Here is what we are checking in your pet...

CBC – This provides information on the red and white blood cell counts, as well as platelet counts. A CBC helps us to detect such issues as anemia, infection, or potential bleeding disorders.

**Blood Chemistry** – This checks various enzymes, liver and kidney values, and a blood glucose level as well. The following are checked in the Blood Chemistry:

- Albumin (ALB) Protein produced by the liver. Lowered levels may suggest chronic liver, kidney, or intestinal disease.
- Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT) Elevated levels of this enzyme can coexist with liver disease
  or injury.
- Alkaline Phosphatase (ALKP) Enzyme found in liver and bone tissues. Liver disease, Cushing's syndrome, or steroid therapy can be indicated from elevated levels.
- Amylase (AMYL)— Pancreatic enzyme which aids in digestion. Higher levels may point to pancreatic disease.
- Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)— Produced by the liver and excreted by the kidneys. If elevated, it
  can indicate kidney disease or dehydration. If low, it could suggest liver disease.
- Calcium Elevated levels can be associated with kidney or parathyroid diseases, or even be a sign of certain types of tumors.
- Cholesterol (CHOL) High levels are seen in a number of disorders, which could be liver or kidney disease or hypothyroidism.
- Creatinine (CREA) Muscle metabolism by-product, and is excreted by kidneys. If these levels are high, it could mean kidney disease, dehydration, or urinary tract obstruction.
- Blood Glucose (GLU) Most often a sign of diabetes when high (but could also just be stress!), however; could also suggest liver disease, infection, or even certain tumors if the levels are low.
- Phosphorus (PHOS) Could point to kidney disease if elevated.
- Total Bilirubin (TBIL) These levels are useful in indicating liver disease and may even lend a
  hand in characterizing anemia. Bilirubin is a breakdown product of hemoglobin, and is also a
  component of bile.
- Total Protein (TP) This can indicate an assortment of conditions, including diseases of the kidney, liver, or intestine, or dehydration.

**Urinalysis** – Urine contains by-products from many organs filtered through the kidneys. Abnormal levels can indicate diabetes, urinary tract disease, kidney or liver diseases.

**T4** – A thyroid profile is very important for if left untreated, thyroid disease can have a severe impact on your cat or dog's health. We need to be sure that thyroid function is normal.

**Fecal Exam** – Tests for intestinal parasites which can be transmissible to humans.