Vocational Rehabilitation Resources for Teens Transitioning into Adulthood

Transition into Adulthood

If a child is 16 or older, their Individual Education Plan (IEP) will include transition services that are intended to help them prepare to move from the world of school to adulthood. As part of transition planning, the IEP team will consider post-secondary education, vocational training or employment.

Often, the school’s IEP team is joined by a vocational rehabilitation counselor from the state. By planning the transition process, teens will be prepared to move onto the next phase of their life and supports will be in place.

Every state has a federally funded agency that administers vocational rehabilitation (VR), and supported employment. VR assists people in finding jobs through local searches and by promoting self-employment and telecommuting opportunities. VR services vary widely depending on the state but typically include medical, psychological and vocational assessments; counseling and guidance; vocational and other types of training; interpreter and reader services; services to family members; rehabilitation technology; placement; post-employment services; and/or other goods and services necessary to achieve rehab objectives and secure employment. In some cases, VR may pay for transportation and vehicle modification.

The services are different in each state based on their funding. To find your state visit the Job Accommodation Network: http://askjan.org/cgi-win/TypeQuery.exe?902.

Source: Paralysis Resource Guide

Websites

http://www.ahead.org/students-parents

Association on Higher Education and Disability: Moving Ahead—Transition Resources for Everyone

This page has FAQs for students and parents on transitioning to college and issues related to accommodation for college students. There is also a list of links to resources on assistive technology, career programs, parent education services, and student support groups.
www.abilitypath.org/lifeafterhighschool
AbilityPath’s report “The Journey to Life After High School: A Road Map for Parents of Children with Special Needs”

http://www.dcdt.org/resources/
Council for Exceptional Children, Division on Career Development and Transition
DCDT promotes career development and transition services for people with disabilities. The site has a comprehensive list of resources.

Disability.gov: Guide to Student Transition Planning

http://www.heath.gwu.edu/
HEATH Resource Center
The George Washington University
2134 G Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20052-0001
E-mail: AskHEATH@gwu.edu
A national clearinghouse on postsecondary education for people with disabilities.

      https://heath.gwu.edu/sites/heath.gwu.edu/files/downloads/Toolkit%202014.pdf
HEATH: Guidance and Career Counselors’ Toolkit: Advising High School Students with Disabilities on Postsecondary Options
This toolkit is intended to help guidance and career counselors to better assist high school students with disabilities in accomplishing transitions into postsecondary education and employment. It includes information on common disabilities, applicable laws, and programs and strategies that serve transitioning students with disabilities. The toolkit was published in February 2006. It is available for free download.

http://www.communityinclusion.org/article.php?article_id=178
Institute for Community Inclusion: Postsecondary Education Options for Students with Intellectual Disabilities
This August 2006 article by Debra Hart may apply to people with brain injuries or cerebral palsy.

http://askjan.org
Job Accommodation Network
Phone: 800-526-7234, 877-781-9403 (TTY)
E-mail: jan@askjan.org
JAN is a free consulting service that provides information about job accommodations, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and the employability of people with disabilities. The site has information on assistive technology and employment accommodations.
Kids as Self Advocates: What is Vocational Rehabilitation?
This easy-to-read document explains the services vocational rehabilitation provide and general eligibility requirements for the programs.

National Collaborative on Workforce and Disability for Youth (NCWD/Youth)
NCWD/Youth assists state and local workforce development systems to better serve all youth, including youth with disabilities and other disconnected youth. It is composed of partners with expertise in education, youth development, disability, employment, workforce development and family issues.

National Center on Accessible Instructional Materials
This site has information on accessible instructional materials (AIM) which are specialized formats of curricular content that can be used by and with students who are unable to read or use standard print materials. The NIMAS Center maintains and updates the National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard (NIMAS), which guides the production of alternate versions of textbooks and related instructional materials.

Rehabilitation Engineering and Assistive Technology Society of North America (RESNA)
1700 North Moore Street, Suite 1540
Arlington, VA 22209
Phone: 703-524-6686
RESNA is a professional society that supports the development, dissemination, and utilization of rehabilitation engineering and assistive technology.

