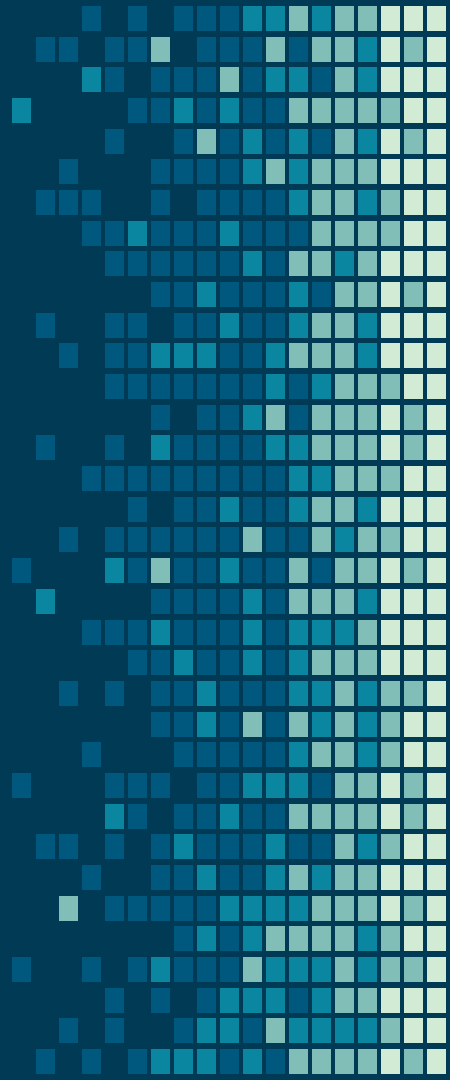


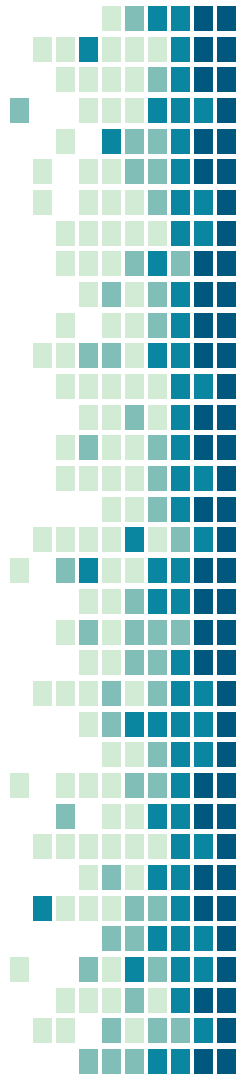
# Grand Rapids Bike Share Feasibility Study

Steering Committee Meeting #4  
December 21, 2017

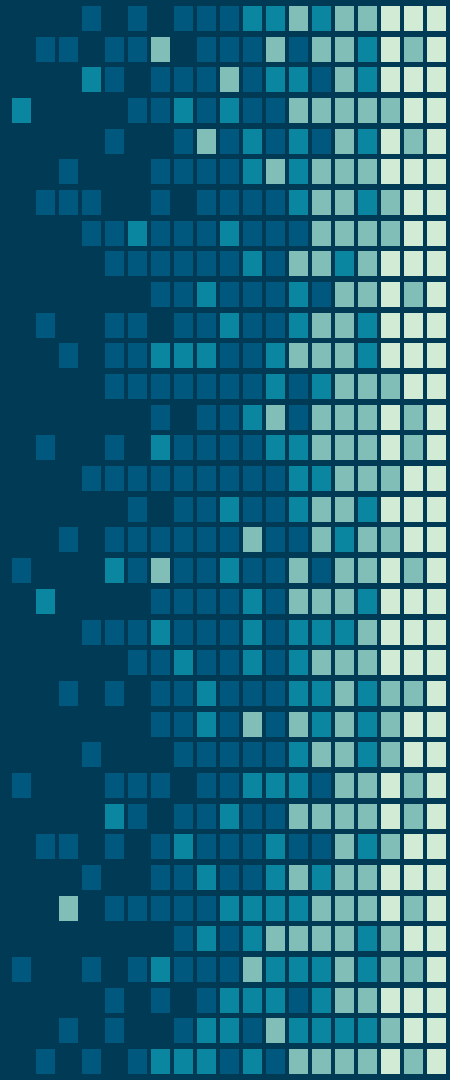


# Agenda

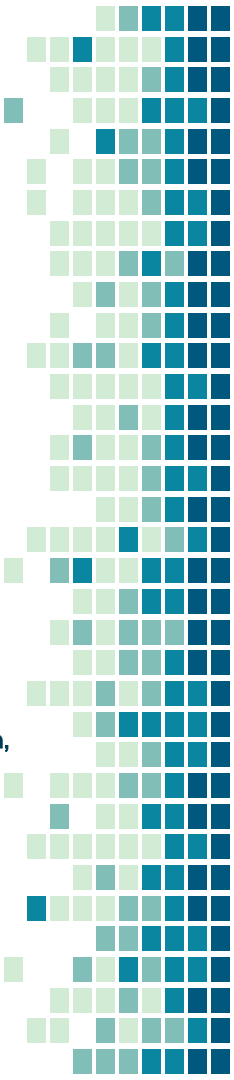
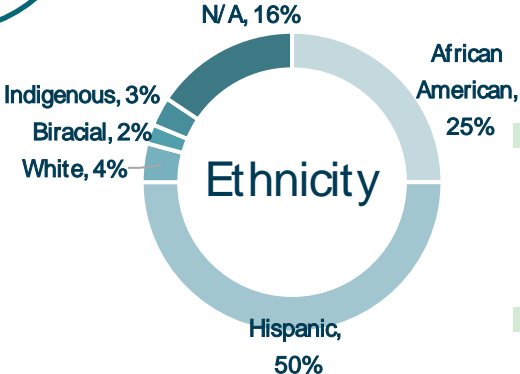
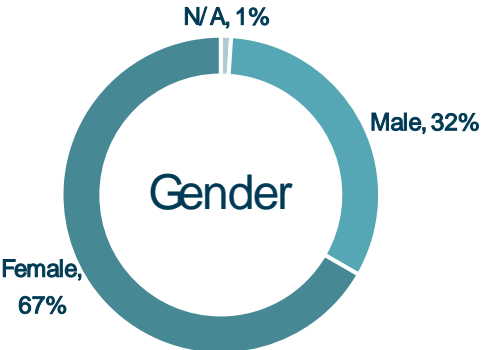
- Outreach summary
- Service area
- Pricing recommendations
- Financial projections
- Next steps and timeline



# Outreach summary



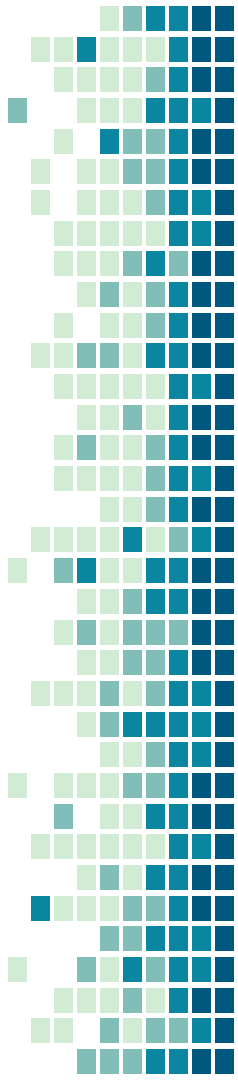
# Focus group demographics



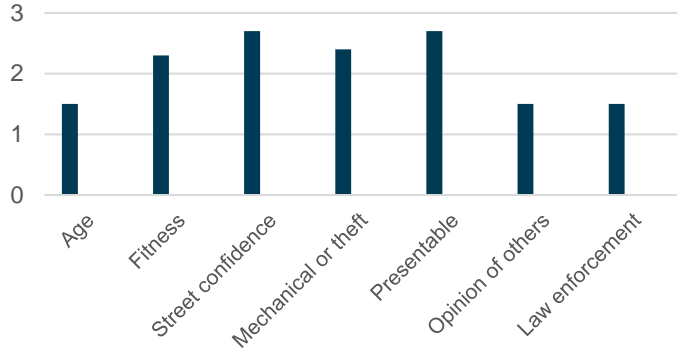
## Before today, how familiar were you with bike share?



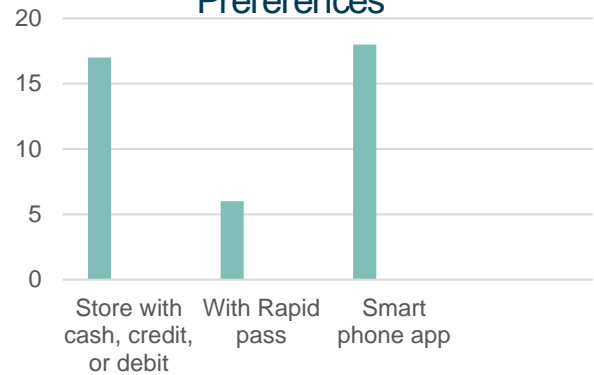
## How likely would you be to use bike share?



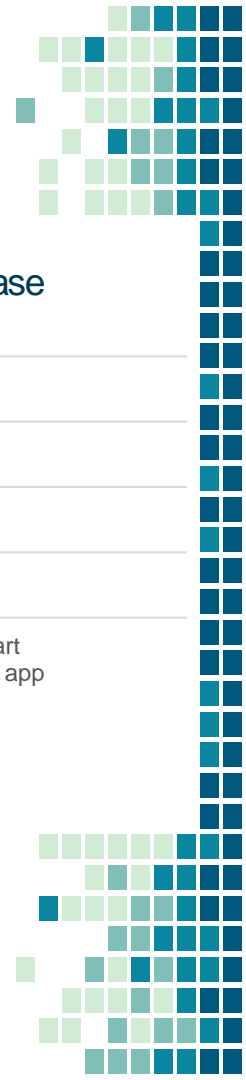
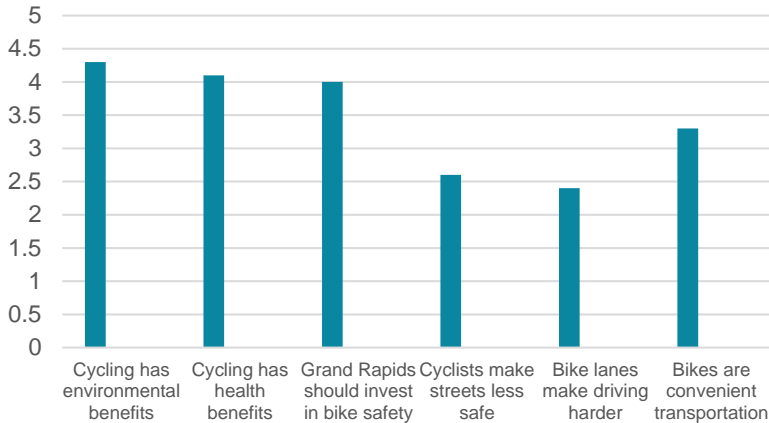
## Concerns Related to Riding a Bicycle in Grand Rapids



## Bike Share Purchase Preferences

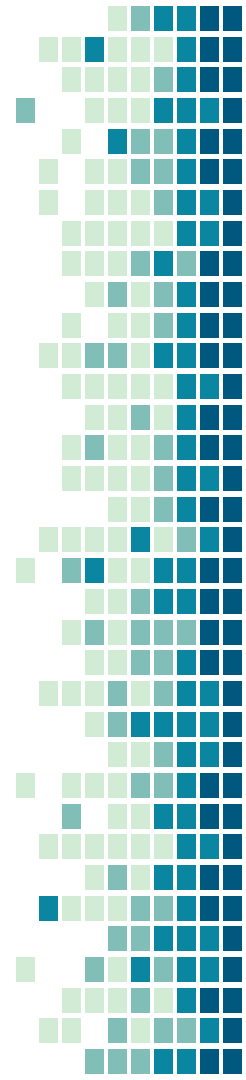


## Degree of Agreement with Statements



# Common concerns

- Personal liability
- Personal safety
- Learning curve
- Access and utility



# Top questions for the City

What will the cost be for residents?

How will payments be managed?

Where will stations first be implemented?

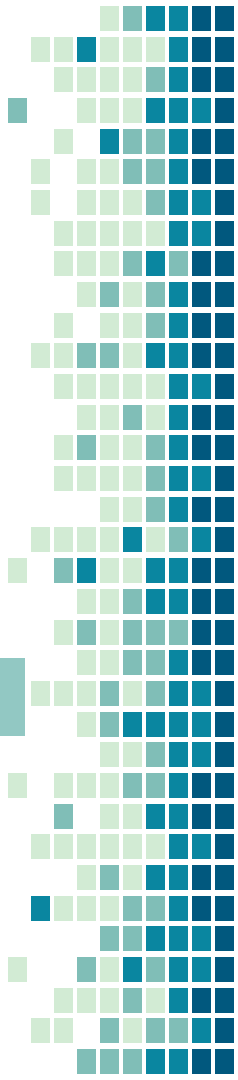
Will this be more accessible to white residents than people of color?

