

ABSTRAK

Riset ini bermanfaat guna melihat dampak Struktur Kepemilikan, Likuiditas, *Leverage*, serta Aktivitas dalam meramalkan Financial Distress pada perusahaan Sektor Industri Barang Konsumsi yang ditemukan di BEI per 2014-2018. Variabel bebas yang dipakai yakni Struktur Kepemilikan, *Current ratio*, *Debt ratio*, serta Aktivitas (TATO). Sebaliknya variabel tidak bebas yang dipakai yakni *Financial Distress*. Sampel dalam riset ini sebanyak 27 perusahaan, diambil dengan teknik *Purposive Sampling* dalam rentan waktu 5 tahun, maka didapat jumlah data riset sebanyak 135. Akhir penelitian dengan teknik regresi linear berganda menyimpulkan Struktur Kepemilikan, Likuiditas, serta Aktivitas berdampak secara positif terhadap *Financial Distress*. Sedangkan *Leverage* merupakan satu-satunya variabel yang tidak ada pengaruh terhadap *Financial Distress*.

Kata kunci : Struktur Kepemilikan, Likuiditas, *Leverage*, Aktivitas, *Financial Distress*.

ABSTRACT

This research is useful to see the impact of Ownership Structure, Liquidity, Leverage, and Activity in predicting Financial Distress to the sector consumer goods companies that found on the ISE in 2014-2018. The independent variable used is Ownership Structure, Current ratio, Debt ratio, and Activity (TATO). While the dependent variable used is Financial Distress. The sample in this research involve 27 companies was taken by Purposive Sampling technique within a span of 5 years, so the amount of research data was obtained as many as 135. The results of this research using multiple linear regression analysis concluded Ownership Structure, Liquidity, and Activity have positive impact on Financial Distress. While Leverage is the only variable which has no significant influence on Financial Distress.

Keywords : Ownership Structure, Liquidity, Leverage, Activity, Financial Distress.