

## ANNEX A

CHARGES AND SPECIFICATIONS OF VIOLATIONS OF INTERNATIONAL TREATIES, AGREEMENTS AND ASSURANCES REFERRED TO IN THE INDICTMENT, CAUSED BY THE NAZI CONSPIRATORS IN THE PLANNING AND EXECUTION OF THE NAZI MASTER PLAN.

## I

CONVENTION FOR THE PACIFIC SETTLEMENT  
OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES  
(Signed at The Hague 29 July 1899)

CHARGE: Violation of the Convention for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes signed at The Hague 29 July 1899.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany did, by force and arms, on the dates specified in Column 1, invade the territory of the sovereigns specified in Column 2, respectively, without first having attempted to settle its disputes with said sovereigns by pacific means pursuant to the provisions of the Convention for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes signed by Germany and Greece and by Germany and Yugoslavia (Serbia) at The Hague 29 July 1899.

## Column 1

## Column 2

- |                 |                       |
|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 1. 6 April 1941 | Kingdom of Greece     |
| 2. 6 April 1941 | Kingdom of Yugoslavia |

## II

CONVENTION FOR THE PACIFIC SETTLEMENT  
OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES  
(Signed at The Hague 18 October 1907)

CHARGE: Violation of The Convention for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes signed at The Hague 18 October 1907.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany did, on or about the dates specified in Column 1, by force of arms invade the [sovereign] territory of the sovereigns specified in Column 2, respectively, without having first attempted to settle its dispute with said sovereigns by pacific means pursuant to the provisions of the Convention for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes signed at The Hague on 18 October 1907.

Column 1

Column 2

1. 1 September 1939	Republic of Poland
2. 9 April 1940	Kingdom of Norway
3. 9 April 1940	Kingdom of Denmark
4. 10 May 1940	Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg
5. 10 May 1940	Kingdom of Belgium
6. 10 May 1940	Kingdom of the Netherlands
7. 22 June 1941	Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

III

CONVENTION RELATIVE TO THE OPENING  
OF HOSTILITIES

CHARGE: Violation of Hague Convention III, signed 18 October 1907, relative to the Opening of Hostilities.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany did, on or about the dates specified in Column 1, commence hostilities against the countries specified in Column 2 without previous warnings of a reasoned declaration of war or an ultimatum with conditional declaration of war.

Column 1

Column 2

1. 1 September 1939	Poland
2. 9 April 1940	Norway

- |                 |             |
|-----------------|-------------|
| 3. 9 April 1940 | Denmark     |
| 4. 10 May 1940  | Belgium     |
| 5. 10 May 1940  | Netherlands |
| 6. 10 May 1940  | Luxembourg  |
| 7. 22 June 1941 | Russia      |

IV

CONVENTION RESPECTING THE RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF  
NEUTRAL POWERS AND PERSONS IN CASE OF WAR  
ON LAND, SIGNED AT THE HAGUE October 18, 1907.

HAGUE V

CHARGE: Violation of the Convention Respecting the Rights  
and Duties of Neutral Powers and Persons in Case  
of War on Land, signed at The Hague, October 18, 1907.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany, did, on or about the dates  
specified in Column 1, by force and arms of its military forces,  
cross into, invade, and occupy the territory of the sovereign  
specified in Column 2, then and thereby violating the neutrality  
of said sovereigns.

Column 1

Column 2

- |                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| 1. 9 April 1940 | Kingdom of Norway                      |
| 2. 9 April 1940 | Kingdom of Denmark                     |
| 3. 9 May 1940   | Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg              |
| 4. 9 May 1940   | Kingdom of Belgium                     |
| 5. 9 May 1940   | Kingdom of the Netherlands             |
| 6. 22 June 1941 | Union of Soviet Socialist<br>Republics |

CONVENTION CONCERNING THE RIGHTS AND DUTIES  
OF NEUTRAL POWERS IN NAVAL WAR  
(Signed at The Hague, October 18, 1907)

CHARGE: Violation of the Convention Concerning the Rights  
and Duties of Neutral Powers in Naval War, signed at  
The Hague 18 October 1907.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany did, on or about 21 May 1941,  
by a german submarine attack and sink the S.S. Robin Moor, a  
registered United States merchant vessel flying the United States  
flag while said vessel was on the high seas in the South Atlantic  
Ocean enroute to South Africa, then and thereby violating the  
neutrality of the United States of America.

