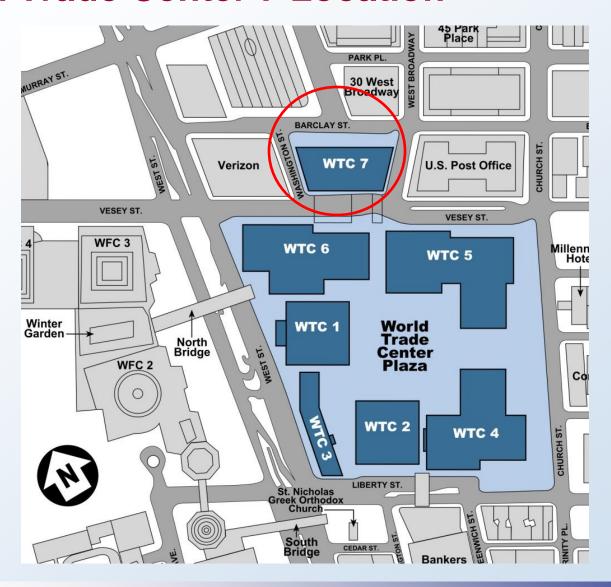
#### **NIST Response to the World Trade Center Disaster**

Federal Building and Fire Safety Investigation of the World Trade Center Disaster

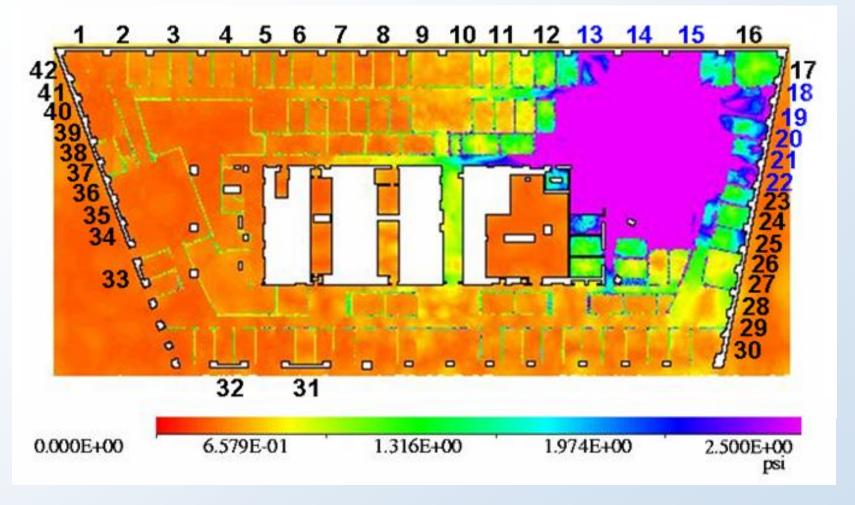
August 21, 2008

Dr. S. Shyam Sunder
Director and Lead Investigator
Building and Fire Research Laboratory
National Institute of Standards and Technology
U.S. Department of Commerce

#### **World Trade Center 7 Location**



## **Hypothetical Blast Simulations**

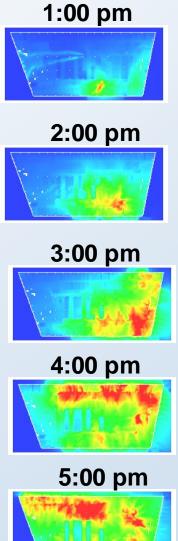


Peak over pressures for 9 lb shaped charge.

