

the 0% commission agent

West Street, Rosemarket, SA73 £800 per month + fees, For long let



Executive style modern detached house situated within a quiet rural village location. Property is within driving distance (approximately 15 minutes) of Haverfordwest, Milford Haven and Pembroke Dock. Property comprises of four ample sized bedrooms with one en-suite, family bathroom, large kitchen with electric built-in cooker and hob, hallway, lounge, dining room, utility, cloakroom, sizeable garage with additional parking for 3/4 cars, oil-fired central heating and hot water.















www.estatesdirect.com give notice to anyone reading these particulars that: (i) these particulars do not constitute part of an offer or contract; (ii) these particulars and any pictures or plans represent the opinion of the author and are given in good faith for guidance only and must not be construed as statements of fact; (iii) nothing in the particulars shall be deemed a statement that the property is in good condition otherwise; we have not carried out a structural survey of the property and have not tested the services, appliances or specified fittings.

Long Description

Executive style modern detached house situated within a quiet rural village location. Within driving distance (approximately 15 minutes) of Haverfordwest, Milford Haven and Pembroke Dock. Property comprises of four ample sized bedrooms with one en-suite, family bathroom, large kitchen with electric built-in cooker and hob, hallway, lounge, dining room, utility, cloakroom, sizeable garage with additional parking for 3/4 cars, oil-fired central heating and hot water.

Decking area situated to to rear of house, with storage space underneath and steps leading down to patio area.

Suitable for professional or working people, no pets allowed. Council Tax Band E (approximately £1379 2017-18).

Property available immediately.

General Information:

Whilst we do our best to produce fair, accurate and reliable lettings particulars, they are only a general guide to the property. If there are any points which are of particular importance to you, please contact our head office and we will be pleased to provide you with any further information, especially if you are planning to travel to visit the property.

Energy Performance Certificate: Full EPC reports are available from EstatesDirect.com Ltd upon request.

Measurements: All quoted room sizes are approximate and intended for general guidance. You are advised to verify all measurements of the property carefully.

Fixtures and Fittings: All items not specifically mentioned within these details are to be excluded from the sale.

Services: Any mention of services/appliances within these details does not imply they are in full and efficient working order. We have not tested these or any equipment in the property.

Sales: If you would like to sell your property out, or alternatively buy a property from us, contact our head office on 08456 31 31 to discuss your requirements.

EstatesDirect.com Ltd will not be liable, in negligence or otherwise, for any loss arising from the use of these particulars.

Energy Performance Certificate



1 Ash Court, West Street Rosemarket, MILFORD HAVEN SA73 1JH Dwelling type: Detached house
Date of assessment: 12 May 2010
Date of certificate: 22 June 2010

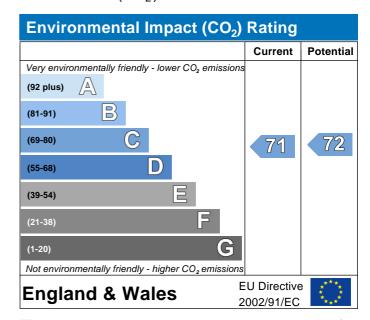
Reference number: 8520-6225-7190-8732-5996 Type of assessment: RdSAP, existing dwelling

Total floor area: 153 m²

This home's performance is rated in terms of energy use per square metre of floor area, energy efficiency based on fuel costs and environmental impact based on carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions.

Energy Efficiency Rating		
	Current	Potential
Very energy efficient - lower running costs		
(92 plus) A		
(81-91) B		
(69-80) C	73	76
(55-68)		
(39-54)		
(21-38)		
(1-20) G		
Not energy efficient - higher running costs		
England & Wales	EU Directive 2002/91/EC	* *

The energy efficiency rating is a measure of the overall efficiency of a home. The higher the rating the more energy efficient the home is and the lower the fuel bills are likely to be.



The environmental impact rating is a measure of a home's impact on the environment in terms of carbon dioxide (CO_2) emissions. The higher the rating the less impact it has on the environment.

Estimated energy use, carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions and fuel costs of this home

	Current	Potential
Energy use	143 kWh/m² per year	133 kWh/m² per year
Carbon dioxide emissions	4.4 tonnes per year	4.2 tonnes per year
Lighting	£168 per year	£84 per year
Heating	£460 per year	£480 per year
Hot water	£167 per year	£167 per year

The figures in the table above have been provided to enable prospective buyers and tenants to compare the fuel costs and carbon emissions of one home with another. To enable this comparison the figures have been calculated using standardised running conditions (heating periods, room temperatures, etc.) that are the same for all homes, consequently they are unlikely to match an occupier's actual fuel bills and carbon emissions in practice. The figures do not include the impacts of the fuels used for cooking or running appliances, such as TV, fridge etc.; nor do they reflect the costs associated with service, maintenance or safety inspections. Always check the certificate date because fuel prices can change over time and energy saving recommendations will evolve.

