

PetWell Veterinary Healthcare

PRESURGICAL INFORMATION

No one likes the thought of their pet undergoing surgery, but we know there are certain problems that require surgical intervention for recovery. You should not be overly concerned. There have been many recent advances in veterinary surgery. Anesthesia, surgical monitoring, and surgical techniques are very advanced to insure your pet's safety. In fact, it parallels that routinely used in human surgery.

All Pets Receive A Presurgical Physical Examination To Determine Health Status. Presurgical screening is recommended to ensure your pet's safety to diagnose any problems not readily apparent. These tests vary with the individual case and may include:

- Blood counts to assess blood components
- Blood Chemistry Profiles to assess organ functions
- Urinalysis
- Radiographs
- EKG

Any abnormalities diagnosed may need to be corrected before surgery begins. You will be called prior to surgery if we observe additional risk factors of concern. Some pets are anemic or diabetic which increases the surgical risk, especially if not known. Your doctor would not think of performing surgery on you without pre-laboratory surgical testing to ensure safety. We currently use the same anesthesia agents as used in human heart transplant surgery. It may be more expensive for us than other options, BUT we only want the best for your pet, as we're sure you do also. All surgery is performed with sterile instruments and gloves, just as in our human counterparts. Separate sterile packs are used for each and every animal. We will not lower our high standards of quality veterinary surgery for any reason. We use only APPROVED SURGICAL MATERIALS (which obviously may increase the cost to us).

Surgical Vital Sign Monitoring is used routinely to ensure utmost safety.

FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR ELECTIVE SURGERY:

HOME PREPARATION FOR SURGERY:

- No food after 8:00 p.m. the night before surgery.
- Free-choice water should remain available up until midnight.
- Exercise your pet the morning of surgery before bringing him or her to the clinic to encourage movements.

WHEN THE PET IS ADMITTED:

- Be sure to tell us about anything concerning your pet that we should know before surgery.
- Ask us any questions you might have. We really do want you to understand what we are doing, and why we are doing it. Consider additional simple procedures that are much cheaper to do when the pet is already anesthetized for other surgery. These procedures do not greatly increase surgical time or cost.