VI

TREATY OF PEACE BETWEEN THE ALLIED AND  
ASSOCIATED POWERS AND GERMANY  
(Signed at Versailles 28 June 1919)

CHARGE: Violation of the Treaty of Peace Between the Allied  
and Associated Powers and Germany signed at Versailles,  
28 June 1919, known as the Versailles Treaty.

SPECIFICATION 1: In that Germany did, on or about 18 May 1940,  
incorporate the provinces of Moresnet, Eupen and Malmedy, formerly  
part of the Kingdom of Belgium into the German Reich in violation  
of the provisions of Articles 32, 33, 34, 36 and 37 of the  
Treaty of Versailles.

SPECIFICATION 2: In that Germany did, after 10 May 1940  
incorporate the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg into the German



Reich in violation of the provisions of Article 40 of the Treaty of Versailles.

SPECIFICATION 3: In that Germany did, on and after 7 March 1936, maintain and assemble armed forces and maintain and construct military fortifications in the demilitarized zone of the Rhineland in violation of the provisions of Articles 43 and of the Treaty of Versailles.

SPECIFICATION 4: That Germany did annex the French provinces of Alsace and Lorraine into the German Reich in violation of the provisions of Article 51 of the Treaty of Versailles.

SPECIFICATION 5: In that Germany did, on or about 13 March 1938, annex Austria into the German Reich in violation of the provisions of Article 80 of the Treaty of Versailles.

SPECIFICATION 6: In that Germany did, on or about 16 March 1939, incorporate the provinces of Bohemia and Moravia, formerly part of Czechoslovakia, into the German Reich in violation of the provisions of Article 81 of the Treaty of Versailles.

SPECIFICATION 7: In that Germany did, on and after 1 September 1939, incorporate the Polish districts of Pomerania, Lipno, Ripin, Ciechanow, Suwalki, Grodno and Cieszyn, the Polish cities of Lodz, Sialystok and Katowize and the Polish province of Posen into the German Reich in violation of the provisions of Article 87 of the Treaty of Versailles.

SPECIFICATION 8. That Germany did, on or about 22 March 1939, incorporate the district of Meml into the German Reich in violation of the provisions of Article 99 of the Treaty of Versailles.

SPECIFICATION 9: In that Germany did, on or about 1 September 1939, incorporate the Free City of Danzig into the German Reich in violation of the provisions of Article 100 of the Treaty of Versailles.

SPECIFICATION 10: In that Germany did fortify the islands of Heligoland and Dune in violation of the provisions of Article 115 of the Treaty of Versailles.

SPECIFICATION 11: In that Germany did, at various times in March 1935 and thereafter, repudiate various parts of Part V Military, Naval and Air Clauses of the Treaty of Versailles by creating an air force, by use of compulsory military service, by increasing the size of the army beyond treaty limits, and by increasing the size of the navy beyond treaty limits.

SPECIFICATION 12: In that Germany did, on or about 30 January 1937, repudiate the "war guilt clause" contained in Article 231 of the Treaty of Versailles.

SPECIFICATION 13: In that Germany did, on or about 14 November 1936, renounce the provisions for international control of the Rhine, the Oder, the Elbe, the Danube, the Niemen and the Moselle set up in Part XII, Section II, Chapter III of the Treaty of Versailles.

SPECIFICATION 14: In that Germany did, on or about 16 January 1937, announce that foreign warships and naval craft must secure permission of the German Naval High Command for use of the Kiel Canal, the same being in violation of Articles 380-386 of the Treaty of Versailles.

VII

TREATY BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND GERMANY  
RESTORING FRIENDLY RELATIONS  
(Signed at Berlin, 25 August 1921)

CHARGE: Violation of the Treaty between the United States and Germany Restoring Friendly Relations, signed at Berlin, Germany, 25 August 1921.

SPECIFICATION 1: In that Germany did, at various times in March 1935 and thereafter, repudiate various parts of Part V Military, Naval and Air Clauses of the Treaty Between The United States and Germany Restoring Friendly Relations by creating an air force, by use of compulsory military service, by increasing the size of the army beyond treaty limits, and by increasing the size of the navy beyond treaty limits.

