

Embryo Transfer – A Summary

Equine embryo transfer has become a useful tool in the horse breeder’s arsenal. Common uses include:

1. Obtaining more than one foal per year out of top producing mares;
2. Production of foals from mares in training or showing;
3. Production of foals from late-foaling mares, leaving them open over the winter for an early start the following spring;
4. Production of foals from mares with problems that prevent pregnancy, pregnancy maintenance, or foaling;
5. Production of foals from some otherwise barren mares.



Whether embryo recovery and transfer takes place at an embryo transfer facility or the embryo is recovered on the farm and shipped to the embryo transfer facility, the initial process is similar. During the breeding process the mares are examined daily to accurately determine the day of ovulation. Seven to eight days after ovulation a catheter is inserted into the donor mare’s uterus. The uterus is sequentially flushed with several liters of a special electrolyte/nutrient solution. The solution is passed through a filter from which the embryo is recovered using a microscopic search. After recovery and evaluation, the embryo is washed to remove any contaminants, placed in a nutrient media, and either inserted through the cervix and into the uterus of a specially prepared recipient mare, or shipped to an embryo transfer facility. The first pregnancy checks are usually 5 and 7 days after transfer, which would be days 12 and 14 after ovulation.



Success rates for embryo transfer can be measured for two facets of the procedure: 1. Embryo recovery from the donor mare; 2. Establishment of pregnancy in the recipient mare. Embryo recovery is usually the rate-limiting step in equine embryo transfer. Recovery rates will vary with the individual mare’s fertility; young mares can have very high rates, typically around 80% per cycle. Older mares with history of infertility, as a group, will have recovery rates around 30% per cycle. Individuals within these groups will have higher or lower recovery rates.

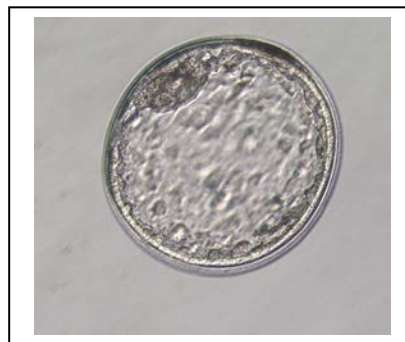
Once the embryo is recovered, one can expect a pregnancy success rate of approximately 80% at 14 days, with about a 10% rate of pregnancy loss following that time. Pregnancy rates for transported embryos are slightly lower than for on-site transfer.

Transfer Success 1998-2018

In Clinic		Pregnancy/transfer	% Pregnant
	Grade 1 &2	2,696/3,187	84.6%
	Grade 3	97/149	65.1%
Total In Clinic		2,793/3,336	83.7%
Transported			
	Grade 1 &2	2,795/3,351	83.4%
	Grade 3	187/357	52.3%
Total Transported		2,982/3714	80.3%
Overall Total		5,777/7065	81.8%

2019 Embryo Transfer Program

The Equine Medical Services, Inc. embryo transfer program has two primary options: 1. You can bring your mare to our facility for us to manage the entire breeding and transfer process, or 2. You can have your mare bred and flushed at another facility and ship the embryo to Equine Medical Services for transfer. Fees vary somewhat between programs, but some common terms should be noted. The recipient mares are provided by Equine Medical Services, and are leased to the owner once they are 30 days in foal. These mares are to be returned to Equine Medical Services within 6 months after foaling. There is a live foal guarantee after the recipient mare is 30 days pregnant, the owner will receive a \$2,000 credit towards future embryo transfer services if the recipient loses the pregnancy. There is an annual enrollment fee for each program. This fee is for each donor mare, is non-transferable, non-refundable, and good for the calendar year 2019 only. If foals from a donor mare will belong to different owners, it is less expensive if they are handled through one account, although if billing to different owners is desired, each owner will be required to fill out a contract and pay a nomination fee.



