moved up as a result of a disqualification in the Adult Division must immediately adjust his/her NTRP level of play in the Mixed Division. The player will have two options: Option #1: If on a combined NTRP level team, he/she may continue on that team by adjusting the levels. (9.0 combined team—DQ'ed 4.5 player now at 5.0 must play with no greater than a 4.0 player) Option #2: If on a straight NTRP level team, he/she must move up to the appropriate NTRP level or sit out the balance of that season depending on the Section's regulations. (A player on a combined NTRP level team may also choose to move up if the Section allows.) If the player can combine with another player and meet the 1.0 differential, they may participate. See Regulation: 2.04B(3) and NTRP Dynamic Disqualification Table
5/1/08 Updated 1/24/09 12/16/11 1/16/13	We play our Sectional Championships for our Adult Division back to back (or at the same time). How does this situation impact my ability to advance to Nationals if I am dynamically disqualified in any of these League Types?	An individual dynamically disqualified from any League Type will not be permitted to advance to National Championships for any Adult Division except in the Combined Adult 55 & Over League Type if they are able to combine and remain within level. See Regulation: 2.04B(3)
1/25/02 Updated 2/10/09	Just how far back does an NTRP Disqualification go during a Local League play-off? What matches need to be reversed?	Any disqualification occurring during separate tiers of a Local League Play-off flight(s) will affect only matches in that particular tier Play-off flight. No matches will be reversed in previous tier Play-off flights. See Regulation: 2.04E

Page 12 of 16

1/1/98 Updated 02/09/09 12/16/11	During local round robin competition a player is disqualified. Is that player's last match considered a loss, or are all previous matches considered losses?	It depends on the basis for the disqualification during the Local League play. (See Championship Procedures Section for how the same issues are handled during Championship.)
		Eligibility DQ: See Regulations 3.03B(4) a,b. Review this Section as penalty varies based on stage of Local League.
		Dynamic DQ: See Regulation 2.04E(1) which states that each Section will establish what, if any, matches shall be considered losses.
		See Scoring of Eligibility Disqualification and NTRP Dynamic Disqualification for Championships in Regulations 2.04E(2) and 3.03C(4)a.b.c
3/21/01 Updated 2/10/09 12/16/11 12/5/12	If a player is NTRP Dynamically Disqualified during play in any Adult Division League Type, does that disqualification apply across all League Types?	If a local NTRP disqualification occurs during concurrent Adult Division seasons, the disqualification shall affect the matches played by the disqualified player in all League Types.
12/3/12		If the seasons are not concurrent or over-lapping, the NTRP disqualification shall affect the matches played by the disqualified player in the season in which the NTRP Dynamic Disqualification occurred.
		If a player is disqualified in 18 & Over, 40 & Over or 55 & Over League Types while playing in a Mixed League below the Section Championship level, the player shall immediately play at the higher level.
		See Regulation: 2.04E(1)

2.05 YEAR-END NTRP COMPUTER RATINGS AND APPEAL PROCEDURES

2/1/07 Updated 1/19/10	55 & Over League Type National Championships have been moved to a Spring timeline. Since year-end ratings are published in November, what rating will the players be using for this National Championship?	Individuals advancing to any Championship held after the publishing of the NTRP year-end ratings will participate at the level appearing on their Local League roster prior to year-end publishing, be it higher or lower than their year-end rating. If advancing from an Early Start League for the Championship year, the players will follow the option selected by the Sectional Association.
6/6/03 Updated 4/01/08	What year regulations and procedures are used to determine basis for appeal – year under which the rating was generated or year under which the rating will be used?	See Regulation 2.05B(3) Sections will use the regulations and procedures in effect for the year in which the rating will be used. This would also apply to Early Start Dynamic Rating appeals. A published Early Start Dynamic Rating will replace the previous computer rating, including National benchmarks.
12/19/03 Updated 2/10/09	Can a Dynamically Disqualified player appeal a Year-End Rating and be granted the appeal if the final Year-end NTRP number is within appeal range?	No. A Dynamically Disqualified player automatically becomes a benchmark and is therefore, ineligible for appeal.