SPECIFICATION 2: In that Germany did, on or about 14 November 1936, renounce the provisions for international control of the Rhine, the Oder, the Elbe and Danube, the Niemen and the Moselle set up in Part XII, Section II, Chapter III, of the Treaty Between the United States and Germany Restoring Friendly Relations.

SPECIFICATION 3: In that Germany did, on or about 16 January 1937, announce that foreign warships and naval craft must secure

permission of the German Naval High Command for use of the Kiel Canal in contravention of Article 380 and all of Part XII, Section VI, of the Treaty Between the United States and Germany Restoring Friendly Relations.

SPECIFICATION 4: In that Germany did, on or about 30 January 1937, repudiate the war guilt clause contained in Article 231 of the Treaty Between the United States and Germany Restoring Friendly Relations.

VIII

TREATY OF MUTUAL GUARANTEE BETWEEN GERMANY,  
BELGIUM, FRANCE, GREAT BRITAIN AND ITALY  
(Done at Locarno, 16 October 1925)

CHARGE: Violation of the Treaty of Mutual Guarantee between Germany, Belgium, France, Great Britain and Italy, done at Locarno, 16 October 1925.

SPECIFICATION 1: In that Germany did, on or about 1940, unlawfully annex the districts of Eupen, Malmedy and Morsenet of the Kingdom of Belgium, in violation of Article 1 of the Treaty of Mutual Guarantee.

SPECIFICATION 2: In that Germany did, in or about 1940, unlawfully incorporate into the German Reich the territories of Alsace and Lorraine of the Republic of France, in violation of Article 1 of the Treaty of Mutual Guarantee.

SPECIFICATION 3: In that Germany did, on or about 7 March 1936, unlawfully send armed forces into the Rhineland demilitarized zone of Germany, in violation of Article 1 of the Treaty of Mutual Guarantee.



SPECIFICATION 4: In that Germany did, in or about March 1936, and thereafter, unlawfully maintain armed forces in the Rhineland demilitarized zone of Germany, in violation of Article 1 of the Treaty of Mutual Guarantee.

SPECIFICATION 5: In that Germany did, on or about 7 March 1936, and thereafter, unlawfully construct and maintain fortifications in the Rhineland demilitarized zone of Germany, in violation of Article 1 of the Treaty of Mutual Guarantee.

SPECIFICATION 6: In that Germany did, on or about 10 May 1940, unlawfully attack and invade Belgium, in violation of Article 2 of the Treaty of Mutual Guarantee.

SPECIFICATION 7: In that Germany did, on or about 10 May 1940, unlawfully attack and invade Belgium, without first having attempted to settle its dispute with Belgium by peaceful means, in violation of Article 3 of the Treaty of Mutual Guarantee.

IX

ARBITRATION TREATY BETWEEN GERMANY AND  
CZECHOSLOVAKIA  
(Done at Locarno, 16 October 1925)

CHARGE: Violation of the Arbitration Treaty between Germany and Czechoslovakia, done at Locarno, 16 October 1925.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany did, on or about 15 March 1939, unlawfully by duress and threats of military might force Czechoslovakia to deliver the destiny of Czechoslovakia and

its inhabitants into the hands of the Fuehrer and Reichs-chancellor of Germany without having attempt to settle its dispute with Czechoslovakia by peaceful means, in violation of the Arbitration Treaty between Germany and Czechoslovakia

X

ARBITRATION CONVENTION BETWEEN GERMANY  
AND BELGIUM  
(Done at Locarno, 16 October 1925)

CHARGE: Violation of the Arbitration Convention between  
Germany and Belgium, done at Locarno, 16 October 1925.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany did, on or about 10 May 1940,  
unlawfully attack and invade Belgium without first having  
attempted to settle its dispute with Belgium by peaceful means,  
in violation of the Arbitration Convention between Germany and  
Belgium.

XI

ARBITRATION TREATY BETWEEN GERMANY AND  
POLAND  
(Done at Locarno, 16 October 1925)

CHARGE: Violation of the Arbitration Treaty between Germany  
and Poland, done at Locarno, 16 October 1925.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany did, on or about 1 September  
1939, unlawfully attack and invade Poland without first having  
attempted to settle its dispute with Poland by peaceful means,  
in violation of the Arbitration Treaty between Germany and  
Poland.