If bike breaks down, who is responsible?

Who would educate bike riders and how?

What about educating car drivers?

Will hiring to support bike share be inclusive and representative?





# Additional Outreach Activities

## Open Houses

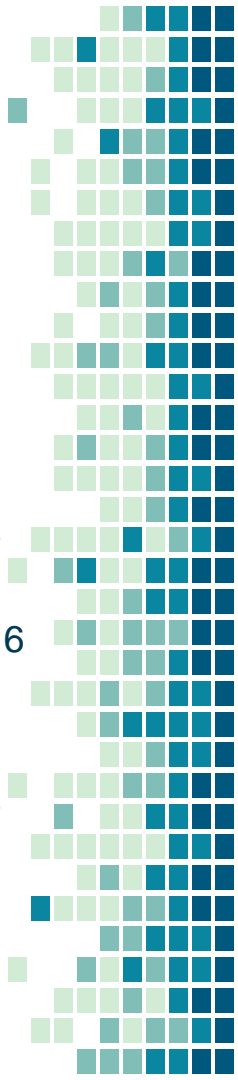
- 1<sup>st</sup> Ward (John Ball Park Zoo) – October 10
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Ward (Creston Plaza Community Center – November 8
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Ward (Seymour CR Church – October 19
- Downtown Residents meeting – October 25

## BID/CID Meetings

- Uptown BID/CID – October 4
- Westside CID – October 6
- Michigan Street CID – October 11
- Neighborhood Business Alliance – Oct. 18
- Downtown Businesses – Oct. 27
- Southtown CID – November 15
- North Quarter CID – November 16

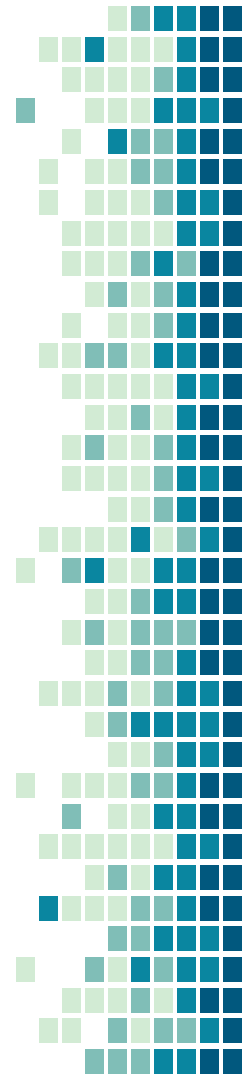
## Other Meetings/Opportunities

- Cultural Marketing Group – Sept. 14
- Convention/Arena Authority – Oct. 6
- Workshop at Start Garden – Oct. 10
- All Neighborhood Association Meeting – Oct. 18
- DGRI Mobility Alliance Meetings – Oct. 23, Dec. 4
- Downtown Businesses – Oct. 27
- Internal Design Team – Oct. 25
- El Mejor Radio interview – Nov. 9

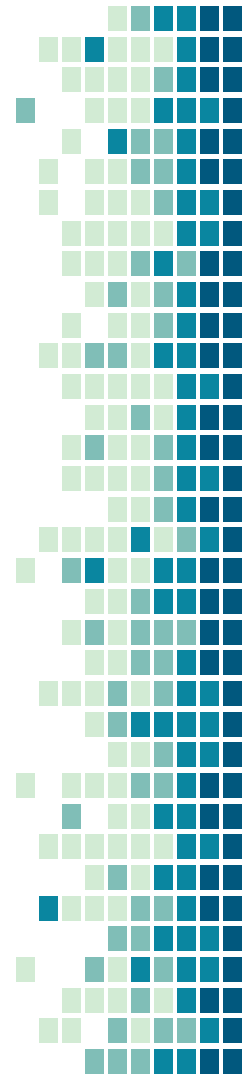
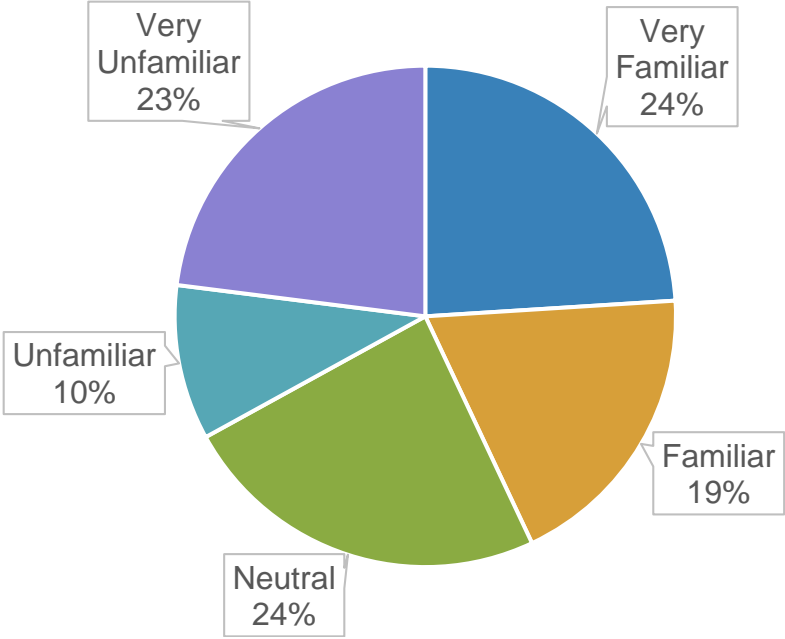


# Pop-Ups at Community Events

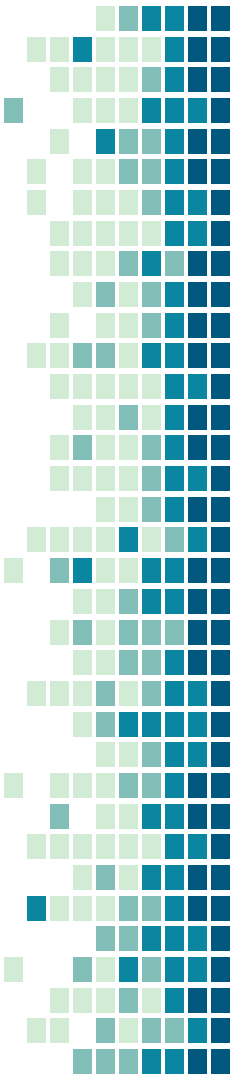
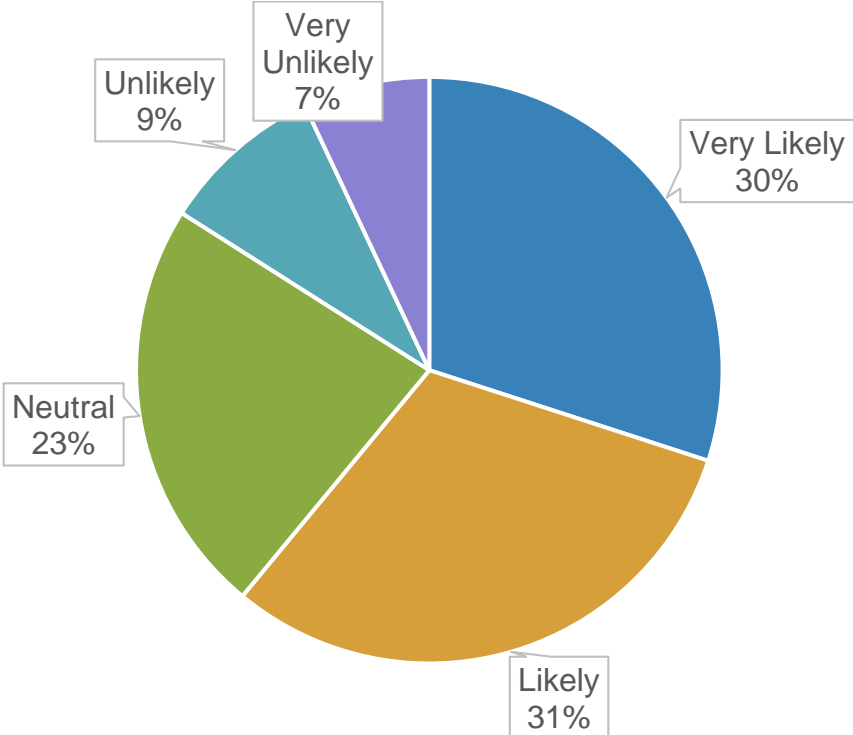
- Beer City Growler Cyclocross Race (Wilcox Park) – October 7
- Kisscross Cyclocross Race (Highland Park) – October 8
- Founders 20<sup>th</sup> Anniversary Event – October 14
- Grilled Cheese Competition (Fuller Park) – October 14
- GVSU bus stop under US- 131 – October 18
- WM Latino Health 5k Run (Roosevelt Park) – October 21
- Eastern and Alger Pop-Up Market – October 21
- Age Friendly Communities Workshop – October 23
- East Hills Neighborhood Annual Meeting – October 23
- Creston Neighborhood Annual Meeting – October 26
- Greater GR Bicycle Coalition Annual Meeting – November 14



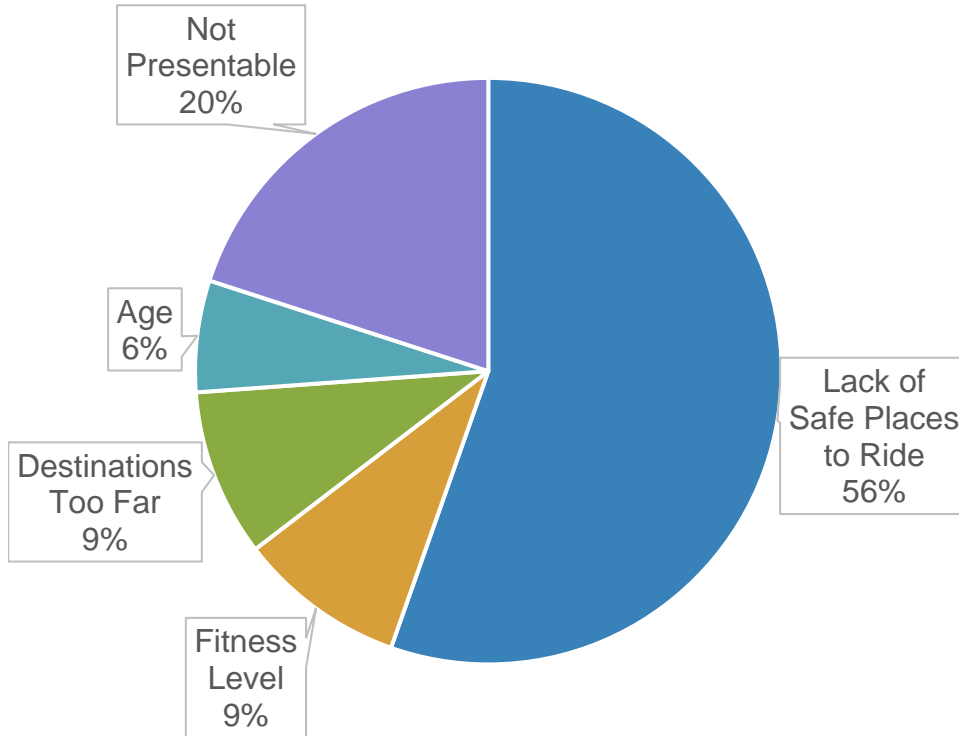
# Familiarity with Bike Share



# Likelihood to Use Bike Share

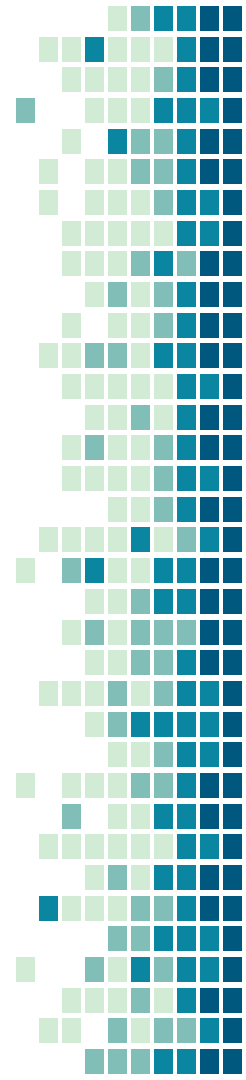


# Concerns about Bicycling



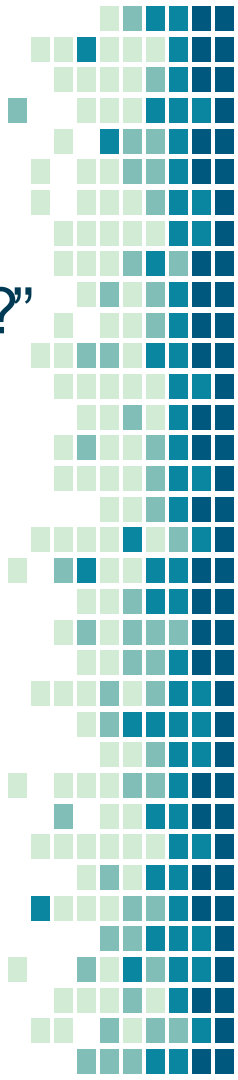
# Common Concerns

- Personal safety in traffic
- Safety concerns with sidewalk riding
- Distracted and aggressive drivers
- Better network connectivity
- More bike parking citywide



# Common Themes

- Great idea “I’m sold – where do I sign up?”
- Use with transit
- Access to/from cheaper parking
- Helpful for getting around events
- Ride for errands, with friends, for fun
- Quicker than walking



# Draft Recommendations

1. Educate potential bike share users in culturally competent ways.
2. Find partners to provide free or low cost helmet options and bicycle safety training.
3. Produce bike safety videos for viewing on smart phones (partner with Driving Change).
4. Develop a bike share ambassadors program.