#### Fire Growth and Spread



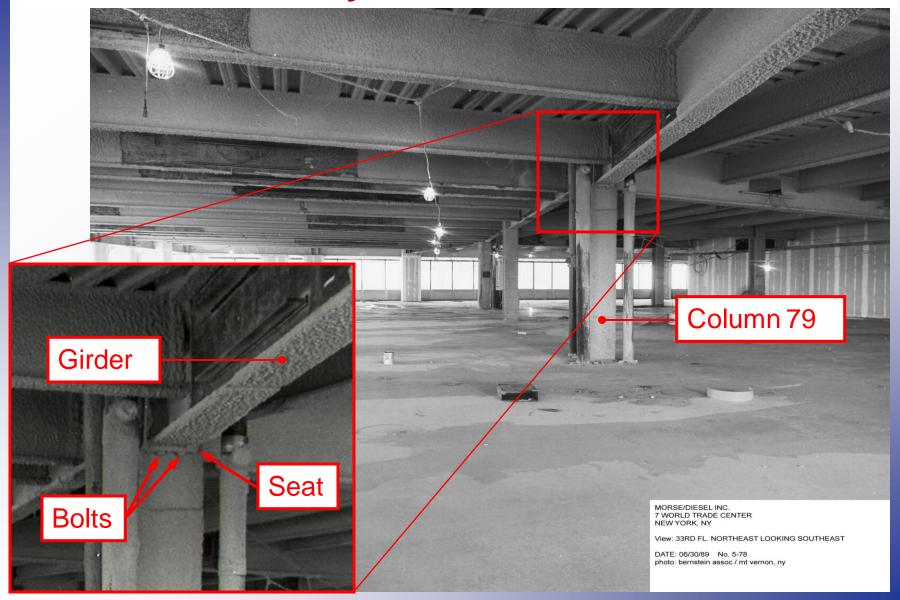
Progression of fires on Floor 12



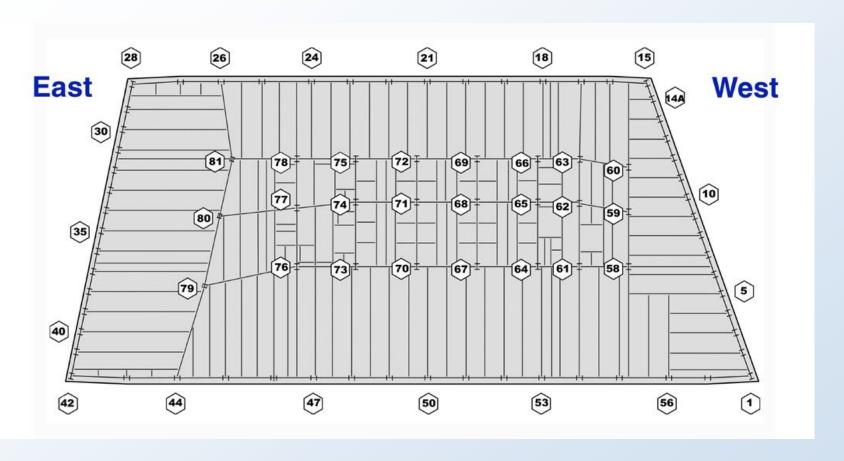
Slice temp C

0.00

## **North East Floor System Near Column 79**

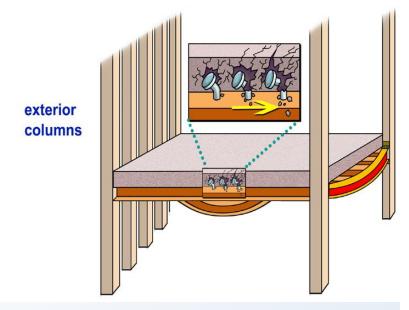


## **Typical Layout: Interior Columns, Floor Framing**

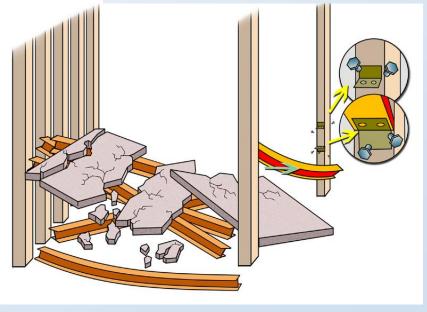


**WTC 7 Typical Floor** 

## **Thermal Expansion Causes Floor Failures**

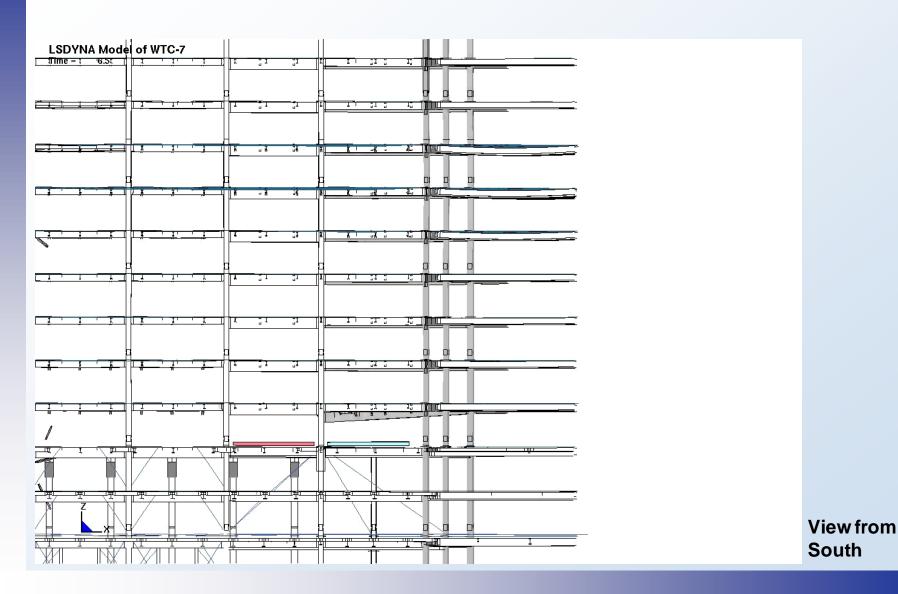


interior columns

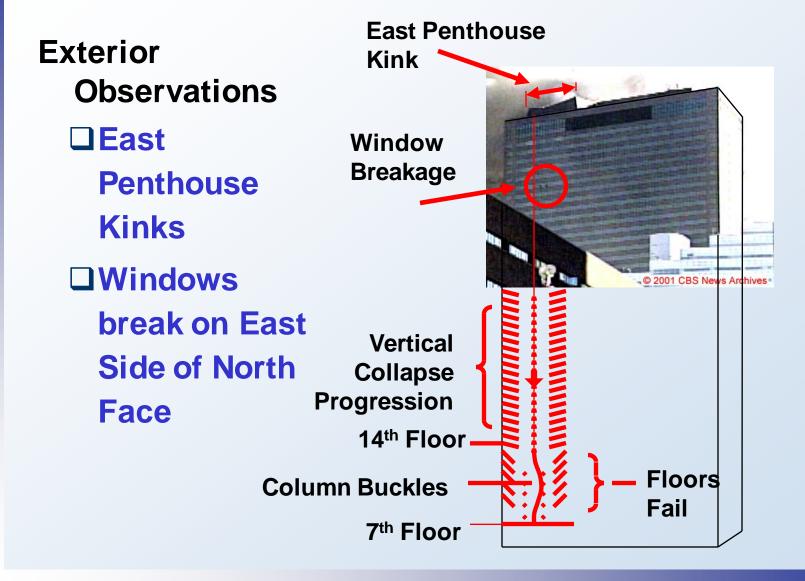


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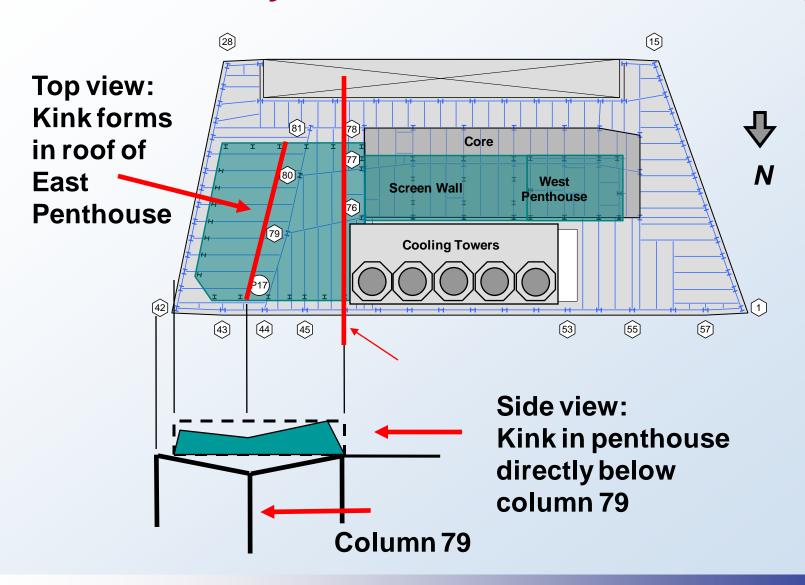
## **Collapse Initiation— Physics-Based Model**



#### **Collapse Initiation Observations**



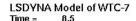
#### Penthouse Layout Overlaid on Floor Framing

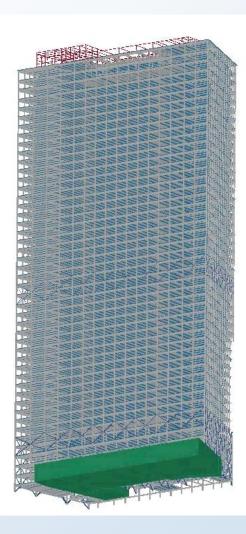


## **Comparison of Visualization and Video**



## **Visualization Model of WTC Collapse**









#### **Key Recommendation**

Building owners, operators and designers should evaluate fire performance of structural systems, especially

- Long-span floor systems;
- Connections not designed for thermal effects
- Asymmetric floor framing
- Composite floor systems

#### **Possible Options for Developing Retrofits**

# If thermal effects concerns are identified in a building:

- Strengthen connections
- Strengthen floor framing
- Increase structural redundancy
- Add additional fireproofing in vulnerable areas

## **Take Away Messages**

- The reason for the collapse of World Trade Center 7 is no longer a mystery
- WTC 7 collapsed because of fires, fueled by office furnishings

 It did not collapse from explosives or from fuel oil fires

# **Questions and Answers**