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XII

ARBITRATION CONVENTION BETWEEN GERMANY  
AND FRANCE  
(Done at Locarno, 16 October 1925)

/To be eliminated in final draft and  
all subsequent numbers adjusted  
accordingly.7

XIII

CONVENTION OF ARBITRATION AND CONCILIATION  
BETWEEN GERMANY AND NETHERLANDS  
(Entered into 20 May 1926)

CHARGE: Violation of Convention of Arbitration and  
Conciliation entered into between Germany and  
the Netherlands on 20 May 1926.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany, without warning, and notwithstanding its solemn covenant to settle by peaceful means all disputes of any nature whatever which might arise between it and the Netherlands which were not capable of settlement by diplomacy and which had not been referred by mutual agreement to the Permanent Court of International Justice, all as provided in a Convention between Germany and the Netherlands, did, on or about 10 May 1940, with a Military Force, attack, invade, and occupy the Netherlands, thereby violating its neutrality and territorial integrity and destroying its sovereign independence.

XIV

TREATY BETWEEN GERMANY AND OTHER  
POWERS PROVIDING FOR RENUNCIATION  
OF WAR AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL  
POLICY. (KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT)  
(Signed at Paris, 27 August 1928)

CHARGE: Violation of Treaty between Germany and other Powers  
providing for Renunciation of War as an Instrument  
of National Policy, signed at Paris 27 August 1928.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany did, on or about the dates specified in Column 1, with a military force, invade the territories of the sovereigns specified in Column 2, respectively, and resort to war against such sovereigns, in violation of its solemn declaration condemning recourse to war for the solution of international controversies, its solemn renunciation of war as an instrument of national policy in its relations with such sovereigns, and its solemn covenant that settlement or solution of all disputes or conflicts of whatever nature or origin arising between it and such sovereigns should never be sought except by pacific means.

<u>Column 1</u>	<u>Column 2</u>
1. 18 September 1939	Republic of Poland
2. 9 April 1940	Kingdom of Norway
3. 9 April 1940	Kingdom of Denmark
4. 10 May 1940	Kingdom of Belgium
5. 10 May 1940	Grand Duchy of Luxembourg
6. 10 May 1940	Kingdom of the Netherlands
7. 6 April 1941	Kingdom of Greece
8. 6 April 1941	Kingdom of Yugoslavia
9. 22 June 1941	Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

XV

TREATY OF ARBITRATION AND CONCILIATION  
ENTERED INTO BETWEEN GERMANY AND LUXEMBOURG  
(Entered into 11 September 1929)

CHARGE: Violation of Treaty of Arbitration and Conciliation entered into between Germany and Luxembourg on 11 September 1929.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany, without warning, and notwithstanding its solemn covenant to settle by peaceful means all disputes which might arise between it and Luxembourg which were not capable of settlement by diplomacy, all as provided in a treaty entered into between Germany and Luxembourg, did, on or about 10 May 1940 with a military force, attack, invade, and occupy Luxembourg, thereby violating its neutrality and territorial integrity and destroying its sovereign independence.

XVI

PART IV OF THE TREATY REGARDING LIMITATION  
AND REDUCTION OF NAVAL ARMAMENT  
(Signed at London, 22 April 1930)

CHARGE: Violation of Part IV of a Treaty regarding Limitation and Reduction of Naval Armament signed at London April 22, 1930.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany did, on or about 21 May 1941, by a German submarine attack and sink the S. S. Robin Moor, a registered United States merchant vessel flying the United States flag while said vessel was on the high seas in the South Atlantic Ocean enroute to South Africa without having first placed passengers, crew and ship's papers in a place of safety.



DECLARATION OF NON-AGGRESSION BETWEEN GERMANY  
AND POLAND  
(Entered into 26 January 1934)

CHARGE: Violation of the declaration of non-aggression entered  
into between Germany and Poland on 26 January 1934.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany proceeding to the application of  
force for the purpose of reaching a decision did, on or about  
1 September 1939 at various places along the German-Polish  
frontier employ military forces to attack, invade and commit  
other acts of aggression against Poland.

XVIII.

