



# LEED 2009 for Commercial Interiors

## SS Credit 1: Site Selection

All fields and uploads are required unless otherwise noted.

### ALL OPTIONS

This static sample form has been modified for offline access. All sections of the form are visible. Sample forms are for reference only.

Select one of the following:

- ☐ **Option 1.** The project space is located in a LEED certified building.
- ☐ **Option 2.** The project space is located in a building with other environmentally beneficial characteristics.

### LEED CERTIFIED BUILDING

Compliance with this option is documented in PI Form 5.

Project eligible for SS Credit 1: Site Selection Option 1:

SS Credit 1: Site Selection Points Documented:

### BUILDING WITH OTHER ENVIRONMENTALLY BENEFICIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Select all that apply:

- ☐ **Path 1.** Brownfield Redevelopment (1 point)
- ☐ **Path 2.** Stormwater Design - Quantity Control (1 point)
- ☐ **Path 3.** Stormwater Design - Quality Control (1 point)
- ☐ **Path 4.** Heat Island Effect - NonRoof (1 point)
- ☐ **Path 5.** Heat Island Effect - Roof (1 point)
- ☐ **Path 6.** Light Pollution Reduction (1 point)
- ☐ **Path 7.** Water Efficient Landscaping - Reduce by 50% (2 points)
- ☐ **Path 8.** Water Efficient Landscaping - No Potable Water Use or No Irrigation (2 points)
- ☐ **Path 9.** Innovative Wastewater Technologies (2 points)
- ☐ **Path 10.** Water Use Reduction - 30% Reduction (1 point)
- ☐ **Path 11.** Onsite Renewable Energy (up to 2 points)
- ☐ **Path 12.** Exemplary Performance and Other Quantifiable Environmental Performance (1 point)

## PATH 1. BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT

Project site condition at the time of development of the building that the LEED project is located in took place:

**Upload SSc1-1.** Provide a letter from the environmental consultant or applicable regulatory agency stating that remediation has been achieved at the site to meet residential (unrestricted) use.

Files:

Path 1. Brownfield Redevelopment Points Documented:

## PATH 2. STORMWATER DESIGN - QUANTITY CONTROL

Select one of the following:

- ☐ **Case 1.** Sites with existing imperviousness 50% or less.
- ☐ **Case 2.** Sites with existing imperviousness more than 50%.

### CASE 1. EXISTING IMPERVIOUSNESS 50% OR LESS

**Table SSc1-1.** Site Runoff: 1½-Year, 24-Hour Design Storm

	Rate (cfs)	Quantity (cf/storm)
Predevelopment		
Postdevelopment		

- ☐ The postdevelopment site runoff rate and quantity reported above does not exceed the predevelopment site runoff rate and quantity for the one and a half-year 24-hour design storm.

**Upload SSc1-2.** Provide a summary of the stormwater management plan to be implemented at the site, including:

1. Description of the stormwater management strategies.
2. Calculations supporting the runoff values reported above.

Files:

### CASE 2. EXISTING IMPERVIOUSNESS MORE THAN 50%

**Table SSc1-2.** Site Runoff: 1½-Year, 24-Hour Design Storm

	Quantity (cf/storm)	Rate (cfs)
Predevelopment		
Postdevelopment		
Percent reduction (must be at least 25%)		

**Upload SSsc1-3.** Provide a summary of the stormwater management plan to be implemented at the site, including:

Files:

1. Description of the stormwater management strategies.
2. Calculations supporting the runoff values reported above.

☐ This project documents compliance with this credit by following the LEED-NC 2009 requirements. The alternative compliance path has been chosen below and the appropriate NC credit form and any additional required documentation has been uploaded. (Optional)

Path 2. Stormwater Design: Quantity - Control Points Documented:

## **PATH 3. STORMWATER DESIGN - QUALITY CONTROL**

**Table SSsc1-3.** TSS and TP Removal Efficiency

List the TSS and TP removal efficiencies for the Best Management Practices (BMP's) implemented at the project. The table will calculate the weighted TSS/TP removal efficiency for each BMP based on the percentage of the site that the BMP treats. The table will also calculate BMP's that operate in a simple series. For more complex situations (such as two BMPs into one), either simplify the interactions to fit the table, or provide additional calculations in the Special Circumstances section of the form.