Standard In-House Program

The standard program has an annual enrollment fee of \$1,800 for the year 2019. This fee is designed to pay for routine ultrasound examination, artificial insemination, and embryo recovery and transfer, as well as to cover the expense of having a recipient mare waiting for an embryo. Stallion fees, transportation of

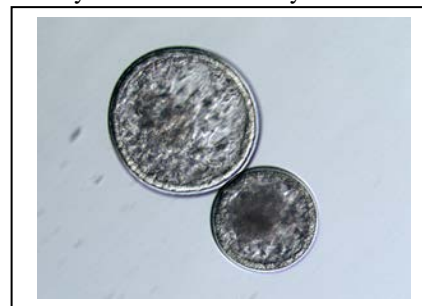


semen, registration, blood typing, etc. are the responsibility of the owner. Board fees for the donor mares vary with accommodations. Paddock board (with 3-4 other horses) is \$19.25 per day, stall board is \$19.25 per day, and mare and foal board is \$20.75 per day. Once the recipient mare reaches 30 days gestation with a viable pregnancy, the owner leases her for \$3,200 or \$3,800 for draft horse embryos. Board and care of the recipient mare are the responsibility of the owner, who is encouraged to pick her up at this time. Board for the recipient mare starting at 30 days is \$14.00 per day, from 60-90 days \$15.75 per day, and after 90 days of gestation recipient board will be \$20.00 per day.

Transfer of Transported Embryos

Transporting and transferring embryos successfully requires good communication between the individuals breeding and flushing the mare and the transfer facility. Competent, experienced individuals should be sought. It is important that we be informed the day of ovulation so that a suitable recipient mare may be prepared. If ovulation occurs on a weekend it is OK to notify us on Monday. We receive embryos 24 hours a day, 7 days a week so weekend flushes are expected. We would also appreciate a call to report the results of the flush as soon as possible, positive or negative. One should also plan ahead for mode of transportation of the embryo to our facility.

The transported embryo transfer program has an annual enrollment fee of \$1,000. This fee is to cover the expense of having a recipient mare ready for your embryo during months from February through November of 2019 and is a one-time fee for the year per donor mare, not per embryo. It is most desirable for the veterinarian performing the flush to be set up to provide embryo transport media on site, but we can provide it via Federal Express for \$50 plus shipping. Once the recipient mare reaches 30 days gestation she is leased for \$2,900, or \$3,500 for draft embryos. The owner is encouraged to pick her up at this time, and is responsible for board (at \$14.00/day) and care from the time of lease. Board increases at 60 days of gestation to \$15.75/day and at 90 days to \$20.00/day.



2019
Embryo Transfer Contract

This Contract made on _____, 20____, by and between **Equine Medical Services, Inc.**, a Missouri Corporation, hereinafter called “**EMS**”, and _____, hereinafter called “**Owner**”, both of whom are hereinafter called the “**Parties**”.

Recitals:

EMS is in the business of equine embryo transfer.

Owner desires to enter a contract with EMS for such services.

Therefore, the Parties agree as follows:

1. Owner shall deliver its mare, the “Donor Mare”, named _____, to EMS in Columbia, Missouri. Upon delivery, EMS shall initiate the process of embryo production and recovery. EMS shall attempt to flush the embryos from the Donor Mare, evaluate the embryos, and if apparently healthy, insert the embryos into the uterus of suitable “Recipient Mares”, prepared and owned by EMS.
2. Upon the signing of this Contract, Owner shall pay to EMS a \$1,800.00 non-refundable (under any circumstances) annual enrollment fee. Said fee shall be considered payment for **only** the following services: palpation, ultrasound examination, artificial insemination (not including stallion fees and semen transport fees), and embryo flushes, evaluation, and transfer performed between February 1, and December 1, 2019. Owner will be charged standard veterinary fees for uterine treatment and GNRH agonists if they are deemed necessary based on the separate judgment of EMS. Use of frozen semen will be charged \$90 per cycle. In addition owner agrees to pay veterinary fees deemed necessary for proper breeding and health management. This nomination fee is not transferable to another “Donor Mare” nor is the nomination fee for this “Donor Mare” transferable to another owner.
3. Upon each Recipient Mare reaching 30 days of gestation with a viable pregnancy, Owner shall pay to EMS \$3,200.00.* EMS shall start charging boarding fees for the Recipient Mare after she reaches 30 days gestation at the rate of \$14.00 per day. The Owner may, and is encouraged to, transport the Recipient Mare any time after she reaches 30 days of gestation. Board for recipient mares after 60 days of gestation will be charged at the rate of \$15.75 per day and after 90 days of gestation board will be \$20.00 per day.
*The recipient lease fee for draft horse embryos is \$3,800.00.
4. Owner shall return each Recipient Mare to EMS in good health within 6 months following foaling. If Owner is unable to so-return the Recipient Mare due to the death of the mare, Owner agrees to pay EMS \$1,350.00 (\$2,500 if the Recipient Mare is a draft or draft cross mare), and to supply EMS with a letter from the examining veterinarian stating findings at the time of the death of the Recipient Mare. If Owner fails to return the Recipient Mare for any other reason Owner agrees to pay EMS \$2,500 (\$4,500 if the Recipient Mare is a draft or draft cross mare).
5. It is expected that each Recipient Mare will deliver a live foal (defined for this purpose as able to stand and nurse within 24 hours after birth). If, after 30 days gestation, a Recipient Mare loses the pregnancy, the Owner will receive a \$2,000 credit towards future services. The Recipient Mare must be returned and a letter from the examining veterinarian stating findings at the time of loss must be presented for the credit to be issued. No credit will be issued if the loss is due to an inherited genetic defect such as lethal white syndrome.
6. If EMS is in possession of Donor Mare, Owner shall pay as billed by EMS as follows:
 - a. for pasture boarding, \$19.25 per day;
 - b. for stall boarding, \$19.25 per day;
 - c. for mare and foal boarding, \$20.75 per day.

All boarding arrangements are on a first-come, first-serve basis. Paddock boarding may only be available from March 15 through September 15. If Owner has not transported Donor Mare from EMS within 30 days of cessation of reproductive procedures, the above board rates will be doubled from that time forward.

7. EMS recommends to Owner that Owner insure Donor Mare, Recipient Mare and the embryo against all losses and risks of every kind, nature and description. Owner shall indemnify and hold EMS harmless with respect to said losses and risks. The parties agree and understand that during the period that EMS is in possession of the Donor Mare, good practice and health considerations may require medical or farrier treatment for unforeseen or emergency conditions. Therefore, during the term of this agreement, owner hereby grants to EMS the right and authority, based upon its separate judgment, to have the Donor Mare treated or shod at any time. Owner shall pay/reimburse EMS for the cost thereof. Owner also agrees to be financially responsible for veterinary expenses of the Recipient Mare after 30 days of gestation.

8. All notices required by this Contract shall be given as follows: if to EMS, then, Equine Medical Services, Inc., 5851 Deer Park Road, Columbia, MO 65201-9751; if to Owner, then the address shown at Owner's signature.

9. Owner understands and agrees that EMS is not responsible for the expense of stallion fees, transporting semen, or semen containers. Further, Owner understands and agrees that EMS is not responsible for registration or blood-typing of the resultant foal.

10. Owner understands and agrees that many factors impact upon successful embryo recovery and/or implantation and that although EMS shall use its best efforts to perform the services required by this Contract, EMS does not guarantee success of the procedures. If EMS is unable to either recover and/or if the transfer does not result in a pregnancy, Owner's damages shall be limited to EMS's continuing obligation to complete the same subject to the following limitations (all at the Owner's sole expense and risk):

If EMS is unable to recover an embryo from the Donor Mare, EMS or Owner shall have the right to declare this Contract terminated. In such event, Owner shall (a) pay to EMS all sums due under this Contract and (b) arrange for the transportation of Donor Mare (at Owner's sole expense and risk) to Owner. As a further limitation, if any recovery or transfer of an embryo were unsuccessful, EMS's continuing obligation to complete the same shall terminate at the end of the calendar year. Thereafter this Contract shall be deemed terminated and the Parties shall have no further obligations to one another.