ASSURANCE THAT THE INVIOABILITY AND INTEGRITY  
OF THE FEDERAL STATE OF AUSTRIA WOULD BE RECOGNIZED  
(Made 21 May 1935)

CHARGE I: Violation of Germany assurances that the inviolability  
and integrity of the Federal State of Austria  
would be recognized.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany did, on or about 11 March 1938,  
at various points and places along the German-Austria frontier,  
with a military force and in violation of its solemn declaration  
and assurances, invade and annex to Germany the territory of  
the Federal State of Austria.

XIX

AUSTRO-GERMAN AGREEMENT OF 11 JULY 1936

CHARGE III: Violation of Austro-German Agreement of July 11, 1936.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany during the period from 12 February  
1938 to 13 March 1938 did by duress and various aggressive acts,

including the use of military force, cause the Federal State of Austria to yield up its sovereignty to the German State in violation of Germany's agreement to recognize the full sovereignty of the Federate State of Austria.

XX

GERMAN ASSURANCE TO RESPECT THE NEUTRALITY  
AND TERRITORIAL INVIOABILITY OF THE NETHERLANDS  
(Made 30 January 1937)

CHARGE: Violation of German assurance given on 30 January 1937 to respect the neutrality and territorial inviolability of the Netherlands.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany, without warning, and without recourse to peaceful means of settling any considered differences, did, on or about 10 May 1940, with a Military Force and in violation of its solemn assurances, invade, occupy, and attempt to subjugate the sovereign territory of the Netherlands.

XXI

GERMAN ASSURANCE TO RESPECT THE NEUTRALITY  
AND TERRITORIAL INVIOABILITY OF BELGIUM

CHARGE: Violation of German assurance given on 30 January 1937 to respect the neutrality, and territorial integrity and inviolability, of Belgium.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany, without warning, did on or about 10 May 1940, with a military force and in violation of its solemn assurances and declarations, attack, invade, and occupy the sovereign territory of Belgium.



XXII

GERMAN ASSURANCE IN FORM OF A SPECIFIC  
PLEDGE BY HITLER NOT TO ATTACK AUSTRIA  
(Given in July 1937)

CHARGE: Violation of German assurance that the inviolability and integrity of the Federal State of Austria would be recognized.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany did, on or about 11 March 1938, at various points and places along the German-Austrian frontier, with a military force and in violation of its solemn declaration and assurances, invade and annex to Germany the territory of the Federal State of Austria.

XXIII

GERMAN ASSURANCE TO RESPECT THE NEUTRALITY AND  
TERRITORIAL INTEGRITY AND INVIOABILITY OF  
BELGIUM

(Given 13 October 1937)

CHARGE: Violation of German assurance given on 13 October 1937 to respect the neutrality, and territorial integrity and inviolability of Belgium.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany, without warning, did, on or about 10 May 1940, with a military force and in violation of its solemn assurances and declarations, attack, invade, and occupy the sovereign territory of Belgium.

XXIV

GERMAN ASSURANCE THAT THE INVIOABILITY AND INTEGRITY  
OF THE FEDERAL STATE OF AUSTRIA WOULD BE RECOGNIZED

(Given 12 February 1938)

CHARGE: Violation of German assurance given on 12 February 1938 that the inviolability and integrity of the Federal State of Austria would be recognized.

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SPECIFICATION: In that Germany did, on or about 11 March 1938, at various points and places along the German-Austrian frontier, with a military force and in violation of its solemn assurance that the inviolability and integrity of the Federal State of Austria would be recognized.

XXV

MUNICH AGREEMENT AND ANNEXES  
(Entered into 29 September 1938)

CHARGE: Violation of the Munich Agreement and Annexes of 29 September 1938.

SPECIFICATION 1: In that Germany on or about 15 March, 1939, did by duress and the threat of military intervention force the Republic of Czechoslovakia to deliver the destiny of the Czech people and country into the hands of the Fuehrer of the German Reich in complete disregard of the Munich Agreement of 29 September 1938.

SPECIFICATION 2: In that Germany refused and failed to join in an international guarantee of the new boundaries of the Czechoslovak state as provided for in Annex No. 1 to the Munich Agreement.

XXVI

FRANCO-GERMAN DECLARATION OF 6 DECEMBER 1938

CHARGE: Violation of Franco-German Declaration of 6 December 1938.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany engaged in diplomatic and military activities during the period 5 January - 19 March, 1939, particularly with respect to the Czechoslovakian State without consultation with France contrary to paragraph 3 of said agreement.