# Draft Recommendations

5. Communicate in both English and Spanish (and other languages where necessary).
6. Make it easy for people to try bike share.
7. Provide access via smart phone, bundled, and cash purchase options.
8. Integrate access and payment with Rapid “smart card” passes; investigate integration with parking payment.



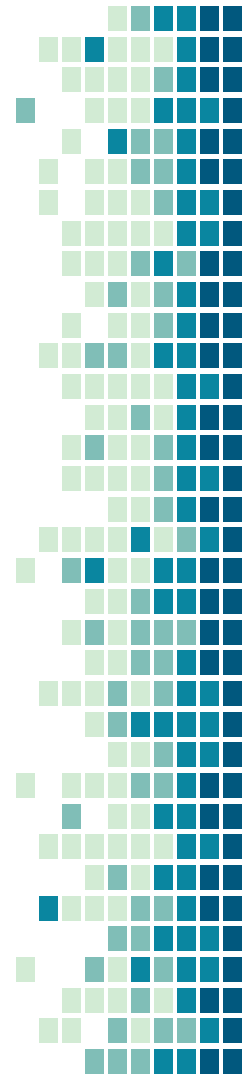
# Draft Recommendations

9. Equip bicycles with baskets big enough to carry groceries, merchandise, or small bags.

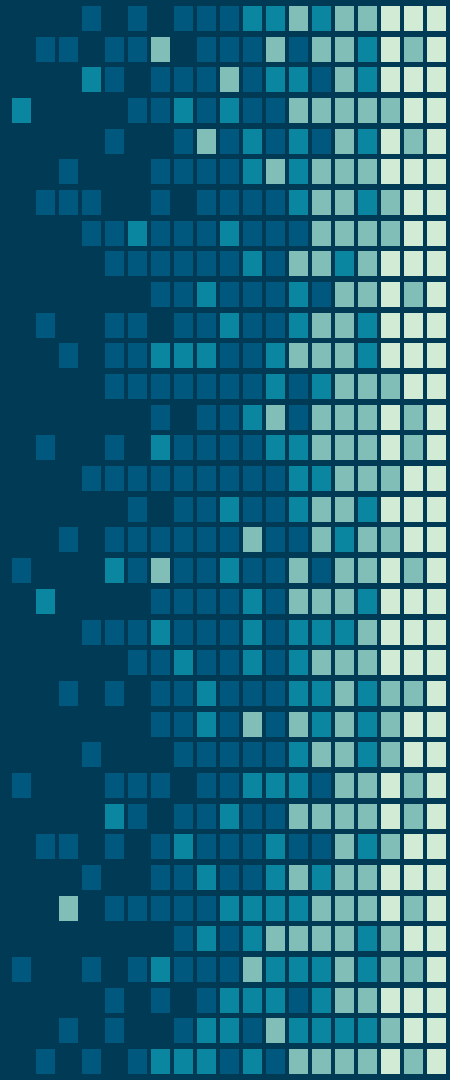
10. Improve bike network connectivity and access to high quality bike facilities in neighborhoods with bike share (connect with ongoing bike plan development).

11. Partner with major employers to facilitate commuting via bike share.

12. Feature riders who are representative of the Grand Rapids population in ads and communications about bike share.



Decisions for  
today

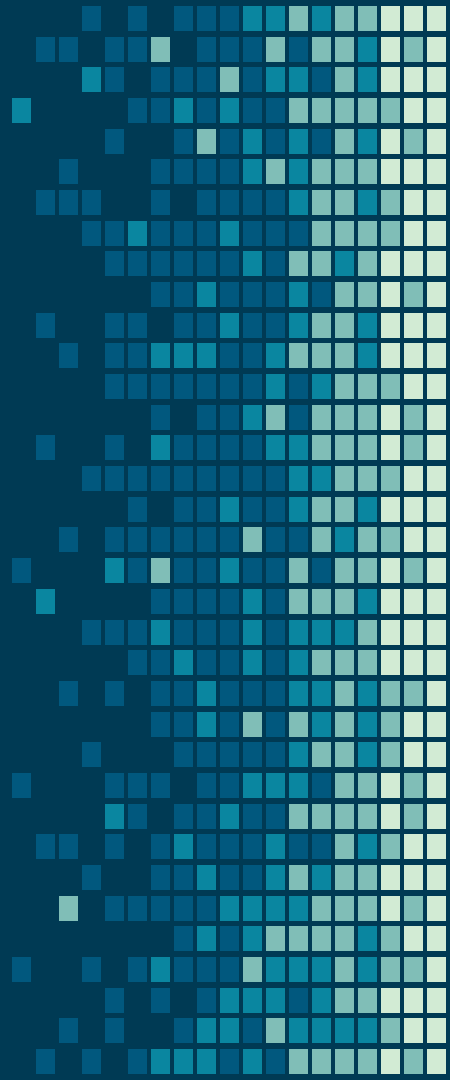


# Major Decisions

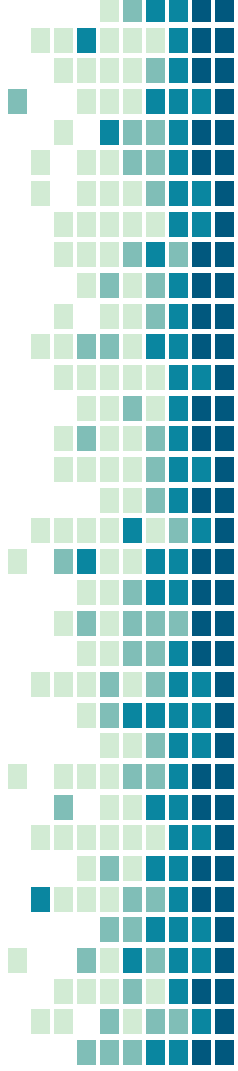
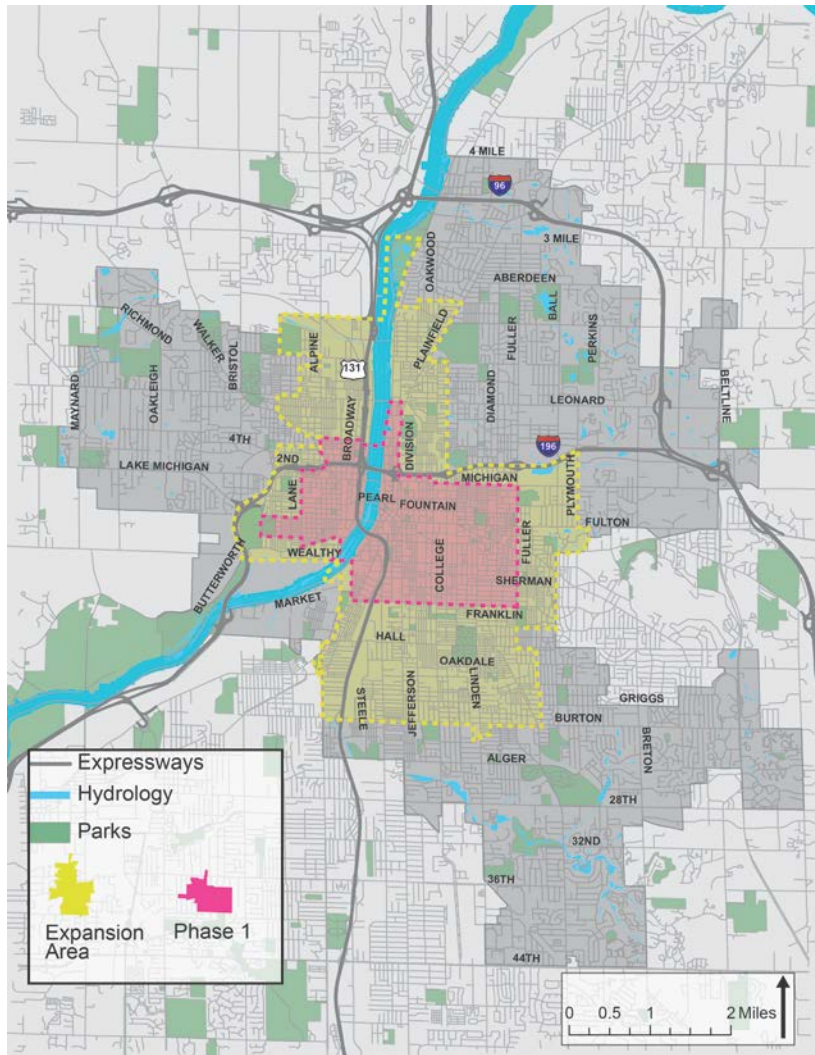
- ~~Bike share system go/no go?~~ **GO**
- ~~System type?~~ **HYBRID**
- ~~Organizational structure?~~ **PUBLIC/NON-PROFIT  
PARTNERSHIP**
- **Service area and phasing?**
- **Pricing recommendations?**



Service area



Overall  
Service Area  
*plus* Draft  
Phase 1  
Service Area

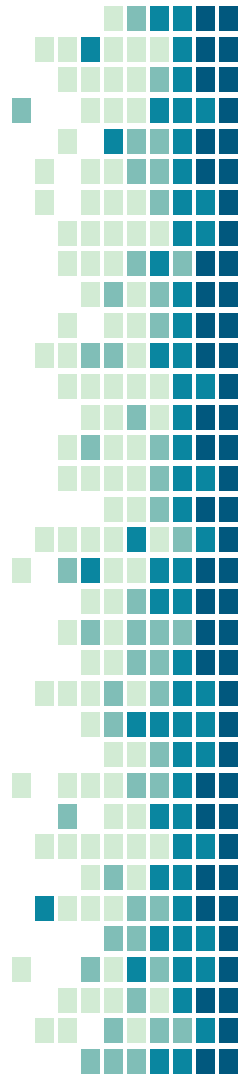
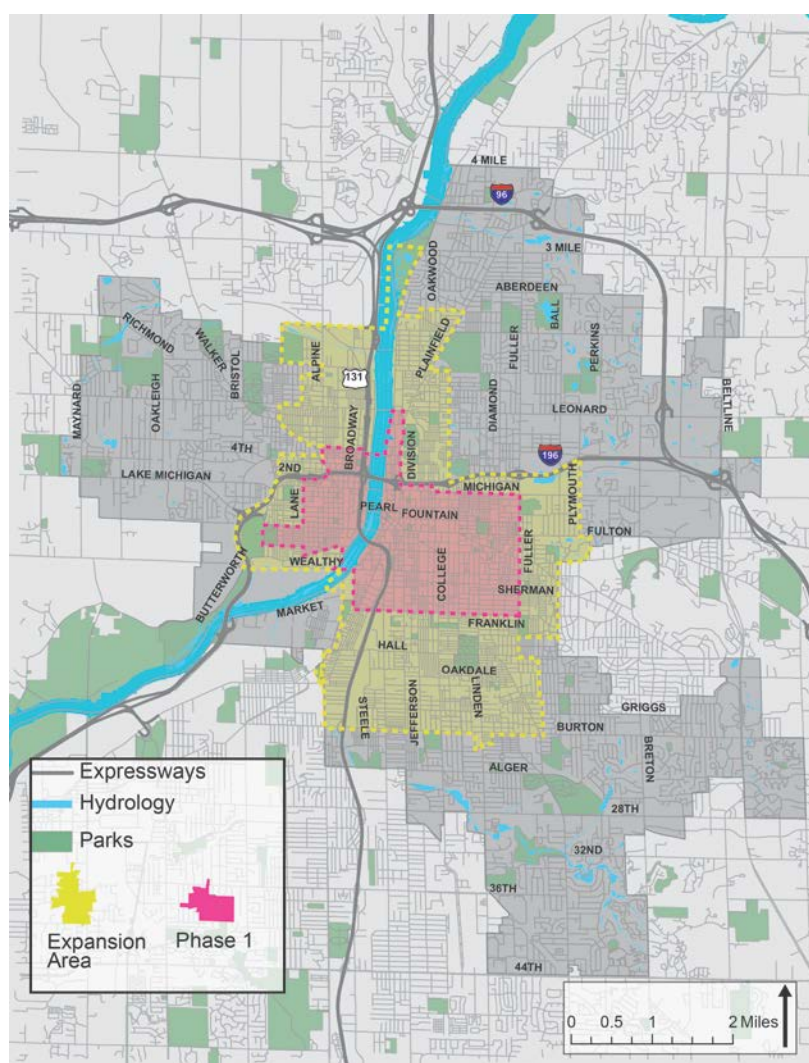