To see how this home can achieve its potential rating please see the recommended measures.



Remember to look for the energy saving recommended logo when buying energy-efficient products. It's a quick and easy way to identify the most energy-efficient products on the market. This EPC and recommendations report may be given to the Energy Saving Trust to provide you with information on improving your dwelling's energy performance.

About this document

The Energy Performance Certificate for this dwelling was produced following an energy assessment undertaken by a qualified assessor, accredited by Northgate Information Solutions, to a scheme authorised by the Government. This certificate was produced using the RdSAP 2005 assessment methodology and has been produced under the Energy Performance of Buildings (Certificates and Inspections) (England and Wales) Regulations 2007 as amended. A copy of the certificate has been lodged on a national register.

Assessor's accreditation number: NGIS707235 Assessor's name: NGIS707235 John Morgan

Company name/trading name: John Morgan Associates Ltd

Address: 19, CEFN ROAD, GWAUN CAE GURWEN, AMMANFORD, SA18 1HF

Phone number: 01269 824393 Fax number: 01269 820867

E-mail address: laptop@johnmorganassociates.co.uk

Related party disclosure: No related party

If you have a complaint or wish to confirm that the certificate is genuine

Details of the assessor and the relevant accreditation scheme are as above. You can get contact details of the accreditation scheme from their website at http://www.northgate-dea.co.uk/ together with details of their procedures for confirming authenticity of a certificate and for making a complaint.

About the building's performance ratings

The ratings on the certificate provide a measure of the building's overall energy efficiency and its environmental impact, calculated in accordance with a national methodology that takes into account factors such as insulation, heating and hot water systems, ventilation and fuels used. The average Energy Efficiency Rating for a dwelling in England and Wales is band E (rating 46).

Not all buildings are used in the same way, so energy ratings use 'standard occupancy' assumptions which may be different from the specific way you use your home. Different methods of calculation are used for homes and for other buildings. Details can be found at www.communities.gov.uk/epbd.

Buildings that are more energy efficient use less energy, save money and help protect the environment. A building with a rating of 100 would cost almost nothing to heat and light and would cause almost no carbon emissions. The potential ratings on the certificate describe how close this building could get to 100 if all the cost effective recommended improvements were implemented.

About the impact of buildings on the environment

One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The way we use energy in buildings causes emissions of carbon. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power in homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions and other buildings produce a further one-sixth.

The average household causes about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Adopting the recommendations in this report can reduce and protect the environment. You could reduce emissions even more by switching to renewable energy sources. In addition there are many simple everyday measures that will save money, improve comfort and reduce the impact on the environment. Some examples are given at the end of this report.

Visit the Department for Communities and Local Government website at www.communities.gov.uk/epbd to:

- Find how to confirm the authenticity of an energy performance certificate
- Find how to make a complaint about a certificate or the assessor who produced it
- Learn more about the national register where this certificate has been lodged the Department is the controller of the data on the register for Data Protection Act 1998 purposes
- Learn more about energy efficiency and reducing energy consumption

Further information about Energy Performance Certificates can be found under Frequently Asked Questions at www.epcregister.com

Northgate RdSAP 1.5.0.21 (SAP 9.83) Page 2 of 6

Recommended measures to improve this home's energy performance

1 Ash Court, West Street Rosemarket, MILFORD HAVEN

Date of certificate: 22 June 2010

Reference number: 8520-6225-7190-8732-5996

SA73 1JH

Summary of this home's energy performance related features

The table below gives an assessment of the key individual elements that have an impact on this home's energy and environmental performance. Each element is assessed by the national calculation methodology against the following scale: Very poor / Poor / Average / Good / Very good. The assessment does not take into consideration the physical condition of any element. 'Assumed' means that the insulation could not be inspected and an assumption has been made in the methodology based on age and type of construction.

Floment	lement Description	Current performance	
Liement		Energy Efficiency	Environmental
Walls	Cavity wall, as built, insulated (assumed)	Good	Good
Roof	Pitched, 250 mm loft insulation	Good	Good
Floor	Solid, insulated (assumed)	-	-
Windows	Fully double glazed	Good	Good
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, oil	Good	Good
Main heating controls	Programmer, room thermostat and TRVs	Good	Good
Secondary heating	Room heaters, electric	-	-
Hot water	From main system	Good	Good
Lighting	No low energy lighting	Very poor	Very poor
Current energy effi	ciency rating	C 73	
Current environme	ntal impact (CO ₂) rating		C 71

Low and zero carbon energy sources

None

Recommendations

The measures below are cost effective. The performance ratings after improvement listed below are cumulative, that is they assume the improvements have been installed in the order that they appear in the table.

