

Abstract

If an heir feels that their rights have been violated, they can take legal action through the courts to obtain their rights as an heir. Therefore, it is necessary to study the inheritance distribution system in Balinese traditional communities and how inheritance disputes over undistributed inheritance assets are resolved in Balinese society in Decision Number 8/Pdt.G/2023/PN Mtr. This type of research is normative law with a descriptive analytical nature. The data collection technique uses literature searches that are analyzed qualitatively. The inheritance distribution system in Balinese traditional communities refers to the patrilineal kinship system, where only sons have inheritance rights. The resolution of an inheritance dispute over undivided inheritance property in Balinese society, in Decision Number 8/Pdt.G/2023/PN Mtr, was decided by a panel of judges based on the evidence presented by both parties in relation to each other, which corresponded to each other. The panel of judges concluded that the object of dispute I constituted undivided inheritance property. Therefore, the panel of judges declared that the object of dispute I must be divided between the Plaintiff, Defendant I, and Defendant III.

Keywords: Inheritance Dispute, Balinese Society.