11. Owner agrees to place a valid credit card on file with EMS for payment of the fees in this contract.

12. EMS reserves the right to refuse or suspend service when the Owner's account is past due.

13. It is specifically understood and agreed between the Parties that prior to the transporting of the Recipient Mare or the Donor Mare from EMS, all charges for services rendered in this Contract shall be paid in full. Further, by filing this Contract along with a detailed itemization of the unpaid charges owed to EMS by Owner, EMS shall have a possessory lien on the Donor Mare as well as the Recipient Mare and the fetus.

14. With regard to the transportation of the Donor Mare and the Recipient Mare, all risk of loss shall be borne by Owner, and Owner shall pay all transportation expenses. Three business days notice must be provided to EMS by Owner prior to discharge of Donor or Recipient mares to allow for processing of mares and paper work. All Donor Mares and Recipient Mares shall be picked up and delivered during regular business hours. Owner agrees to pay EMS \$75 for each delivery or pick up not during regular business hours.

15. It is specifically understood and agreed between the Parties that if an embryo leaves the program whether shipped to another facility, shipped as a frozen embryo, or transferred to the Owner's recipient mare, Owner will pay to EMS \$1,000 per embryo.

Preparation

Proper preparation can make any job easier and more successful. Over the years we have found several suggestions that help facilitate the embryo transfer process. We hope you look this list over and make the following preparations:

In-House Embryo Transfer Program

1. We would like you to contact the manager of the stallion to which you intend to breed before bringing the mare. This will allow you to provide us with the proper phone numbers and contacts for ordering semen as well as scheduling of collection days. You should also finalize any breeding arrangements with the stallion manager at this time.
2. Contact your breed registry to make sure you will be complying with their requirements for eventual registry of the resulting foal. Some registries require a permit before the embryo is transferred.
3. We ask that all mares come with leather halters to decrease the chance of injury.
4. We ask that you do not leave a lead rope, blankets, etc.
5. Mares should arrive with a coggins test taken in the current calendar year, if not we will draw one after arrival.
6. Mares that arrive for early breeding (before April 1) should be under lights for at least 8 weeks prior to the planned breeding.
7. We ask that you complete the Broodmare Admission sheet to provide us with a written record of recent vaccinations and dewormings so they do not have to be repeated, and an indication of any special care the mare may require.
8. We would like all non-maiden mares to arrive with clean cultures.
9. Please give us as much notice as possible before bringing your mare so we can be sure to have adequate accommodations for her. Stabling is on a first-come first-serve basis. We are continually expanding our facilities but they do have a fixed capacity. It is impossible to make a reservation and guarantee stall availability at any given point in the future, as predicting when mares will leave is very difficult. Occasionally mares may have to be put on a short waiting list, which we run through relatively quickly. Regardless, good communication regarding mare arrivals is very important. Paddock board is only available between March 15 and September 15.
10. Please give us at least **3 business days notice** before picking up recipient mares so that we may have them processed and ready for you. In addition to paperwork this frequently involves transporting them from one of our outlying farms. Notification that is too short may make proper transportation and processing impossible. **Remember that we require full payment by the time of discharge.**
11. We like to keep mare owners well informed but we generally have over 100 donor mares here at a time and have found that giving a daily play-by-play update to multiple clients is difficult. We welcome your call and the receptionists will try to update you as much as possible with information entered in the medical records. If you require more information Dr. Foss, Dr. Ortis, Dr. Loncar or breeding manager Patty Williams can return your call, although we've found e-mail to be quite effective. You can e-mail us at equinemedical@aol.com.

