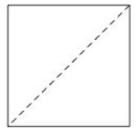


8.G, G-CO Origami Silver Rectangle

Task

This task examines the mathematics behind an origami construction of a rectangle whose sides have the ratio ($\sqrt{2}$: 1). Such a rectangle is called a *silver rectangle*.

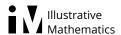
Beginning with a square piece of paper, first fold and unfold it leaving the diagonal crease as shown here:

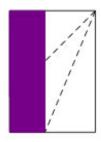


Next fold the bottom right corner up to the diagonal:

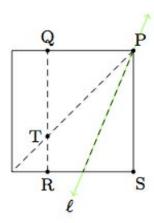


After unfolding then fold the left hand side of the rectangle over to the crease from the previous fold:





Here is a picture, after the last step has been unfolded, with all folds shown and some important points marked. In the picture T is the reflection of S about ℓ .



- a. Suppose s is the side length of our square. Show that |PT|=s.
- b. Show that $\triangle PQT$ is a 45-45-90 isosceles triangle.
- c. Calculate |PQ| and conclude that PQRS is a silver rectangle.



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