*Note: Click "Calculate" in the summary section of the table to perform calculations in the table. "Calculate" must be clicked after any or all the data is entered in the table to refresh the calculated values and obtain accurate information.*

BMP Type/Label	BMP Description and/or Location	In Series with BMP Above?	Percent Site Treated by BMP (%)	Removal Efficiency (%)		Weighted Average Removal Efficiency (%)		Source of TSS and TP Removal Efficiency data
				TSS	TP	TSS	TP	
Total weighted average TSS removal efficiency (%) (must be at least 80%)								
Total weighted average TP removal efficiency (%) (must be at least 40%)								

The percent site treated by BMPs not in series may not exceed 100. Please revise.

TSS removal efficiency of each BMP may not exceed 100. Please revise.

TP removal efficiency of each BMP may not exceed 100. Please revise.

Path 3. Stormwater Design: Quality - Control Points Documented:

## **PATH 4. HEAT ISLAND EFFECT - NONROOF**

Select one of the following:

- ☐ **Upload L-2** from PI Form 4 is a site plan identifying hardscape and/or parking areas for the building in which the project is located.

- ☐ **Upload SSc1-4.** Provide a site or landscape plan identifying the hardscape and/or parking areas for the building in which the project is located.

OR

Select all that apply:

- ☐ A combination of hardscape mitigation strategies cover at least 30% of the site hardscape.
- ☐ At least 50% of parking spaces are under cover.
- ☐ An open-grid pavement system (less than 50% impervious) covers at least 50% of the parking lot area.

## HARDSCAPE MITIGATION STRATEGIES COVER AT LEAST 30% OF SITE HARDSCAPE

Select one of the following:

- ☐ Materials with a high SRI value are used to meet the required threshold.
- ☐ No materials with a high SRI value are used to meet the required threshold.

**Table SSc1-4.** High SRI Materials

In the table below, enter either the known SRI value (actual SRI) or the known reflectance and emittance values (calculated SRI).

*Note: Click "Calculate" in the summary section of the table to perform calculations in the table. "Calculate" must be clicked after any or all the data is entered in the table to refresh the calculated values and obtain accurate information.*

Material Description	Square Footage (sf)	Reflectance (0-1)	Emittance (0-1)	SRI Value (actual or calculated)
Total qualifying square footage (sf)				

**Table SSc1-5.** Mitigated Hardscape

Complete the table below. If a strategy is not used, enter "0"

Total area of all hardscape surfaces with open-grid paving system (must be at least 50% pervious) (sf)	
Total hardscape area that is currently shaded by landscaping/trees (or will be shaded within 5 yrs from the date of installation) (sf)	
Total area of hardscape features with an SRI of at least 29 (sf)	
Total area of all non-roof hardscape surfaces on project site (sf)	
Percentage of mitigated site hardscape (%) (must be at least 30%)	

## AT LEAST 50% OF PARKING SPACES ARE UNDER COVER

**Table SSc1-6. Parking Spaces Under Cover**

Complete the table below. Shaded area may count towards no more than one strategy. If a strategy is not used, enter "0"

Number of underground spaces	
Number of spaces covered by structured parking	
Number of spaces under cover	
Total number of spaces	
Percentage of parking spaces under cover (%) <i>(must be at least 50%)</i>	

**OPEN-GRID PAVEMENT SYSTEM FOR PARKING LOT AREA****Table SSc1-7. Open-Grid Pavement**

Total area of all parking lot surfaces with open-grid paving system (must be at least 50% pervious) (sf)	
Total area of all parking lot surfaces (sf)	
Percentage of parking lot area mitigated with open-grid pavement (%) <i>(must be at least 50%)</i>	

Path 4. Heat Island Effect - Nonroof Points Documented:

**PATH 5. HEAT ISLAND EFFECT - ROOF**

Select one of the following:

- ☐ The project team has installed roofing with high SRI materials for a minimum of 75% of the roof area.
- ☐ The project team has installed a vegetated roof covering at least 50% of the roof area.
- ☐ The project team has installed a combination of high SRI materials and vegetated roof.