## Draft Overall Service Area

Area = 13.3 sq. mi.  
Pop. = 88,761  
Pop. Density = 6,675 people/sq. mi.  
Jobs = 83,858

## Draft Phase 1 Service Area

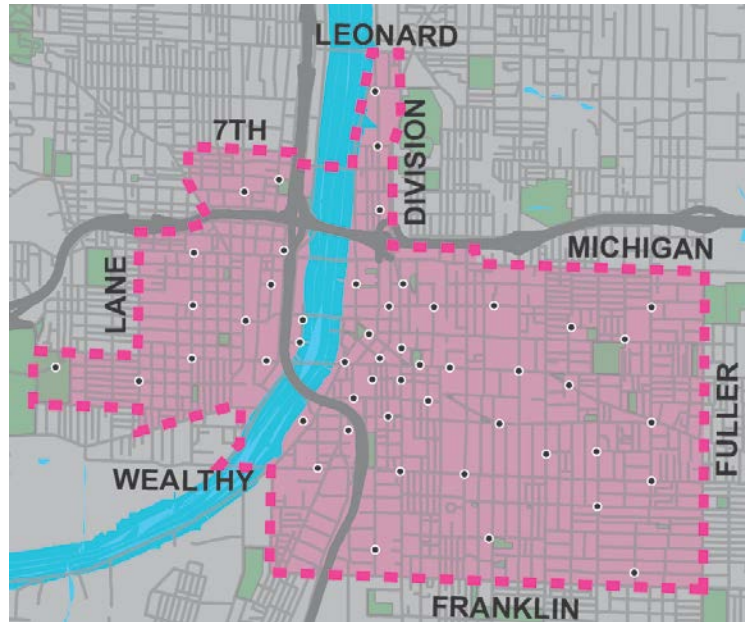
Area = 4.5 sq. mi.  
Pop. = 28,987  
Pop. Density = 6,441 people/sq. mi.  
Jobs = 60,555



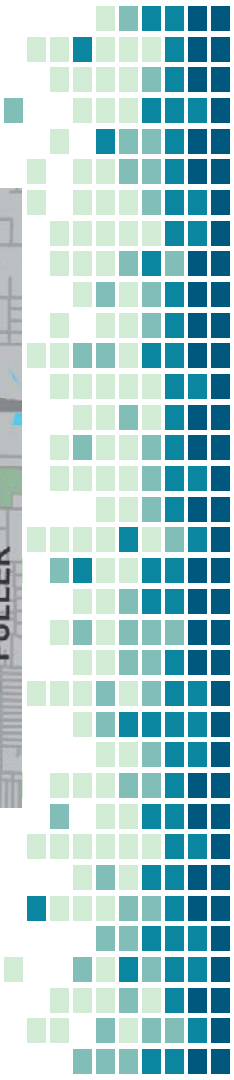
# Phase 1

**Stations:** 45  
(assumes 15 full  
stations and 30 hubs)\*\_

**Bikes:** 450



*\* Dots on map are not recommended station/hub locations; they are just placed to representative density of 45 sites over the draft Phase 1 service area.*





# Phase 1 Demographics

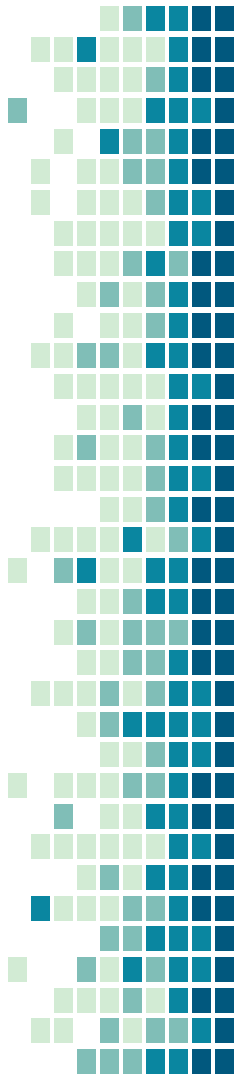
Phase 1 covers 10% of GR's area and 14%\* of the population but includes...

**14%** of GR's nonwhite population

**22%** of GR's residents under the poverty line

**26%** of GR's zero-vehicle households

\*32% of GR's population lives w/in 1/4 mile of Phase 1



# Phase 1



**31%**  
nonwhite

# City of GR



**30%**  
nonwhite

**\$33,919**

median household income

**\$43,091**

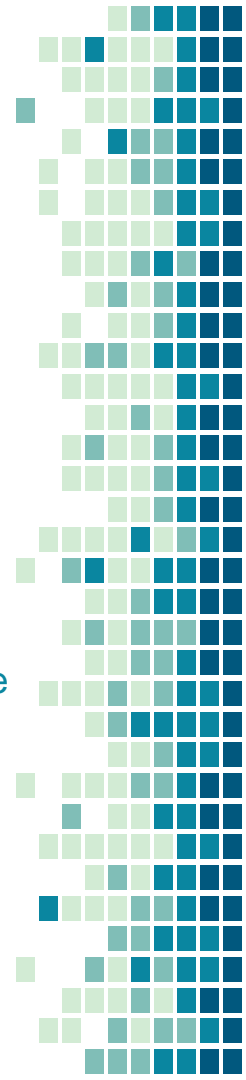
median household income

**25%**

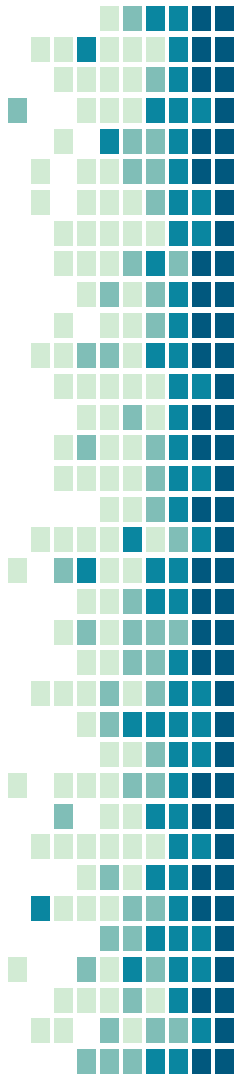
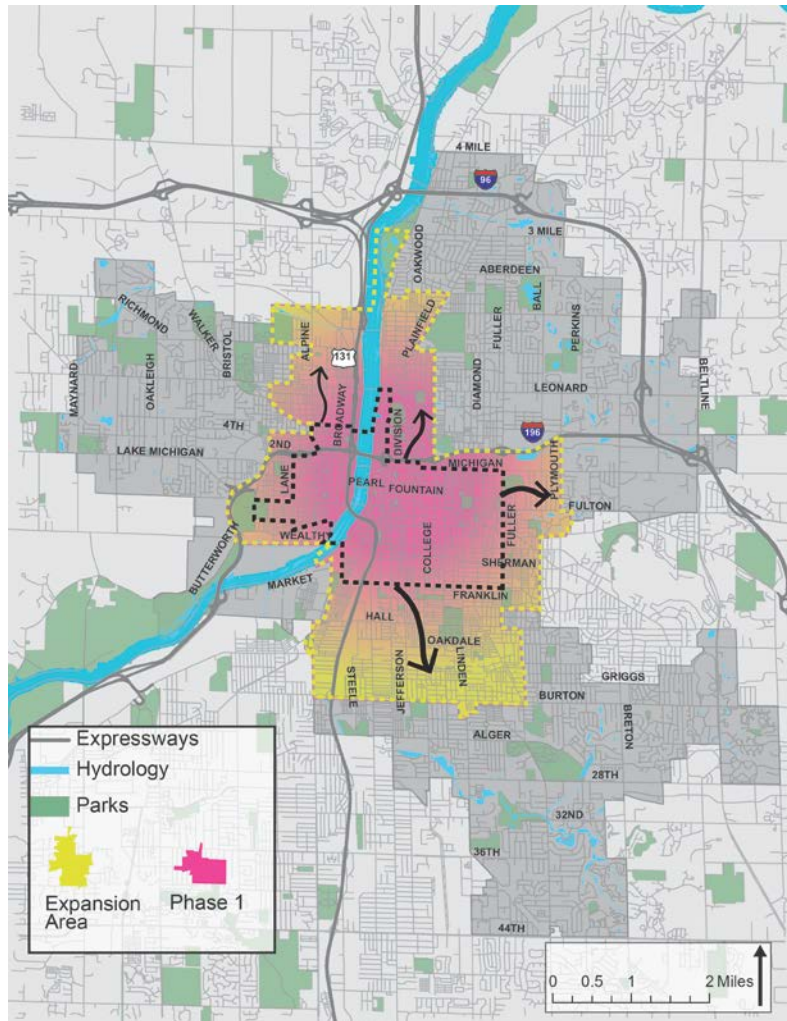
zero-vehicle households

**13%**

zero-vehicle households



# Organic growth vs. distinct phases



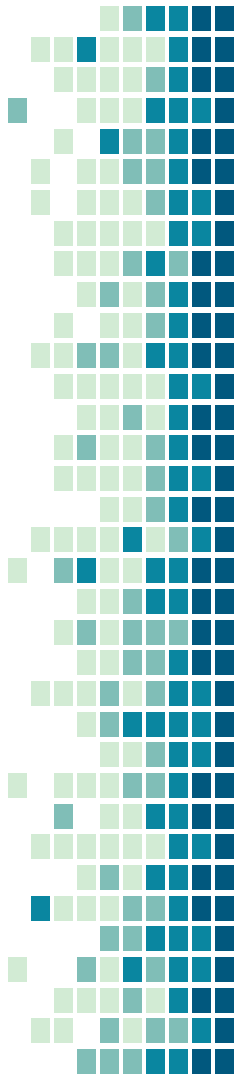
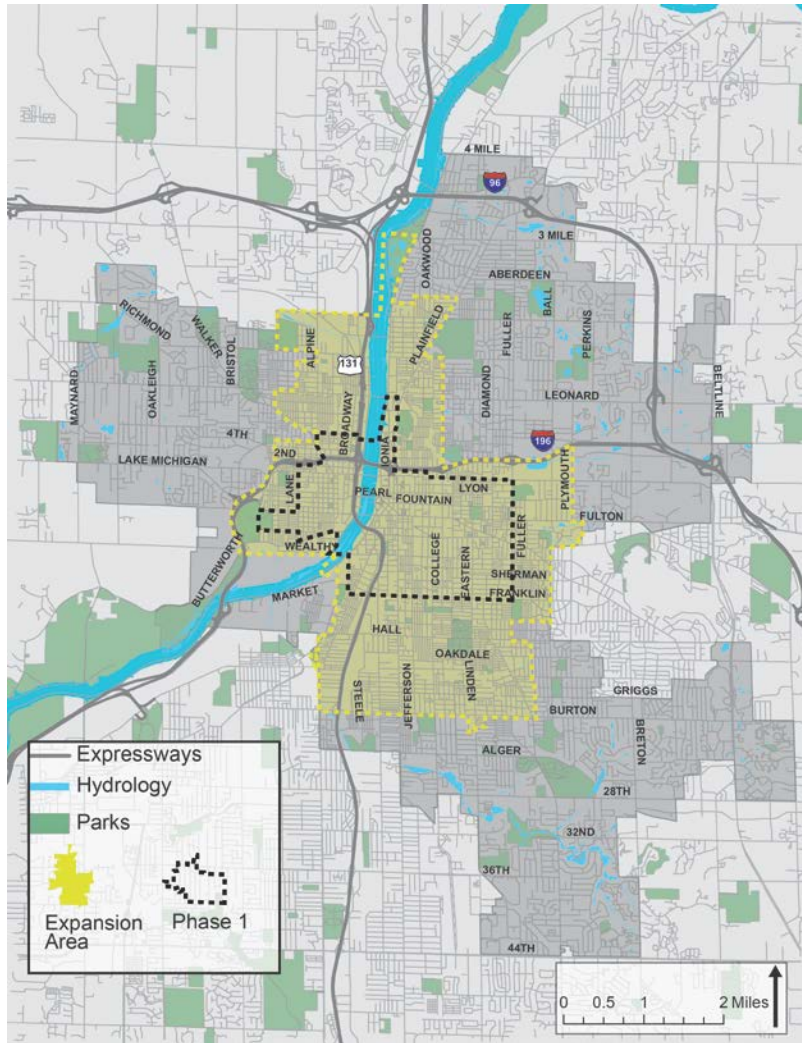
# Overall Service Area (aspirational)