Rehabilitation Services Administration (RSA)
RSA’s mission is to provide leadership and resources to assist state and other agencies in providing vocational rehabilitation, independent living and other services to individuals with disabilities to maximize their employment, independence and integration into the community and the competitive labor market.

Transition Coalition
This site provides online information, support, and professional development on topics related to the transition from school to adult life for youth with disabilities.

University of Montana Rural Institute: PASS Plans
This site has information and resources on PASS Plans, a program administered by the Social Security Administration that allows a person with disabilities to set aside income or resources for a period of time to achieve a work goal.
http://www.ed.gov/print/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/auxaids.html
U.S. Department of Education: Auxiliary Aids and Services for Postsecondary Students with Disabilities
This page has information on the laws regarding auxiliary aids and services, examples of such aids and services, and the responsibilities of postsecondary institutions and students in provision of auxiliary aids and services.

http://www.ed.gov/print/about/offices/list/osers/rsa/faq.html
U.S. Department of Education: Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) About RSA
This page answers common questions about vocational rehabilitation programs including eligibility and services provided to help people further their education, obtain employment, or start their own businesses.

http://idea.ed.gov
U.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education Programs: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)
This site has information and resources related to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), a law ensuring services to children with disabilities. Infants and toddlers with disabilities (birth-2) and their families receive early intervention services under IDEA Part C. Children and youth (ages 3-21) receive special education and related services under IDEA Part B.

http://www.ed.gov/print/about/offices/list/ocr/transition.html
U.S. Department of Education: Students with Disabilities Preparing for Postsecondary Education – Know Your Rights and Responsibilities
The information in this pamphlet, provided by the USDE’s Office for Civil Rights and updated in September 2011, explains the rights and responsibilities of students with disabilities who are preparing to attend postsecondary schools. This pamphlet also explains the obligations of a postsecondary school to provide academic adjustments, including auxiliary aids and services, to ensure the school does not discriminate on the basis of disability.

http://www.ed.gov/print/about/offices/list/ocr/transitionguide.html
U.S. Department of Education: Transition of Students with Disabilities to Postsecondary Education – A Guide for High School Educators
This guide developed by the USDE’s Office for Civil Rights and updated in March 2011 highlights the significant differences between the rights and responsibilities of students with disabilities in the high school setting and the rights and responsibilities these students will have once they are in the postsecondary education setting. It provides answers to frequently asked questions and some practical suggestions that high school educators can share with students to facilitate their successful transition to postsecondary education.

www.usdepartmentpowerpoint.com
U.S. Department of Education, Rehabilitation Services Administration: Overview of the Public Vocational Rehabilitation Program PowerPoint Presentation
This PowerPoint presentation provides information on eligibility requirements for vocational rehabilitation programs and an overview of the services they provide.

The following books and videos are available for free loan from the PRC library. For more information, please visit the online catalog at: http://www1.youseemore.com/ReevePRC/default.asp

Videos

*Careers for Teens: Scientist for Disabled Teens.* Smith Show Entertainment, 2010. DVD (25 minutes)
Three scientists who have disabilities are featured in this film. One is a clinical psychologist, one is a neurosurgeon, and one is a geneticist who is also a psychiatrist.

For more information on education for people with disabilities or employment for people with disabilities, please see the Reeve Foundation’s fact sheets on those topics. You may also want to see the Vocational Rehabilitation factsheet (for adults).

The information contained in this message is presented for the purpose of educating and informing you about paralysis and its effects. Nothing contained in this message should be construed nor is intended to be used for medical diagnosis or treatment. It should not be used in place of the advice of your physician or other qualified health care provider. Should you have any health care related questions, please call or see your physician or other qualified health care provider promptly. Always consult with your physician or other qualified health care provider before embarking on a
new treatment, diet or fitness program. You should never disregard medical advice or delay in seeking it because of something you have read in this message.

This project was supported, in part by grant number 90PR3002, from the U.S. Administration for Community Living, Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, D.C. 20201. Grantees undertaking projects under government sponsorships are encouraged to express freely their findings and conclusions. Points of view or opinions do not, therefore, necessarily represent official Administration for Community Living policy.