PART 1: Letters of Capacity Reservation

If requested, ECUA can provide a letter of capacity reservation for use with Escambia County development review. Submit ECUA’s “Capacity Reservation Form” and provide the required information. ECUA will review and return form stating whether or not ECUA has water well and/or wastewater treatment plant capacity to serve the project. Please note that this form does not constitute approval to connect to ECUA’s system nor does it guarantee that ECUA’s system infrastructure (water/sewer mains, lift stations, etc.) is adequate to serve the project.

PART 2: Requesting Fire Hydrant Flow Data

Contact the ECUA Engineering Map Room at 969-3311 to request fire hydrant flow data from prior flow tests. ECUA will review flow records and record data on ECUA standard form and email to requestor.

ECUA does not perform flow tests on request. Should more current flow data be needed, then requestor can contact ECUA Regional Services at 969-6666 in order for ECUA to coordinate/oversee the requestor’s private flow test company as they perform the tests.

PART 3: Dumpster Drains

Dumpster drains should be avoided if at all possible due to:

- They are not required by Florida’s State Plumbing Code.
- Dumpsters are required to be watertight, thereby eliminating need for drains.
- Can washing and similar operations should not be conducted near dumpster areas but should be conducted at a provided can washing station next to the building.

Should a dumpster drain be provided, then it and any can washing station shall be:

- Designed such that rainfall will not enter drain.
- Designed with elevation or curbing such that stormwater runoff will not enter drain.
- Connected to building’s oil/water separator unit upstream of connection to ECUA’s sewer system.

PART 4: Swimming Pools and Other Unpolluted Water Discharge

To avoid interference with the operations and performance of ECUA Wastewater Treatment Facilities users of ECUA’s wastewater collection system shall not discharge water from the following sources into the sanitary sewer system: swimming pools, stormwater runoff, condensate, noncontact cooling water, and other unpolluted drainage.