Area: 13.3 sq. miles

Population: 88,761

Density: 6,675  
people/sq. mile

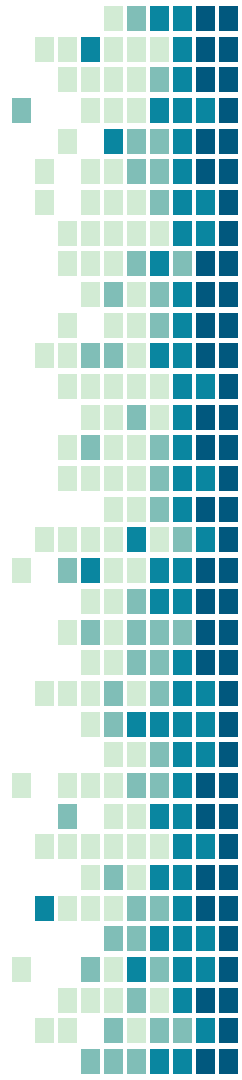
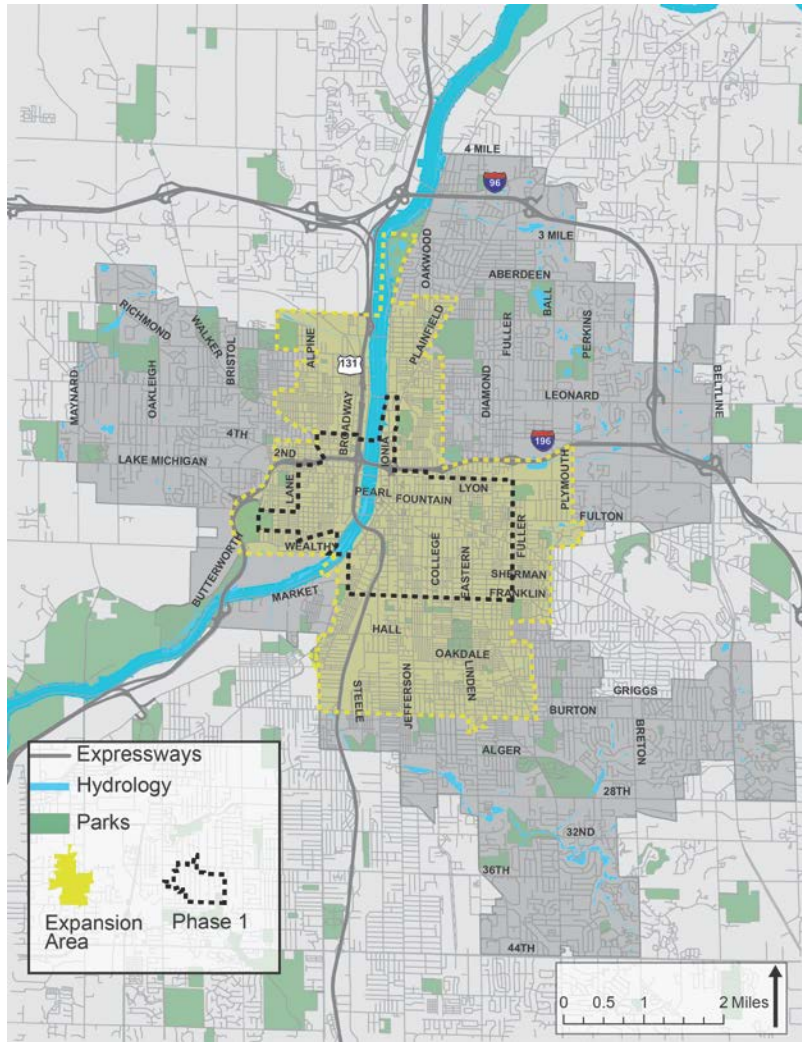
Jobs: 83,858



# Overall Service Area (aspirational)

**Stations:** 100  
(assumes 35 full stations, 65 hubs minimum)

**Bikes:** 800+



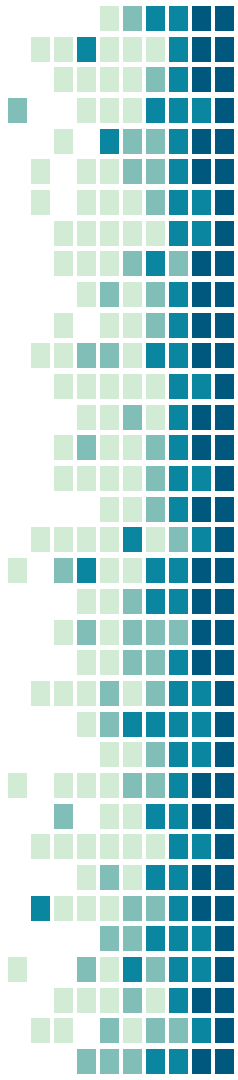
# Overall Service Area Demographics

The expansion area covers 30% of GR's area and 42% of the population but includes...

**53%** of GR's nonwhite population

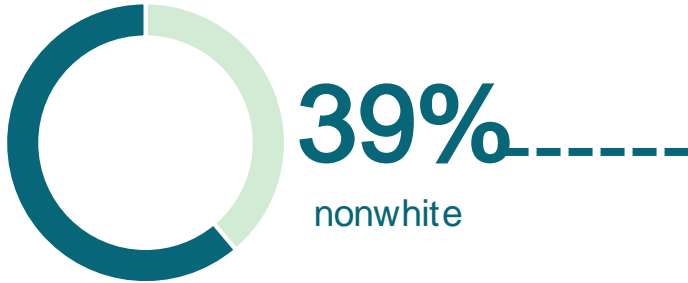
**64%** of GR's residents under the poverty line

**56%** of GR's zero-vehicle households

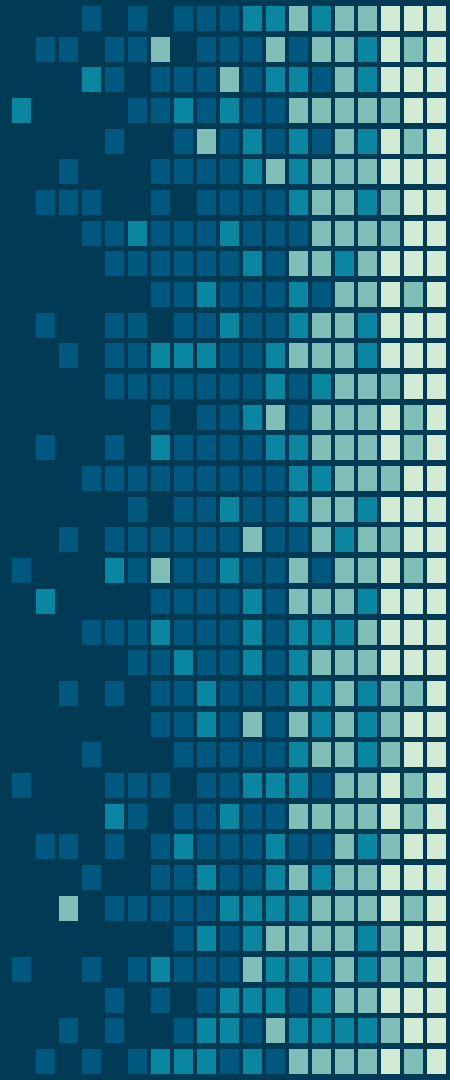


## Overall Service Area

## City of GR



# Pricing

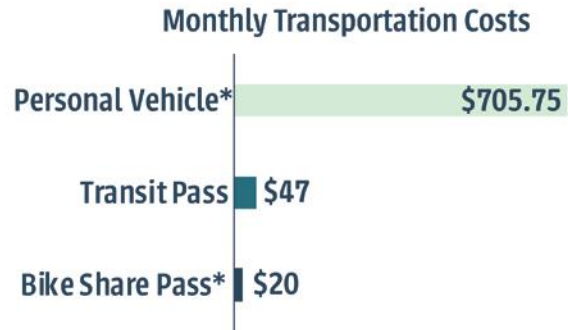




# Pricing

## Things to Balance

1. Affordable for everyone
2. Simple, easy to understand structure
3. Need to generate “fare box” revenue to support system operations

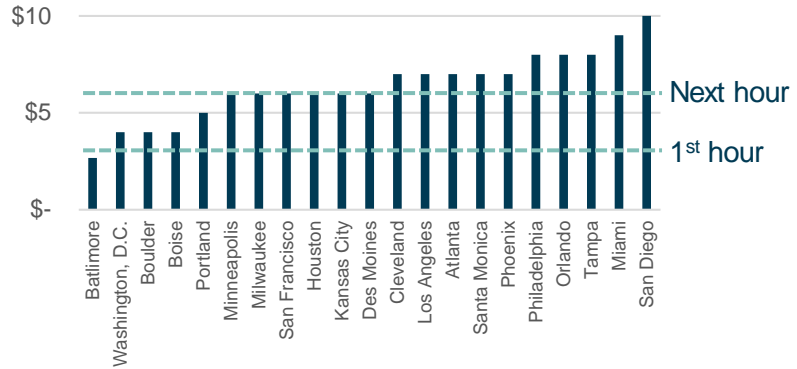


# Suggested standard options



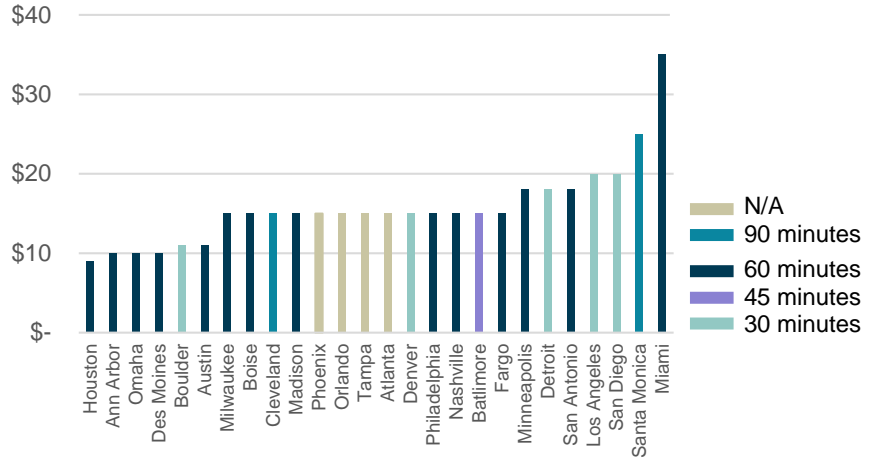
## Single-ride pass

- \$3 for first 60 minutes, \$3 for every 30 minutes after



## Monthly Pass

- \$20/month
- Unlimited rides up to 60 minutes each
- \$15/month if you pay for a year in full



# Suggested standard options

## ▪ Single-ride pass

- \$3 for first 60 minutes, \$3 for every 30 minutes after

**\$4.17** average single-ride pass

\$2-\$5 for 30 minutes

\$4-\$8 for 60 minutes

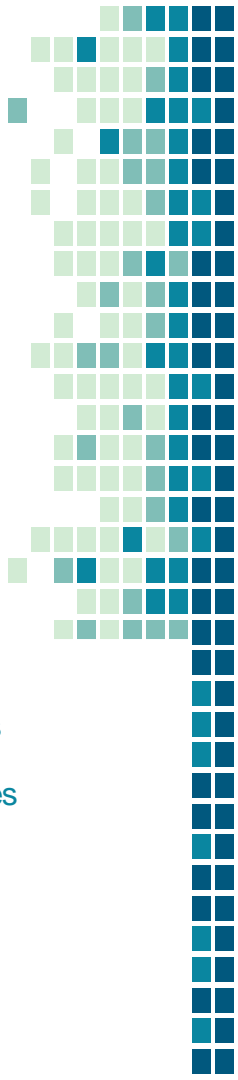
## ▪ Monthly Pass

- \$20/month
- Unlimited rides up to 60 minutes
- \$15/month if you pay for a year in full