XXVII

GERMAN ASSURANCE TO RESPECT THE NEUTRALITY AND  
TERRITORIAL INVIOABILITY OF THE NETHERLANDS  
(Given on 28 April 1939)

CHARGE: Violation of German assurance given on 28 April 1939,  
to respect the neutrality and territorial inviolability  
of the Netherlands.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany, without warning, and without re-  
course to peaceful means of settling any considered differences,  
did, on or about 10 May 1940, with a Military Force and in  
violation of its solemn assurance, invade, occupy, and attempt  
to subjugate the sovereign territory of the Netherlands.

XXVIII

GERMAN ASSURANCE TO RESPECT THE NEUTRALITY  
AND TERRITORIAL INVIOABILITY OF NORWAY  
(Made 28 April 1939)

CHARGE: Violation of the solemn assurances of Germany that  
they would not violate the independence or sovereignty  
of the Kingdom of Norway.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany, without warning did, on or about  
9 April 1940, with its military and naval forces attack, invade  
and commit other acts of aggression against the Kingdom of Norway.

XXIX

GERMAN ASSURANCE TO RESPECT THE NEUTRALITY  
AND TERRITORIAL INVIOABILITY OF LUXEMBOURG  
(Given on 28 April 1939)

CHARGE: Violation of German assurance, given on 28 April  
1939, to respect the neutrality and territorial  
inviolability of Luxembourg.



SPECIFICATION: In that Germany, without warning, and without recourse to peaceful means of settling any considered differences, did, on or about 10 May 1940, with a military force and in violation of the solemn assurance, invade, occupy, and attempt to absorb into Germany the sovereign territory of Luxembourg.

XXX

GERMAN ASSURANCE TO RESPECT THE NEUTRALITY  
AND TERRITORIAL INVIOABILITY OF BELGIUM  
(Given on 28 April 1939)

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CHARGE: Violation of German assurance, given on 28 April 1939, to respect the neutrality and territorial integrity and inviolability of Belgium.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany, without warning, did, on or about 10 May 1940, with a military force and in violation of its solemn assurance, attack, invade, and occupy the sovereign territory of Belgium.

XXXI

TREATY OF NON-AGGRESSION BETWEEN GERMANY  
AND DENMARK  
(Signed at Berlin 31 May 1939)

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CHARGE: Violation of the Treaty of Non-aggression between Germany and Denmark signed at Berlin 31 May 1939.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany without prior warning, did, on or about 9 April 1940 with its military forces, attack, invade and commit other acts of aggression against the Kingdom of Denmark.

XXXII

TREATY OF NON-AGGRESSION BETWEEN GERMANY  
AND USSR

(Entered into 13 August 1939)

CHARGE: Violation of Treaty of Non-aggression entered into  
between Germany and USSR on 13 August 1939.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany did, on or about 22 June 1941,  
at various places along the German-USSR frontier employ military  
forces to attack and commit acts of aggression against the USSR.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany without warning or recourse to a  
friendly exchange of views or arbitration did, on or about  
22 June, 1941 at various places along the German-USSR frontier  
employ military forces to attack and commit acts of aggression  
against the USSR.

XXXIII

GERMAN ASSURANCE AND DECLARATION TO  
RESPECT THE NEUTRALITY AND TERRITORIAL  
INTEGRITY OF LUXEMBOURG

CHARGE: Violation of German assurance and declaration, given  
on 26 August 1939, to respect the neutrality and  
territorial integrity of Luxembourg.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany without warning, and without  
recourse to peaceful means of settling any considered differences,  
did, on or about 10 May 1940, with a military force and in  
violation of its solemn declaration and assurance, invade,  
occupy, and attempt to absorb into Germany the sovereign  
territory of Luxembourg.

XXXIV

GERMAN ASSURANCE AND DECLARATION TO RESPECT  
THE NEUTRALITY AND TERRITORIAL INTEGRITY OF  
BELGIUM

CHARGE: Violation of German assurance and declaration, given on 26 August 1939, to respect the neutrality and territorial integrity of Belgium.

SPECIFICATION: In that Germany without warning, and without recourse to peaceful means of settling any considered differences, did, on or about 10 May 1940, with a military force and in violation of its solemn declaration and assurance, invade, occupy, and attempt to absorb into Germany the sovereign territory of Belgium.