**Upload SSc1-5. Provide the roof plan.**

Total roof area (excluding mechanical equipment, solar energy panels, skylights, and other appurtenances):

 sf

Total vegetated roof area:

 sf

Percentage of roof area that is vegetated:  
*(Must be at least 50%)*

 %**Table SSc1-8. High SRI Roof Materials**

*Note: Click "Calculate" in the summary section of the table to perform calculations in the table. "Calculate" must be clicked after any or all the data is entered in the table to refresh the calculated values and obtain accurate information.*

Material Description / ID	Area <sup>1</sup> (sf)	Reflectance (0-1)	Emittance (0-1)	SRI value (actual or calculated)	Roof Slope	Weighted SRI Compliant Roof Area (sf)
Total roof area with high SRI materials (sf)						
Total weighted SRI compliant roof area (sf)						
Weighted percentage of total roof area that is SRI compliant <sup>2</sup> (%)						

Notes:

1 Excluding mechanical equipment, solar energy panels, skylights, and other appurtenances.

2 Must be at least 75% to document compliance. In the case of materials with SRI values greater than the minimum, may exceed 100%.

Total weighted roof area in compliance <sup>2</sup> (sf)

Notes:

1 Excluding mechanical equipment, solar energy panels, skylights, and other appurtenances.

2 Must be greater than or equal to total roof area.

**Upload SSsc1-6.** Provide product information in the form of manufacturer cutsheets.

Path 5. Heat Island Effect - Roof Points Documented:

## PATH 6. LIGHT POLLUTION REDUCTION

Select one of the following:

- ☐ **Option 1. Reduced Input Power.** For all nonemergency interior luminaires with a direct line of sight to any openings in the building envelope, input power is reduced by at least 50% during non-business hours via automatic device(s).
- ☐ **Option 2. Shielding.** All openings in the building envelope with direct line of sight to any nonemergency interior luminaires are shielded between 11pm and 5am, for a resultant transmittance of less than 10%.
- ☐ No nonemergency interior lighting has a direct line of sight to openings in the building envelope.

**Upload SSsc1-7.** Provide documentation (such as plans or drawings) showing the location of automatic controls.

**Upload SSsc1-8.** Provide documentation detailing the sequence of operation for interior lighting at the project building.

**Upload SSsc1-9.** Provide drawings illustrating the location of automatic shading devices.

**Upload SSsc1-10.** Provide documentation detailing the sequence of operation for automatic shading devices.

**Upload SSsc1-11.** Provide documentation (such as manufacturer product specifications) confirming that the resultant transmittance of shading devices is less than 10%.

## PATH 7 AND/OR PATH 8. WATER EFFICIENT LANDSCAPING

Select one of the following:

- ☐ **Upload L-2** from PI Form 4 is a site plan showing the landscaped areas and associated grounds of the building in which the project is located.

- ☐ **Upload SSc1-12.** Provide a site or landscape plan identifying the landscaped areas and associated grounds of the building in which the project is located.

- ☐ Project conditions do not allow for installation of vegetation on the grounds. Therefore planters, a vegetated roof, and/or a courtyard landscape have been installed to achieve credit compliance. (Optional)

Planter, vegetated roof and/or courtyard landscape area:  sf

Total site area within the LEED project boundary:  sf

Percentage of planter, vegetated roof, and/or courtyard landscape area:  %

Select one of the following:

- ☐ The landscaping and irrigation systems have been designed to reduce irrigation water consumption from a calculated baseline case.
- ☐ The landscaping installed does not require permanent irrigation systems. Temporary irrigation systems used for plant establishment will be removed within one year of installation. *Note: Projects with landscaping that does not require permanent irrigation should attempt both Path 7 and 8.*