Page	13	of	16
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		Page 13 of 16
7/16/2013	If a player 65 or over receives an Early Start Rating higher than his/her most recent valid year-end rating, will they be granted an approved appeal?	Yes. It is the intent of Reg 2.05E(2) that no player 65 or over be given a rating higher than his/her most recent valid year-end rating.
2.06 M	ove-up/Split-up	
4/10/99	What happens if more than the allowed	If a team violates USTA League Regulations by
Undated	number of players who were on the rector at	submitting a roctor with more than the allowable

submitting a roster with more than the allowable Updated number of players who were on the roster at 12/11/06 a National Championship appear on a given number of players that were on any roster in that roster the next year? 12/16/11 Division at a National Championships the previous year, any player, registered beyond the three (2 for 2.5, 5.0) allowed, who has not participated in a match, including defaults received, for the team will first be removed from the roster (last person to register on the team will be first off unless another player agrees to come off.) If the team still does not meet the requirement then the last National Championship individual rostered will be disqualified and all matches played by the player will be considered losses and so on until the three player requirement is reached. If the team roster includes the minimum number of players still eligible to play, the team will be permitted to finish the local season with the adjusted roster. Resulting defaults will count towards eligibility requirements for advancement to Championships below the National level. Actual scores of defaulted matches will be input for the purpose of generating NTRP ratings. See Regulation: 2.06A 8/5/02 The team may select the three players (two for some What happens when a team is currently Updated playing or has finished an Early Start League NTRP Levels) to remain and must cease to play all other 02/04/09 for the following season before they compete players with a National Benchmark above the minimum 12/2/13 in the current year Sectional Championships number permitted in the Move-up/Split-up Regulation. and then win the Sectional Championships No penalty will be imposed on any match played before and the opportunity to advance to Nationals? completion of the Sectional Championship and those Regulation 2.06A requires that the team splitremoved will be eligible to join the team next year as if up for the next year - in this case the next year they had sat out for the year. is almost finished. See Regulation: 2.06A 1/1/98 Can players who competed at the National No. Only three players from any combination of teams Updated Championships in the Adult Division play the that qualified for National Championships are allowed to 02/23/11 next year on a Mixed team, which already has play together the following year. 03/14/13 three players who competed on a Mixed team at the National Championships? 8/22/13 10/15/2013 Can a team play at a National Championship No. Only three players from any combination of teams that qualified for National Championships are allowed to in the Adult 18 & Over League Type and not have to split-up if the same team qualifies to play together the following year. play in the Adult 40 & Over League Type the next year? Can players who played on an Adult 4.0 team Yes, players may move down to a lower NTRP team level at the National Championships move down (if and play in the same Division as long as the total number their NTRP level allows) and play the next year from the combined two teams does not exceed three

Page 14 of 16

		Page 14 of 16
	with players that played on an Adult 3.5 team at the National Championship?	players.
	Can players who played on a 9.0 Mixed team at the National Championships combine and play the next year with players from another 9.0 Mixed team that also played at the National Championships?	Yes, players may play in same Division and same NTRP team level as long as the total number from the combined two teams does not exceed three players.
	Can players who played on a 9.0 Mixed team at the National Championships move down (if their NTRP level allows) and play the next year with players that played on an 8.0 Mixed team at the National Championship?	Yes, players may move down to a lower NTRP team level and play in the same Division as long as the total number from the combined two teams does not exceed three players.
	Three players from a Mixed 8.0 team that competed at the National Championships want to remain together the following year. Can players from a Mixed 7.0 Team that also competed at the National Championships move up and join the three players on that 8.0	No. As many players as wish to may move up from the Mixed 7.0 team and form a Mixed 8.0 team but they may not combine with other players who were rostered on National Championships teams.
6/6/12 10/15/2013	team. What happens when a team that has qualified for a National Championship chooses to move up and play at the next higher level? However, at the next higher level there are only two teams participating. Does the 40% rule apply?	See Regulation: 2.06A The team will be exempt from the 40% rule for the next year ONLY if the entire and exact team moves up to the next higher level. See Regulations: 2.06A and Table that follows.
12/2/13	Are players playing at the Mixed 40 & Over Invitational in the spring of 2014 subject to the Move-up Split-up Regulation?	No, teams playing in this invitational event are from the 2013 season when Mixed 40 & Over was not a National Program, so they will not be subject to the Move-up Splitup rule if they did not qualify on any other National Championship team.
12/2/13	Will Reg 2.06A apply to players playing in the 2014 Mixed 40 & Over National Program?	See Regulation: 2.06A Yes, in 2014, Mixed 40 & Over becomes a National Program will be subject to all USTA League Regulations.
12/2/13	If a player is NTRP DQ'd on a National roster (of course meaning they played a match or two) do they count as one of the 3 players who cannot combine on any other team the following year?	See Regulation: 2.06A Yes, this player played matches and contributed to the team season so is considered to be one of the 3 players. See Regulation: 2.06A
12/2/13	If a member of a team that qualifies for the nationals elects not to play at the nationals, are they still subject to the move up / split up rule?	Yes, the rule applies to any player(s) who participated in any match for that team during the championship year, including defaults received. See Regulation: 2.06A
12/2/13	If a 7.0 combined NTRP level team wants to play 3.5 men's together can they?	Yes, only three. See Regulation: 2.06A
12/2/13	Is 3.5 Straight NTRP team considered the same level as 7.0 Combined NTRP team?	No. The 3.5 Straight team is composed of 3.0 and 3.5 NTRP players. The 7.0 Combined NTRP team is composed of, for example, a 3.0 and a 4.0 rated players participating as a doubles team.
		See Regulation: 2.06A

