

HUBUNGAN RELIGIUSITAS DENGAN *SELF-AWARENESS* SISWA SMA BODHICITTA BUDDHIS SCHOOL MEDAN

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INTISARI

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui adanya hubungan antara religiusitas dengan *self-awareness* pada siswa SMA Bodhicitta Buddhis School Medan. Hipotesis dalam penelitian ini adalah adanya hubungan positif antara religiusitas dengan *self-awareness* siswa SMA Bodhicitta Buddhis School Medan. Subjek penelitian yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah yang berjumlah 137 peserta didik kelas XII menggunakan metode *proportionate stratified random sampling*. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode kuantitatif, data penelitian dikumpulkan menggunakan skala religiusitas dengan 44 butir aitem dan skala *self-awareness* dengan 31 butir aitem. Uji asumsi yang digunakan terdiri dari uji normalitas dan uji linearitas. Data dianalisis menggunakan uji korelasi *Pearson Product Moment* dengan bantuan *SPSS 20 for Windows*. Hasil analisis data menunjukkan adanya hubungan positif antara religiusitas dengan *self-awareness* pada siswa kelas SMA Bodhicitta Buddhis School Medan dengan koefisien korelasi *Pearson Product Moment* sebesar $r = 0.355$ dengan sig. 0.000 ($p < 0.005$). Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa sumbangan yang diberikan variabel religiusitas terhadap *self-awareness* sebesar 12,6 persen, selebihnya 87,4 persen dipengaruhi oleh faktor lain yang tidak diteliti. Dari hasil penelitian ini dapat ditarik kesimpulan bahwa hipotesis penelitian ada hubungan positif antara religiusitas dengan *self-awareness* dapat diterima.

Kata kunci: religiusitas, kesadaran diri

THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN RELIGIOSITY AND SELF-AWARENESS OF STUDENTS IN SMA BODHICITTA BUDDHIS SCHOOL MEDAN

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ABSTRACT

This study aims to determine the relationship between religiosity and self-awareness of students in SMA Bodhicitta Buddhis School Medan. The hypothesis in this study is that there is positive relationship between religiosity and self-awareness of students in SMA Bodhicitta Buddhist School Medan. The research subjects used in this study were 137 students in class XII using the proportionate stratified random sampling method. This research uses quantitative methods, the research data collected using the scale of religiosity with 44 items and self-awareness scale with 31 items. The assumption test used consists of a normality test and a linearity test. Data were analyzed using Pearson Product Moment correlation test with the help of SPSS 20 for Windows. The results of data analysis showed a positive relationship between religiosity and self-awareness in SMA Bodhicitta Buddhist School Medan students with a Pearson Product Moment correlation coefficient of $r = 0.355$ with sig. 0,000 ($p < 0.005$). The results of this study indicate that the contributions made by the variable of religiosity on self-awareness was 12,6 percent, while the remaining 87,4 percent was influenced by other factors that were not examined. From these results, it is concluded that the hypothesis, which stated that there is a positive relationship between religiosity and self-awareness, is acceptable.

Keywords : religiosity, self-awareness