### IRRIGATION WATER CONSUMPTION REDUCTION

Reference evapotranspiration rate (ET<sub>o</sub>):

**Table SSc1-9.** Irrigation Baseline Case (July)

*Note: Click "Calculate" in the summary section of the table to perform calculations in the table. "Calculate" must be clicked after any or all the data is entered in the table to refresh the calculated values and obtain accurate information.*

Landscape Type	Area (sf)	k <sub>s</sub>	k <sub>d</sub>	k <sub>m</sub> c <sup>1</sup>	K <sub>L</sub>	ET <sub>o</sub>	ET <sub>L</sub>	Irrigation Type	IE	TWA (Gal)
Total area (sf)		Baseline Total Potable Water Applied (TPWA) (gal)								

<sup>1</sup> For each landscape type, the microclimate factor (k<sub>m</sub>c) must be the same for the baseline and design case.

**Table SSc1-10. Irrigation Design Case (July)**

Note: Click "Calculate" in the summary section of the table to perform calculations in the table. "Calculate" must be clicked after any or all the data is entered in the table to refresh the calculated values and obtain accurate information.

Landscape Type	Area (sf)	k <sub>s</sub>	k <sub>d</sub>	k <sub>mc</sub> <sup>1</sup>	K <sub>L</sub>	Et <sub>o</sub>	ET <sub>L</sub>	Irrigation Type	IE	CE <sup>2</sup>	TWA (Gal)
Total area (sf)		Design total water applied (TWA) (gal)									
Nonpotable water used (gal)											
Design total potable water applied (TPWA) (gal)											

**Notes:**

1 For each landscape type, the microclimate factor (k<sub>mc</sub>) must be the same for the baseline and design case.

2 The controller efficiency (CE) value may range from 0.7 to 1. If the irrigation system has no weather-based controllers or moisture sensor systems, use a CE value of 1.

**Upload SSc1-13.** Provide manufacturer documentation or calculations to support the Controller Efficiency (CE) value entered in the table.

Nonpotable/Reused water sources used for irrigation in the project building and associated grounds include: (Select all that apply)

- ☐ On-site captured rainwater
- ☐ On-site treated wastewater
- ☐ On-site captured graywater
- ☐ Public agency sourced, nonpotable treated water
- ☐ Other

**Upload SSc1-14.** Provide plumbing drawings or other documentation that illustrates nonpotable water systems supporting the quantities entered in the table.

Percentage reduction of potable water:  %

Percentage reduction of total water:  %

A 50% reduction in potable water use is required for 2 points in Path 7. A 100% reduction in potable water and a 50% reduction in total water is required for 2 additional points in Path 8.

**NO PERMANENT IRRIGATION**

### Signatory SSc1-1.

The landscaping installed for the building in which the project is located and associated grounds does not require permanent irrigation systems. Temporary irrigation systems used for plant establishment will be removed within one year of installation.

Select one of the following:

- ☐ **Signature.** Provide a digital signature affirming the signatory statement in gray directly above.
- Initial here:
- ☐ **Upload SSc1-S1.** Provide a document with the signatory statement, copied directly from the form, signed and dated on letterhead.

Describe how the landscape has been designed for no irrigation.

Path 7. Water Efficient Landscaping - Reduce by 50% Points Documented:

## PATH 8. WATER EFFICIENT LANDSCAPING - NO POTABLE USE OR NO IRRIGATION

Compliance for Path 8 is based on information provided in the documentation for Path 7.

Path 8. Water Efficient Landscaping - No Potable Water Use or No Irrigation  
Points Documented:

## REQUIRED FIXTURE DATA FOR PATH 9 AND/OR PATH 10

### Fixture Groups Introduction:

This table allows for building occupants to be organized in a way that best represents fixture usage patterns as it applies to the entire building (not just the tenant space). Occupants can be grouped together or separated into sub-groups at the option of the project team. The usage groups defined should be derived from daily occupancy data for the entire building. All residential occupants should be represented separately from non-residential occupants. Refer to the additional guidance document in the Credit Resources section.