Shipped Embryos

1. All arrangements with EMS (including contract and payment) should be made before breeding the donor mare.
2. Contact your breed registry to make sure you will be complying with their requirements for eventual registry of the resulting foal. Some registries require a permit before the embryo is transferred.
3. Communicate with your veterinarian to make sure he/she is prepared for this process.
4. Contact EMS and have your contract submitted before you start breeding your donor mare and contact us again as soon as she ovulates. This will allow us to manipulate and distribute recipient mares appropriately. Failure to notify us in a timely manner may prevent us from having a recipient mare ready for your embryo.
5. Determine if your veterinarian has access to shipping media (we use Ham's F-10 gassed in 5% carbon dioxide with added serum and antibiotics although Vigro, Syngro, or Emcare holding media work well if the embryo is to be shipped by air). If not, we can provide it via FedEx for \$50 plus shipping, but only with payment by credit card. The pH of the Ham's F-10 is buffered by carbon dioxide, which can diffuse out rather quickly. It should be used within 4-5 days of preparation and kept tightly sealed. This means that fresh media is required for each subsequent embryo flush attempt. Syngro can be kept on the shelf and Vigro or Emcare holding media can be kept in the refrigerator until needed but may not be quite as supportive for the embryo if the embryo is to be shipped FedEx.
6. Make shipping arrangements for your embryo early. We prefer that the embryo be shipped via air counter to counter if possible, although embryos collected **late in the day** and shipped via FedEx can also do well. The less time an embryo is out of a mare the better it will be. The embryo can be flown to St. Louis (STL) and a courier can bring the embryo to Equine Medical Services. The courier requires an additional fee. We receive embryos 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, but if at all possible we'd appreciate the arrival of the embryo at a reasonable time of day. Please note that embryos do not arrive at EMS by courier until approximately 3 hours after they arrive in St. Louis.
7. Please **call us as soon as the flush is complete, regardless of the outcome.** If an embryo is recovered this will allow you to tell us of shipping arrangements and air bill numbers so that we may be prepared for its arrival. If an embryo is not recovered this will prevent us from worrying that communication lines have broken down and calling around to determine if an embryo has been shipped.
8. Please give us at least **3 business days notice** before picking up recipient mares so that we may have them processed and ready for you. In addition to paperwork this frequently involves transporting them from one of our outlying farms. Notification that is too short may make proper transportation impossible. **Remember that we require full payment by the time of discharge.**

Communication

As stated above, we don't make daily play-by-play telephone calls for each mare, strictly due to the number of donors and recipients involved. We will call you when we have questions, when we think we need to reassess plans, when plans have been completed, when we have a newly established pregnancy, and if a pregnancy is lost. Please feel free to check in with us as you see necessary and let us know if you have any special communication requests.

If you require more information Dr. Foss, Dr. Ortis, Dr. Loncar, or breeding manager Patty Williams can return your call, although we've found e-mail to be quite effective. You can e-mail us at equinemedical@aol.com.

Equine Medical Services, Inc.

Broodmare Admission Sheet

Billing Information:

Name _____ Email Address _____

Address _____

Phone Number _____ Alternate Phone Number _____

Mare Information

Registered Name _____ Barn Name _____

Age _____ Color _____ Breed _____

Feed Instructions (supplements, medications) _____

Hoof Care (if not specified, EMS will schedule farrier visits) _____

Dental Care (Do teeth need to be floated? When last checked?) _____

Vaccinations and Deworming: If this information is not available, we will perform the necessary vaccinations. The overall health of your mare and the protection of others are of utmost importance.

Enter the dates vaccinations and Coggins were performed in the spaces provided:

_____ Negative Coggins _____ EWT _____ Rhino/Flu
_____ West Nile _____ Strangles _____ Rabies _____ Dewormer

Items Accompanying Mare _____

Breeding Information

Check all that apply:

___ Maiden ___ History of normal foaling ___ Foal by side

___ Cultured, clean ___ Cultured, infected

___ History of breeding problems. Please explain _____

___ **Breed to carry** ___ **Embryo Transfer** ___ **Oocyte/ICSI**

Stallion's Name _____ Contact Name _____

Phone Numbers and/or email _____

___ Fresh ___ Frozen Collection Schedule _____

Subsequent Stallion(s), if applicable:

Stallion's Name _____ Contact Name _____

Phone Numbers and/or email _____

___ Fresh ___ Frozen Collection Schedule _____