**\$15.77** average monthly pass

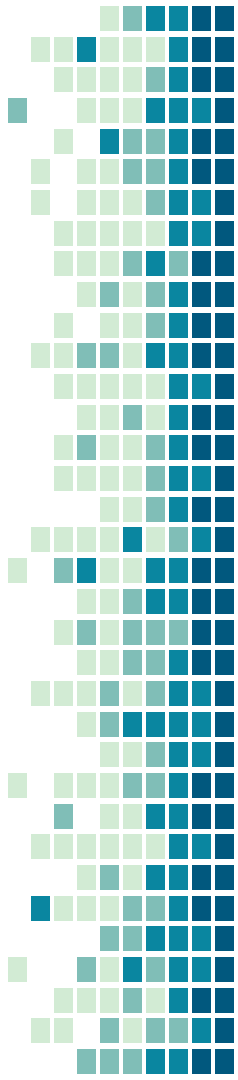
\$11-\$20 for 30 minute rides

\$9-\$35 for 60 minutes



# Suggested discount options

- **Discounted monthly pass**
  - \$5/month
  - Unlimited rides up to 60 minutes
  - Anyone with a 9-digit state benefits number (similar to Detroit's MoGo bike share system)
- **Student Pass**
  - \$50/semester (4 months)



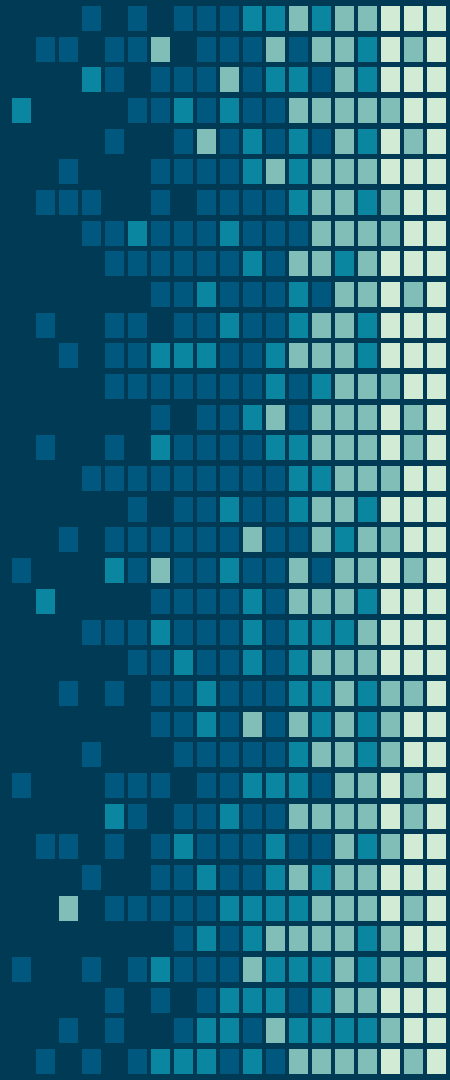
# Additional pricing considerations

(need further study)

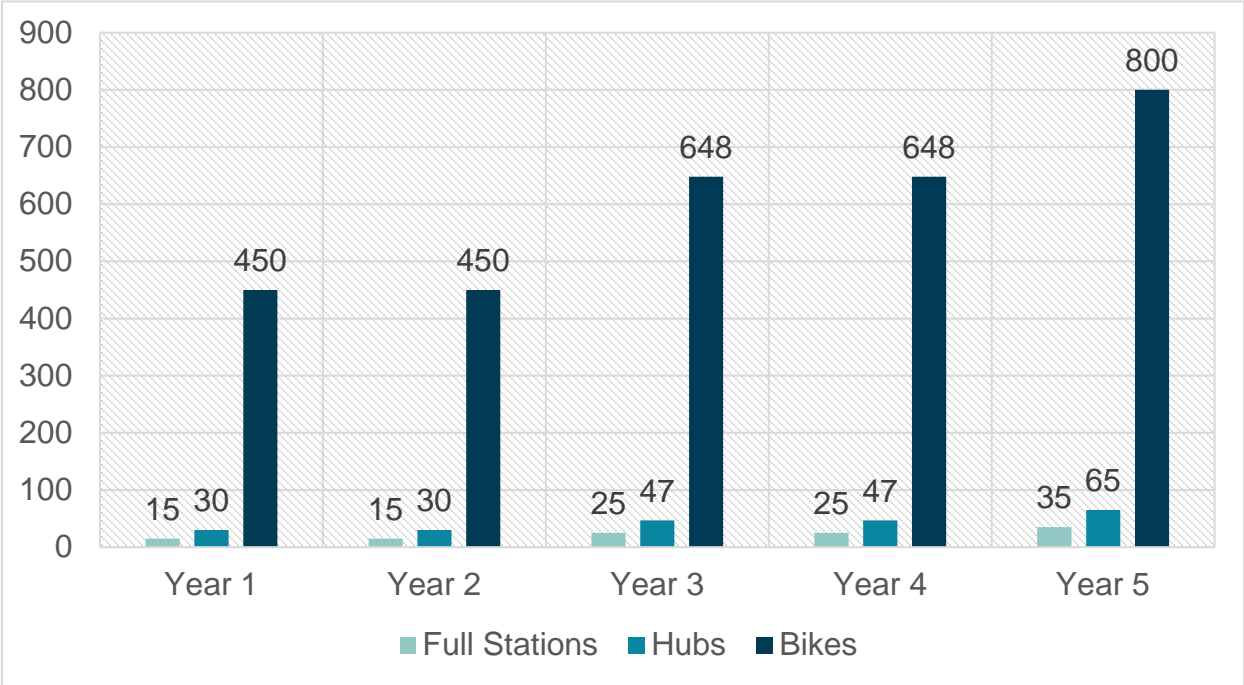
- Integration with transit pass
  - Monthly Rapid + bike share pass (~\$60)
- Integration with City parking access card
- Reloadable Balance option
  - Add minutes like a cell phone/ data plan
  - \$3 per 30 minutes
  - Several public requests for this type of option



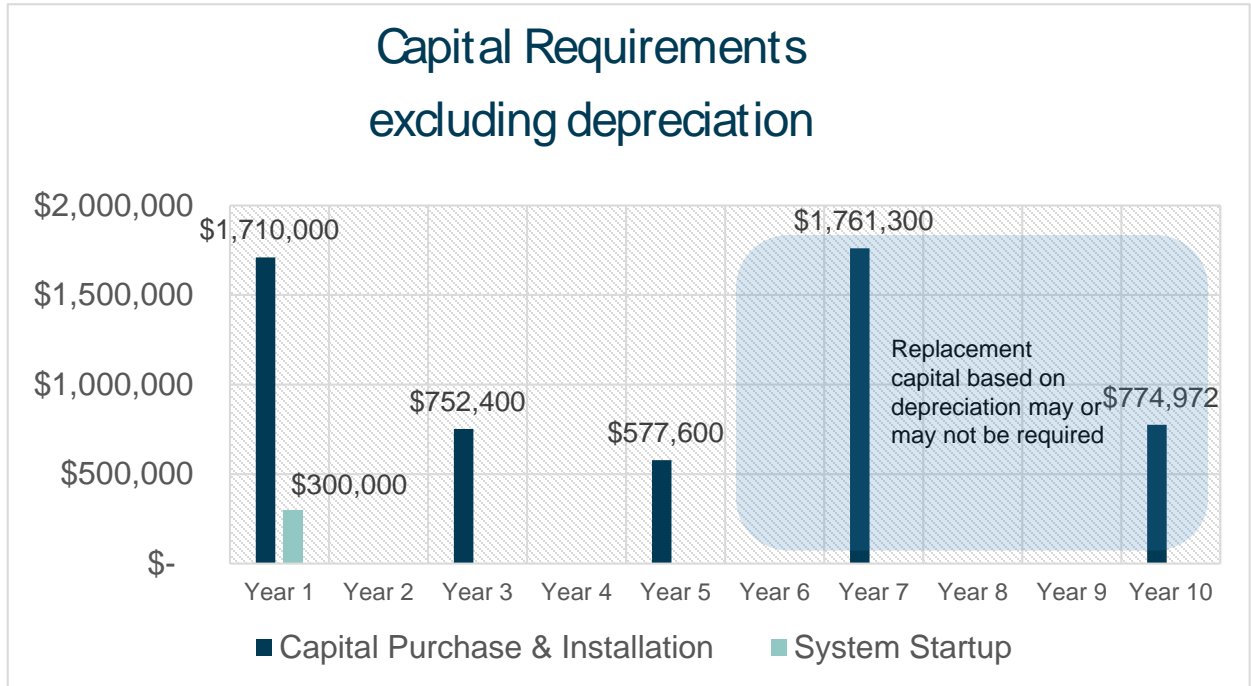
# Financial projections



# Draft 5-year system plan buildout



# \$5.8 million of capital required over the 10 year period



\* Capital cost assumptions based on a hybrid system with combination of fixed WiFi based stations, non-WiFi hubs and hybrid "smart" bikes that can be docked at stations and locked at hubs and bike racks.



# Key assumptions - Ridership

*\* To reflect initial start up, lower ridership estimates were used in the first year of deployment and higher ridership estimates used in subsequent years.*

Phase 1 Service Area	
Monthly Trips (low)	5,000
Monthly Trips (high)	10,000
Monthly Casual Trips (low)	1,250
Monthly Member Trips (low)	3,750
Monthly Casual Trips (high)	2,500
Monthly Member Trips (high)	7,500
Casual Users per Month (low)	500
Member Users per Month (low)	375
Casual Users per Month (high)	1,000
Member Users per Month (high)	750

Overall (Larger) Service Area	
Monthly Trips (low)	15,000
Monthly Trips (high)	35,000
Monthly Casual Trips (low)	3,750
Monthly Member Trips (low)	11,250
Monthly Casual Trips (high)	8,750
Monthly Member Trips (high)	26,250
Casual Users per Month (low)	1,500
Member Users per Month (low)	1,125
Casual Users per Month (high)	3,500
Member Users per Month (high)	2,625

# Key Assumptions – Cost, Pricing

- Assumes 12 months
- Excludes any sponsor revenue  
(e.g., Capital Bike Share Arlington gets equivalent to \$.34 per trip in sponsor revenue.)

Variables		
Per Bike Capital Costs	\$ 3,800	
Depreciation (straightline)	20%	
Inflation adjustment	1.02	
Operating cost per bike	\$ 2,400	
Operating cost per bike exp inc	5%	7% ARL -2% inf
Operating cost per bike exp inc	\$ 120	
Revenue Growth	1.015	
System start up costs	\$ 300,000	
Monthly member fee annual	\$ 240.0	
Time 1st hour/30min blocks	\$ 3.00	
90 minute ride	\$ 6.00	
Neighborhood Rides Monthly	7500	