**Table SSc1-11. Fixture Groups Definition**

*Note: Click "Calculate" in the summary section of the table to perform calculations in the table. "Calculate" must be clicked after any or all the data is entered in the table to refresh the calculated values and obtain accurate information.*

Group Name	Annual Days of Operation	FTE	Transients (Visitors)	Retail Customers	Residents	% Female	% Male

Briefly describe the inputs in the Table SSc1-11. Fixture Groups Definition. Explain the methodology used to define each fixture group, as well as the derivation of data in each row. Additionally, provide a detailed explanation if the default gender ratio is not used.

**Table SSc1-12. Flush Fixture Data**

Enter flush fixture data for each fixture group defined in the Table SSc1-11. Fixture Groups Definition.

*Note: Click "Calculate" in the summary section of the table to perform calculations in the table. "Calculate" must be clicked after any or all the data is entered in the table to refresh the calculated values and obtain accurate information.*

Fixture Groups							Flush Rate (GPF)		Annual Water Consumption (kGal)	
Select	Display	Fixture ID <sup>1</sup>	Fixture Family	Fixture Type	Default	Total Daily Uses <sup>2</sup>	Baseline	Installed <sup>3</sup>	IPC/UPC Baseline	Performance Case
					<input type="checkbox"/>					
Total calculated flush fixture water use annual volume, baseline case (kGal)										
Total calculated flush fixture water use annual volume, performance case (kGal)										
Percent reduction of water use in flush fixtures (%)										

Notes:

1. Define a reference name or descriptor that can be used to identify each fixture family/type.
2. May be modified for special circumstances. Deselect the "Default" checkbox in order to insert the modified Total Daily Uses value. Provide a narrative and upload daily use calculations to justify modifications. Refer to the additional guidance document in the Credit Resources section, which includes information about fixture groups that do not include urinals.
3. To account for dual-flush fixtures, enter a weighted average flush rate. Refer to the additional guidance document in the Credit Resources section.

**Upload SSsc1-19.** Provide a narrative and/or daily use calculations to justify any non-default "Total Daily Use" values.

**Table SSsc1-13.** Flow Fixture Data

Enter flush fixture data for each fixture group defined in the Table SSsc1-11. Fixture Groups Definition. *Note: This table is only required if attempting Path 10.*

*Note: Click "Calculate" in the summary section of the table to perform calculations in the table. "Calculate" must be clicked after any or all the data is entered in the table to refresh the calculated values and obtain accurate information.*

Fixture Groups								Flow Rate (GPM / GPC)		Annual Water Consumption (kGal)	
Select	Display	Fixture ID <sup>1</sup>	Fixture Family	Fixture Type	Default	Total Daily Uses <sup>2</sup>	Duration <sup>3</sup> (secs)	Baseline	Installed <sup>4</sup>	IPC/UPC Baseline	Performance Case
					<input type="checkbox"/>						
Total calculated flow fixture water use annual volume, baseline case (kGal)											
Total calculated flow fixture water use annual volume, performance case (kGal)											
Percent reduction of water use in flow fixtures (%)											

Notes:

1. Define a reference name or descriptor that can be used to identify each fixture family/type.
2. May be modified for special circumstances. Deselect the "Default" checkbox in order to insert the modified Total Daily Uses value. Provide a narrative and upload daily use calculations to justify modifications. Refer to the additional guidance document in the Credit Resources section.
3. May be modified for special circumstances. Provide a narrative in the Special Circumstances section below to justify modifications.
4. When using the metering lavatory faucet, please convert all flow rates in gallons per minute (GPM) to gallons per cycle (GPC) based on duration from the product specifications. Provide a narrative or calculations to support the installed flow rate. The "Duration" is not applicable and therefore should not be modified.

**Upload SSsc1-21.** Provide a narrative and/or calculations to support the installed flow rate for any metering public lavatory faucets.

**Upload SSsc1-20.** Provide a narrative and/or daily use calculations to justify any non-default "Total Daily Use" values.

Does the project building include pre-rinse spray valve(s)?

