

Transacting global business

Structuring export sales to get paid



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Office of International Trade – www.sba.gov/oit



The risk of exporting can seem overwhelming

- Customer risk
- Political risk
- Culture risk
- Shipping risk
- Legal risk
- Foreign exchange risk
- Cash flow complications



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Is this what exporting means?

“Throw me the idol; I’ll throw you the whip”



In fact, international business is ... just business

- When you sell to any customer (domestic or foreign), how do you know you'll get paid?
- With exporting, yes, customers are foreign, but tested methods and tools exist to mitigate the risk.
- In a digitally-connected, jetliner-linked world, it's easier than ever.
- It's just business ...
- ... and business is good.



Proficiencies that an exporter must develop

- Ability 1 – to evaluate customers and identify viable customers
- Ability 2 – to structure sale to assure you get paid
- Ability 3 – to structure sale to sell as much as possible
- Ability 4 – to provide for your cash flow needs
- Ability 5 – to use competitive advantages available to US firms



Export success means...

- Moving from reactive to proactive approach to export opportunity
- Balancing risk and reward
- Knowing your customer
- Understanding counterparty needs and concerns
- Having a sales/credit policy that's responsive to a continuum of buyers
- Developing tools for clear communication



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Advantages of US exporters

- Access to **good credit intelligence**
 - International commercial credit reports are available
http://www.creditworthy.com/providers/credit_ra.html
- Well-developed banking system with **low US interest rates**
 - Low US interest rates vs. high foreign interest rates can mean competitive advantage
<http://www.global-rates.com/interest-rates/central-banks/central-banks.aspx>
 - e.g. base rate in: Mexico = 4.0% ↔ US = 0.25%
- Ready acceptance of **selling in USD**
- **US Government programs** that support US exporters

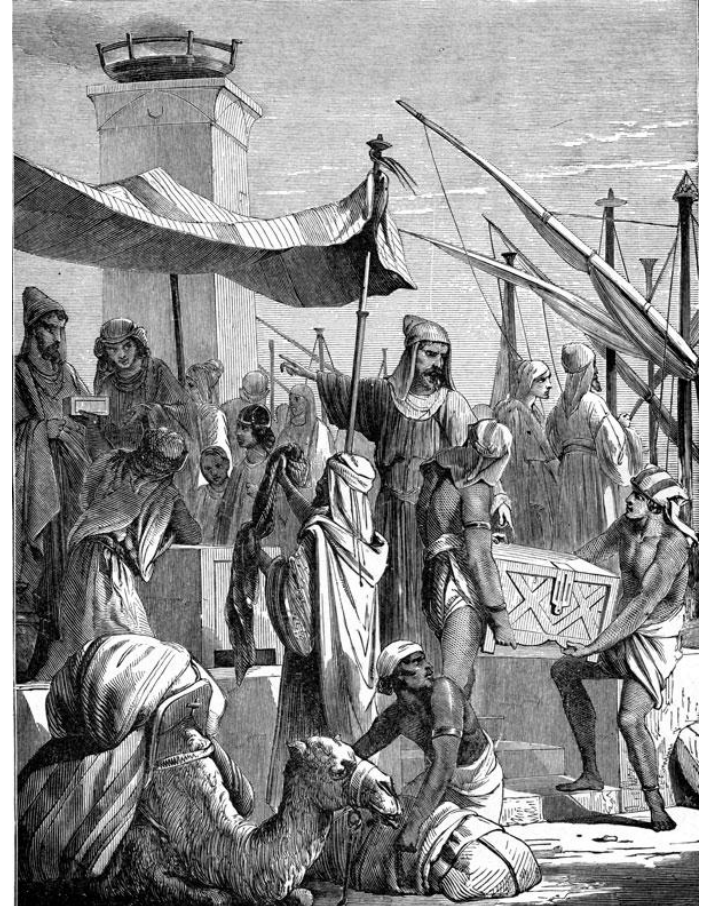


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Options for structuring export sales

1. **PREPAYMENT**
2. **LETTER OF CREDIT** – about 8% of international transactions
3. **DOCUMENTARY COLLECTION** – about 3% of international transactions
4. **OPEN ACCOUNT** with or without export credit insurance
– majority of international transactions
(but only 15% of US companies use this!)



See handout: [Trade Finance Guide](#)

Prepayment

- Full or partial prepayment – very safe for exporter; but not very competitive.
- Good place to start as an exporter, but probably not much of an export growth strategy

Documentary Collection (foreign bank acts as delivery agent)

- Exporter ships the goods without first being paid, but delivers the title documents to a reliable foreign bank.
- Foreign bank exchanges documents for full payment and transmits payment to the exporter.



Letter of Credit (foreign bank undertakes to make payment)

- Exporter and buyer agree to these terms in advance.
- Buyer applies to their bank for a letter of credit.
- Foreign bank notifies exporter that they have agreed to pay the exporter for their shipment provided certain documents are delivered demonstrating shipment.
- Exporter completes the order, ships the goods, and provides the documents to the foreign bank.
- Foreign bank confirms the documents are in order and pays the exporter.
- Foreign bank is reimbursed for its payment by the foreign buyer, its customer.



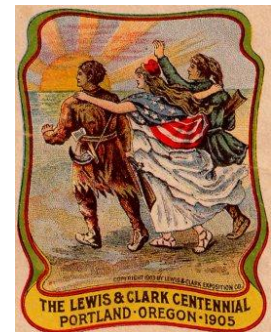
Open Account (most competitive approach)

- Exporter ships and agrees to await payment – gives credit terms – e.g., 60 days.
- Exporter is essentially providing financing for the seller.
- Credit limit and term is based on buyer relationship and risk.



Export Credit Insurance (to mitigate open account risk)

- US Government or private sector insurance is available to insure against nonpayment of export A/R.
- **Foreign A/R insurance** – against nonpayment due to:
 - Country risk (revolution, war, foreign gov't trade action, currency freeze)
 - Commercial risk (buyer insolvency, bankruptcy, default)
- **Coverage**
 - Country risk: 85% - 100% protection
 - Commercial risk: 80% - 95% protection
 - Not covered is non-performance by exporter



Export Finance Assistance

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