3.00 GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES

	ILVANCE PROCEDURES	
1/1/98 Updated 1/27/11	If a player's name or domicile is misrepresented, or the player misrepresents, falsifies or fails to disclose relevant facts relating to participation in the USTA League, does the player become ineligible and subject to disqualification?	Yes. It is essential that a player truthfully disclose all facts relevant to USTA League participation. Failure to do so may result in disqualification at any time. See Regulation: 3.02D and 3.03B(3)a.
5/18/04	Eligibility disqualifications are unique in that we handle an established penalty in two different ways – if within 24-hours of Local League season – remove all matches; if after conclusion of Local League by more than 24 hours, matches stand but individual may not advance. What controls the penalty phase of an eligibility disqualification?	Certain eligibility issues such as membership are cut and dry – you were a member or you were not, at the time the match was played. NTRP Grievances require time to research. The date the decision is sent by the League Grievance Committee will control the penalty phase. See Regulation: 3.03B(3)a, 3.03B(4) a.b and 3.03E(6).
1/1/98 Updated 02/09/09 12/16/11	During Local round robin competition a player is disqualified. Is only such player's last match considered a loss, or are all previous matches considered as losses?	It depends on the basis for the disqualification during the Local League play. Eligibility DQ: Regulations 3.03B(4) a,b. Review this Section as penalty varies based on stage of Local League. Dynamic DQ: Reg. 2.04E(1) states that each Section will establish what, if any matches shall be considered losses. See Scoring of Eligibility Disqualification and NTRP Dynamic Disqualification for Championships in Regulations 2.04E(2) and 3.03C(4)a.b.c
1/1/98	How soon after the Grievance Committee has rendered a decision must an appeal be filed?	The appeal must be filed within the time fixed by the League Grievance Committee in its decision. Generally speaking the time should not exceed such period of time as reasonably required by the appealing party to file a written notice of appeal containing facts and arguments in support thereof. Even more important is whether any delay will adversely affect the progress of a league or Championship event. See Regulations: 3.03D(3)
2/9/11	What grievance and grievance appeal documents and procedures are the parties entitled to see?	Decisions and documents of a public nature. Appropriate confidentiality should be observed when including but, not limited to, discussions, deliberations, votes and documents not of a public nature. See Regulation: 3.03C(2) and 3.03D(3)
2/9/11	Given that self-rating appeal decisions are final and binding, presumably meaning they are not subject to appeal, may an individual who is authorized, file an NTRP grievance?	Yes, an NTRP Grievance may be filed against a self-rated player whose appeal was granted. The final and binding only applies to the player appealing his/her self-rating. See Regulation: 1.04 F(1)g and 3.03E(2)

Page	16	٥f	16
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2/14/12	If a Grievance Committee holds a hearing	No, the hearing is considered to have been held and the
		Grievance Appeal Committee is no longer bound to hold a
	the parties to the grievance show up for the	hearing, even if requested in writing.
	hearing, is the Grievance Appeal Committee	
	required to hold a hearing, if requested in	See Regulation: 3.04B(2)
	writing?	