☐ Yes ☐ No

Flow rate of the pre-rinse spray valve(s) installed on the project:

GPM

*Note: The flow rate for all pre-rinse spray valves must be less than or equal to 1.6 gpm. If there are multiple fixtures with varying flow rates, insert the highest flow rate.*

**Upload SSc1-15.** Provide the plumbing fixture and fitting schedule for the project building highlighting flush and flow rates for all applicable plumbing fixtures and fittings within the project building.

**Table SSc1-14.** Flush & Flow Fixtures Summary Statistics

Total calculated fixture water use annual volume, baseline case (kGal)	
Total calculated fixture water use annual volume, performance case (kGal)	
Percent reduction of water use in all fixtures (%)	

## PATH 9. INNOVATIVE WASTEWATER TECHNOLOGIES

**Table SSc1-15.** Flush Fixture Summary

Total calculated flush fixture water use annual volume, baseline case (kGal)	
Total calculated flush fixture water use annual volume, performance case (kGal)	
Percent reduction of water use in flush fixtures (%)	

Select one of the following:

- ☐ **Option 1.** In the project building, potable water use for building sewage conveyance is reduced by at least 50% through the use of high-efficiency flush fixtures (water closets, urinals) and/or nonpotable water (captured rainwater, recycled graywater, and on-site or municipally treated wastewater).
- ☐ **Option 2.** In the project building, 100% of wastewater is treated on-site to tertiary standards. Treated water is infiltrated or used on-site.

### OPTION 1

- ☐ The project building uses nonpotable water for sewage conveyance, in addition to or in lieu of using high-efficiency flush fixtures, in the following annual quantities. (Optional)

Captured rainwater:

kGal

Recycled graywater:

kGal

On-site treated wastewater:

kGal

Municipally treated wastewater:

kGal

Other:

kGal

**Upload SSc1-16.** Provide plumbing drawings and calculations that illustrate nonpotable water systems supporting the quantities entered.

Files:

Note: Click "Calculate" in the summary section of the table to perform calculations in the table. "Calculate" must be clicked after any or all the data is entered in the table to refresh the calculated values and obtain accurate information.

**Table SSs1-16.** Potable Water Reduction Summary

Annual volume of nonpotable water used for sewage conveyance (kGal)	
Percent reduction of potable water use for sewage conveyance (%) (must be at least 50%)	

## OPTION 2

**Table SSs1-17.** Wastewater Treatment

Note: Click "Calculate" in the summary section of the table to perform calculations in the table. "Calculate" must be clicked after any or all the data is entered in the table to refresh the calculated values and obtain accurate information.

Wastewater Source	Annual Quantity Infiltrated On-Site (kGal)	Annual Quantity Reused On-Site (kGal)	Total Annual Quantity Treated On-Site (kGal)
Total calculated flush fixture water use annual volume, performance case (kGal)			
Total annual volume of wastewater treated on-site (infiltrated and/or reused) (kGal)			
Percentage of wastewater treated on-site (infiltrated and/or reused) (%) (must be 100%)			

**Upload SSs1-17.** Provide plumbing drawings and diagrams that contain detailed information regarding the on-site water treatment, infiltration and reuse capabilities at the project building.

Files:

Path 9. Innovative Wastewater Technologies Points Documented:

## PATH 10. WATER USE REDUCTION - 30% REDUCTION

**Table SSs1-18.** Flush & Flow Fixtures Summary Statistics

Total calculated fixture water use annual volume, baseline case (kGal)	
Total calculated fixture water use annual volume, performance case (kGal)	
Percent reduction of water use in all fixtures (%) (must be at least 30%)	

- ☐ Building owner has developed a plan that requires future occupants to retain existing water-conserving fixtures and to install only new fixtures that use 30% less water when compared to baseline fixture performance.