# Results

FULL SYSTEM	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
<b>Stations</b>										
Full Stations	15	15	25	25	35	35	35	35	35	35
Hubs	30	30	47	47	65	65	65	65	65	65
<b>Bikes</b>	450	450	648	648	800	800	800	800	800	800
<b>Capital Requirements</b>										
Capital Purchase & Installation	\$ 1,710,000		\$ 752,400		\$ 577,600		\$ 1,761,300			\$ 774,972
System Startup	\$ 300,000									
<b>Total Capital Cost</b>	<b>\$ 2,010,000</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 752,400</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 577,600</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 1,761,300</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 774,972</b>
<b>Rider Revenue</b>										
Annual Member Dues	\$ 90,000	\$ 180,000	\$ 270,000	\$ 450,000	\$ 630,000					
Rides < 1 hr	\$ 22,500	\$ 45,000	\$ 67,500	\$ 191,250	\$ 315,000					
Rides > 60 minutes (90 minutes)	\$ 112,500	\$ 157,500	\$ 337,500	\$ 720,000	\$ 720,000					
<b>Total Rider Revenue</b>	<b>\$ 225,000</b>	<b>\$ 382,500</b>	<b>\$ 675,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,361,250</b>	<b>\$ 1,665,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,689,975</b>	<b>\$ 1,715,325</b>	<b>\$ 1,741,054</b>	<b>\$ 1,767,170</b>	<b>\$ 1,793,678</b>
<b>Bike Share Operating Costs</b>										
Base	\$ 1,080,000	\$ 1,101,600	\$ 1,123,632	\$ 1,146,105	\$ 1,688,145					
Expansion Impact			\$ 498,960	\$ 508,939	\$ 383,040					
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,080,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,101,600</b>	<b>\$ 1,622,592</b>	<b>\$ 1,655,044</b>	<b>\$ 2,071,185</b>	<b>\$ 2,112,608</b>	<b>\$ 2,154,861</b>	<b>\$ 2,197,958</b>	<b>\$ 2,241,917</b>	<b>\$ 2,286,755</b>
<b>System Depreciation</b>	<b>\$ 342,000</b>	<b>\$ 342,000</b>	<b>\$ 492,480</b>	<b>\$ 492,480</b>	<b>\$ 608,000</b>	<b>\$ 266,000</b>	<b>\$ 618,260</b>	<b>\$ 467,780</b>	<b>\$ 467,780</b>	<b>\$ 352,260</b>
<b>Addtl Revenue Required plus depreciation</b>	<b>\$ (855,000)</b>	<b>\$ (719,100)</b>	<b>\$ (947,592)</b>	<b>\$ (293,794)</b>	<b>\$ (406,185)</b>	<b>\$ (422,633)</b>	<b>\$ (439,536)</b>	<b>\$ (456,903)</b>	<b>\$ (474,747)</b>	<b>\$ (493,077)</b>
	<b>\$ (1,197,000)</b>	<b>\$ (1,061,100)</b>	<b>\$ (1,440,072)</b>	<b>\$ (786,274)</b>	<b>\$ (1,014,185)</b>	<b>\$ (688,633)</b>	<b>\$ (1,057,796)</b>	<b>\$ (924,683)</b>	<b>\$ (942,527)</b>	<b>\$ (845,337)</b>
<b>Rider Revenue % of operating cost</b>	<b>21%</b>	<b>35%</b>	<b>42%</b>	<b>82%</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>79%</b>	<b>79%</b>	<b>78%</b>

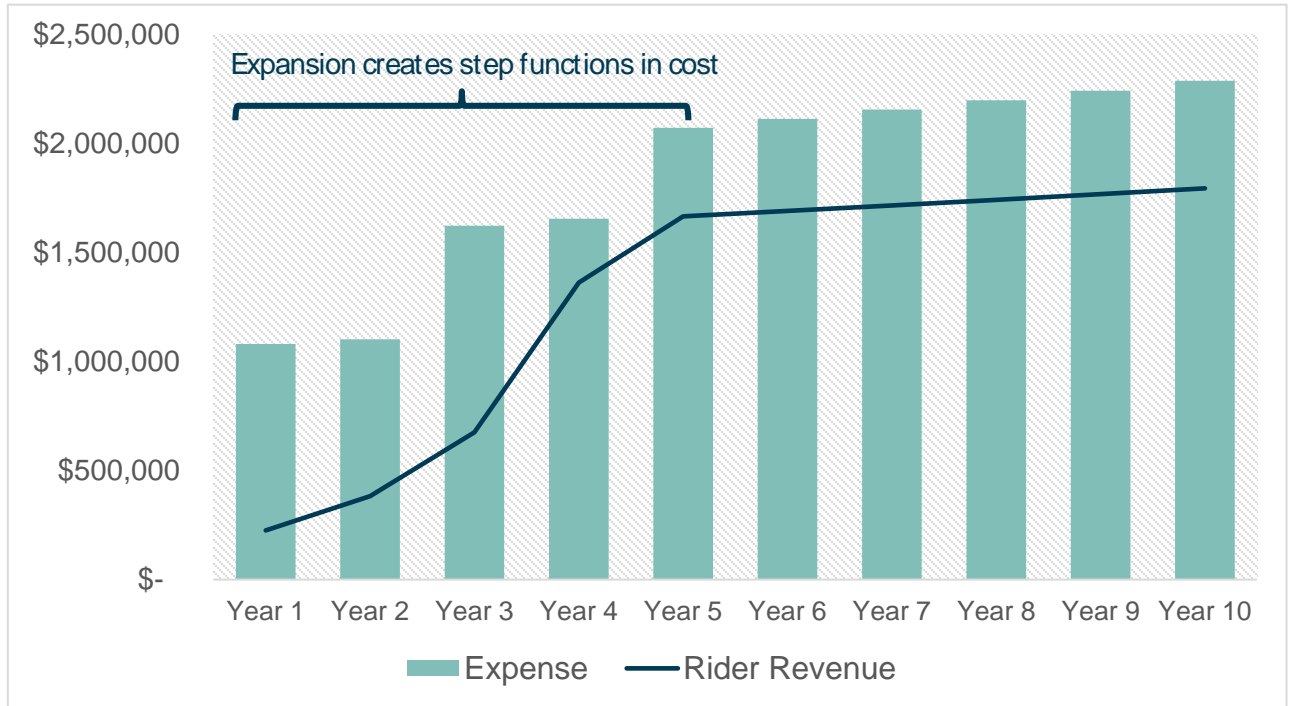


Gen 1  
equipment  
replacement

\* No sponsorship or advertising revenue included

# Revenue & operating expense performance

(excludes depreciation)

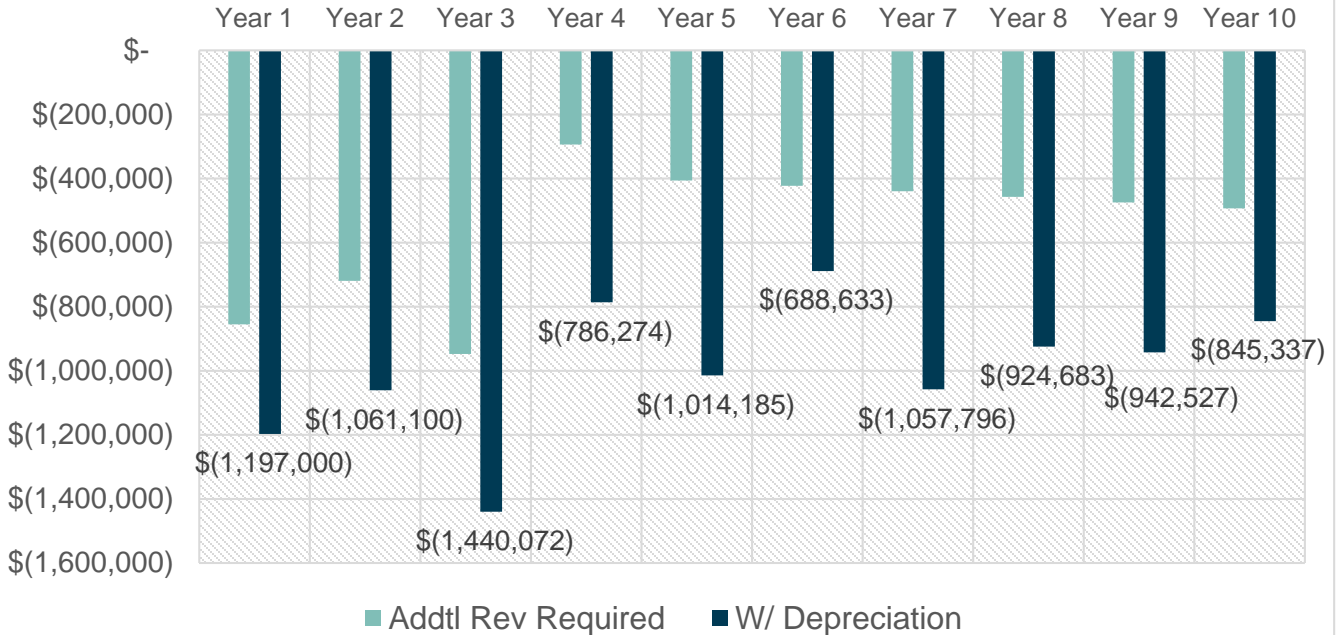


# Sensitivity testing

FULL SYSTEM	Year 5 Base	Year 5 Double # Casual Riders	Year 5 Base Rider Fees Double (not membership)	Year 5 Drop Operating cost \$400 to \$200 per bike	Year 5 Double # of members
<b>Stations</b>					
Full Stations	35	35	35	35	35
Hubs	65	65	65	65	65
<b>Bikes</b>	800	800	800	800	800
<b>Capital Requirements</b>					
Capital Purchase & Installation	\$ 577,600	\$ 577,600	\$ 577,600	\$ 577,600	\$ 577,600
System Startup					
<b>Total Capital Cost</b>	\$ 577,600	\$ 577,600	\$ 577,600	\$ 577,600	\$ 577,600
<b>Rider Revenue</b>					
Annual Member Dues	\$ 630,000	\$ 630,000	\$ 630,000	\$ 630,000	\$ 1,260,000
Rides < 1 hr	\$ 315,000	\$ 630,000	\$ 630,000	\$ 315,000	\$ 315,000
Rides > 60 minutes (90 minutes)	\$ 720,000	\$ 1,102,500	\$ 1,440,000	\$ 720,000	\$ 720,000
<b>Total Rider Revenue</b>	\$ 1,665,000	\$ 2,362,500	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 1,665,000	\$ 2,295,000
<b>Bike Share Operating Costs</b>					
Base	\$ 1,688,145	\$ 1,688,145	\$ 1,688,145	\$ 1,406,787	\$ 1,688,145
Expansion Impact	\$ 383,040	\$ 383,040	\$ 383,040	\$ 319,200	\$ 383,040
<b>Total</b>	\$ 2,071,185	\$ 2,071,185	\$ 2,071,185	\$ 1,725,987	\$ 2,071,185
System Depreciation	\$ 608,000	\$ 608,000	\$ 608,000	\$ 608,000	\$ 608,000
<b>Addtl Revenue Required plus depreciation</b>	\$ (406,185) \$ (1,014,185)	\$ 291,315 \$ (316,685)	\$ 628,815 \$ 20,815	\$ (60,987) \$ (668,987)	\$ 223,815 \$ (384,185)
<b>Rider Revenue % of operating cost</b>	80%	114%	130%	96%	111%

# Additional revenue required to offset operating costs & depreciation

## Required Additional Revenues



# Sources of Additional Revenue

## ▪ Sponsorship

- Title sponsorship (e.g., Citibike in NYC sponsored by Citibank)
- Presenting sponsorships
- Station sponsorship (i.e., each individual station is sponsored)

## ▪ Advertising revenue

- Stations, bikes, website, merchandise, promotional materials
- Ads at stations currently not allowed in GR

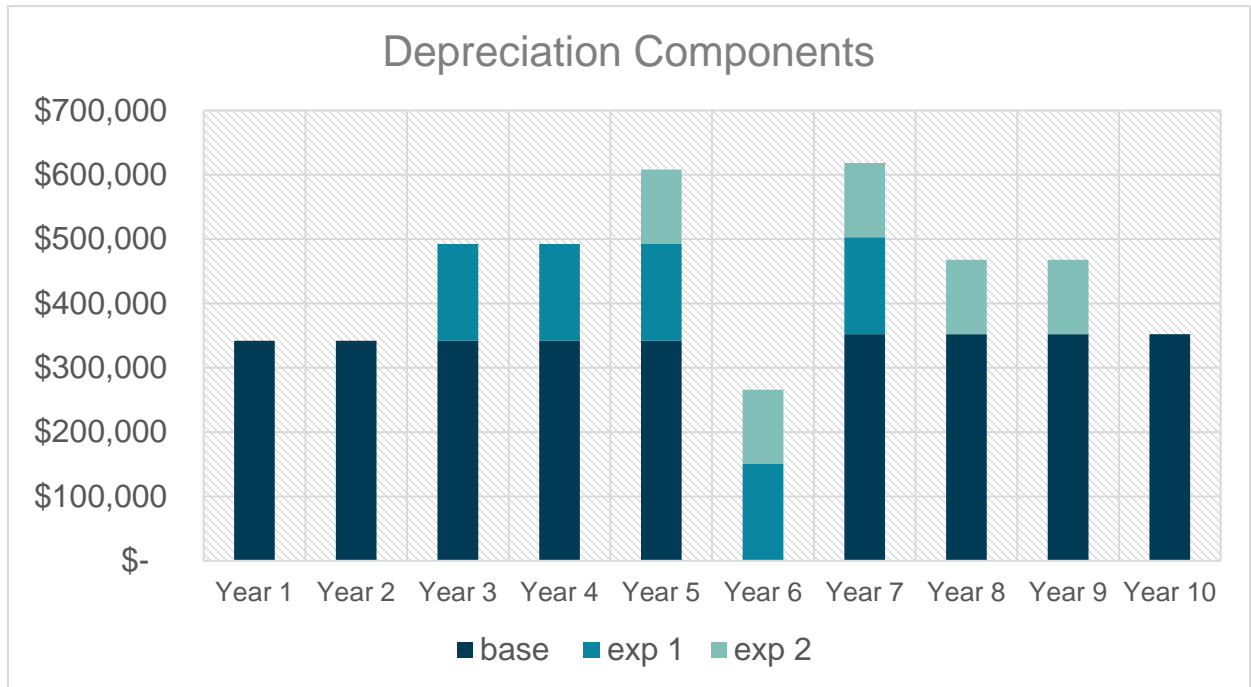
## ▪ In-kind donations

- Office/storage space, professional services (e.g., legal, financial, marketing), materials/consumables, operating assets