Lower pact massures (up to CEOO)	Typical savings	Performance ratings after improvement	
Lower cost measures (up to £500)	per year	Energy efficiency	Environmental impact
1 Low energy lighting for all fixed outlets	£64	C 76	C 72
Total	£64		
Potential energy efficiency rating		C 76	
Potential environmental impact (CO ₂) rating		C 72

Further measures to achieve even higher standards

The further measures listed below should be considered in addition to those already specified if aiming for the highest possible standards for this home. However you should check the conditions in any covenants, planning conditions, warranties or sale contracts.

Enhanced energy efficiency rating		В 86	
4 Wind turbine	£50	B 86	B 82
3 Solar photovoltaic panels, 2.5 kWp	£172	B 84	C 80
2 Solar water heating	£35	C 77	C 74

Improvements to the energy efficiency and environmental impact ratings will usually be in step with each other. However, they can sometimes diverge because reduced energy costs are not always accompanied by a reduction in carbon dioxide (CO_2) emissions.

About the cost effective measures to improve this home's performance ratings

If you are a tenant, before undertaking any work you should check the terms of your lease and obtain approval from your landlord if the lease either requires it, or makes no express provision for such work.

Lower cost measures (typically up to £500 each)

These measures are relatively inexpensive to install and are worth tackling first. Some of them may be installed as DIY projects. DIY is not always straightforward, and sometimes there are health and safety risks, so take advice before carrying out DIY improvements.

1 Low energy lighting

Replacement of traditional light bulbs with energy saving recommended ones will reduce lighting costs over the lifetime of the bulb, and they last up to 12 times longer than ordinary light bulbs. Also consider selecting low energy light fittings when redecorating; contact the Lighting Association for your nearest stockist of Domestic Energy Efficient Lighting Scheme fittings.

About the further measures to achieve even higher standards

Further measures that could deliver even higher standards for this home. You should check the conditions in any covenants, planning conditions, warranties or sale contracts before undertaking any of these measures. If you are a tenant, before undertaking any work you should check the terms of your lease and obtain approval from your landlord if the lease either requires it, or makes no express provision for such work.

2 Solar water heating

A solar water heating panel, usually fixed to the roof, uses the sun to pre-heat the hot water supply. This will significantly reduce the demand on the heating system to provide hot water and hence save fuel and money. The Solar Trade Association has up-to-date information on local installers and any grant that may be available.

3 Solar photovoltaic (PV) panels

A solar PV system is one which converts light directly into electricity via panels placed on the roof with no waste and no emissions. This electricity is used throughout the home in the same way as the electricity purchased from an energy supplier. The British Photovoltaic Association has up-to-date information on local installers who are qualified electricians and on any grant that may be available. Planning restrictions may apply in certain neighbourhoods and you should check this with the local authority. Building Regulations apply to this work, so your local authority building control department should be informed, unless the installer is appropriately qualified and registered as such with a competent persons scheme¹, and can therefore self-certify the work for Building Regulation compliance. The assessment does not include the effect of any feed-in tariff, which could appreciably increase the savings that are shown on this EPC for solar photovoltaic panels.

4 Wind turbine

A wind turbine provides electricity from wind energy. This electricity is used throughout the home in the same way as the electricity purchased from an energy supplier. The British Wind Energy Association has up-to-date information on suppliers of small-scale wind systems and any grant that may be available. Planning restrictions may apply and you should check this with the local authority. Building Regulations apply to this work, so your local authority building control department should be informed, unless the installer is appropriately qualified and registered as such with a competent persons scheme¹, and can therefore self-certify the work for Building Regulation compliance. Wind turbines are not suitable for all properties. The system's effectiveness depends on local wind speeds and the presence of nearby obstructions, and a site survey should be undertaken by an accredited installer. The assessment does not include the effect of any feed-in tariff, which could appreciably increase the savings that are shown on this EPC for a wind turbine.

What can I do today?

Actions that will save money and reduce the impact of your home on the environment include:

- Ensure that you understand the dwelling and how its energy systems are intended to work so as to obtain the maximum benefit in terms of reducing energy use and CO₂ emissions.
- Check that your heating system thermostat is not set too high (in a home, 21°C in the living room is suggested) and use the timer to ensure that you only heat the building when necessary.
- Turn off lights when not needed and do not leave appliances on standby. Remember not to leave chargers (e.g. for mobile phones) turned on when you are not using them.
- Close your curtains at night to reduce heat escaping through the windows.
- If you're not filling up the washing machine, tumble dryer or dishwasher, use the half-load or economy programme.

For advice on how to take action and to find out about offers available to help make your home more energy efficient, call 0800 512 012 or visit www.energysavingtrust.org.uk.