## PATH 11. ON-SITE RENEWABLE ENERGY

**Table SSc1-19.** Renewable Energy Source Summary

*Note: Click "Calculate" in the summary section of the table to perform calculations in the table. "Calculate" must be clicked after any or all the data is entered in the table to refresh the calculated values and obtain accurate information.*

Renewable Energy Source	Renewable Energy Source Allocation	Renewable Systems Owner	Energy Type	Rated Capacity	Annual Energy Generated	Units	Annual Energy Cost (\$)
Total annual renewable energy generated (kWh)							
Total annual renewable energy cost (\$)							

**Table SSc1-20.** Gross square footage of the project building

For mixed use buildings, choose the predominant building type that suits the project OR use a non-default MEI and explain the sources for the non-default MEI value.

Building Type	Default MEI	Electricity (kWh/sf/yr)	Non-Electrical Fuel (Btu/sf/yr)
	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Gross square footage of the building in which the project is located <sup>1</sup> (sf)			
Annual energy use (kWh/yr, Btu/yr)			
Average energy rate (\$/kWh, \$/Btu)			
Annual energy cost (\$/yr)			
Total annual energy cost (\$/yr)			
Percent renewable energy (by cost) <sup>2</sup>			

Notes:

1 Linked to Plf2.

2 Must be at least 2.5% to achieve 1 point, 5% to achieve 2 points, and 10% or greater to achieve exemplary performance.

List the CBECS source and/or calculation methodology used to calculate the non-default Median Energy Intensity value.

## PATH 12. OTHER QUANTIFIABLE ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE

Select one of the following:

- ☐ **Other Quantifiable Environmental Performance.** The building in which the project is located claims other quantifiable environmental benefits not covered within the SS Credit 1 paths.
- ☐ **Exemplary Performance.** The building in which the project is located complies with the exemplary performance requirements of one of the SS Credit 1 paths.

**Upload SS1-18.** Provide a narrative, calculations, or other evidence of quantifiable environmental benefits.

Files:

The building in which the project is located has achieved exemplary performance for the following:

- ☐ Path 4. Heat Island Effect - Nonroof
- ☐ Path 5. Heat Island Effect - Roof
- ☐ Path 10. Water Use Reduction
- ☐ Path 11. On-site Renewable Energy

Percentage of mitigated site hardscape: *(must be at least 30%)*

Percentage of parking spaces under cover: *(must be at least 50%)*

Percentage of mitigated site hardscape: open-grid pavement:  
*(must be at least 50%)*

Path 4. Heat Island Effect - NonRoof Points Documented:

Path 4. Heat Island Effect - NonRoof Exemplary Performance Documented:

Percentage of roof area that is vegetated: *(must be 100%)*

Path 5. Heat Island Effect - Roof Points Documented:

Path 5. Heat Island Effect - Roof Exemplary Performance Documented:

Percent reduction of water use in all fixtures: *(must be at least 40%)*

Path 10. Water Use Reduction Points Documented:

Path 10. Water Use Reduction Exemplary Performance Documented:

Percent of on-site renewable energy: *(must be at least 10%)*

Path 11. On-site Renewable Energy Points Documented:

Path 11. On-site Renewable Energy Exemplary Performance Documented:

Path 12. Other Quantifiable Environmental Performance Points Documented:

## ADDITIONAL DETAILS

- ☐ Special circumstances preclude documentation of credit compliance with the submittal requirements outlined in this form.

### SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

Describe the circumstances limiting the project team's ability to provide the submittals required in this form. Be sure to reference what additional documentation has been provided, if any. Non-standard documentation will be considered upon its merits.

**Upload SSc1-SC.** Provide any additional documentation that supports the claim to special circumstances. (Optional)

*Files:*

- ☐ The project team is using an alternative compliance approach in lieu of standard submittal paths.

### ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCE PATH

Describe the alternative compliance path used by the project team. Include justification that this path meets the credit intent and requirements. Be sure to reference what additional documentation has been provided, if any. Non-standard documentation will be considered upon its merits.

**Upload SSc1-ACP.** Provide any additional documents that support the alternative compliance path approach. (Optional)

*Files:*

SUMMARY

SS Credit 1: Site Selection Points Documented:

REFERENCE ONLY