## ▪ Grants

- Often focused around equity initiatives (e.g., expansion, targeted outreach, education and bicycle safety equipment)

Depreciation has its biggest impact in Year 5 with final expansion and again in Year 7 with possible equipment replacement





# Key considerations

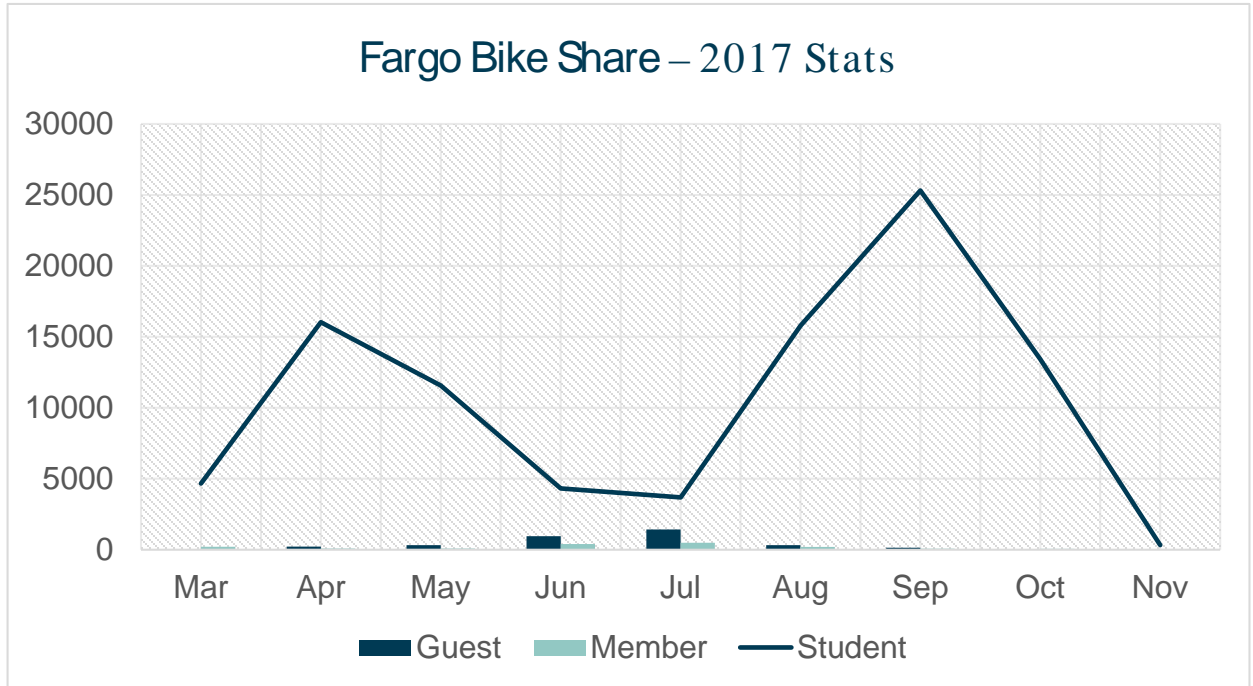
- Neighborhood expansion
- Seasonality (i.e., winter operations)
- Major community events
- Ridership mix (e.g., college student impact)

# Neighborhood expansion impact

Ride Assumption / Month	7,500	27,500			Neighborhood	
COMPARISON FULL BUILD	Neigh	DTWN			Total rides / month	7,500
Stations					percent member	50%
Full Stations	20	15			percent casual <1	25%
Hubs	35	30			percent >1	25%
Bikes	440	360				
Capital Requirements					Poverty level =	37%
Capital Purchase & Installation	\$ 1,672,000	\$ 1,368,000			If neighborhood riders reflect poverty rate	
System Startup					& poverty rate = free ride	
Total Capital Cost	\$ 1,672,000	\$ 1,368,000			Ride revenues =	\$ 127,575
Rider Revenue					Shortfall	\$ (74,925)
Annual Member Dues	\$ 126,000	\$ 504,000			If Low Income ride =	
Rides < 1 hr	\$ 67,500	\$ 247,500			\$1.00	\$ 33,300
Rides > 90 minutes	\$ 135,000	\$ 585,000			Shortfall	\$ (41,625)
Total Rider Revenue	\$ 328,500	\$ 1,336,500				
Bike Share Operating Costs						
No inflation	\$ 1,056,000	\$ 864,000				
Total	\$ 1,056,000	\$ 864,000				
Addtl Revenue Required	\$ (727,500.00)	\$ 472,500.00				
Rider Revenue % of operating cost	31%	155%				

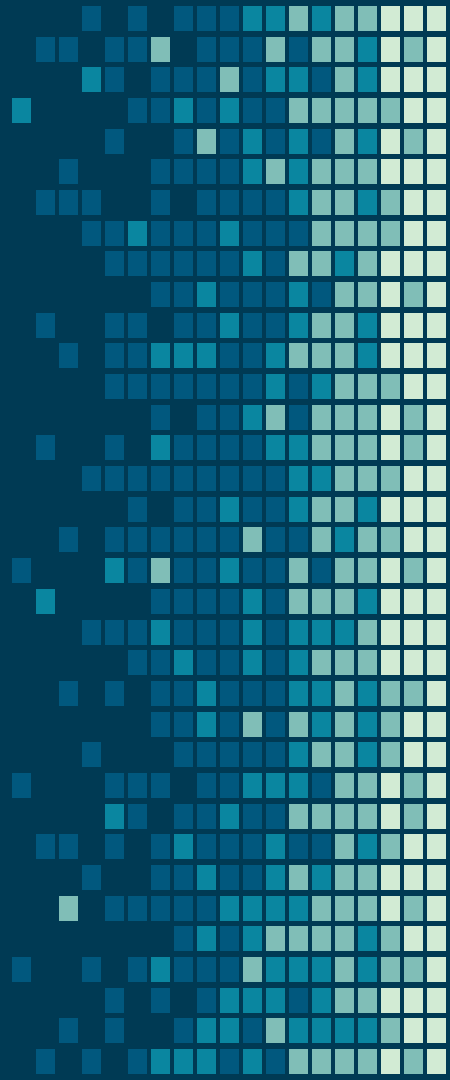
Downtown at full build with high ridership levels could cross subsidize some neighborhood expansion

# Seasonality and user mix will matter



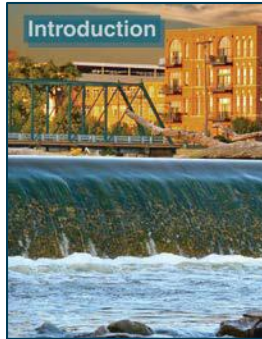
Note: Fargo's system has extremely high ridership from

# Timeline & next steps



# Proposed Report Structure

1. Executive Summary
2. Introduction
  - A. Biking in Grand Rapids
  - B. What is bike share?
  - C. Benefits of bike share
  - D. Innovations in bike share
  - E. Major decisions
3. Outreach summary
4. Goals
5. Business Plan
  - A. Market analysis
  - B. Governance/ operating model
  - C. System plan
  - D. Financials
  - E. Sources of funds
  - F. Marketing
6. Equity Plan
7. Critical path and timeline
8. Risks and barriers
9. Recommendations



and population are both growing, and putting the focus on the riding, and adding more green, though, or the focus on the system that gives residents of Grand Rapids. Additionally, there is a need to ensure that all residents, especially those on public and share in the

affordable mobility option to enter when in Grand Rapids. Grand Rapids is a city that has been continually growing, and the focus on the system that gives residents of Grand Rapids. Additionally, there is a need to ensure that all residents, especially those on public and share in the



The employment and residential characteristics of Grand Rapids make biking a convenient option as a means of commuting, running errands, or for recreation in many parts of the City. Downtown Grand Rapids has a high density of jobs. One of the City's jobs can be found within the 1.5-mile downtown and other destinations, such as the Grand Rapids Art Museum, downtown market, the Grand Rapids, Delta Place, and many others. Additionally, many of the neighborhoods surrounding downtown are densely populated, housing a large number of residents and within

one that half of all of the City's full-time jobs are located along the downtown corridor. This offers a great location for biking to work and to other destinations. It is a need to continue growing a city that provides people biking and all provides the benefits of a sustainable biking and use it

those interested in biking to work, affordable way to test out before the permanent system. Additionally, bike share can be used to provide a means of biking, intramurally, and for recreation. It is a need to continue growing a city that provides people biking and all provides the benefits of a sustainable biking and use it

Grand Rapids, the most prominent concern about bike share and biking to work, and biking to work offers long-term, compounding safety benefits. Research shows that the more people bike to work and that the number of people biking increases the use of urban amenities and public transit. Bike share can increase mobility, accessibility, and safety to people biking and benefit the entire City by making more thoughtful, sustainable road users.

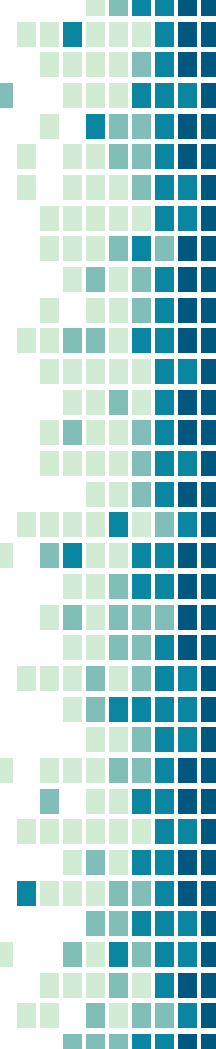
Grand Rapids Bike Share is a public-private partnership.

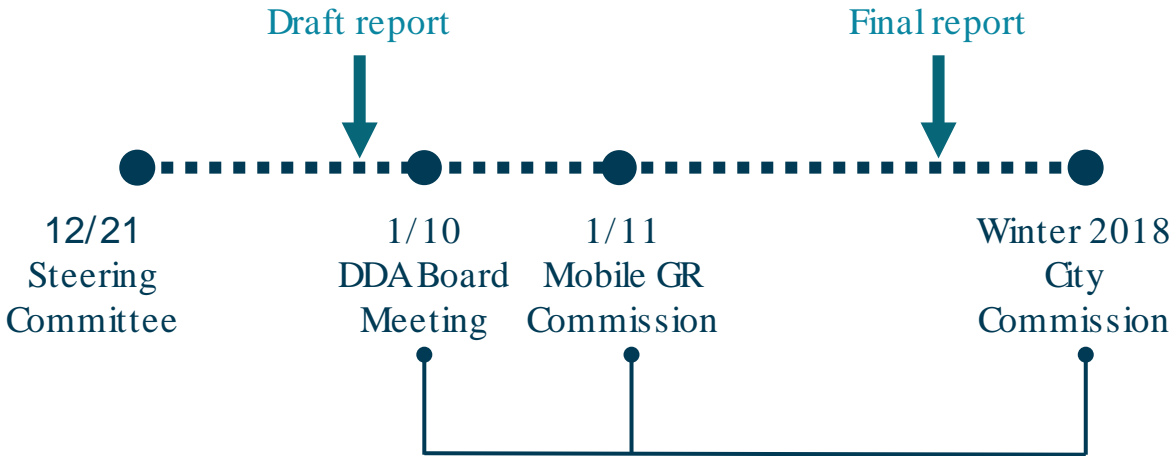


As a community, health, and safety, biking is a great way to get around the city. It is a need to continue growing a city that provides people biking and all provides the benefits of a sustainable biking and use it

For the implementation of the system, a number of key factors must be considered, including the need of street officials, the financial sustainability of the system, and the need to ensure that all residents, especially those on public and share in the

- 1. Grand Rapids Bike Share system will improve the health and safety of public transportation.
- 2. Grand Rapids Bike Share system will increase access to key destinations throughout the City and enhance both resident and visitor experiences getting around Grand Rapids.
- 3. Grand Rapids Bike Share system will enhance the City's parking equity by providing "park only" services.
- 4. Grand Rapids Bike Share system will enable increased physical activity to benefit public health.





How can you support bike share at these meetings?

